# Appendix A

In what year were you born?

How do you currently describe yourself?

- Male (1)
- Female (2)
- Transgender (3)
- Other / Prefer not to respond (4) How often do you attend church services?
  - Never (1)
  - Less than once a year (2)
  - About once or twice a year (3)
  - Several times a year (4)
  - About once a month (5)
  - 2-3 times a month (6)
  - Nearly every week (7)
  - Every week (8)

What is your sexual orientation?

- Asexual (1)
- Bisexual (2)
- Gay (3)
- Straight (Heterosexual) (4)
- Lesbian (5)
- Pansexual (6)
- Queer (7)
- Questioning or unsure (8)
- Same-gender loving (9)

- Prefer not to disclose (10)
- Other / Prefer not to respond (11)

Are you of Latino or Hispanic origin, such as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban or some otherSpanish background?

- Yes (1)
- No (2)

Are you white, black, of Asian origin or some other race?

- White / Caucasian (1)
- Black / African American (2)
- Asian (3)
- Alaskan Native (4)
- Pacific Islander (5)
- Other (6)

What is the highest grade or year of school you have completed?

- 8th Grade or Less (1)
- High School Incomplete (Grades 9, 10, or 11) (2)
- High School Complete (Grade 12) (3)
- Vocational / Technical School (4)
- Some College (5)
- Junior College Graduate (2 year, Associates Degree) (6)
- 4 Year College Graduate (Bachelor's Degree) (7)
- Graduate Work (Masters, Law / Medical School, etc.) (8)

When it comes to politics, some people think of themselves as liberal, and others think of themselves as conservative. How would you describe yourself? Are you...

- Very liberal (1)
- Liberal (2)
- Somewhat liberal (3)
- Moderate / Middle of the road (4)

- Somewhat conservative (5)
- Conservative (6)
- Very conservative (7)

Generally speaking, do you usually think of yourself as a Republican, Democrat, Independent, or what?

- Democrat (1)
- Republic (2)
- Other / Independent (3)

Do you own or rent your home?

- Own (1)
- Rent (2)

In what state do you live?

- Alabama (1)
- Alaska (2)
- Arizona (3)
- Arkansas (4)
- California (5)
- Colorado (6)
- Connecticut (7)
- Delaware (8)
- Florida (9)
- Georgia (10)
- Hawaii (11)
- Idaho (12)
- Illinois (13)
- Indiana (14)
- Iowa (15)

- Kansas (16)
- Kentucky (17)
- Louisiana (18)
- Maine (19)
- Maryland (20)
- Massachusetts (21)
- Michigan (22)
- Minnesota (23)
- Mississippi (24)
- Missouri (25)
- Montana (26)
- Nebraska (27)
- Nevada (28)
- New Hampshire (29)
- New Jersey (30)
- New Mexico (31)
- New York (32)
- North Carolina (33)
- North Dakota (34)
- Ohio (35)
- Oklahoma (36)
- Oregon (37)
- Pennsylvania (38)
- Rhode Island (39)
- South Carolina (40)
- South Dakota (41)
- Tennessee (42)

- Texas (43)
- Utah (44)
- Vermont (45)
- Virginia (46)
- Washington (47)
- West Virginia (48)
- Wisconsin (49)
- Wyoming (50)

What is the name of your state's supreme court?

- Supreme Court of Alabama (1)
- Alaska Supreme Court (2)
- Arizona Supreme Court (3)
- Arkansas Supreme Court (4)
- Supreme Court of California (5)
- Colorado Supreme Court (6)
- Connecticut Supreme Court (7)
- Delaware Supreme Court (8)
- Florida Supreme Court (9)
- Supreme Court of Georgia (10)
- Supreme Court of Hawaii (11)
- Idaho Supreme Court (12)
- Supreme Court of Illinois (13)
- Supreme Court of Indiana (14)
- Iowa Supreme Court (15)
- Kansas Supreme Court (16)
- Kentucky Supreme Court (17)
- Louisiana Supreme Court (18)

- Maine Supreme Judicial Court (19)
- Maryland Court of Appeals (20)
- Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court (21)
- Michigan Supreme Court (22)
- Minnesota Supreme Court (23)
- Supreme Court of Mississippi (24)
- Supreme Court of Missouri (25)
- Montana Supreme Court (26)
- Nebraska Supreme Court (27)
- Supreme Court of Nevada (28)
- New Hampshire Supreme Court (29)
- New Jersey Supreme Court (30)
- New Mexico Supreme Court (31)
- New York Court of Appeals (32)
- North Carolina Supreme Court (33)
- North Dakota Supreme Court (34)
- Ohio Supreme Court (35)
- Oklahoma Supreme Court (36)
- Oregon Supreme Court (37)
- Supreme Court of Pennsylvania (38)
- Rhode Island Supreme Court (39)
- South Carolina Supreme Court (40)
- South Dakota Supreme Court (41)
- Tennessee Supreme Court (42)
- Texas Supreme Court (43)
- Utah Supreme Court (44)
- Vermont Supreme Court (45)

- Supreme Court of Virginia (46)
- Washington Supreme Court (47)
- Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia (48)
  Wisconsin Supreme Court (49)
- Wyoming Supreme Court (50)

# Appendix B

How well do you think the [state court / lowa Supreme Court] does its main job in government? Would you say it does a...

- Great job (1)
- Pretty good job (2)
- Not very good job (3)
- A poor job (4)

Some judges in the American states are elected; others are appointed to the bench. Do you happen to know if the justices of the [state court / Iowa Supreme Court] are elected or appointed to the bench?

- Elected (1)
- Appointed to the bench (2)

Some judges in the American states serve for a set number of years; others serve a life term. Do you know if the justices of the [state court / Iowa Supreme Court] serve for a set number of years or whether they serve a life term?

- Serve set number of terms (1)
- Serve life term (2)

When there is a conflict over the meaning of the [state / Iowa] Constitution, do you know who has the last say – is it the [state court / Iowa Supreme Court], the legislature, or the governor?

- state court / Iowa Supreme Court (1)
- Legislature (2)
- Governor (3)

In general, would you say that the [state court / Iowa Supreme Court] is too liberal, too conservative, or about right in its decisions?

- Too liberal (1)
- Too conservative (2)
- About right (3)

#### Appendix C

One possible concern with our results is that they are specific to court decisions in individuals' home states. This is because when they read the vignette, they are presented with information about a decision made by their state judiciary. Perhaps individuals might respond differently if the case occurred in a different state. In expectation of this possible objection, we randomly varied whether the decision was made by the highest court in the respondent's state of residence or by the lowa Supreme Court. This allows us to formally test the hypothesis that participants treat court decisions differently depending upon whether they are made in their own state or not. We do this by creating an External Court indicator for all respondents who received the lowa treatment and interacting it with the treatment indicators. As we show here, none of the interaction terms in this model are statistically significant. This suggests that respondents reacted to court decisions much the same no matter where they were made. Future work might want to investigate whether this finding travels to other participant pools.

Table 5

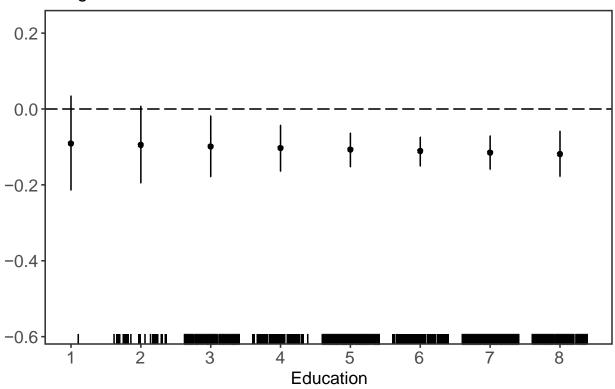
| Treatment                                    | Estimated Coefficient | Standard Error | <i>t</i> -stat |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Appointed                                    | -0.086                | (0.039)        | -2.184         |
| Contravene Majority Opinion                  | (0.033)               | 0.028          | 1.195          |
| Judicial Review                              | -0.116                | (0.039)        | -2.992         |
| External Court                               | -0.012                | (0.043)        | -0.278         |
| Appointed x Judicial Review                  | 0.013                 | (0.055)        | 0.234          |
| External Court × Appointed                   | 0.087                 | (0.055)        | 1.589          |
| External Court × Contravene Majority Opinion | -0.020                | (0.039)        | -0.510         |
| External Court x Judicial Review             | 0.033                 | (0.055)        | 0.608          |
| External Court x Appointed x Judicial Review | -0.070                | (0.078)        | -0.905         |

Note: Constant not presented. See text for more details about the model.

## Appendix D

In this appendix, we examine the extent to which the effect of Judicial Review varies across respondent education levels. To estimate this effect, we re-estimated Model 1, shown in the left column of Table 4, but extended it by including a Judicial Review *x* Education interaction term. Figure 5 presents the marginal effect of Judicial Review. We see here that the effect is roughly constant across levels of education. The precision of the estimate changes, but this is a function of the fact that our sample contains few individuals with very low levels of education.

### Figure 5: Marginal Effect of Judicial Review



Marginal Effect of Judicial Review

Note: Figure 5 presents the marginal effect of Judicial Review across respondent education levels. See text for more details.