COVID-19 Return-to-Work (RTW) Guidance for Healthcare Providers (HCP) &

* Required

At present, the CDC recommends (https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/guidance-risk-assesment-hcp.html):

- Healthcare Providers (HCPs) who are asymptomatic or with mild/moderate illness and who
 are not immunosuppressed can return-to-work (RTW) if at least 7 days have elapsed since
 symptoms developed (or since positive test), they are afebrile for at least 24 hours without use
 of antipyretics, symptoms have improved, and they have a negative test (either a NAAT or 2
 antigen tests at 5d and 48 hours later) or after 10 days if RTW testing is not performed.
- HCPs who are more <u>severely ill and who not immunosuppressed</u> can RTW if 10-20 days
 have elapsed since symptoms developed, they are afebrile for at least 24 hours without use of
 antipyretics and symptoms have improved. Alternatively, they can RTW if they have negative
 tests from at least two consecutive respiratory specimens collected 48 hours apart using an
 antigen test or NAAT.
- HCPs who are <u>moderately or severely immunosuppressed</u> require test-based strategy and can RTW if they have negative tests from at least two consecutive respiratory specimens collected 48 hours apart using an antigen test or NAAT.

HCPs can RTW earlier if the organization is experiencing a staffing shortage and is operating in a "Contingency Capacity." Other suggested steps to be taken include cancellation of non-essential procedures, shifting HCPs to support patient care activities, addressing social factors (transportation, housing, etc), and asking HCPs to postpone time off (https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/mitigating-staff-shortages.html).

We have experienced widespread disagreement on these recommendations from both individual HCPs and leaders. To help inform our way forward on this issue we would like to ascertain RTW practices at other academic medical centers.

1. Name & Institution (do not have to provide)				
2.	Wha	at is your current facility masking policy?		
	\bigcirc	Universal masking		
	\bigcirc	Masking only in select areas		
	\bigcirc	Masks optional		
		Other		
3.	ls yo	our facility currently operating under "co	ntingeı	ncy/crisis standards?"
	\bigcirc	Yes		
	\bigcirc	No		
		Unsure		
4.		es your facility currently follow the above I in non-contingency situation?	CDC r	ecommendations for HCP
	\bigcirc	Yes		
	\bigcirc	No	Go to	2. HCPs who are Asymptoma
		I don't know	Go to	End of the form

5. What factors have been the primary influence in following CDC guidance [select all that apply]:	
Risk of transmission with early RTW policies	
Unable to provide additional resources (testing, etc.) required for early RTW	
Have observed transmission of SARS-CoV-2 from HCP who RTW early	
Facility has a regulatory or legal requirement to follow CDC guidance	
My facility has not considered RTW policies different than CDC guidance	
Other	
6. If your facility currently follows CDC guidance, are you preparing to change practice?	ge
Yes	
○ No	
7. Timing of proposed changes (in months) if changes are planned.	
Go to Next \vee	

HCPs who are Asymptomatic and Immunocompetent

Since no symptoms, able to RTW immediately Return after specific period of isolation. How many days of isolation are required after positive test? Is a negative test required prior to RTW? * Yes No Go to 3. HCPs with mild/moderate i Go to 3. HCPs with mild/moderate i What test is allowed for return to work? Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT) Rapid Antigen Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen For any of the tests listed above, what day is the test recommended?	8. In <u>asymptomatic and immunocompetent</u> HCPs who test po COVID-19 but remain asymptomatic during course of illnesdetermine RTW?				
How many days of isolation are required after positive test? Is a negative test required prior to RTW? * Yes No Go to 3. HCPs with mild/moderate i What test is allowed for return to work? Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT) Rapid Antigen Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen	\bigcirc		Go to 3. HCPs with mild/mo	oderate i.	
Is a negative test required prior to RTW? * Yes No Go to 3. HCPs with mild/moderate i What test is allowed for return to work? Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT) Rapid Antigen Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen		Return after specific period of isolation.			
Yes No Go to 3. HCPs with mild/moderate i What test is allowed for return to work? Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT) Rapid Antigen Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen	9. Hov	w many days of isolation are required a	ter positive test?		
Yes No Go to 3. HCPs with mild/moderate i What test is allowed for return to work? Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT) Rapid Antigen Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen					
 No Go to 3. HCPs with mild/moderate i What test is allowed for return to work? Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT) Rapid Antigen Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen 	10. Is a	negative test required prior to RTW? *			
What test is allowed for return to work? Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT) Rapid Antigen Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen	\bigcirc	Yes			
 Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT) Rapid Antigen Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen 	\bigcirc	No	Go to 3. HCPs with mild/mo	oderate i.	
 Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT) Rapid Antigen Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen 					
Rapid Antigen Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen	11. Wh	at test is allowed for return to work?			
Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen	\bigcirc	Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT)			
	\bigcirc	Rapid Antigen			
For any of the tests listed above, what day is the test recommended?	\bigcirc	Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen			
For any of the tests listed above, what day is the test recommended?					
	12. For	any of the tests listed above, what day	is the test recommended?		
	12. For	any of the tests listed above, what day	is the test recommended?		

13. Is Cycle Threshold evaluated if NAAT positive?
Yes
○ No
14. If rapid antigen test or home test is used, is verification required? (e.g. photo of test result)
Yes
○ No
15. How many tests required before RTW?
<u> </u>
O 2
Other
Go to Next \checkmark

HCPs with <u>mild/moderate illness and who are not immuno-suppressed</u>

16.	16. In HCPs with <u>mild/moderate illness AND who are not immunosuppressed</u> , how do you determine RTW?						
	\bigcirc	RTW when symptoms resolve or substantial improvement.					
	\bigcirc	RTW when symptoms resolve/improve AND a specific time period					
	\bigcirc	RTW when symptoms resolve/improve and negative test	Go to	19. What test is allowed?			
	\bigcirc	Other					
17.	Wha	at is the time frame for return?					
	\bigcirc	24 hours after resolution/improvement	Go to	4. HCPs who are severely ill a			
	\bigcirc	Resolution/improvement and past at least 5 days of illness	Go to	4. HCPs who are severely ill a			
	\bigcirc	Other					
18. If using this strategy, how many days after positive test or onset of symptoms is required?							
G	Go to 4. HCPs who are severely ill an ∨						

19. What test is allowed?
Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT)
Rapid Antigen
Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen
20. For any of the tests listed above, what day is the test recommended?
21. Is Cycle Threshold evaluated if positive?
Yes
O No
○ No
22. If Rapid Antigen or Home test test is used, is verification required? (e.g. Photo of positive results)
22. If Rapid Antigen or Home test test is used, is verification required? (e.g.

23. If u	sing testing strategy, how many tests are	requir	ed before RTW?		
\bigcirc	1				
\bigcirc	2				
\bigcirc	Other				
Go to	Next				
	HCPs who are <u>severely ill and who</u> essed	o are	<u>not immunosup</u> -		
	24. In HCPs who are <u>severely ill AND who are not immunosuppressed</u> , how do you determine RTW?				
\bigcirc	RTW when symptoms resolve or substantially im	nprove			
	RTW when symptoms resolve/improve AND a sp	oecific tii	me period		
\bigcirc	RTW when symptoms resolve/improve AND negative test	Go to	27. What test is allowed?		
\bigcirc	Other				

25. What is the time frame for return?						
\bigcirc	24 hours after resolution/improvement	Go to	5. HCPs who are moderately			
\bigcirc	Resolution/improvement and past at least 5 days of illness	Go to	5. HCPs who are moderately			
\bigcirc	Other	Go to	26. If using this strategy, how			
	sing this strategy, how many days after p optoms is required?	ositive	test or onset of			
Go to	5. HCPs who are moderately o \vee					
27. Wh	at test is allowed?					
\bigcirc	Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT)					
\bigcirc	Rapid Antigen					
\bigcirc	Either NAAT or Rapid Antigen					
28. For any of the tests listed above, what day is the test recommended?						

29. Is the cycle threshold evaluated if positive?
Yes
O No
30. If Rapid Antigen or Home test test is used, is verification required? (e.g. Photo of positive results)
Yes
O No
31. If using testing strategy, how many tests are required before RTW?
<u> </u>
O 2
Other
Go to Next \vee

 $\label{eq:hcps} \text{HCPs who are } \underline{\text{moderately or severely immunosuppressed}}$

	32. In HCPs who are <u>moderately or severely immunosuppressed</u> , how do you determine RTW?					
	RTW when symptoms resolve or substantially improve					
\bigcirc	RTW when symptoms resolve/improve AND a specific time period					
\bigcirc	RTW when symptoms resolve/improve AND negative test	Go to	35. What test is allowed?			
\bigcirc	Other					
33 Wh.	at is the time frame for return?					
JJ. VVII	at is the time frame for return:					
\bigcirc	24 hours after resolution/improvement	Go to	6. HCP's RTW			
\bigcirc	Resolution/improvement and past at least 5 days of illness	Go to	6. HCP's RTW			
\bigcirc	Other	Go to	34. If using this strategy, how			
34. If using this strategy, how many days after positive test or onset of symptoms is required?						
Go to	6. HCP's RTW					
35. What test is allowed?						
\bigcirc	Nucleic Acid Amplification test (NAAT)					
\bigcirc	Rapid Antigen					
\bigcirc	NAAT or Rapid Antigen					

36. For any of the tests listed above, what day is the test recommended?
37. Is cycle Threshold evaluated if positive?
Yes
○ No
38. If Rapid Antigen or Home test test is used, is verification required? (e.g. Photo of positive results)
Yes
○ No
39. If using testing strategy, how many tests are required before RTW?
O 1
2
Other
Go to Next ~

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HCP's RTW

40.	O. After HCPs RTW, are any restrictions placed on work or changes to PPE requirements?				
		Yes			
	\bigcirc	No	Go to	7. Other Considerations	
	\bigcirc	Only if RTW before 10 days			
	\bigcirc	Until test negative			
41.	For	how many days are the restrictions in pla	ice?		
42.	If PF	PE is modified, please select as many that	apply		
		HCP is required to wear mask in all settings			
		HCP is required to wear N95 respirator			
		HCP is required to avoid clinical practice. They a administrative duties, office work, or non-patient			
		Other			
43. If practice is modified, is HCP is required to avoid higher risk patients?					
	\bigcirc	Yes			
	\bigcirc	No	Go to	7. Other Considerations	
	\bigcirc	Other			

. If HCPs are restricted from caring for elderly patients, what is the age cut off? If no age restriction, please note "N/A".		
45. Are HCPs instructed to avoid immunosuppressed patients?		
Yes		
O No		
46. Are your immunosuppressed patients located in a specific floor or unit?		
Yes		
○ No		
47. Are HCP's instructed to avoid pregnant patients or those recently pregnant?		
Yes		
○ No		
Go to Next ~		

Other Considerations

48.	8. Does your facility take into account COVID-19 up-to-date vaccination status in HCP RTW?		
	\bigcirc	Yes	
	\bigcirc	No	
49.	Does your facility take into account anti-SARS CoV-2 therapy (e.g. paxlovid) in HCP RTW?		
	\bigcirc	Yes	
	\bigcirc	No	
50.	Do y	you monitor for nosocomial transmission of SARS-CoV-2?	
	\bigcirc	Yes	
	\bigcirc	No Go to 52. Please tell us about any p	
51.		e you noted any nosocomial transmission of SARS-CoV-2 associated with PRTW?	
	\bigcirc	Yes	
	\bigcirc	No	
52.	Please tell us about any parts of your return to work which we did not capture in the survey.		