## Data supplement

original
papers

Table DS1. Additional comments	
Comment	n (% of total sample)
Psychiatric patients should be allowed to smoke	8 (5.9)
Smoking should be allowed in certain areas in public places	6 (4.4)
It is difficult to stop smoking on the ward as smoking is sociable	2 (1.5)
There should be a limit to cigarettes smoked/access to smoking room by patients	2 (1.5)
People should be able to smoke in some pubs/nightclubs	2 (1.5)
Some people cannot give up smoking	2 (1.5)
There should only be one smoking room	1 (0.7)
There would be a riot if everyone had to give up smoking	1 (0.7)
You could not enforce a total ban on the ward	1 (0.7)
I have been intimidated into giving cigarettes to male patients	1 (0.7)
There should be separate buildings for smokers and non-smokers	1 (0.7)
It is difficult to stop smoking on the ward as there is little else to do	1 (0.7)
Smoking should be illegal	1 (0.7)
I started smoking while in a psychiatric unit	1 (0.7)
There should be a female-only smoking room	1 (0.7)
Passive smoking is as hazardous as active smoking	1 (0.7)

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Table DS2. Comparison of questionnaire responses by gender, smoking status, M		
Questionnaire response	n (%)	P value
Current smokers		
Men v. Women <sup>1</sup>	43 (61) v. 30 (47)	0.111
< 65 years v. $\geq$ 65 years of age <sup>1</sup>	65 (63) v. 8 (25)	< 0.001
Detained v. informal patients <sup>1</sup>	27 (63) v. 46 (50)	0.165
Admission <6 months v. detained $\geq$ 6 months <sup>1</sup>	64 (56) v. 9 (43)	0.262
Heavy smoker at time of interview (≥20cigarettes/day)		
Admission <6 months v. $\geq$ 6 months <sup>2</sup>	37 (59) v. 6 (67)	0.731
Detained v. informal patients <sup>1</sup>	16 (59) v. 27 (60)	0.951
Increase in smoking since admission		
Detained v. informal patients <sup>1</sup>	12 (28) v. 13 (14)	0.055
Believe smoking is harmful to health		
Non-smokers v. smokers <sup>2</sup>	62 (100) v. 63 (86)	0.002
Non-smokers <65 years v. non-smokers ≥65 years	38 (100) v. 24 (100)	
Smokers <65 years v. smokers ≥65 years <sup>2</sup>	56 (86) v. 7 (88)	1.000
Believe passive smoking is harmful to health		
Non-smokers v. smokers <sup>1</sup>	56 (90) v. 58 (83)	0.212
Non-smokers <65 years v. non-smokers ≥65 years <sup>2</sup>	35 (92) v. 21 (88)	0.669
Smokers < 65 years v. smokers $\geq$ 65 years <sup>2</sup>	53 (84) v. 5 (71)	0.595
Problems with current ward policy		
Non-smokers v. smokers <sup>1</sup>	25 (40) v. 32 (44)	0.680
Detained v. informal patients <sup>1</sup>	22 (51) v. 35 (38)	0.150
Non-smokers <65 years v. non-smokers $\geq$ 65 years <sup>2</sup>	21 (55) v. 4 (17)	0.003
Smokers < 65 years v. smokers $\geq$ 65 years <sup>2</sup>	31 (48) v. 1 (13)	0.072
Policy $C^3$ chosen over more restrictive policies ( $A^4+B^5$ )		
Non-smokers v. smokers <sup>1</sup>	43 (70) v. 53 (90)	0.008
Detained v. informal patients <sup>1</sup>	27 (77) v. 69 (81)	0.616
Non-smokers <65 years v. non-smokers ≥65 years <sup>1</sup>	27 (73) v. 16 (67)	0.598
Smokers <65 years v. smokers ≥65 years <sup>2</sup>	47 (92) v. 6 (86)	0.487
Policy $C^3$ chosen over less restrictive policies ( $D^6+E^7$ )		
Non-smokers v. smokers <sup>2</sup>	43 (98) v. 53 (79)	0.004
Detained v. informal patients <sup>1</sup>	27 (77) v. 69 (91)	0.051
Non-smokers <65 years v. non-smokers $\geq$ 65 years <sup>2</sup>	27 (96) v. 16 (100)	1.000
Smokers $<65$ years v. smokers $\ge 65$ years <sup>2</sup>	47 (77) v. 6 (86)	1.000
Agreement with government proposals	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Non-smokers v. smokers <sup>1</sup>	48 (77) v. 25 (34)	< 0.001
Detained v. informal patients <sup>1</sup>	17 (40) v. 56 (61)	0.020
Non-smokers <65 years v. non-smokers $\geq$ 65 years <sup>2</sup>	28 (74) v. 20 (83)	0.535
Smokers $<65$ years v. smokers $\ge 65$ years <sup>2</sup>	22 (34) v. 3 (38)	1.000

1.  $\chi^2$  test.

2. Fisher's test.

3. General non-smoking policy with designated smoking areas.

4. Complete ban inside and on premises.

5. Complete ban inside only.

6. General smoking policy with non-smoking areas.

7. No restrictions on smoking.