AQ1 – Please give specimen numbers for specimens used in figures where known.

AQ2 – references Frost et al. (2008) and Frost et al. (2012) are not cited. Please add citations or delete.

*Mineralogical Magazine* / Anthony R. Kampf *et al*.

**\*Author for correspondence:** Anthony R. Kampf, Email: [akampf@nhm.org](mailto:akampf@nhm.org)

This paper is part of a thematic set that honours the contributions of Peter Williams

(Received 16 August 2021; accepted 6 December 2021; Accepted Manuscript published online: 13 December 2021; Guest Associate Editor: Clara Magalhães)

**Article**

**Special Issue dedicated to Peter Williams**

**Relianceite-(K), a new phosphate-oxalate mineral related to davidbrownite-(NH4) from the Rowley mine, Arizona, USA**

Anthony R. Kampf1\*, Mark A. Cooper2, Aaron J. Celestian1, Chi Ma3 and Joe Marty1

1Mineral Sciences Department, Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County, 900 Exposition Boulevard, Los Angeles, California 90007, USA; 2Department of Geological Sciences, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Manitoba, R3T 2N2, Canada; and 3Division of Geological and Planetary Sciences, California Institute of Technology, 1200 East California Boulevard, Pasadena, California 91125, USA

**Abstract**

Relianceite-(K), K4Mg(V4+O)2(C2O4)(PO3OH)4(H2O)10, is a new mineral species from the Rowley mine, Maricopa County, Arizona, USA. It occurs in an unusual bat-guano-related, post-mining assemblage of phases. Other secondary minerals associated with relianceite-(K) are antipinite, dendoraite-(NH4), fluorite, mimetite, mottramite, rowleyite, salammoniac, struvite, vanadinite, willemite, wulfenite and at least one other new mineral. Crystals of relianceite-(K) are sky blue prisms up to ~0.1 mm in length. The streak is very pale blue and lustre is vitreous, Mohs hardness is 2½, tenacity is brittle and fracture is splintery. The calculated density is 2.111 g·cm–3. Relianceite-(K) is optically biaxial (+) with α = 1.528(2), β = 1.529(2), γ = 1.562(2) (white light); 2Vmeas = 22(1)°; orientation *Z* = **b**; pleochroism: *X* colourless, *Y* pale blue, *Z* pale blue; *X* < *Y ≈ Z*. Electron microprobe analysis gave the empirical formula [K2.21(NH4)1.79]Σ4.00Mg0.96(V4+0.95O)2(C2O4)[P1.03O3.03(OH)0.97]4(H2O)10, with the C, N and H contents constrained by the crystal structure. Raman spectroscopy confirmed the presence of NH4 and C2O4. Relianceite-(K) is monoclinic, *Pc*, with *a* = 12.404 (7) Å, *b* = 9.014 (6), *c* = 13.260 (8) Å, β = 100.803(10)°, *V* = 1456 (2) Å3, and *Z* = 2. The structural unit in the crystal structure of relianceite-(K) (*R*1 = 0.0540 for 3751 *I*o > 2σ*I* reflections) is a (V4+O)2(C2O4)(PO3OH)4 chain in which VO6 octahedra are bridged by an oxalate group to form [V2C2O12] dimers, PO3OH tetrahedra form a double bridge between the VO6 octahedra of the dimers, and additional PO3OH tetrahedra decorate the chain. Topologically, this is the same chain found in the structure of davidbrownite-(NH4). The MgO(H2O)5 octahedron can be considered a distant decoration on the chain. The chains are linked to each other through an extensive system of K/NH4–O bonds and hydrogen bonds.

**Keywords:** relianceite-(K), new mineral species, phosphate, oxalate, crystal structure, davidbrownite-(NH4), Rowley mine, Arizona

**(L1)Introduction**

The still actively forming bat-guano assemblage in the Rowley mine in southwestern Arizona (USA) has proven to be a prolific source of new minerals. Including the new mineral described herein, relianceite-(K), eight new minerals have now been described from this assemblage. Relianceite-(K), K4Mg(V4+O)2(C2O4)(PO3OH)4(H2O)10, is one of only five minerals known to include both phosphate and oxalate group, the others being davidbrownite-(NH4), (NH4,K)5(V4+O)2(C2O4)[PO2.75(OH)1.25]4·3H2O (Kampf *et al.*, 2019a), dendoraite-(NH4), (NH4)2NaAl(C2O4)(PO3OH)2(H2O)2 (Kampf *et al.*, 2022), phoxite, (NH4)2Mg2(C2O4)(PO3OH)2(H2O)4 (Kampf *et al.*, 2019b), and thebaite-(NH4), (NH4,K)3Al(C2O4)(PO3OH)2(H2O) (Kampf *et al.*, 2021a); all of these, except phoxite, are known only from the Rowley mine bat guano assemblage. One of these, dendoraite-(NH4), is intimately associated with relianceite-(K) and is described in a companion paper.

In 1922, the Rowley Copper Mining Company was reorganised as the Reliance Copper Company in an effort to raise funds through stock offerings. Although the effort was unsuccessful and the newly formed Rowley Mines, Inc. took control of the mine in 1927, the mine was often referred to as the Reliance mine in subsequent years. The mineral name ‘relianceite’ is based upon this alternate name for the mine. For naming and species definition, the total combined occupancy of the four large cation sites in the structure is employed; thereby, the ‘-(K)’ suffix in the name reflects the fact that K+ > NH4+. If an analogue with NH4+ > K+ were found, it would be named relianceite-(NH4).

The new mineral and name were approved by the Commission on New Minerals, Nomenclature and Classification of the International Mineralogical Association (IMA2020-102, Kampf *et al*., 2021b). The holotype specimen of relianceite-(K) is deposited in the collections of the Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County, Los Angeles, California, USA, catalogue number 75275. This is also the holotype for dendoraite-(NH4).

**(L1)Occurrence**

Relianceite-(K) was found on the 125-foot level of the Rowley mine, ~20 km NW of Theba (small settlement and railroad depot), Maricopa County, Arizona, USA (33°2'57''N 113°1'49.59''W). The Rowley mine is on the western slope of the Painted Rock Mountains (in the Painted Rock mining district) and overlooks the Dendora Valley, immediately to the west. It is a former Cu–Pb–Au–Ag–Mo–V–baryte–fluorspar mine that exploited veins presumed to be related to the intrusion of an andesite porphyry dyke into Tertiary volcanic rocks. Although the mine has not been operated for ore since 1923, collectors took notice of the mine as a source of fine wulfenite crystals around 1945. An up-to-date account of the history, geology, and mineralogy of the mine was recently published by Wilson (2020).

The new mineral was found in a hot and humid area of the mine (see figure 26 in Wilson, 2020) in an unusual bat guano-related, post-mining assemblage of phases that include a variety of vanadates, phosphates, oxalates and chlorides, some containing NH4+. This secondary mineral assemblage is found growing on baryte–quartz-rich matrix and, besides relianceite-(K), includes allantoin (Kampf *et al.*, 2021c), ammineite, antipinite, aphthitalite, bassanite, biphosphammite, cerussite, davidbrownite-(NH4) (Kampf *et al.*, 2019a), dendoraite-(NH4) (Kampf *et al.*, 2022), fluorite, halite, hydroglauberite, mimetite, mottramite, natrosulfatourea (Kampf *et al.*, 2021c), perite, phoxite (Kampf *et al.*, 2019b), rowleyite (Kampf *et al.*, 2017), salammoniac, struvite, thebaite-(NH4) (Kampf *et al.*, 2021a), thénardite, urea, vanadinite, weddellite, willemite, wulfenite, and several other potentially new minerals. Relianceite-(K) was found in intimate association with antipinite, dendoraite-(NH4), fluorite, mimetite, mottramite, rowleyite, salammoniac, struvite, vanadinite, willemite, wulfenite, and at least one other potentially new species.

**(L1)Physical and optical properties**

Crystals of relianceite-(K) are sky blue prisms, up to ~0.1 mm in length, often forming radiating sprays (Fig. 1). The blades are elongate on [010] with shallow pyramidal terminations; the observed crystal forms are {100}, {00}, {001}, {00}; although terminal forms could not be measured, the appearance of crystals suggests some combination of the forms {010}, {110}, {10}, {011}, and {01} (Fig. 2). No twinning was observed, but inversion twinning is inferred from structure refinement. The streak is very pale blue, the lustre is vitreous, the Mohs hardness is ~2½, the tenacity is brittle and the fracture is splintery. No cleavage could be observed with certainty because of the small crystal size; however, the structure suggests two cleavages in the [010] zone, probably perfect on {100} and good on {001}. The tiny crystals are virtually invisible in density liquids making the measurement of their density impossible. The calculated density is 2.111 g·cm–3 using the empirical formula and 2.204 g·cm–3 using the ideal (K-end-member) formula. Relianceite-(K) is non-fluorescent in long- and short-wave ultraviolet light. The mineral is insoluble at room temperature in H2O, but easily soluble in dilute HCl.

Relianceite-(K) is optically biaxial (+) with α = 1.528(2), β = 1.529(2) and γ = 1.562(2) determined in white light. The 2V measured using extinction data with *EXCALIBR* (Gunter *et al.*, 2004) is 22(1)°; the calculated 2V is 20.1°. The partially determined optical orientation is *Z* = **b** (length slow). The mineral is pleochroic: *X* colourless, *Y* pale blue, *Z* pale blue; and *X* < *Y ≈ Z*.

**(L1)Raman spectroscopy**

Raman spectroscopy was conducted on a Horiba XploRA PLUS spectrometer using a 532 nm diode laser, 100 μm slit and 1800 gr/mm diffraction grating and a 100× (0.9 NA) objective. Full pattern peak fitting was performed using the least-squares approach using Gaussian peak shapes to minimise the difference between measured and calculated profiles, and cubic-spline was used for base-line modelling. The spectrum from 3800 to 60 cm–1 is shown in Fig. 3 including labelled mode assignments based on several references: Frost (2004), Frost *et al.* (2011), Hardcastle and Wachs (1991), Kouvatas *et al.* (2017), Ma and He (2012), Mohaček‐Grošev *et al.*, (2009), Rudolph and Irmer (2007), Sergeeva *et al.* (2019), Števko *et al.* (2018) and Yakovenchuk *et al.* (2018).

**(L1)Chemical analysis**

Analyses (6 points) were performed at Caltech on a JEOL 8200 electron microprobe in wavelength dispersive spectroscopy mode. Analytical conditions were 15 kV accelerating voltage, 5 nA beam current and 5 μm beam diameter. During vacuum deposition of the conductive carbon coat required for electron probe microanalysis (EPMA), relianceite-(K) clearly suffered loss of much of the weakly held H2O and probably a portion of its NH4. Relianceite-(K) was very sensitive to the electron beam and additional loss of these components probably occurred during the EPMA. The very large loss in H2O resulted in much higher concentrations for the remaining constituents than are to be expected for the fully hydrated phase; therefore, the other analysed constituents have been normalised to provide a total of 100% when combined with the calculated H2O content. To account for the loss of NH4, (NH4)2O was calculated so that K + NH4 = 4 atoms per formula unit (apfu) in accord with the structure. We attribute the large variation in analysed (NH4)2O content to analytical problems, rather than to actual compositional variation. Insufficient material is available for CHN analysis; however, the fully ordered structure and detailed bond-valence analysis unambiguously established the anion (O, OH, H2O and C2O4) identities and the corresponding quantitative contents of H2O and CO2. Analytical data are given in Table 1.

The empirical formula (based on P + V = 6 and O = 32 apfu) is [K2.21(NH4)1.79]Σ4.00Mg0.96(V4+0.95O)2(C2O4)[P1.03O3.03(OH)0.97]4(H2O)10. The simplified formula is (K,NH4)4Mg(V4+O)2(C2O4)(PO3OH)4(H2O)10 and the ideal (K-end-member) formula is K4(V4+O)2Mg(C2O4)(PO3OH)4(H2O)10, which requires K2O 19.49, MgO 4.17, VO2 17.16, P2O5 29.37, C2O3 7.45, H2O 22.36, total 100 wt.%. The Gladstone-Dale compatibility (Mandarino, 2007) 1 – (*K*p/*K*c) is –0.001 in the range of superior compatibility for the empirical formula.

**(L1)X-ray crystallography and structure determination**

Powder X-ray studies were done using a Rigaku R-Axis Rapid II curved imaging plate microdiffractometer with monochromatized Mo*K*α radiation. A Gandolfi-like motion on the φ and ω axes was used to randomise the sample. Observed *d* values and intensities were derived by profile fitting using *JADE Pro* software (Materials Data, Inc., USA). The powder data are presented in Table 2. Unit-cell parameters refined from the powder data using *JADE Pro* with whole pattern fitting are *a* = 12.424 (10), *b* = 9.030 (10), *c* = 13.273 (10) Å, β = 100.75(2)°, and *V* = 1463 (2) Å3.

Single-crystal X-ray studies were done using a Bruker D8 three-circle diffractometer equipped with a rotating anode generator (Mo*K*α X-radiation), multilayer optics and an APEX-II CCD area detector. Crystals of relianceite-(K) generally exhibit subparallel composite growth. The best crystal found after extensive searching still provided split diffraction spots. Using 40 s frames with a 0.3° frame width, a total of 34,188 reflections were integrated. The unit-cell dimensions were obtained by least-squares refinement of 4016 reflections with *I*o > 10σ*I*. Empirical absorption corrections (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2015) were applied and equivalent reflections were merged. Systematically absent reflections are consistent with the presence of a **c**-glide plane. The *E* statistics (|*E*2 – 1| = 0.841) did not provide an unambiguous choice between centrosymmetric and noncentrosymmetric space groups. The structure was subsequently solved in space group *Pc* by direct methods using *SHELXS-2013*. The structure was refined using *SHELXL-2016* (Sheldrick, 2015) and was modelled as an inversion twin. Four large-cation sites were refined with joint occupancies by K and N. Difference-Fourier syntheses failed to locate H atoms; however, detailed bond-valence assessment, including hydrogen-bond assignments, allowed O sites to be ascribed as O, OH or H2O. Data collection and refinement details are given in Table 3, atom coordinates and displacement parameters in Table 4, selected bond distances in Table 5 and a bond-valence analysis in Table 6. The crystallographic information files have been deposited with the Principal Editor of *Mineralogical Magazine* and are available as Supplementary material (see below).

**(L1)Discussion of the structure**

The structure of relianceite-(K) includes four large cation sites coordinated by O (O, OH and/or H2O) sites: K1 (ten coordinated), K2 (ten coordinated), K3 (nine coordinated) and K4 (seven coordinated). One octahedrally coordinated Mg site is surrounded by one O site and five H2O sites. There are four P sites, P1, P2, P3 and P4, all tetrahedrally coordinated by three O and one OH. One oxalate (C2O4) group includes two independent C sites, C1 and C2, and four independent O sites. The two V4+ sites, V1 and V2, are both octahedrally coordinated by O sites. Each of the V4+ bonds to three O atoms shared by phosphate groups with V–O bond distances ranging from 1.957 to 2.017 Å, two O atoms shared with the oxalate C2O4 group with longer V–O bonds from 2.048 to 2.286 Å, and one O atom that forms a short vanadyl V=O bond of 1.599 and 1.601 Å. The longest V–O bonds in each octahedron is *trans* to the short vanadyl bond, giving typical [1+4+1]-coordinations (Schindler *et al.*, 2000).

The structural unit is a chain along **b** constructed of VO6-octahedra, PO3OH tetrahedra and C2O4 oxalate groups. In this chain, pairs of VO6 octahedra, V1O6 and V2O6, are linked by the bridging oxalate group, forming [V2C2O12] dimers. Two PO3OH tetrahedra, P2O3OH and P4O3OH, form a double bridge between the VO6 octahedra, thereby linking the [V2C2O12] dimers into the chain. Additional PO3OH tetrahedra, P1O3OH and P3O3OH, decorate the chain. The decorated (V4+O)2(C2O4)(PO3OH)46- chain (Fig. 4) is identical to that in the structure of davidbrownite-(NH4), (NH4,K)5(V4+O)2(C2O4)[PO2.75(OH)1.25]4·3H2O (Kampf *et al.*, 2019a). The O site (O15) of the MgO(H2O)5 octahedron is the O site of the P4O3OH tetrahedron that does not link to V1 or V2. It can be considered a distant decoration on the (V4+O)2(C2O4)(PO3OH)4 chain. As seen in Fig. 5, the chains are linked to each other through an extensive system of K/NH4–O bonds and hydrogen bonds.

Both relianceite-(K) and davidbrownite-(NH4) contain acid-phosphate groups that deliver strong intra- and inter-chain H-bonds (i.e. OH···OD distances 2.47–2.68 Å). Both structures contain two similar intra-chain H-bonds linking vertices of bridging and decorating P tetrahedra within the chain, and two inter-chain H-bonds that link decorating P tetrahedra of adjacent chains along [001] (Fig. 6). Davidbrownite-(NH4) contains additional OH bonded to its decorating P tetrahedra in the form of a single H atom bridging symmetrically equivalent OH8 anions on adjacent chains along [100]. In relianceite-(K), the neighbouring chains are more distant from each other in the [100] direction, and a Mg atom is located between chains in this region of the structure. The relative positioning of chains in the {010} plane differs between the two structures in relation to their different inter-chain connectivity, with relianceite-(K) having a greater β angle and **a**-translation.

**Acknowledgements.** Peter Leverett and anonymous reviewers are thanked for constructive comments, which improved the manuscript. Keith Wentz, claim holder of the Rowley mine, is thanked for allowing underground access for the study of the occurrence and the collecting of specimens, along with Frank Hawthorne for providing access to the single-crystal instrument at the University of Manitoba. This study was funded, in part, by the John Jago Trelawney Endowment to the Mineral Sciences Department of the Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County.

**Supplementary material.** To view supplementary material for this article, please visit <https://doi.org/>

**References**

Ferraris G. and Ivaldi G. (1988) Bond valence vs. bond length in O…O hydrogen bonds. *Acta Crystallographica*, **B44**, 341–344.

Frost R.L. (2004) Raman spectroscopy of natural oxalates. *Analytica Chimica Acta*, **517,** 207–214.

Frost R.L., Locke A. and Martens W.N. (2008) Synthesis and Raman spectroscopic characterisation of the oxalate mineral wheatleyite Na2Cu2+(C2O4)2·2H2O. *Journal of Raman Spectroscopy*, **39**, 901–908.

Frost R.L., Palmer S.J. and Pogson R.E. (2011) Raman spectroscopy of newberyite Mg(PO3OH)·3H2O: A cave mineral. *Spectrochimica Acta Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy*, **79**, 1149–1153.

Frost R.L., Xi Y., Pogson R.E., Millar G.J., Tan K. and Palmer S.J. (2012) Raman spectroscopy of synthetic CaHPO4·2H2O– and in comparison with the cave mineral brushite. *Journal of Raman Spectroscopy*, **43**, 571–576.

Gagné O.C. and Hawthorne F.C (2015) Comprehensive derivation of bond-valence parameters for ion pairs involving oxygen. *Acta Crystallographica*, **B71**, 562–578.

García-Rodríguez L., Rute-Pérez Á., Piñero J.R. and González-Silgo C. (2000) Bond-valence parameters for ammonium-anion interactions. *Acta Crystallographica*, **B56**, 565–569.

Gunter M.E., Weaver R., Bandli B.R., Bloss F.D., Evans S.H. and Su S.C. (2004) Results from a McCrone spindle stage short course, a new version of EXCALIBR, and how to build a spindle stage. *The Microscope*, **52**, 23−39.

Hardcastle F.D. and Wachs I.E. (1991) Determination of vanadium-oxygen bond distances and bond orders by Raman spectroscopy. *Journal of Physical Chemistry*, **95**, 5031–5041.

Kampf A.R., Cooper M.A., Nash B.P., Cerling T., Marty J., Hummer D.R., Celestian A.J., Rose T.P. and Trebisky T.J. (2017) Rowleyite, [Na(NH4,K)9Cl4][V5+,4+2(P,As)O8]6 ·*n*[H2O,Na,NH4,K,Cl], a new mineral with a mesoporous framework structure. *American Mineralogist*, **102**, 1037–1044.

Kampf A.R., Cooper M.A., Rossman R.R., Nash B.P., Hawthorne F.C. and Marty J. (2019a) Davidbrownite-(NH4), (NH4,K)5(V4+O)2(C2O4)[PO2.75(OH)1.25]4·3H2O, a new phosphate-oxalate mineral from the Rowley mine, Arizona, USA. *Mineralogical Magazine*, **83**, 869–877.

Kampf A.R., Celestian A.J., Nash B.P. and Marty J. (2019b) Phoxite, (NH4)2Mg2(C2O4)(PO3OH)2(H2O)4, the first phosphate-oxalate mineral. *American Mineralogist*, **104**, 973–979.

Kampf A.R., Cooper M.A., Celestian A.J., Nash B.P. and Marty J. (2021a) Thebaite-(NH4), (NH4,K)3Al(C2O4)(PO3OH)2(H2O), a new phosphate-oxalate mineral from the Rowley mine, Arizona, USA. *Mineralogical Magazine*, **85**, 379–386.

Kampf A.R., Cooper M.A., Celestian A.J., Ma C. and Marty J. (2021b) Relianceite-(K), IMA 2020-102. CNMNC Newsletter 61; *Mineralogical Magazine*, **85**, <https://doi.org/10.1180/mgm.2021.48>

Kampf A.R., Celestian A.J., Nash B.P. and Marty J. (2021c) Allantoin and natrosulfatourea, two new bat–guano minerals from the Rowley mine, Maricopa County, Arizona, U.S.A*. The Canadian Mineralogist*, **59**, in press.

Kampf A.R., Cooper M.A., Celestian A., Ma C. and Marty J. (2022) Dendoraite-(NH4), a new phosphate-oxalate mineral related to thebaite-(NH4) from the Rowley mine, Arizona, USA*. The Canadian Mineralogist*, **60**, submitted.

Kouvatas C., Alonzo V., Bataille T., Le Pollès L., Roiland C., Louarn G. and Le Fur E. (2017) Synthesis, crystal structure of the ammonium vanadyl oxalatophosphite and its controlled conversion into catalytic vanadyl phosphates. *Journal of Solid State Chemistry*, **253**, 73–77.

Ma Q. and He H. (2012) Synergistic effect in the humidifying process of atmospheric relevant calcium nitrate, calcite and oxalic acid mixtures. *Atmospheric Environment*, **50**, 97–102.

Mandarino J.A. (2007) The Gladstone–Dale compatibility of minerals and its use in selecting mineral species for further study*. The Canadian Mineralogist*, **45**, 1307–1324.

Mohaček‐Grošev V., Grdadolnik J., Stare J. and Hadži D. (2009) Identification of hydrogen bond modes in polarized Raman spectra of single crystals of α‐oxalic acid dihydrate. *Journal of Raman Spectroscopy,* **40**, 1605–1614.

Rudolph W.W. and Irmer G. (2007) Raman and infrared spectroscopic investigations on aqueous alkali metal phosphate solutions and density functional theory calculations of phosphate–water clusters. *Applied spectroscopy*, **61**, 1312–1327.

Schindler M., Hawthorne F.C. and Baur W.H. (2000) Crystal chemical aspects of vanadium: polyhedral geometries, characteristic bond valences, and polymerization of (VO*n*) polyhedra. *Chemistry of Materials*, **12**, 1248–1259.

Sergeeva A.V., Zhitova E.S and Bocharov V.N. (2019) Infrared and Raman spectroscopy of tschermigite, (NH4)Al(SO4)2·12H2O. *Vibrational Spectroscopy*, **105**, 102983.

Sheldrick G.M. (2015) Crystal structure refinement with SHELX. *Acta Crystallographica*, **C71**, 3–8.

Števko M., Sejkora J., Uher P., Cámara F., Škoda R. and Vaculovič T. (2018) Fluorarrojadite-(BaNa), BaNa4CaFe13Al(PO4)11(PO3OH)F2, a new member of the arrojadite group from Gemerská Poloma, Slovakia. *Mineralogical Magazine*, **82**, 863–876.

Wilson W.E. (2020) The Rowley mine, Painted Rock Mountains, Maricopa County, Arizona. *Mineralogical Record*, **51**, 181–226.

Yakovenchuk V.N., Pakhomovsky Y.A., Konopleva N.G., Panikorovskii T.L.. Bazai A., Mikhailova J.A., Bocharov V.N., Ivanyuk G.Yu. and Krivovichev S.V. (2018) Batagayite, CaZn2(Zn,Cu)6(PO4)4(PO3OH)3·12H2O, a new phosphate mineral from Këster tin deposit (Yakutia, Russia): occurrence and crystal structure. *Mineralogy and Petrology*, **112**, 591–601.

FIGURE CAPTIONS

**Fig. 1.** Spray of relianceite-(K) prisms; field of view 0.3 mm across.

**Fig. 2.** Crystal drawing of relianceite-(K); clinographic projection in non-standard orientation, **b** vertical.

**Fig. 3.** Raman spectrum of relianceite-(K).

**Fig. 4.** The decorated chain in the relianceite-(K) structure. The O sites are numbered. The view is along [10] with [010] horizontal.

**Fig. 5.** The relianceite-(K) structure viewed down [010]. The unit cell outline is shown with dashed lines.

**Fig. 6.** Hydrogen-bond linkages between the chains in the structures of relianceite-(K) and davidbrownite-(NH4) viewed down [010]. The hydrogen bonds are shown as turquoise-coloured lines pointing from the donating OH group toward the receiving O atom. The double-ended arrow indicates the symmetrical H-bond between OH8 anions.

**Table 1.** Analytical data (wt.%) for relianceite-(K).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Constituent | Mean | Min. | Max. | S.D. | Probe standard | Normalised |
| (NH4)2O\* | 4.22 | 2.80 | 6.29 | 1.44 | BN | 5.04 |
| K2O | 13.09 | 12.23 | 13.99 | 0.58 | Microcline | 11.24 |
| MgO | 4.87 | 4.62 | 5.23 | 0.22 | Forsterite | 4.18 |
| VO2 | 19.73 | 19.46 | 20.54 | 0.40 | V2O5 | 16.94 |
| P2O5 | 36.68 | 35.23 | 37.54 | 0.94 | Apatite | 31.50 |
| C2O3\* |  |  |  |  |  | 7.78 |
| H2O\* |  |  |  |  |  | 23.32 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | 100.00 |

\* (NH4)2O, C2O3 and H2O values in the Normalised column are based on the structure.

S.D. – standard deviation.

**Table 2.** Powder X-ray data (*d* in Å) for relianceite-(K).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *I*obs | *d*obs | *d*calc | *I*calc | *hkl* |  | *I*obs | *d*obs | *d*calc | *I*calc | *hkl* |
| 100 | 12.22 | 12.1842 | 100 | 1 0 0 |  | 19 | 3.039 | 3.0336 | 2 | 2 1 |
|  |  | 9.0140 | 3 | 0 1 0 |  | 3.0261 | 10 | 2 2 2 |
| 13 | 7.34 | 7.4121 | 3 | 0 1 1 |  |  |  | 3.0171 | 1 | 3 2 0 |
| 7.2465 | 8 | 1 1 0 |  |  |  | 3.0058 | 2 | 3 1 2 |
| 21 | 6.56 | 6.6555 | 5 | 1 1 |  |  |  | 2.9531 | 1 | 1 4 |
| 6.5125 | 15 | 0 0 2 |  |  |  | 2.9348 | 1 | 1 2 3 |
| 20 | 6.28 | 6.2513 | 17 | 0 2 |  | 7 | 2.929 | 2.9294 | 5 | 1 1 |
| 15 | 6.07 | 6.0523 | 10 | 1 1 1 |  | 2.9173 | 2 | 1 3 0 |
| 9 | 5.27 | 5.2789 | 4 | 0 1 2 |  | 22 | 2.893 | 2.8957 | 6 | 2 2 |
|  |  | 5.1369 | 3 | 1 2 |  | 2.8857 | 2 | 4 1 0 |
| 9 | 5.05 | 5.0474 | 2 | 2 1 0 |  | 2.8744 | 12 | 3 1 |
| 6 | 4.857 | 4.9738 | 3 | 1 1 |  | 14 | 2.844 | 2.8532 | 2 | 3 2 1 |
| 4.9342 | 1 | 0 2 |  | 2.8311 | 7 | 1 2 |
| 11 | 4.613 | 4.5958 | 5 | 1 1 2 |  |  |  | 2.8199 | 1 | 1 3 1 |
| 6 | 4.366 | 4.3282 | 2 | 1 2 |  |  |  | 2.8106 | 2 | 0 4 |
| 7 | 4.245 | 4.2592 | 1 | 0 2 1 |  |  |  | 2.7283 | 1 | 0 3 2 |
| 4.2271 | 3 | 1 2 0 |  | 21 | 2.718 | 2.7174 | 11 | 4 1 1 |
| 15 | 4.144 | 4.0997 | 5 | 2 1 |  | 2.6947 | 4 | 2 3 0 |
|  |  | 4.0835 | 1 | 2 0 2 |  |  |  | 2.6834 | 1 | 3 1 |
| 18 | 3.935 | 3.9460 | 3 | 1 2 1 |  |  |  | 2.6712 | 1 | 2 0 4 |
| 3.9221 | 4 | 1 3 |  |  |  | 2.6647 | 1 | 2 4 |
| 3.9116 | 10 | 0 1 3 |  |  |  | 2.6394 | 1 | 0 2 4 |
|  |  | 3.7335 | 2 | 1 1 |  | 9 | 2.632 | 2.6280 | 3 | 1 3 |
| 4 | 3.739 | 3.7196 | 3 | 2 1 2 |  | 2.6189 | 3 | 1 3 2 |
| 14 | 3.593 | 3.6232 | 3 | 2 2 0 |  |  |  | 2.6029 | 2 | 3 2 2 |
| 3.5776 | 10 | 1 3 |  |  |  | 2.5965 | 1 | 2 3 1 |
|  |  | 3.5538 | 1 | 1 1 3 |  | 4 | 2.579 | 2.5798 | 1 | 4 0 2 |
| 19 | 3.435 | 3.4850 | 6 | 1 2 |  | 2.5684 | 2 | 2 4 |
| 3.4117 | 13 | 3 1 1 |  |  |  | 2.5528 | 1 | 2 1 |
|  |  | 3.3944 | 1 | 2 2 1 |  |  |  | 2.5433 | 2 | 1 5 |
| 11 | 3.355 | 3.3277 | 3 | 2 2 |  | 10 | 2.509 | 2.5026 | 8 | 0 1 5 |
|  |  | 3.3041 | 1 | 0 4 |  |  |  | 2.4769 | 1 | 1 5 |
|  |  | 3.2563 | 1 | 0 0 4 |  |  |  | 2.4671 | 1 | 0 4 |
|  |  | 3.1883 | 5 | 3 0 2 |  | 6 | 2.438 | 2.4368 | 2 | 5 0 0 |
| 23 | 3.125 | 3.1322 | 2 | 2 3 |  | 6 | 2.414 | 2.4239 | 2 | 3 1 |
| 3.1268 | 7 | 0 2 3 |  | 2.4201 | 1 | 2 3 2 |
| 9 | 3.097 | 3.1023 | 13 | 1 4 |  | 2.4088 | 4 | 4 2 1 |
|  |  | 3.0646 | 3 | 2 1 3 |  | 7 | 2.377 | 2.3849 | 1 | 2 4 |
|  |  | 3.0460 | 1 | 4 0 0 |  | 2.3797 | 1 | 3 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.3688 | 2 | 1 1 5 |

**Table 3.** Data collection and structure refinement details for relianceite-(K).

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Crystal data** |  |
| Refined formula (H added) | [K2.84(NH4)1.16]Σ4(V4+O)2Mg(PO3OH)4(C2O4)  (H2O)10 |
| Space group | *Pc* |
| Unit cell dimensions | *a* = 12.404(7) Å |
|  | *b* = 9.014(6) Å |
|  | *c* = 13.260(8) Å |
|  | β = 100.803(10)° |
| *V* | 1456.3(15) Å3 |
| *Z* | 2 |
| Density (calculated) | 2.149 g·cm–3 |
| Absorption coefficient | 1.415 mm–1 |
| F(000) | 953.7 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| **Data collection** |  |
| Diffractometer | Bruker D8 three-circle; multilayer optics; APEX-II CCD |
| X-ray radiation / source | Mo*K*α (λ = 0.71073 Å) / rotating anode |
| Temperature (K) | 293(2) K |
| Crystal size (μm) | 60 × 15 × 7 |
| θ range for data collection (°) | 2.75 to 25.31° |
| Index ranges | –14 ≤ *h* ≤ 14, –10 ≤ *k* ≤ 10, –15 ≤ *l* ≤ 15 |
| Reflections collected | 9980 |
| Independent reflections | 5186 [*R*int = 0.072] |
| Reflections with *I*o > 2σ*I* | 3751 |
| Completeness to θ = 25.31° | 98.7 % |
| **Refinement** |  |
| Refinement method | Full-matrix least-squares on *F*2 |
| Parameters / restraints | 411 / 2 |
| Goodness-of-fit on *F*2 | 0.989 |
| Final *R* indices [*I*o > 2σ(*I*)] | *R*1 = 0.0540, *wR*2 = 0.1236 |
| *R* indices (all data) | *R*1 = 0.0865, *wR*2 = 0.1392 |
| Absolute structure parameter | 0.44(8) |
| Δρmax, Δρmin (*e–*/A3) | 0.54 and –0.57 *e*/A3 |

\**R*int = Σ|*F*o2–*F*o2(mean)|/Σ[*F*o2]. GoF = *S* = {Σ[*w*(*F*o2–*F*c2)2]/(*n*–*p*)}½. *R*1 = Σ||*F*o|–|*F*c||/Σ|*F*o|. *wR*2 = {Σ[*w*(*F*o2–*F*c2)2]/Σ[*w*(*F*o2)2]}½; *w* = 1/[σ2(*F*o2) + (*aP*)2 + *bP*] where *a* is 0.0758, *b* is 0 and *P* is [2*F*c2 + Max(*F*o2,0)]/3.

Table 4. Atom positions, occupancy and displacement parameters (Å)2 for relianceite-(K).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Occupancy. | *x*/*a* | *y*/*b* | *z*/*c* | *U*11 | *U*22 | *U*33 | *U*23 | *U*13 | *U*12 | *U*eq |
| V1 | V | 0.71959(18) | 0.4759(3) | 0.52070(17) | 0.0230(14) | 0.0205(15) | 0.0138(15) | –0.0005(12) | 0.0012(11) | –0.0021(11) | 0.0194(6) |
| V2 | V | 0.90456(19) | 0.0293(3) | 0.65696(17) | 0.0262(15) | 0.0208(16) | 0.0157(15) | 0.0003(12) | 0.0021(11) | 0.0015(12) | 0.0211(7) |
| Mg | Mg | 0.2378(3) | 0.3597(5) | 0.6260(3) | 0.025(2) | 0.030(2) | 0.021(2) | –0.0031(19) | –0.0009(17) | 0.0007(18) | 0.0259(10) |
| P1 | P | 0.0890(3) | 0.2209(5) | 0.2354(3) | 0.0203(18) | 0.022(2) | 0.012(2) | 0.0011(17) | 0.0011(15) | –0.0015(16) | 0.0181(9) |
| P2 | P | 0.6604(3) | 0.1777(5) | 0.6296(3) | 0.022(2) | 0.019(2) | 0.020(2) | –0.0011(17) | 0.0064(17) | –0.0005(17) | 0.0200(10) |
| P3 | P | 0.5195(3) | 0.2916(5) | 0.9393(3) | 0.0252(19) | 0.020(2) | 0.018(2) | –0.0008(17) | –0.0013(16) | –0.0028(17) | 0.0217(9) |
| P4 | P | 0.9658(3) | 0.3308(5) | 0.5466(3) | 0.0217(19) | 0.017(2) | 0.013(2) | 0.0006(17) | 0.0009(16) | 0.0002(16) | 0.0174(9) |
| K1 | K0.76N0.24(2) | 0.7495(4) | 0.0882(5) | 0.3801(3) | 0.056(3) | 0.030(3) | 0.018(3) | 0.001(2) | 0.006(2) | 0.007(2) | 0.035(2) |
| K2 | K0.93N0.07(2) | 0.8637(3) | 0.4179(5) | 0.7941(3) | 0.045(3) | 0.041(3) | 0.016(2) | –0.0001(18) | 0.0027(17) | 0.0017(19) | 0.0347(17) |
| K3 | K0.65N0.35(2) | 0.5429(4) | 0.4297(7) | 0.2159(4) | 0.047(4) | 0.043(4) | 0.035(4) | 0.000(3) | 0.013(3) | 0.004(3) | 0.041(2) |
| K4 | K0.50N0.50(2) | 0.0736(5) | 0.0644(8) | 0.9576(5) | 0.049(5) | 0.033(4) | 0.027(4) | –0.003(3) | 0.009(3) | –0.002(3) | 0.036(3) |
| C1 | C | 0.8198(12) | 0.2348(18) | 0.0323(13) | 0.022(8) | 0.019(9) | 0.023(9) | 0.007(7) | 0.002(7) | –0.003(7) | 0.021(4) |
| C2 | C | 0.7961(11) | 0.2526(19) | 0.1409(12) | 0.016(8) | 0.030(10) | 0.013(8) | –0.017(7) | 0.000(6) | –0.003(7) | 0.020(4) |
| O1 | O | 0.2037(8) | 0.2574(12) | 0.2241(9) | 0.026(5) | 0.036(6) | 0.032(6) | 0.004(5) | 0.005(4) | –0.003(5) | 0.032(3) |
| O2 | O | 0.0765(8) | 0.1940(12) | 0.3467(8) | 0.036(6) | 0.032(6) | 0.011(6) | –0.001(5) | 0.002(5) | –0.007(5) | 0.027(3) |
| OH3 | OH | 0.0119(7) | 0.3597(13) | 0.1968(8) | 0.024(5) | 0.028(6) | 0.035(6) | 0.013(5) | 0.008(4) | 0.008(4) | 0.029(2) |
| O4 | O | 0.0455(8) | 0.0864(12) | 0.1688(8) | 0.027(6) | 0.027(6) | 0.018(6) | –0.005(5) | 0.003(5) | –0.006(5) | 0.024(3) |
| O5 | O | 0.7573(8) | 0.1069(11) | 0.5935(8) | 0.021(5) | 0.024(7) | 0.027(6) | 0.002(5) | 0.009(5) | –0.002(5) | 0.023(3) |
| O6 | O | 0.6557(8) | 0.3452(13) | 0.6148(8) | 0.031(6) | 0.026(6) | 0.027(6) | –0.001(5) | 0.008(4) | –0.007(5) | 0.028(3) |
| O7 | O | 0.5539(9) | 0.1086(14) | 0.5804(12) | 0.018(6) | 0.040(7) | 0.094(11) | –0.034(7) | 0.013(6) | –0.017(5) | 0.050(4) |
| OH8 | OH | 0.6766(10) | 0.1540(16) | 0.7490(9) | 0.060(8) | 0.048(8) | 0.020(7) | 0.011(6) | 0.019(6) | 0.023(7) | 0.041(3) |
| O9 | O | 0.5748(8) | 0.4217(13) | 0.0052(9) | 0.026(6) | 0.037(7) | 0.030(7) | –0.003(6) | 0.005(5) | –0.002(5) | 0.031(3) |
| O10 | O | 0.5415(9) | 0.3021(15) | 0.8318(9) | 0.027(6) | 0.067(9) | 0.028(7) | –0.019(7) | 0.000(5) | 0.008(6) | 0.041(3) |
| OH11 | OH | 0.5793(10) | 0.1470(16) | 0.9844(13) | 0.051(8) | 0.034(8) | 0.120(13) | 0.034(8) | 0.000(8) | 0.003(6) | 0.071(5) |
| O12 | O | 0.3980(8) | 0.2902(13) | 0.9444(8) | 0.024(5) | 0.050(7) | 0.025(6) | 0.002(5) | 0.001(4) | –0.003(5) | 0.033(3) |
| O13 | O | 0.8705(8) | 0.4053(12) | 0.5821(8) | 0.023(5) | 0.026(7) | 0.017(6) | –0.001(5) | 0.006(4) | 0.003(5) | 0.022(3) |
| OH14 | OH | 0.9418(9) | 0.3442(14) | 0.4257(8) | 0.039(6) | 0.038(7) | 0.014(6) | 0.008(5) | 0.003(5) | 0.011(6) | 0.031(3) |
| O15 | O | 0.0738(8) | 0.4110(11) | 0.5916(8) | 0.023(6) | 0.021(5) | 0.032(6) | –0.006(5) | 0.004(4) | –0.003(4) | 0.025(2) |
| O16 | O | 0.9726(8) | 0.1649(12) | 0.5720(8) | 0.033(6) | 0.020(6) | 0.026(6) | 0.003(5) | 0.010(5) | 0.002(5) | 0.026(3) |
| O17 | O | 0.8663(8) | 0.1185(12) | 0.0146(8) | 0.031(6) | 0.024(7) | 0.016(6) | –0.003(5) | 0.008(5) | 0.004(5) | 0.023(3) |
| O18 | O | 0.7914(8) | 0.3399(12) | –0.0295(8) | 0.035(6) | 0.021(6) | 0.014(6) | 0.005(5) | 0.006(4) | 0.010(5) | 0.023(2) |
| O19 | O | 0.8251(8) | 0.1509(12) | 0.2024(7) | 0.030(6) | 0.023(6) | 0.010(5) | 0.004(5) | 0.000(4) | 0.001(5) | 0.022(2) |
| O20 | O | 0.7518(8) | 0.3725(12) | 0.1594(8) | 0.030(6) | 0.019(6) | 0.017(6) | 0.000(5) | 0.003(5) | 0.001(5) | 0.022(2) |
| O21 | O | 0.9256(8) | 0.1088(14) | 0.7669(9) | 0.026(6) | 0.042(8) | 0.030(7) | –0.005(6) | 0.009(5) | –0.002(5) | 0.033(3) |
| O22 | O | 0.7020(9) | 0.3907(12) | 0.4131(7) | 0.045(7) | 0.032(7) | 0.010(6) | –0.010(5) | –0.005(5) | 0.001(5) | 0.031(3) |
| OW1 | H2O | 0.2932(8) | 0.4224(11) | 0.0995(8) | 0.053(6) | 0.030(6) | 0.039(6) | 0.006(5) | 0.015(5) | 0.009(5) | 0.040(2) |
| OW2 | H2O | 0.4008(7) | 0.2873(11) | 0.6592(7) | 0.033(5) | 0.050(6) | 0.023(5) | –0.005(5) | –0.002(4) | 0.007(5) | 0.036(2) |
| OW3 | H2O | 0.2608(8) | 0.4365(11) | 0.7834(7) | 0.038(5) | 0.047(6) | 0.025(5) | –0.004(5) | –0.001(4) | 0.002(5) | 0.038(2) |
| OW4 | H2O | 0.2442(8) | 0.3156(12) | 0.4763(7) | 0.041(6) | 0.059(7) | 0.022(5) | –0.013(5) | –0.003(4) | –0.001(5) | 0.042(3) |
| OW5 | H2O | 0.2032(8) | 0.1535(12) | 0.6752(9) | 0.040(6) | 0.035(6) | 0.072(8) | 0.012(6) | –0.007(6) | –0.005(5) | 0.051(3) |
| OW6 | H2O | 0.5365(10) | 0.1273(16) | 0.2458(11) | 0.050(8) | 0.054(9) | 0.072(10) | –0.009(7) | 0.015(7) | 0.012(7) | 0.058(4) |
| OW7 | H2O | 0.0843(9) | 0.3680(16) | 0.9005(10) | 0.047(7) | 0.054(8) | 0.052(8) | –0.007(6) | 0.004(6) | –0.012(6) | 0.052(3) |
| OW8 | H2O | 0.4429(8) | 0.3301(12) | 0.4191(8) | 0.034(5) | 0.062(7) | 0.044(6) | –0.007(6) | 0.006(5) | –0.009(5) | 0.047(3) |
| OW9 | H2O | 0.3088(11) | 0.0462(15) | 0.9971(11) | 0.087(10) | 0.059(8) | 0.084(10) | 0.009(8) | 0.017(8) | –0.027(7) | 0.076(4) |
| OW10 | H2O | 0.3403(9) | 0.0377(12) | 0.2984(9) | 0.047(6) | 0.040(6) | 0.065(8) | 0.000(6) | –0.001(6) | 0.003(5) | 0.052(3) |

**Table 5.** Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for relianceite-(K).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Bond lengths |  |  |  |  |  | Proposed hydrogen bonding, distances and angles | | | |
| V1–O6 | 1.986(8) | V2–O4 | 2.017(7) | K1–O5 | 2.817(8) | OH3···O15 | 2.685(10) | OW1···O1 | 2.619(10) |
| V1–O9 | 1.996(7) | V2–O5 | 1.990(7) | K1–OH8 | 2.831(9) | OH8···O10 | 2.547(11) | OW1···O12 | 2.889(10) |
| V1–O13 | 2.000(7) | V2–O16 | 1.957(8) | K1–OH11 | 3.458(11) | OH11···O7 | 2.679(12) | O1–OW1–O12 | 121.0(3) |
| V1–O18 | 2.053(7) | V2–O17 | 2.286(7) | K1–OH14 | 3.293(9) | OH14···O2 | 2.525(11) |  |  |
| V1–O20 | 2.266(7) | V2–O19 | 2.048(8) | K1–O16 | 3.460(7) |  |  |  |  |
| V1–O22 | 1.599(7) | V2–O21 | 1.601(8) | K1–O17 | 2.789(8) | OW2···O7 | 2.835(10) | OW3···O1 | 2.920(10) |
| <V1–O> | 1.983 | <V2–O> | 1.983 | K1–O19 | 2.754(8) | OW2···O10 | 2.609(10) | OW3···O12 | 2.798(10) |
|  |  |  |  | K1–O21 | 3.377(8) | O7–OW2–O10 | 88.2(3) | O1–OW3–O12 | 137.2(3) |
| P1–O1 | 1.495(7) | P2–O5 | 1.515(7) | K1–O22 | 2.841(8) |  |  |  |  |
| P1–O2 | 1.531(7) | P2–O6 | 1.523(8) | K1–OW6 | 2.918(9) | OW4···O2 | 2.673(9) | OW5···O4 | 2.906(10) |
| P1–OH3 | 1.599(7) | P2–O7 | 1.495(8) | <K1–O> | 3.054 | OW4···OW8 | 2.715(10) | OW5···OW10 | 2.737(10) |
| P1–O4 | 1.537(7) | P2–OH8 | 1.573(8) |  |  | O2–OW4–OW8 | 118.6(3) | O4–OW5–OW10 | 83.6(3) |
| <P1–O> | 1.541 | <P2–O> | 1.527 | K2–OH3 | 3.155(8) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | K2–O6 | 3.232(7) | OW6···O7 | 3.092(14) | OW7···O15 | 3.245(12) |
| P3–O9 | 1.544(7) | P4–O13 | 1.509(7) | K2–OH8 | 3.299(11) | OW6···OW10 | 2.775(11) | OW7···OW3 | 2.976(11) |
| P3–O10 | 1.504(7) | P4–OH14 | 1.579(8) | K2–O13 | 2.831(8) | O7–OW6–OW10 | 99.2(4) | O15–OW7–OW3 | 114.9(3) |
| P3–OH11 | 1.562(7) | P4–O15 | 1.541(8) | K2–OH14 | 2.819(8) |  |  |  |  |
| P3–O12 | 1.522(7) | P4–O16 | 1.532(8) | K2–O18 | 2.748(8) | OW8···O7 | 3.058(13) | OW9···O7 | 3.340(12) |
| <P3–O> | 1.533 | <P4–O> | 1.540 | K2–O20 | 2.786(8) | OW8···O9 | 2.879(11) | OW9···O12 | 2.615(12) |
|  |  |  |  | K2–O21 | 2.930(9) | O7–OW8–O9 | 94.7(3) | O7–OW9–O12 | 92.0(3) |
| Mg–O15 | 2.052(7) | K3–O6 | 2.929(9) | K2–O22 | 3.267(9) |  |  |  |  |
| Mg–OW1 | 2.131(7) | K3–O9 | 2.895(9) | K2–OW7 | 2.869(9) | OW10···O1 | 2.672(10) |  |  |
| Mg–OW2 | 2.091(7) | K3–O10 | 2.866(10) | <K2–O> | 2.994 | OW10···OW9 | 2.837(13) |  |  |
| Mg–OW3 | 2.167(7) | K3–O20 | 2.877(8) |  |  | O1–OW10–OW9 | 110.6(4) |  |  |
| Mg–OW4 | 2.039(7) | K3–O22 | 2.987(8) | K4–O2 | 2.759(8) |  |  |  |  |
| Mg–OW5 | 2.043(8) | K3–OW1 | 3.192(8) | K4–O4 | 2.893(8) |  |  |  |  |
| <Mg–O> | 2.087 | K3–OW2 | 3.112(8) | K4–O16 | 2.976(8) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | K3–OW6 | 2.758(11) | K4–O17 | 2.855(8) |  |  |  |  |
| C1–C2 | 1.531(9) | K3–OW8 | 3.295(8) | K4–O21 | 2.861(9) |  |  |  |  |
| C1–O17 | 1.239(13) | <K3–O> | 2.990 | K4–OW7 | 2.849(11) |  |  |  |  |
| C1–O18 | 1.260(12) |  |  | K4–OW9 | 2.871(10) |  |  |  |  |
| C2–O19 | 1.234(13) |  |  | <K4–O> | 2.866 |  |  |  |  |
| C2–O20 | 1.257(12) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**Table 6.** Bond-valence analysis for relianceite-(K). Values are in valence units (vu).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | V1 | V2 | Mg | P1 | P2 | P3 | P4 | C1 | C2 | K1 | K2 | K3 | K4 | Hydrogen bonds | | Σ |
| Donated | Accepted |
| O1 |  |  |  | 1.38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.27, 0.15, 0.24 | 2.04 |
| O2 |  |  |  | 1.26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.20 |  | 0.35, 0.24 | 2.05 |
| OH3 |  |  |  | 1.06 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.06 |  |  | –0.23 |  | 0.89 |
| O4 |  | 0.52 |  | 1.24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.14 |  | 0.15 | 2.05 |
| O5 |  | 0.56 |  |  | 1.31 |  |  |  |  | 0.16 |  |  |  |  |  | 2.03 |
| O6 | 0.56 |  |  |  | 1.29 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.05 | 0.12 |  |  |  | 2.03 |
| O7 |  |  |  |  | 1.38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.24, 0.17, 0.11, 0.12, 0.09 | 2.11 |
| OH8 |  |  |  |  | 1.14 |  |  |  |  | 0.15 | 0.04 |  |  | –0.33 |  | 1.01 |
| O9 | 0.55 |  |  |  |  | 1.22 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.13 |  |  | 0.16 | 2.06 |
| O10 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.35 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.15 |  |  | 0.33, 0.28 | 2.10 |
| OH11 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.17 |  |  |  | 0.03 |  |  |  | –0.24 |  | 0.96 |
| O12 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.16, 0.18, 0.28 | 1.91 |
| O13 | 0.54 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.33 |  |  |  | 0.14 |  |  |  |  | 2.01 |
| OH14 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.12 |  |  | 0.05 | 0.15 |  |  | –0.35 |  | 0.97 |
| O15 |  |  | 0.37 |  |  |  | 1.23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.23, 0.10 | 1.93 |
| O16 |  | 0.61 |  |  |  |  | 1.26 |  |  | 0.03 |  |  | 0.11 |  |  | 2.01 |
| O17 |  | 0.25 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.49 |  | 0.17 |  |  | 0.16 |  |  | 2.07 |
| O18 | 0.47 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.41 |  |  | 0.18 |  |  |  |  | 2.06 |
| O19 |  | 0.47 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.51 | 0.19 |  |  |  |  |  | 2.17 |
| O20 | 0.26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.42 |  | 0.16 | 0.14 |  |  |  | 1.98 |
| O21 |  | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.04 | 0.11 |  | 0.15 |  |  | 1.92 |
| O22 | 1.63 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.11 |  |  |  | 1.93 |
| OW1 |  |  | 0.31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.06 |  | –0.27, –0.16 |  | –0.06 |
| OW2 |  |  | 0.34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.08 |  | –0.17, –0.28 |  | –0.03 |
| OW3 |  |  | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | –0.18, –0.15 | 0.14 | 0.08 |
| OW4 |  |  | 0.38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | –0.24, –0.22 |  | –0.08 |
| OW5 |  |  | 0.37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | –0.15, –0.21 |  | 0.01 |
| OW6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.12 |  | 0.19 |  | –0.11, –0.19 |  | 0.01 |
| OW7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.13 |  | 0.16 | –0.10, –0.14 |  | 0.06 |
| OW8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.05 |  | –0.12, –0.16 | 0.22 | –0.01 |
| OW9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.15 | –0.09, –0.28 |  | –0.04 |
| OW10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | –0.24, –0.17 | 0.21, 0.19 | –0.01 |
| Σ | 4.01 | 4.03 | 2.05 | 4.94 | 5.12 | 5.03 | 4.94 | 2.90 | 2.93 | 1.08 | 1.08 | 1.03 | 1.08 |  |  |  |

Bond-valence parameters for NH4+–O are from Garcia-Rodriguez *et al.* (2000); all others are from Gagné and Hawthorne (2015). The K/N sites were modelled using refined occupancies. Hydrogen-bond strengths are based on O–O distances according to the relation of Ferraris and Ivaldi (1988).