Funerary Podia of Hippos of the Decapolis and the Phenomenon in the Roman World

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SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES

Suppl. Fig. 1. Sussita saddle, with the city on the hill in the background, prior to funerary podia excavations. Looking north-northwest. (M. Eisenberg.)
Suppl. Fig. 2. The ditch in the middle of the saddle (left) and the sarcophagi field of the Saddle Necropolis. North is to the left. (M. Eisenberg.)

Suppl. Fig. 3. Funerary podiums 9 and 8 (right) and the stone-pipe water supply system trench in the front. Looking west (M. Eisenberg.)
Suppl. Fig. 4. Funerary podia 11 (left) and 10 and the passage between them. Looking west (M. Eisenberg.)

Suppl. Fig. 5. Funerary podia 12 (left), 11 and 10, and the stone-pipe water supply system trench in the front. Looking west (M. Eisenberg.)
Suppl. Fig. 6. *The ashlar piles of funerary podia 8 (left) and 7 prior to their excavation. Looking west (M. Eisenberg.)*

Suppl. Fig. 7. *Evacuating one of the nari ashlars from funerary podium 8 (M. Eisenberg.)*
Suppl. Fig. 8. A basalt anthropomorphic stele (B14987; M. Eisenberg.)
Suppl. Fig. 9. The Hellenistic water supply system ceramic pipe as excavated inside shaft L3647 (M. Eisenberg.)
Suppl. Fig. 10. One of the basalt stones of the water supply system inside its trench. Looking north (M. Eisenberg.)

Suppl. Fig. 11. A partly exposed platform/podium at the Kadesh necropolis. Note the simple cornice in the upper right side of the photograph. (R. Sabar.)