

# Material Suitability Testing for Non-Medical Grade Community Face Masks to Decrease Viral Transmission During a Pandemic

Supplementary material

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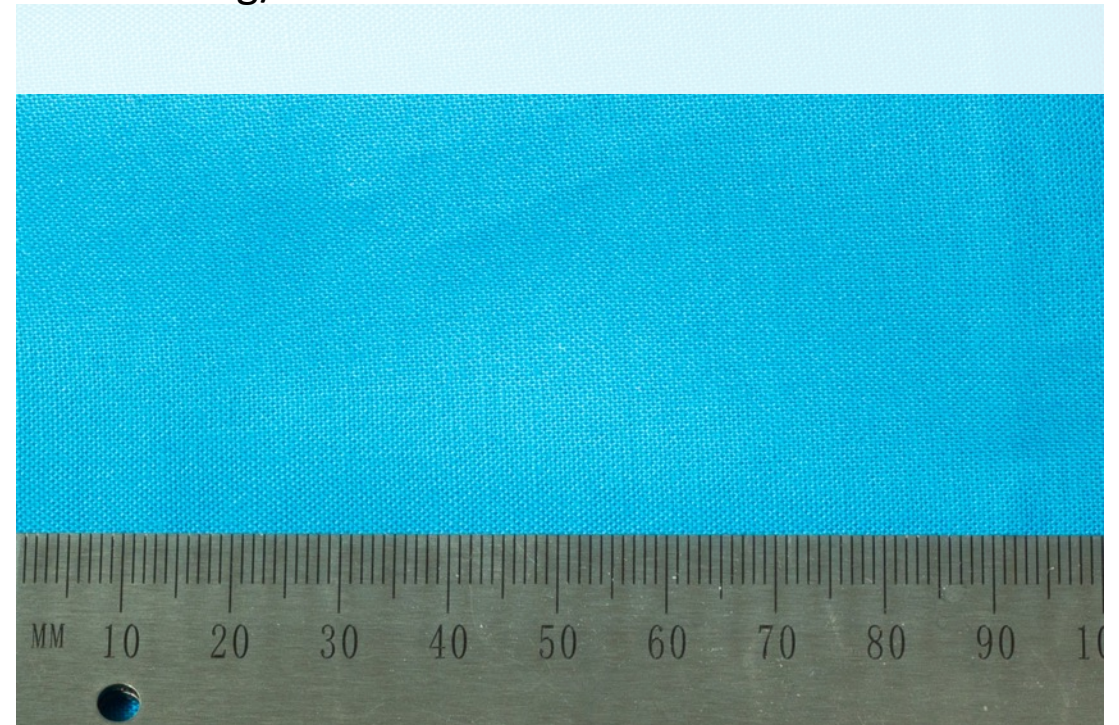
# Woven/knitted fabrics

Natural fabrics

# Thin, non-elastic fabric - 100% cotton

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	4.33	33.44
2	7.5	43.89
4	11.33	61.33

Thin, medium tightly woven, non-elastic fabric.  
GSM: 151 g/m<sup>2</sup> TPI:128



GSM: grams per square meter, TPI: threads per square inch

# T-shirt - 100% cotton

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	3	41.04
2	5.67	68.2
4	10.67	84.68



“Usual” thicker 100% cotton knitted T-shirt fabric, mildly elastic. GSM: 204 g/m<sup>2</sup>





# Pillowcase – 100% cotton

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	6.33	39.87
2	10.17	50.57



Thin, tightly woven, non-elastic fabric.  
GSM: 130 g/m<sup>2</sup>, TPI: 210



# Tea towel – 100% cotton

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	4.5	72.13
2	7.67	88.18

Very thick, soft, 100% cotton woven fabric.  
GSM: 388 g/m<sup>2</sup>, TPI: 38



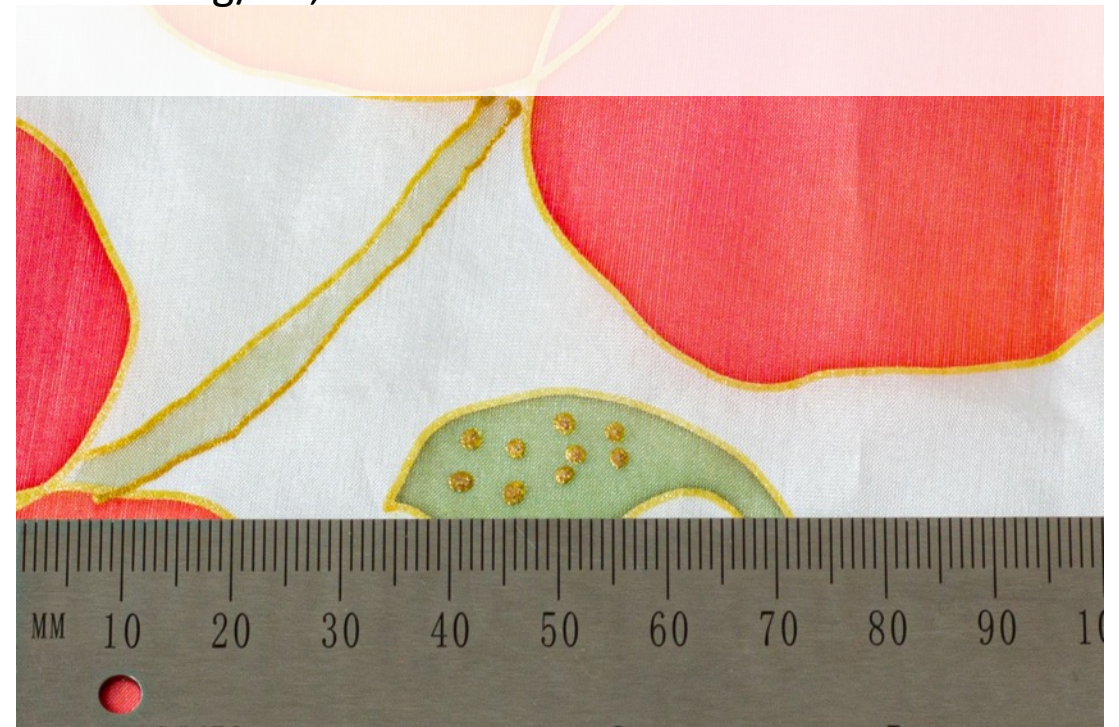


# Scarf – 100% silk

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	*	27.64
2	3	41.69



Very thin, woven silk – clear areas were tested.  
GSM: 22 g/m<sup>2</sup>, TPI: 270



\* Value < 3

# Woven/knitted fabrics

Natural – synthetic blend

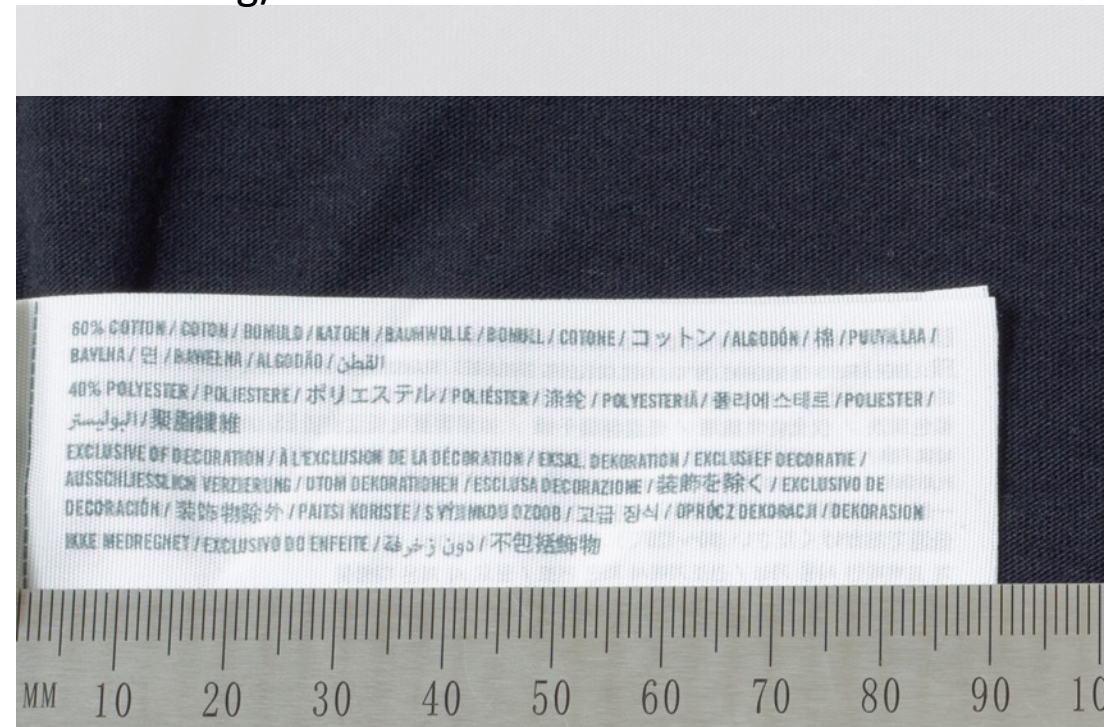


# T-shirt - 60% cotton – 40% polyester blend

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	*	60.63
2	3.83	68.39
4	7.33	86.41



Medium thick, knitted T-shirt fabric, mildly elastic.  
GSM: 161 g/m<sup>2</sup>



\* Value < 3

# Hospital scrubs - 55% cotton, 45% polyester blend

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	5.5	76.7
2	8.67	85.51



Medium thickness, densely woven, non-elastic fabric.  
GSM: 160 g/m<sup>2</sup>, TPI: 160



# Woven/knitted fabrics

Syntethic



# Buff Headwear – 100% polyester

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	*	37.94
2	3.17	58.92

Very elastic, thin, knitted fabric, filtration efficiency and airflow resistance values likely decrease when stretched. GSM: 139 g/m<sup>2</sup>



\* Value < 3

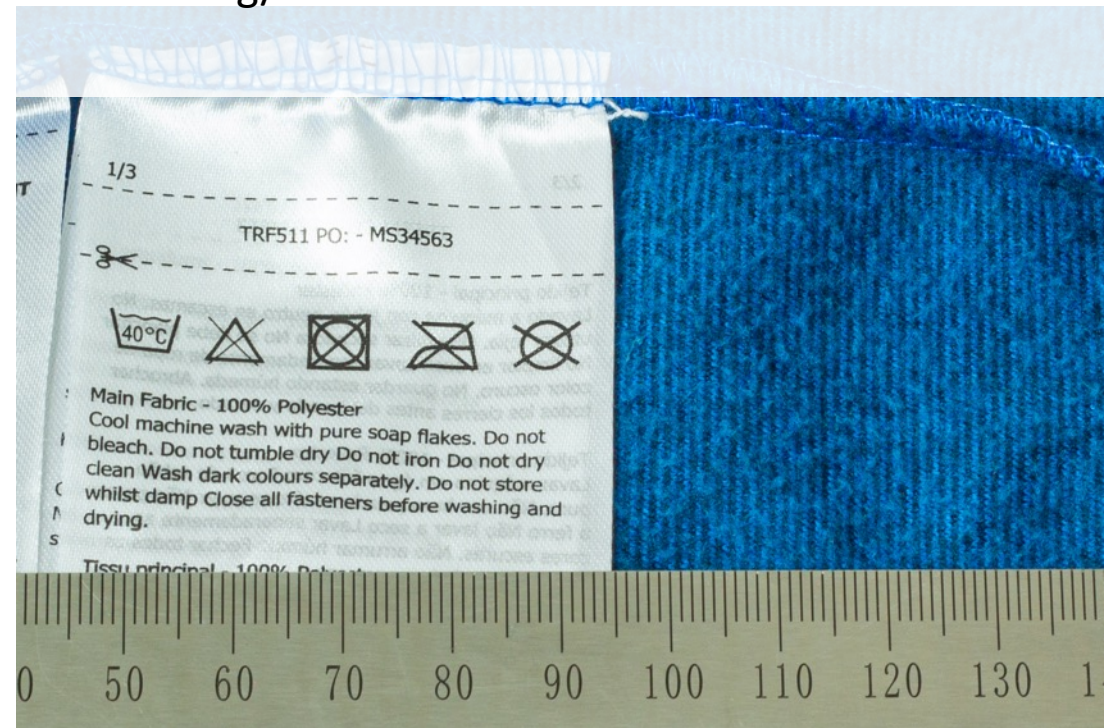


# Fleece sweater (thin) – 100% polyester

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	*	48.77
2	4.17	63.12



Medium thick, soft, elastic knitted fabric.  
GSM: 167 g/m<sup>2</sup>



\* Value < 3

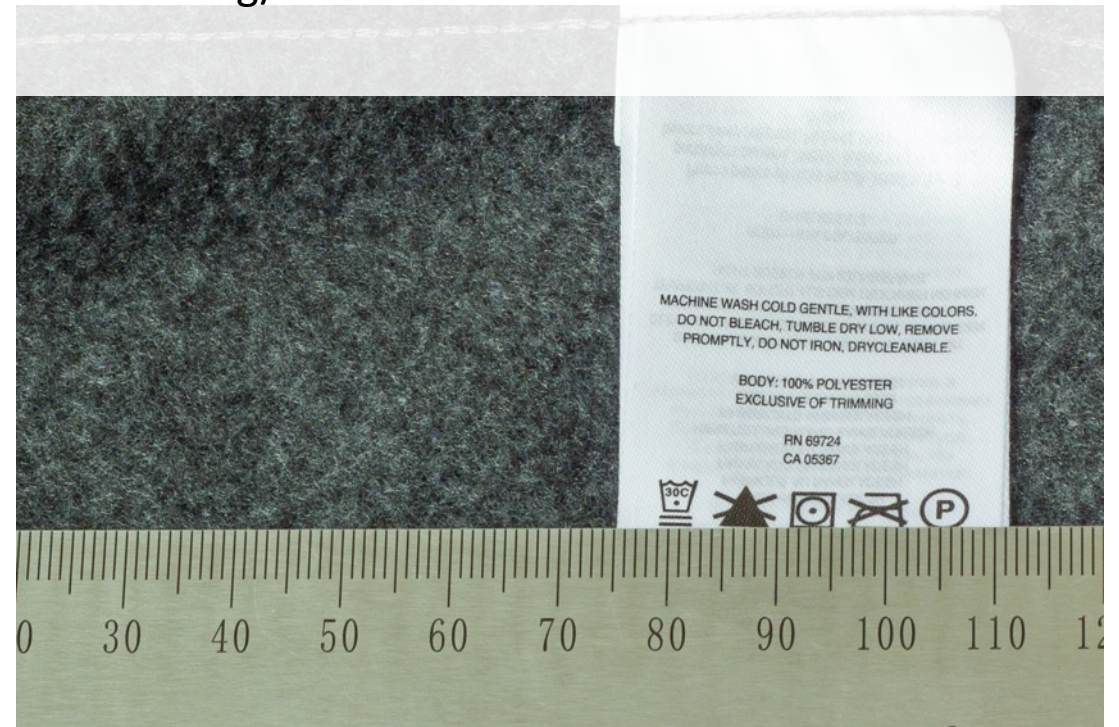


# Fleece sweater (thicker) – 100% polyester

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	*	65.77
2	4.5	80.13



Thick, soft, elastic knitted fabric.  
GSM: 218 g/m<sup>2</sup>



\* Value < 3

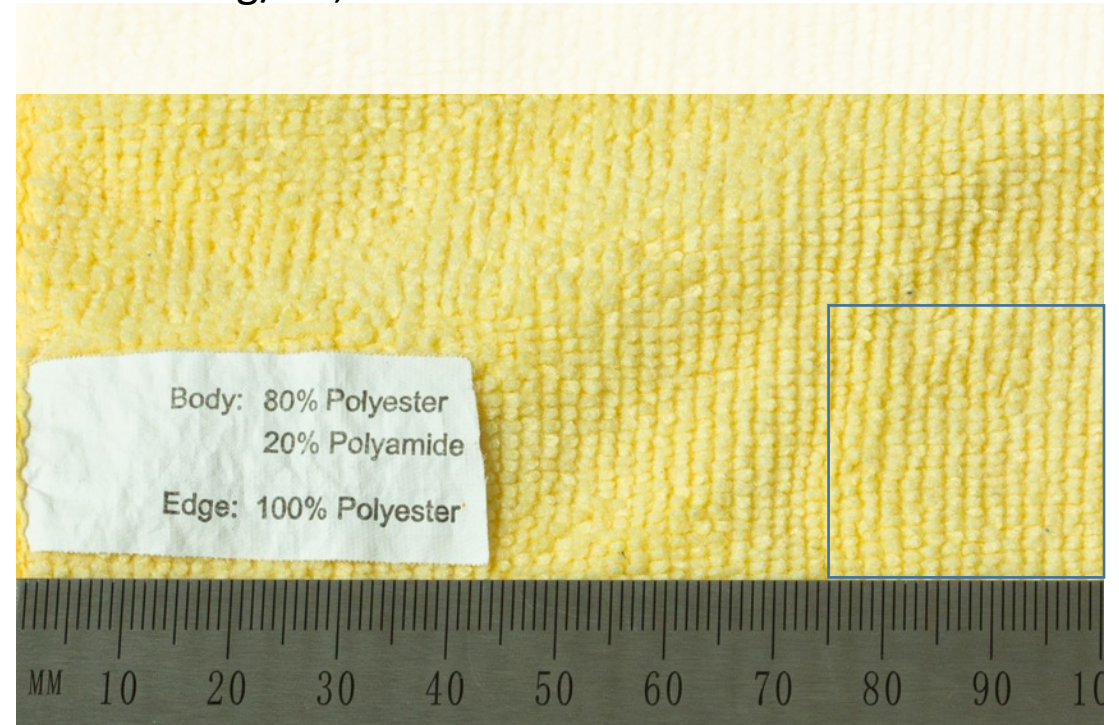


# Microfiber cleaning cloth - 80% polyester, 20% polyamide

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	7.33	71.3
2	14.67	94.43
4	24	99.66



Very thick, very soft, woven fabric.  
GSM: 300 g/m<sup>2</sup>, TPI: 38



Body: 80% Polyester  
20% Polyamide  
Edge: 100% Polyester

Non-Woven fabrics



# Felt (~2mm thick/layer, soft) – polyester


Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
2	3.83	89.54
4	5.33	96.47

Soft, non-elastic, mildly formable, non-woven fabric.  
GSM: 189 g/m<sup>2</sup>

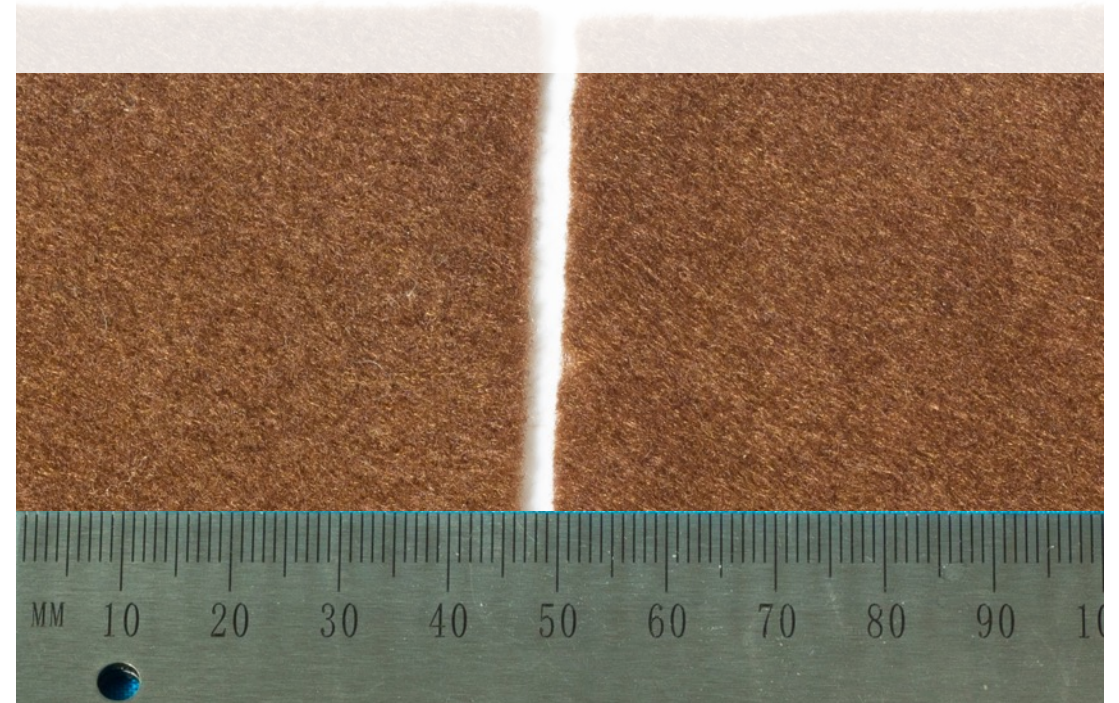


# Felt sheet, (soft, 1.5mm thickness) – polyester

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1 (unwashed)	*	54.56
2 (unwashed)	*	69.76
4 (unwashed)	3.67	85.57
1 (washed)	*	54.95
2 (washed)	*	68.76
4 (washed)	3.5	87.25



Soft, non-elastic, mildly formable, non-woven fabric.  
GSM: 140 g/m<sup>2</sup>

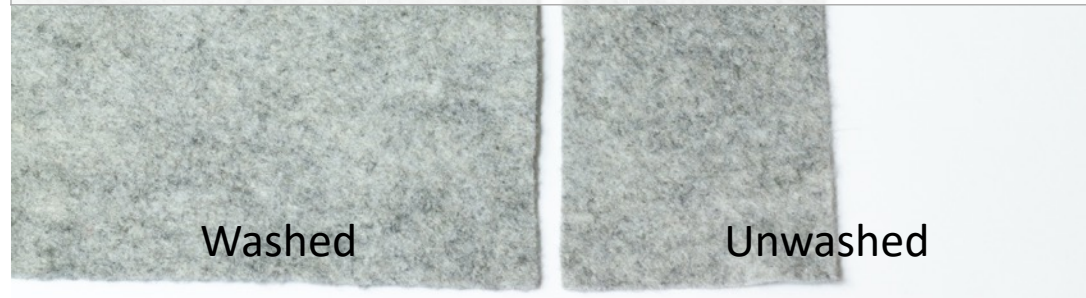


\* Value < 3

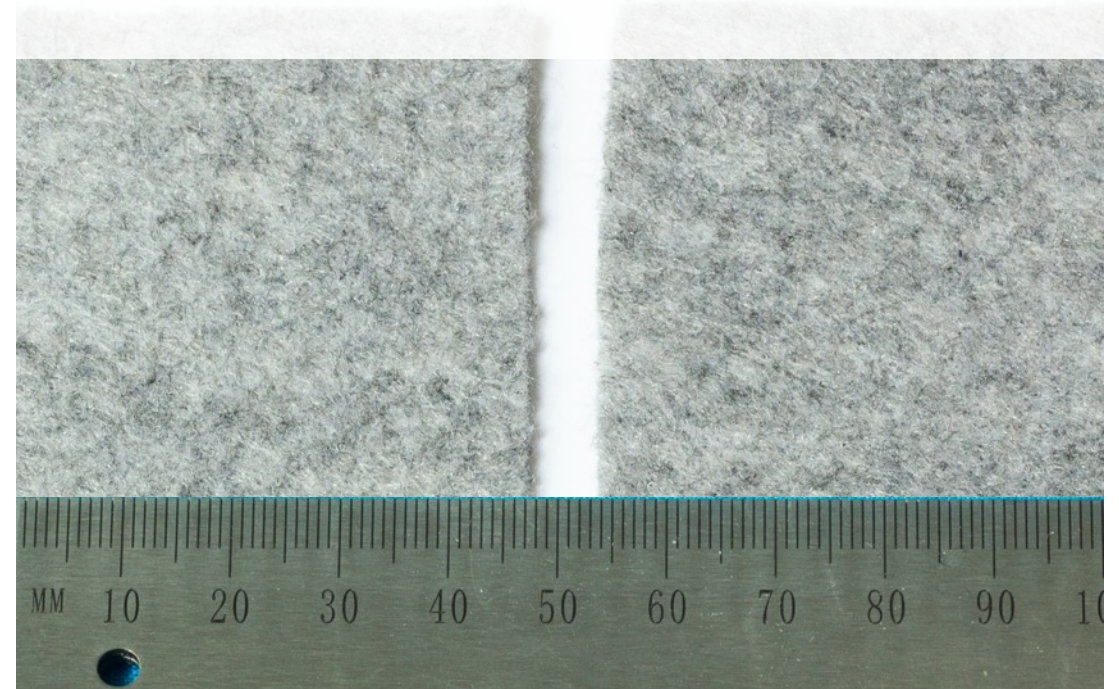


# Felt sheet, (soft, 1.5mm thickness) – polyester

Layers	Resistance	Filtration efficacy (%)
1 (unwashed)	*	60.49
2 (unwashed)	*	78.79
4 (unwashed)	4.17	90.76
1 (washed**)	*	72.13
2 (washed**)	*	89.2
4 (washed**)	4.33	96.39



Soft, non-elastic, mildly formable, non-woven fabric.  
GSM: 175 g/m<sup>2</sup>

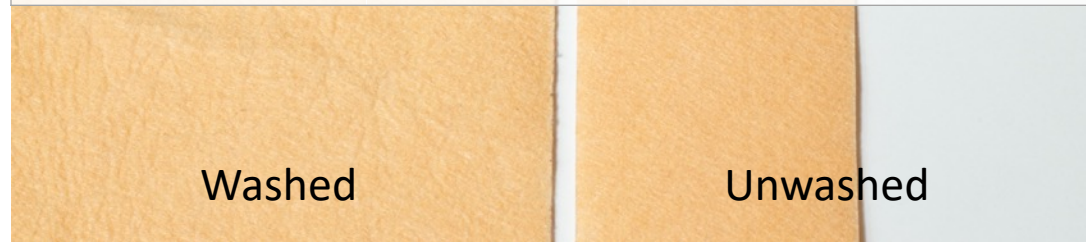


\* Value < 3

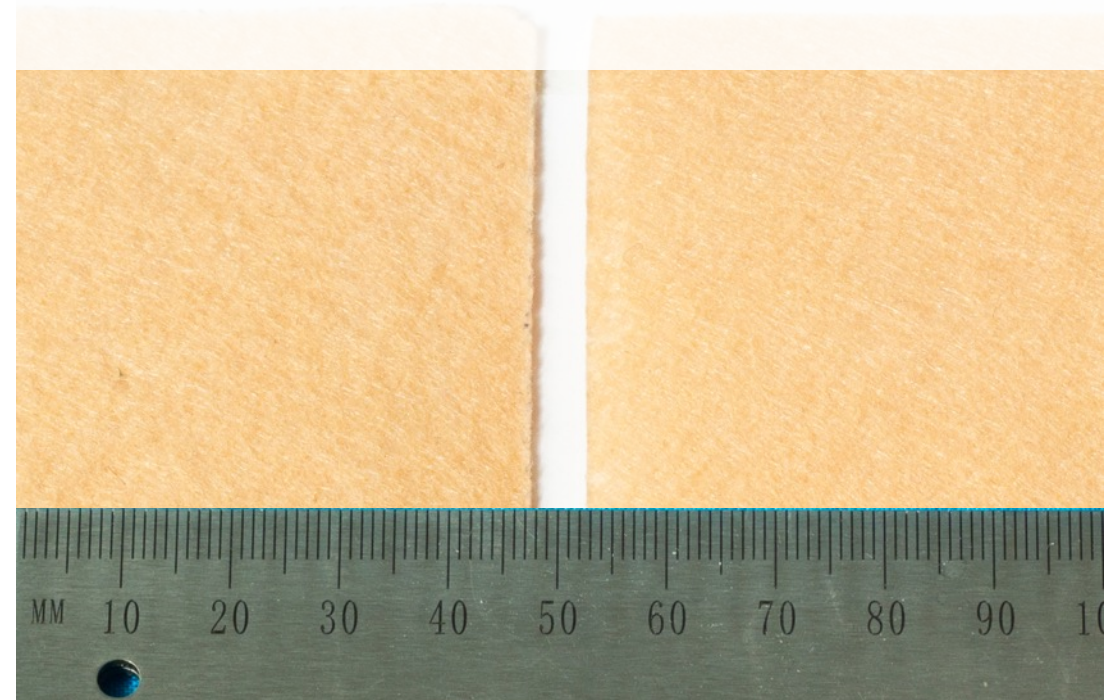
\*\* Note that this sample remained in the dryer for an extended time, and was taken out shortly before testing. Improvement of filtration efficacy after washing/drying may be secondary to increased electrostatic charge.

# Felt sheet, (hard, 1mm thickness) – polyester

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1 (unwashed)	*	56.04
2 (unwashed)	*	72.86
4 (unwashed)	3.17	87.36
1 (washed*)	*	54.32
2 (washed*)	*	75.29
4 (washed*)	3.67	88.82



Firm, non-elastic, non-woven fabric.  
GSM: 158 g/m<sup>2</sup>



\* Value < 3



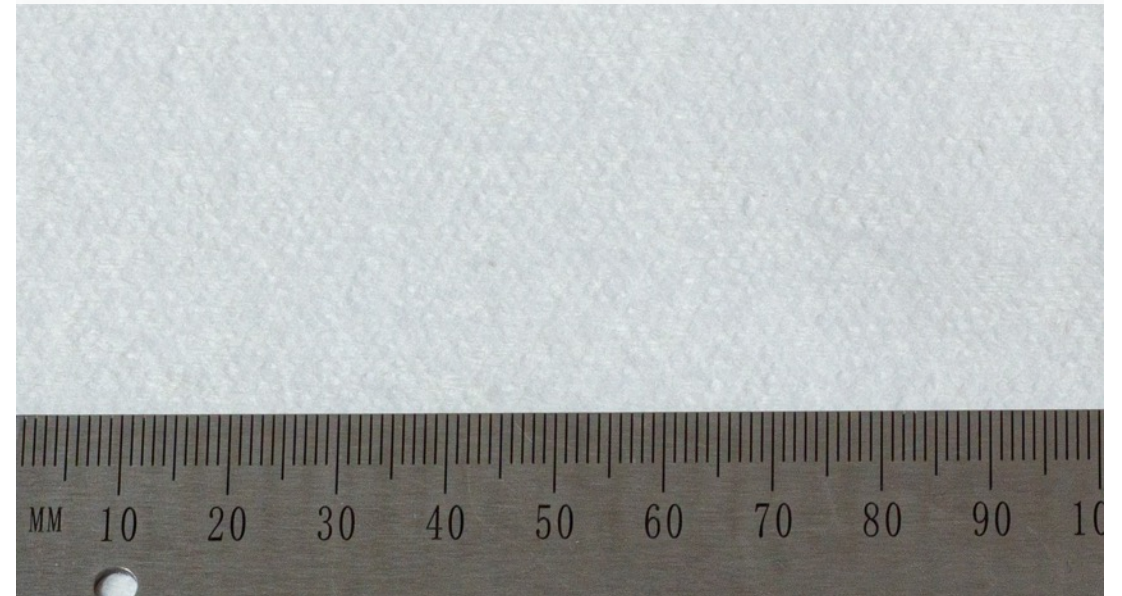
# Thick paper kitchen towel

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	4	76.7
2	6	86.07
1 repeat *	4	55.05



GSM: 66 g/m<sup>2</sup>

Initial measurement showed high filtration, repeated measurement (\*) showed lower filtration efficiency. Paper towels may be less consistent in efficiency.



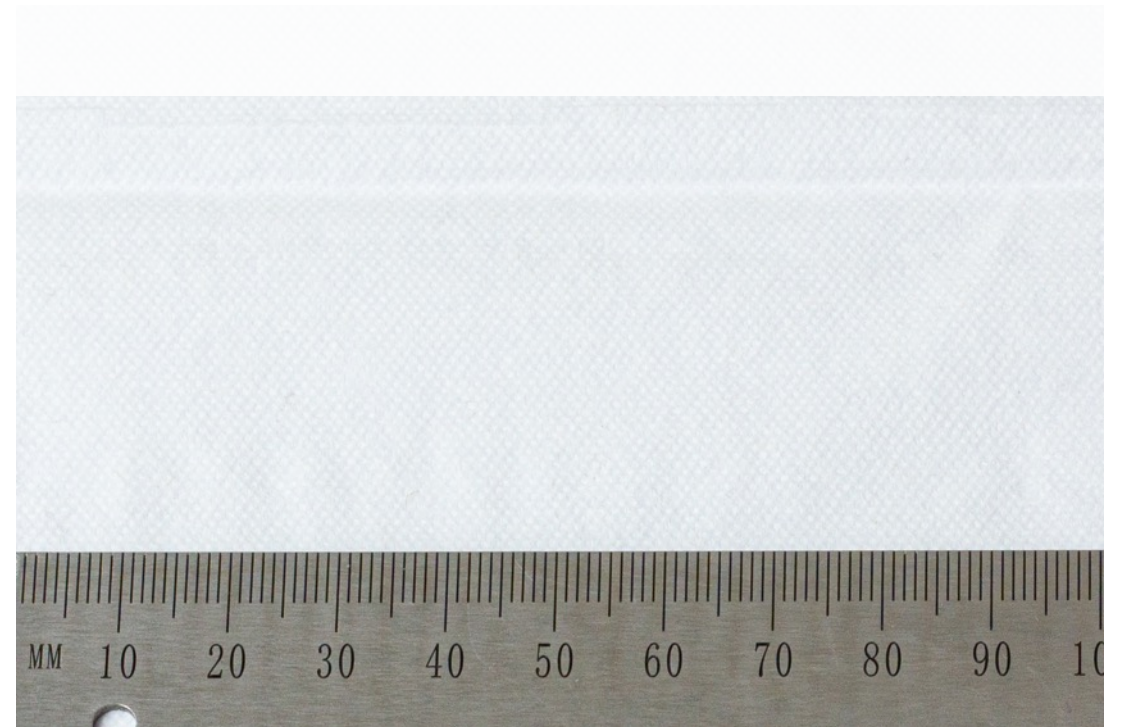
\* A different piece was tested a few days later

# Paper facial tissue

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	3.83	38.73
2	5.67	58.64



GSM: 42 g/m<sup>2</sup>





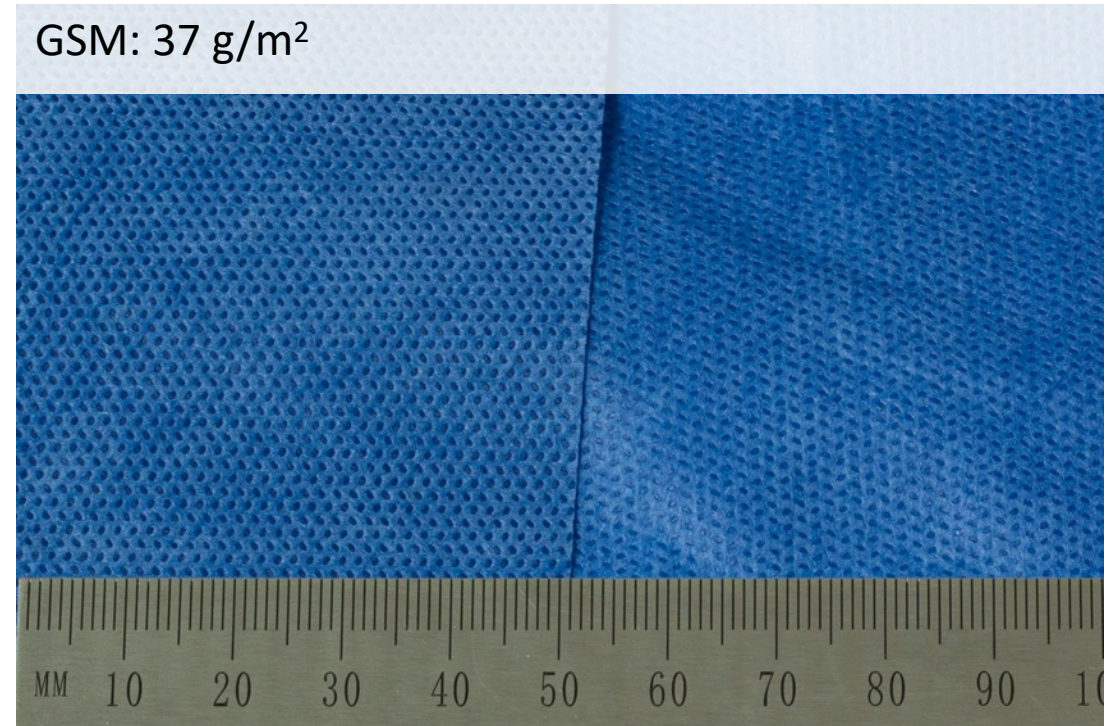
# Surgical drape - SMS

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	3.83	81.3
2	6.5	94.15
4	10.17	98.61



Spunbond Meltblown Spunbond, commonly known as SMS is a tri laminate non-woven fabric.

GSM: 37 g/m<sup>2</sup>



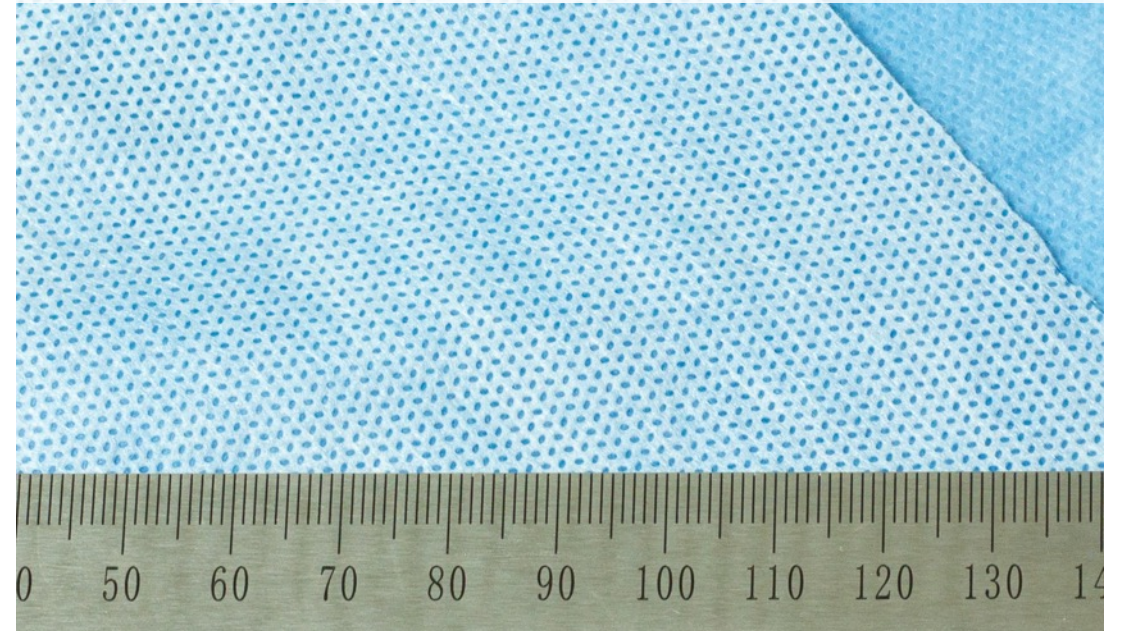


# Surgical gown (paper like)

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	3.83	79.01



Spunbond Meltblown Spunbond, commonly known as SMS is a tri laminate non-woven fabric. Appears very similar to surgical drape. GSM: 42 g/m<sup>2</sup>



# 3M N95 respirator

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
Mask wall	5	99.99



Low airflow resistance.





# Halyard N95 respirator

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
Mask wall	15.5	99.99



High airflow resistance but large active surface area.



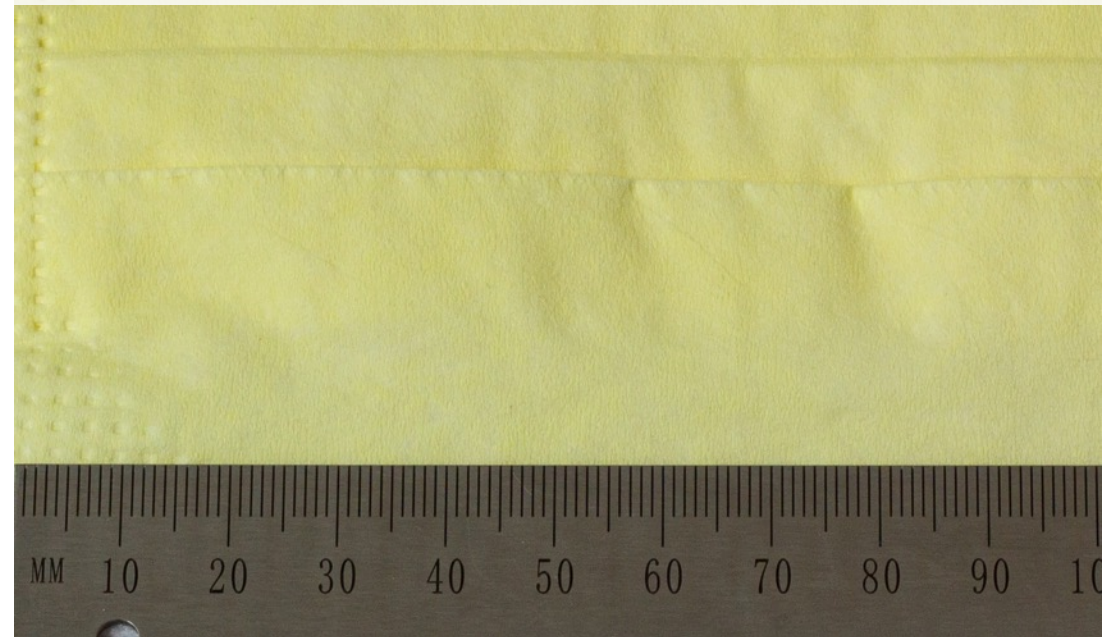


# Surgical mask

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1	7	86.4
2*	12.67	96.81



Thin, paper like, non-woven fabric. Layers are folded. Measurement was done on single layer after unfolding the mask. GSM: 58 g/m<sup>2</sup>

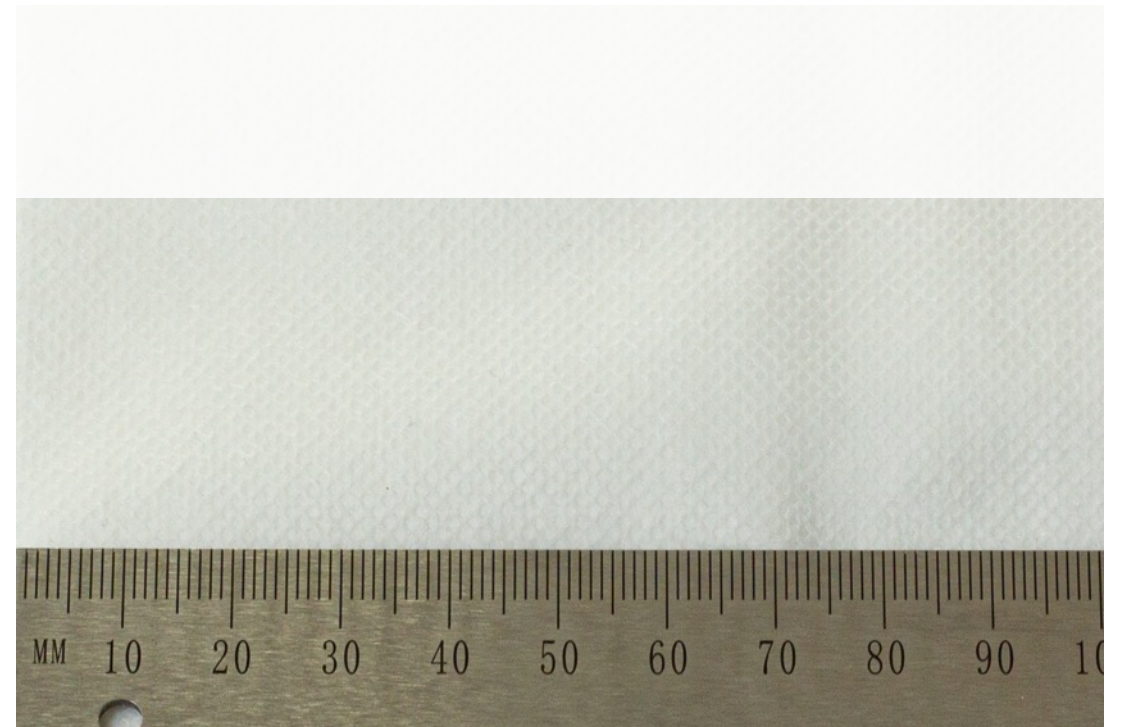


\*2 layers (2 masks at a time) are usually not used.

# Vacuum cleaner bag – controversial if safe...

Layers	airflow resistance	Filtration efficiency (%)
1*	5.17	98.73

GSM: 125 g/m<sup>2</sup>



\* The wall of the bag contains multiple various layers.

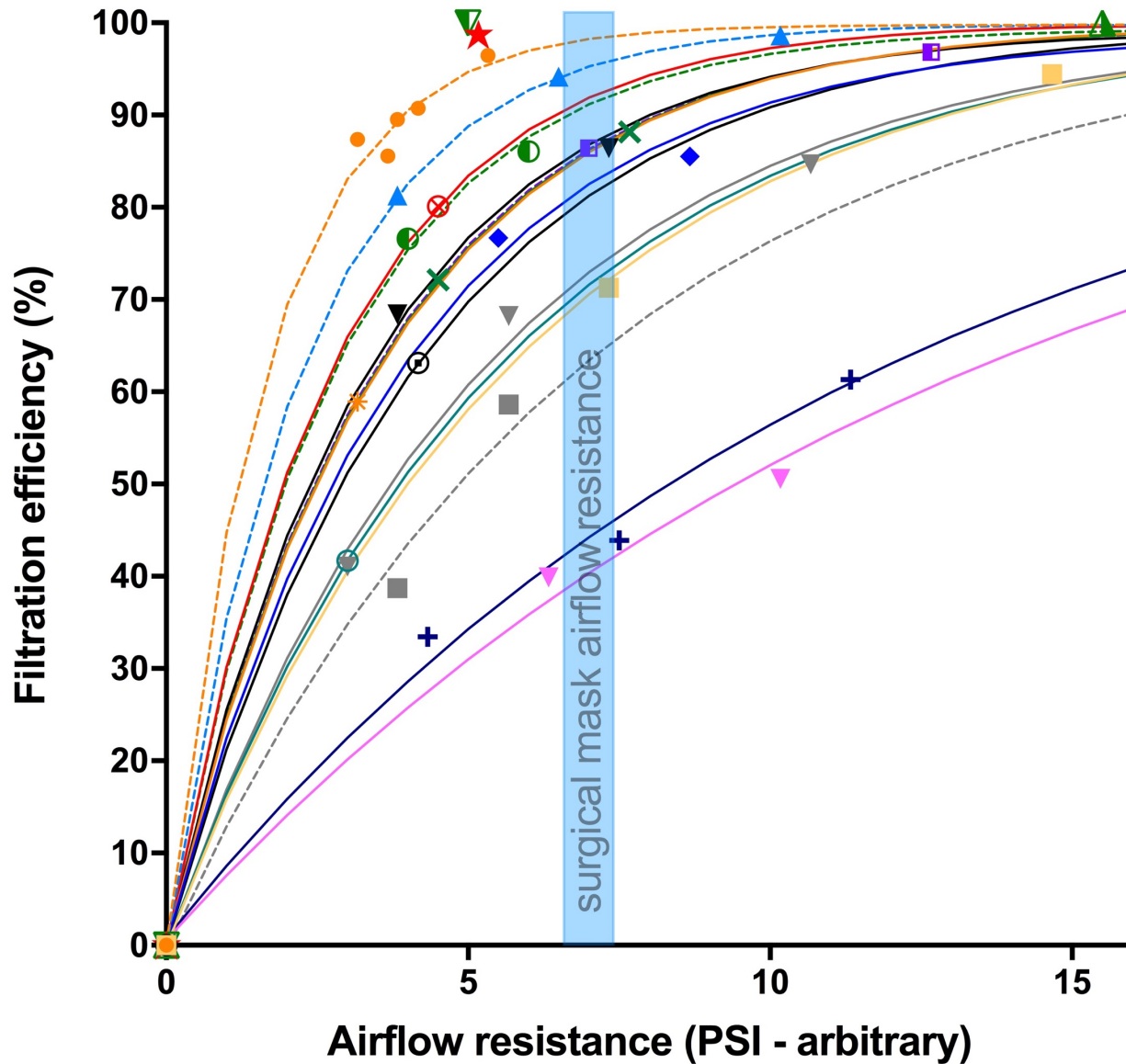
# Nothing – negative control

<b>Layers</b>	<b>airflow resistance</b>	<b>Filtration efficiency (%)</b>
0	0	0.84

Both filtration test and airflow resistance test ran with no material inserted.



# Filtration performance



Solid line - woven/knitted fabric  
 Dashed line - nonwoven fabric  
 Legend key sorted by performance  
 (filtration efficiency at a given airflow resistance value)

- ▼ N95 respirator 3M
- ▲ N95 respirator Halyard
- ★ Vacuum cleaner bag
- Felt - polyester
- ▲ Surgical drapes - SMS
- ⊗ Thick fleece - polyester
- Paper kitchen towel
- ▼ T-shirt 60% cotton -40% polyester blend
- × Tea towel - 100% cotton
- Surgical mask
- \* Buff - Headwear - polyester
- ◆ Hospital scrubs - 55% cotton 45% polyester blend
- ⊙ Thin fleece - polyester
- ▼ T-shirt - 100% cotton
- Silk
- Microfiber cleaning cloth - 80% polyester, 20% polyamide
- Paper facial tissue
- + Thin, non-elastic 100% cotton fabric
- ▼ Pillow case - 100% cotton