APPENDIX A

|  |
| --- |
| Table 1A. Test for Differential Attrition from Initial Survey to Follow-Up across Experimental Conditions  |
|  | OLS |
| Modified Table  | .008 |
|  | (.026) |
| Insert | .001 |
|  | (.026) |
| Modified Table + Insert | -.028 |
|  | (.029) |
| Constant | .954\*\*\* |
|  | (.020) |
| N | 560 |
| Notes: \*\*\*, \*\*, and \* indicate statistically significant at the 1, 5, 10 percent levels between the treatment and control group. The dependent variable is a dichotomous variable coded "1" if the respondent completed both the initial and the follow-up survey and coded "0" if the respondent completed the initial survey, but not the follow-up survey. All models are estimated using robust standard errors.  |
|
|

The results from Table 1A indicate that likelihood that respondents completed both interviews does not significantly differ between the treatment and control conditions. The results from Table 2A indicate that there is also no significant differences in these likelihoods between the treatment groups. The coefficients from the regression model in Table 1A were used to derive the p-values from the Wald Tests for equality of coefficients in Table 2A. Taken together, the results indicate that there is no evidence of differential attrition from the initial survey to follow-up across the treatment and control groups as well as across the treatment groups themselves.

|  |
| --- |
| Table 2A. Wald Tests for Equality of Coefficients |
|  | P-Value  |
| β(Modified Table) = β(Insert) | 0.75 |
| β(Modified Table) = β(Modified Table + Insert) | 0.17 |
| β(Insert) = β(Modified Table + Insert) | 0.28 |
| Notes: \*\*\*, \*\*, and \* indicate statistically significant at the 1, 5, 10 percent levels. The values in the table are the p-values generated from Wald Tests for equality of the coefficients from Table 1A. Significant differences would indicate differences in the likelihood of respondents completing the follow-up survey by group.  |
|