|  |
| --- |
| Supplemental Table 1. Congenital Heart Disease Types |
| Type | **Number (%)\*** |
|  | All IE (n=68) | IE with neurologic complications (n=23) |
| Single ventricle physiology |  |  |
|  | HLHS | 7 (19) | 2 (9) |
|  | DORV | 2 (3) | 0 (0) |
| Truncus arteriosus+ | 1 (1) | 1 (4) |
| TOF |  |  |
|  | TOF-PS | 4 (6) | 0 (0) |
|  | TOF-PA | 5 (7) | 2 (9) |
|  | TOF with absent PV | 1 (1) | 0 (0) |
|  | TOF with AV canal | 1 (1) | 0 (0) |
| DORV (two ventricle) + | 2 (3) | 0 (0) |
| Balanced AV canal+ | 4 (6) | 1 (4) |
| Bicuspid aortic valve | 3 (4) | 2 (9) |
| Unicuspid aortic valve | 1 (1) | 0 (0) |
| VSD | 6 (9) | 1 (4) |
| Heart transplant | 2 (3) | 1 (4) |
| Mitral regurgitation+ | 2 (3) | 2 (9) |
| PDA | 1 (1) | 0 (0) |
| Aortopulmonary window | 1 (1) | 1 (4) |
| \* Some children had more than one congenital heart disease classification and/or neurologic complication+ One child in each of these groups had a left sided prosthetic valveAbbreviations: IE, infective endocarditis; HLHS, hypoplastic left heart syndrome; DORV, double outlet right ventricle; TOF, Tetralogy of Fallot; PS, pulmonary stenosis; PA, pulmonary atresia; PV, pulmonary valve; AV, atrioventricular; VSD, ventricular septal defect; PDA, patent ductus arteriosus. |