**SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL**

**Case definition reference for tularemia in humans**

**2.48. TULARAEMIA (*Francisella tularensis*)**

**Clinical Criteria**

Any person with at least one of the following clinical forms:

— *Ulceroglandular tularaemia*

— Cutaneous ulcer

AND

— Regional lymphadenopathy

— *Glandular tularaemia*

— Enlarged and painful lymph nodes without apparent ulcer

— *Oculoglandular tularaemia*

— Conjunctivitis

AND

— Regional lymphadenopathy

— *Oropharyngeal tularaemia*

— Cervical lymphadenopathy

AND at least one of the following three:

— Stomatitis

— Pharyngitis

— Tonsillitis

— *Intestinal tularaemia*

At least one of the following three:

— Abdominal pain

— Vomiting

— Diarrhoea

— *Pneumonic tularaemia*

— Pneumonia

— *Typhoidal tularaemia*

At least one of the following two:

— Fever without early localising signs and symptoms

— Septicaemia

**Laboratory Criteria**

At least one of the following three:

— Isolation of *Francisella tularensis* from a clinical specimen

— Detection of *Francisella tularensis* nucleic acid in a clinical specimen

— *Francisella tularensis* specific antibody response

**Epidemiological Criteria**

At least one of the following three epidemiological links:

— Exposure to a common source

— Animal to human transmission

— Exposure to contaminated food/drinking water

**Case Classification**

A. **Possible case** NA

B. **Probable case**

Any person meeting the clinical criteria and with an epidemiological link

C. **Confirmed case**

Any person meeting the clinical and the laboratory criteria