## ONLINE APPENDIX: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

In this online appendix we describe our research methodology, including our recruitment and interview process, both for transparency purposes and because it is difficult to interview military personnel in contentious environments. Our research was conducted with Institutional Review Board (IRB) approval from The George Washington University and The American University in Cairo. The target interview population consisted primarily of current and former military personnel in the armed and security forces in the countries we studied. In addition, we pursued interviews with civilian conflict witnesses to better understand the uprisings studied as well as form leads for military interviews. Given the sensitivities of the target interview population, we recruited participants via snowball sampling, and relied on multiple initial contacts to diversify our population of respondents. In total, we conducted 114 interviews, in Bahrain (15), Jordan (46), Turkey (3), Lebanon (23), Yemen (17), and Washington, DC (10).

A research mission to Bahrain was conducted in March 2013. This included interviews with a former Bahrain Defense Officer, journalist, human rights activist, civil society members, political society members, government employees, defense lawyers, and a Bahraini close to an insubordinate police officer who was imprisoned.

In Yemen, three weeks of field research were conducted in Sanaa during January 2013. We interviewed two serving military officers, Yemeni and foreign security experts, academic staff at Sanaa University, representatives of human rights groups, and journalists.

Interviews on the Syria case study were conducted in Jordan, Lebanon, and Turkey. Both Syrian civilians and former military and security personnel were interviewed. Syrian civilians were conflict participants and observers, and the interview pool included at least one individual

who strongly supported Al-Asad's regime. Former military interviewees held varied ranks and assignments, and were from different hometowns in Syria. We interviewed individuals from the following ranks: conscripted soldier, non-commissioned officer, sergeant major, warrant officer, first lieutenant, captain, colonel, and general. Interviewees had served in a variety of capacities, including with the security services, Air Force, Army infantry units, military intelligence, military finance, military engineering, military judiciary, and the Special Forces. Soldiers were from locations ranging from Deraa, to Homs, to Baniyas, and other areas in Syria. All interviewees were Arab, with the exception of two Druze research participants. All interviewees were Muslim, with the exception of one Christian participant.

In Jordan, our Syria interviews were conducted in Amman, Irbid, and Ramtha; interviews took place in summer 2014 and winter/spring 2015. All interviews in Jordan were conducted outside refugee camps, in what are termed "host communities." It should be noted, however, that nearly all Syrian former military personnel had previously spent time in Al-Rajehi camp, which specifically hosted former Syrian military personnel who had crossed into Jordan. In Lebanon, research participants were based in Beirut, Tripoli, Aley, and Aarsal, and interviews were conducted using a structured questionnaire in May and June 2014. In Turkey, we conducted semi-structured, open-ended interviews in March 2013 with three defectors from the Syrian army who were, at the time of the interview, staying at Kilis refugee camp close to the Turkish-Syrian border. Since the Turkish authorities did not grant us access to the gated camp itself, we relied on the service of an interlocutor who was able to contact our interview partners in the camp. As refugees at the time were allowed to leave the camp, the interviews were conducted outside of the gated confines of that refugee community.

In Washington, DC we met with country experts, one representative of an organization representing the political opposition to Bashar al-Asad, as well as a Bahrain Defense Force officer.

The sensitivity of our topic and security concerns for both the researchers as well as interlocutors demanded various restrictions to empirical research conducted in the Middle Eastern countries. First, several interview partners were uncomfortable with recording the conversations in open-ended interviews. We respected our interlocutors' concerns and refrained from using recording devices whenever that was requested. In these cases, we took written notes of our conversations. Second, anonymity and confidentiality were key concerns to almost every interview partner, and we do not disclose the identity of our interview partners, which also complies with our IRB requirements. The situation in Lebanon during our research mission in May/June 2014 was especially problematic in this regard in great part because our target community—Syrian army defectors—felt particularly vulnerable during this time period. We therefore resorted to using an anonymous, structured questionnaire that was distributed by local research assistants who had contacts in this community. Six of those interviews were conducted using Skype, because security concerns prevented the researcher from traveling to Aarsal, in the Lebanese-Syrian border region.

Using such go-betweens to connect the researcher and respondents increased the anonymity of the interview process and hence trust among our interviewees. We also used this structured questionnaire during some of our interviews in Jordan and Turkey; in total, 60 of our interviews were conducted with the help of the structured questionnaire. The questionnaire instrument is attached to this memorandum. We include an English version for reference, although the following Arabic version was used when distributed to respondents. The questions

used in that instrument also shed light on the questions we asked in personal, open-ended conversations.

Personal interviews and conversations were open-ended and questions varied by case study. The questions generally assessed the individual's occupation and seniority, where he was located from 2011-2013, the climate within the armed or security forces during that period, and whether he left his position and why. To shed greater light on the interview process, we provide the following example of our interview research process in Jordan on the Syria case study.

In Jordan, we located initial contacts through two human rights organizations in Irbid, Jordan; a contact through our network in Syria; and a contact through a volunteer network in Amman. Interviewees often provided contact information that led us to a next set of interviews. We pursued each referral, as the target population was difficult to locate and number of referrals small. Potential research participants were administered informed consent according to our IRB approval. Participants were not comfortable audio recording the interviews, and so we relied on type recording field notes. Interviewees in Jordan ranged from conscript to general officer rank; individuals originated from southern, northern, and central Syria; and there was variation in how long these soldiers stayed in the military once the uprising began and whether they left the country or fought with the opposition. We began interviews by asking the soldier to describe, "How did you get here?" This provided an entry point into a discussion of the conflict and personal experiences.

Su	vey Administrator(s):
Co	untry:
Pro	vince:
Lo	eation:
Da	e:
Th	ank you for participating in this study!
1.	Part One
	1.1. In what year were you born?
	Year:
	1.2. Where were you born?
	Town:
	Governorate:
	1.3. Where did you live in March 2011?
	Town:
	Governorate:
	1.4. Where did your family live in March 2011?
	Town:
	Governorate:
	1.5 W
	1.5. What was your marital status in March 2011?
	O Single, never married
	O Separated/divorced
	O Married
	O Widowed

1.6. Do you have children?	
O Yes	
O No	
1.6.1. If yes, how many children do you have?	
Number:	
1.7. What is your highest level of education?	
O No school	
O Some primary school	
O Finished primary school	
O Some secondary school	
O Finished secondary school	
O Some university	
O Finished university	
1.8. What is your father's highest level of education?	
O No school	
O Some primary school	
O Finished primary school	
O Some secondary school	
O Finished secondary school	
O Some university	
O Finished university	
1.9. What was your father's occupation?	
Occupation:	

1.10. What was your family's monthly income in March 2011?
O Below 5,000 SYP
O Between 5,000 and 10,000 SYP
O Between 10,000 and 15,000 SYP
O Between 15,000 and 20,000 SYP
O Between 20,000 and 25,000 SYP
O Between 25,000 and 30,000 SYP
O Above 30,000 SYP
1.11. What is your ethnic group?
O Arab
O Kurdish
O Assyrian
O Circassian
O Turkmen
O Other:
1.12. What is your religion? Are you:
O Sunni Muslim
O Alawite
O Christian
O Other:

Part 1Wo
2.1. In what year did you join the military?
Year:
2.2. In March 2011, what described your military service:
O Conscription
O Voluntary
2.3. In what unit did you serve in March 2011?
Unit:
2.4. Where was this unit's main base?
Town:
Governorate:
2.5. What was your rank in March 2011?
Rank:
2.6. Please indicate the extent to which you agree with each of the following statements.
2.6.1. In March 2011, I trusted my immediate superior in my military unit.
O Strongly disagree
O Disagree
O Agree
O Strongly agree
2.6.2. In March 2011, other members of my unit were close personal friends.
O Strongly disagree
O Disagree
O Agree
O Strongly agree

2.6.3. In general, it is important that members of a unit share the same religious beliefs.	
O Strongly disagree	
O Disagree	
O Agree	
O Strongly agree	
2.6.4. In general, it is important that members of a unit come from the same region.	
O Strongly disagree	
O Disagree	
O Agree	
O Strongly agree	

## 3. Part Three

3.1. When the uprising began in Syria, many military units were ordered to stabilize protest
areas. Was your unit ordered to do so?
O Yes
O No
3.1.1. If no, please proceed to question 3.2 on the next page.
If yes, when were you first deployed, following the initial protests of March
2011?
Month:
Year:
3.1.2. If yes, in what area were you first deployed?
Town:
Governorate:
3.1.3. If yes, did you face violent protests in the area in which you were deployed?
O Yes
O No
3.1.4. If yes, did you have to use live ammunition against protests?
O Yes
O No
3.1.5. If yes, were you in close contact to protests, such as being able to see the
individuals you were deployed against?
O Yes
O No

ammunition, against protests?
O Yes
O No
3.1.7. If yes, did you ever pretend to use lethal force, such as shooting over people's
heads?
O Yes
O No
3.2. If not deployed to stabilize protest areas, what activities did your unit undertake between
March 2011 and September 2012?
Open-ended:
3.3. In spring of 2011, what was your opinion of the opposition movement in Syria?
Open-ended:
<del></del>
3.4. As time went on, did your opinion of the opposition movement in Syria change?
O Yes
O No
3.4.1. If no, please proceed to Part Four below.
If yes, what changed your opinion of the opposition movement?
Open-ended:
Open ended.

4.	Part Four
	4.1. When did you leave your unit?
	Month:
	Year:
	4.2. Can you remember any significant events that happened right before you left your unit
	Events:
	4.3. Where were you based when you left your unit?
	Town:
	Governorate:
	4.4. Where did you first go once you left your unit?
	Town:
	Governorate:
	4.5. How did your military service end?
	O Unit demobilized
	O Home leave
	O Defection
	O Completed military service
	O Other:

4.6. Were you offered any financial offers to stay in the military, such as a cash bonus?

O Yes

O No

./. Please	indicate the extent to which you agree with each of the following statements.
4.7.1.	When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I felt leaving would mean
b	etraying the other soldiers in my unit.
C	Strongly disagree
C	) Disagree
C	) Agree
C	O Strongly agree
4.7.2.	When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I felt my family's physical
Sa	afety would be in danger if I left.
C	Strongly disagree
C	) Disagree
C	) Agree
C	Strongly agree
4.7.3.	When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I felt my own physical safety
W	ould be in danger if I left.
C	Strongly disagree
C	) Disagree
C	) Agree
C	O Strongly agree
4.7.4.	When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I was worried about not being
	able to financially support my family without my military employment.
	O Strongly disagree
	D Disagree
C	) Agree
(	Strongly agree

4.7.5.	When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I was worried about the
d	ifficulty of planning defection.
	O Strongly disagree
	O Disagree
	O Agree
	O Strongly agree
4.7.6.	When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I was worried about fighting
a	gainst Syrians if I stayed in my unit.
	O Strongly disagree
	O Disagree
	O Agree
	O Strongly agree
4.7.7.	When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I wanted to fight against the
re	egime.
	O Strongly disagree
	O Disagree
	O Agree
	O Strongly agree
4.7.8.	When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, staying in the army seemed
n	nore dangerous than leaving.
C	Strongly disagree
C	D Disagree
C	) Agree
C	Strongly agree

4.7.9. When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I wanted to defend my	
community.	
O Strongly disagree	
O Disagree	
O Agree	
O Strongly agree	
4.7.10. When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I wanted to support a specific	ic
political/military group.	
O Strongly disagree	
O Disagree	
O Agree	
O Strongly agree	
4.7.11. When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I felt it was my religious du	ty
O Strongly disagree	
O Disagree	
O Agree	
O Strongly agree	
4.7.12. When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I considered how strong I for	elt
the regime was.	
O Strongly disagree	
O Disagree	
O Agree	
O Strongly agree	

۷	4.7.13. When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I felt it was my duty as a
	soldier to stay in my unit.
	O Strongly disagree
	O Disagree
	O Agree
	O Strongly agree
۷	4.7.14. When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I was afraid of what could
	happen to my family if I left my unit.
	O Strongly disagree
	O Disagree
	O Agree
	O Strongly agree
۷	4.7.15. When deciding whether to stay in or leave my unit, I felt that I had to fight for the
	future of my country.
	O Strongly disagree
	O Disagree
	O Agree
	O Strongly agree
4.8.	If you did not defect, thank you, the survey is complete.
	If you defected, please answer these final questions:
۷	4.8.1. Were you on duty or off duty when you left your unit?
	O On duty
	O Off duty
۷	4.8.2. Did you leave your unit individually or as part of a group?
	O Individually
	O As part of a group

4.8.2.1. If you left as part of a group: Which of the following best describes the type
of group?
O The whole battalion
O A group of friends
O Members of my community
O Fellow soldiers
O Other:
4.8.3. Did you warn your family before you left your unit?
O Yes
O No
4.8.4. Were you offered money to leave your unit?
O Yes
O No
4.8.5. What did you do after defecting?
O Joined a non-violent protest in Syria
O Joined a militarized protest movement in Syria
O Did not join any protest movement, but remained in Syria
O Did not join any protest movement, and immediately moved outside Syria
4.8.6. Had you attempted to leave your unit prior to your successful defection?
O Yes
O No
4.8.6.1. If no, thank you, the survey is complete.
If yes, why did your previous attempt not succeed?
Open-ended:

Survey Adr	ninistrator:	
Country:		
Province:		
Location:		
Date:		
2		11 ~ 1
	ر انگو <b>ن</b> اذکر تاریخ میلادك ِ	
	ä	السن
	ا اذکر مکان میلادك.	1 2
	ينة عافظة	المد
		1 2
	ِ اذكر مكان سكنك في مارس ٢٠١١ <sub>.</sub> بنة	
	ينة عافظة	المح
		1 4
	ُ اذكر مكان سكن أسرتك في مارس ٢٠١١. بنة	
	ينة عافظة	المد
	was a second debt of the	1 5
	َ اذكر حالتك الاجتماعية في مارس ٢٠١١. أعزب،لم يسبق لك الزواج	
	مطلق أو منفصل	
	متزوج	
	أرمل	
	ز هل عندك أولاد؟ نعم	
		Ö
	1.6.1 <b>في حالة الاجابة بنعم،</b> اذكر عدد الاولاد. العدد	
_		

- 1.7 اذكر أعلى مؤهل دراسي حصلت عليه.
  O لم ألتحق بمدرسة
  O قسط من التعليم الإبتدائي
  O حصلت على الشهادة الابتدائية

  - قسط من التعليم الاعدادي
     حصلت على الشهادة الاعدادية
  - O قسط من التعليم الجامعي O حصلت على الشهادة الجامعية
- 1.8 اذكر أعلى مؤهل دراسي حصل عليه والدك.

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O لم يلتحق بمدرسة
                                O قسط من التعليم الإبتدائي
                             O حصل على الشهادة الابتدائية
                                O قسط من التعليم الاعدادي
                            O حصل على الشهادة الاعدادية
                                 O قسط من التعليم الجامعي
                             O حصل على الشهادة الجامعية
                                     1.9 اذكر مهنة والدك.
                                                   المهنة
1.10 اذكر الدخل الشهري لأسرتك في خلال شهر مارس ٢٠١١.
                           ٥ أقل من ٥٠٠٠٠ الليرة السورية
                  O من ٥٠٠٠٠ إلى ١٠،٠٠٠ الليرة السورية
                 O من ۱۰،۰۰۰ إلى ۱۵،۰۰۰ الليرة السورية
                ٥ من ١٥،٠٠٠ إلى ٢٠،٠٠٠ الليرة السورية
               O من ۲۰،۰۰۰ إلى ۲۰،۰۰۰ الليرة السورية O من ۲۰،۰۰۰ الليرة السورية
                        O أكثر من ٣٠،٠٠٠ الليرة السورية
                               1.11 ما هي طائفتك العرقية؟
                                                O عربي
                                                O کردي
                                               O اشوري
                                              0 شركسي
                                               ترکمان
                                              غير ذلك
                                             1.12 الديانة:
                                             O مسلم سنة
                                                O علوي
                                               0 مسیحی

 غير ذلك
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الجزء الثاني 2.1 متى التحقت بالخدمة العسكرية؟ السنة
2.2 ماذا كانت طبيعة خدمتك في مارس ٢٠١١؟ O مجند O منطوع
2.3 بأى فرقة عسكرية قضيت خدمتك في مارس ٢٠١١؟ الوحدة
2.4 اذكر مكان الفرقة المدينة المحافظة
2.5 اذكر رتبتك العسكرية في مارس ٢٠١١ الرتبة
<ul> <li>2.6 حدد مدى اتفاقك مع الجمل التالية</li> <li>2.6.1 وضعت ثقتي في قائد وحدتي المباشر في مارس ٢٠١١.</li> <li>٥ اعترض بشدة</li> <li>٥ اعترض</li> <li>٥ أوافق</li> <li>٥ أوافق بشدة</li> </ul>

- 2.6.2 ربطتني علاقة صداقة وثيقة بزملائي في الفرقة في مارس ٢٠١١.
  - O اعترض بشدة
    - 0 اعترض
      - 🔾 أوافق
    - أو افق بشدة
  - 2.6.3 من المهم أن ينتمي أعضاء الفرقة إلى نفس الديانة.
    - O اعترض بشدة
      - 0 اعترض
      - O أو افق O أو افق بشدة
- 2.6.4 من المهم أن يكون مسقط رأس جميع أعضاء الفرقة من نفس المنطقة.
  - اعترض بشدة
    - 0 اعترض
    - أو افقأو افق بشدة

الجزء الثالث				
3.1 طلب من بعض الوحدات العسكرية التعامل بالقوة مع المتظاهرين. هل تلقت وحدتك مثل هذه الأو امر؟ O نعم				
	O كعم O لا			
3.1.1 في حالة الاجابة بلا، إنظر السؤال 3.2 في الصفحة التالية.				
<b>في حالة الاجابة بنعم،</b> متى تلقيت الاوامر بالتعامل مع مظاهرات مارس ٢٠١١؟ نات				
الشهر				
السنة				
3.1.2 <b>في حالة الاجابة بنعم</b> ، اذكر المنطقة التي تعاملت معها				
المدينة				
المحافظة				
3.1.3 هل تعرضت منطقة خدمتك إلى أعمال عنف من قبل المتظاهرين؟				
نعم و المحادث و				
λO				
3.1.4 في حالة الإجابة بنعم، هل استخدمت الزخيرة الحية ضد المتظاهرين؟				
نعم و يو يو				
λO				
3.1.5 في حالة الاجابة بنعم، هل تلقيت أو امر مباشرة باستخدام القوة المفرطة ضد المتظاهرين؟				
نعم و نعم				
УO				
3.1.6 <b>في حالة الاجابة بنعم،</b> هل تلقيت أو امر غير مباشرة باستخدام القوة المفرطة ضد المتظاهرين؟				
0isa 01				
ДО				
3.1.7 في حالة الاجابة بنعم، هل تظاهرت باستخدام القوة المفرطة مثل التصويب فوق رؤوس المتظاهرين؟				
O نعم				
λО				
حين عدم الاستعانة بوحدتك في التعامل مع المتظاهرين، ما هي الاعمال التي تولت وحدتك القيام بها في خلال مارس	3.2 في			
ىبتمبر ٢٠١٢؟				
	الاعمال			
مارس 2011, ما كان رأيك في في حركة المعارضة في سوريا؟	3.3 في			
	أجب بإس			
تغير رأيك في حركة المعارضة السورية مع مرور الوقت؟	3.4 هل			

0 نعم 0 لا

3.4.1 في حالة الاجابة بلا، إنتقل إلى الجزء الرابع من الأسئلة من فضلك في حالة الاجابة بنعم، اذكر الاسباب التي أدت إلى تغيير رأيك في المعارضة السورية؟ أجب بإستفاضة

	جزء الرابع	
	.4 متى غادرت وحدتك؟	
	<u>شهر</u>	
	سنة	71)
	.4 هل تذكر أي أحداث قبل مغادرتك للوحدة؟	2
	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
		_
	.4 أين كانت نقطة خدمتك حين قررت مغادرة الوحدة؟	
	مدينة محافظة	11
	محافظه	71
	.4 ما هو أول مكان توجهت إليه بعد مغادرتك للوحدة؟	4
	مدينة محافظة	
	محافظة	1
	.4 كيف انتهت خدمتك العسكرية؟	_
	.4 كيف النهت كنمنك العسكرية: ) تسريح الوحدة	
	عطلة	
	و تركت الخدمة العسكرية	)
	) أتممت الخدمة العسكرية	
_	) غير ذلك	)
	4 هل عرض عليك مبالغ مالية في مقابل استمر ارك في الخدمة العسكرية؟	6
	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
	' Y C	
	. 4 حدد مدى إتفقاقك مع الجمل التالية	7
بدة.	4.7.1 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، شعرت بأن هذا القرار خيانة لزملائي في الوح O اعترض بشدة	
	O اعترض بسده O اعترض	
	© بكرك () أو افق	
	🔾 أو افق بشدة	
•		
مة أسرتي	4.7.2 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، شعرت بأن قراري بترك الخدمة سيعرض سلا	
	للخطر O اعترض بشدة	
	O اعترض O اعترض	
	© بصرت O أو افق	
	O أو أفق بشدة	
متي للخطر .	4.7.3 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، شعرت بأن قراري بترك الخدمة سيعرض سلا	
	O اعترض بشدة	
	O اعترض ما است	
	🔾 أوافق	

	O أو افق بشدة
	4.7.4 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، شعرت بالقلق من عدم قدرتي على إعالة أسرتي بعد تركي خدمة العسكرية. O اعترض بشدة O اعترض O أوافق بشدة
	4.7.5 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، شعرت بالقلق من عدم قدرتي على تنفيذ خطة الهروب
بنجاح.	〇 اعترض بشدة 〇 اعترض 〇 أو افق 〇 أو افق بشدة
	4.7.6 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، قلقت من إمكانية حدوث مواجهة مع أبناء الشعب السوري إذا استمريت في الخدمة. $O$ اعترض بشدة $O$ اعترض $O$ اعترض $O$ أو افق $O$ أو افق بشدة $O$ أو افق بشدة
	4.7.7 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، أردت محاربة النظام. О اعترض بشدة О اعترض بشدة О اعترض و الفق الفقام المسكرية الفق بشدة О أوافق بشدة
	4.7.8 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، بدا لي أن البقاء في الجيش أكثر خطرا من تركه. О اعترض بشدة О اعترض أو القلام و المسكرية، بدا لي أن البقاء في الجيش أكثر خطرا من تركه. О اعترض المسكرية و المسكرية و المسكرية و المسكرية المسكرية و المسكرية ا
	4.7.9 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، أردت الدفاع عن مجتمعي. О اعترض بشدة О اعترض بشدة О اعترض و كالمتحدد العدمة العسكرية أو افق العام كالمتحدد المتحدد ا

4.7.10 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، أردت الانضمام إلى فصيل سياسي أو عسكري بعينه.

أوافق بشدة

اعترض بشدةاعترض اعترض

- O أو افق
- أوافق بشدة
- 4.7.11 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، شعرت بأنه واجب ديني.
  - O اعترض بشدة
    - 0 اعترض
      - 🔾 أوافق
    - أوافق بشدة
  - 4.7.12 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، قمت بتقييم قوة النظام.
    - O اعترض بشدة
      - 0 اعترض
        - O أوافق
      - أوافق بشدة
- 4.7.13 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركى للخدمة العسكرية، شعرت بأنه واجبى كعسكري أن أبقى في وحدتي.
  - اعترض بشدة
    - 0 اعترض
      - O أو افق
    - أو افق بشدة
- 4.7.14 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، شعرت بالخوف على أسرتي منما قد ينتج عن تركي لوحدتي.
  - اعترض بشدة
    - 0 اعترض
      - O أو افق
    - أو افق بشدة
- 4.7.15 في أثناء اتخاذي لقرار تركي للخدمة العسكرية، شعرت بأنه واجب عليا أن أحارب من أجل مستقبل بلدي
  - O اعترض بشدة
    - اعترض
      - O أو افق
    - O أو افق بشدة

## 4.8 في حالة عدم قيامك بترك الخدمة العسكرية، فشكراً لكل لقد انتهت الاسئلة. في حالة قيامك بترك الخدمة العسكرية، من فضلك أجب على الاسئلة التالية.

4.8.1 هل قمت بالرحيل أثناء تأديتك الخدمة ؟ O أثناء تأدى الخدمة

```
 خارج الخدمة

                            4.8.2 هل قمت بتركالفر قةبمفردك أو كجزء من مجموعة؟
                                                                       صفردی
                                                             O كجزء من مجموعة
.4.8.2.1 في حالة ترككالفرقةفي مجموعة. إختر الاجابة المناسبة لوصف المجموعة.
                                                          الوحدة بأكملها

 مجموعة أصدقاء

 أفراد مجتمع واحد

 أفراد من الجيش

                                                               غير ذلك
                                   4.8.3 هل قمت بتحذير أسرتك قبل مغادرتك للوحدة؟
                                                                           0 نعم
                                                                            A O
                            4.8.4 هل عرض عليك مبالغ مالية في مقابل تركك للوحدة؟
                                                                           0 نعم
                                                                            Y O
                                              4.8.5 ماذا فعلت حين غادرت الخدمة؟

    انضمت إلى المعارضة السلمية في سوريا

    انضمت إلى المعارضة المسلحة في سوريا

                             O لم أنضم لأي جهة معارضة للنظام ولكن لم أغادر سوريا

    لم أنضم لأي جهة معارضة للنظام ولكنى غادرت سوريا فوراً

                      4.8.6 هل قمت بمحاولات هروب فاشلة قبل قيامك بمغادرة الوحدة؟
                                                                           0 نعم
                                                                            Y O
                         4.8.6.1 في حالة الإجابة بلا، شكراً لقد انتهت الأسئلة
                  في حالة الاجابة بنعم، اذكر أسباب فشل تلك المحاولة.
                                                         أجب بإستفاضة:
```