# The eastern limit of “Kunlun-Pamir-Karakoram Anomaly” reflected by changes in glacier area and surface elevation

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# Supplementary Tables and Figures

**Table S1.** List of Landsat OLI images used for compiling the glacier inventory around 2016.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Image | Year | Date |
| LC81330352016211LGN01 | 2016 | 2016/7/29 |
| LC81330362016211LGN01 | 2016 | 2016/7/29 |
| LC81350352015222LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/8/9 |
| LC81350352016209LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/8/9 |
| LC81350352017195LGN00 | 2017 | 2017/7/26 |
| LC81360352015213LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/8/1 |
| LC81370352015220LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/8/8 |
| LC81370352016223LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/8/10 |
| LC81370352017209LGN00 | 2017 | 2017/7/28 |
| LC81380352015211LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/7/30 |
| LC81380352016214LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/8/1 |
| LC81390342015234LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/8/22 |
| LC81390352015202LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/7/20 |
| LC81390352015234LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/8/22 |
| LC81390352016253LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/9/21 |
| LC81400342015225LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/8/12 |
| LC81400342016196LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/7/22 |
| LC81400352016196LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/7/22 |
| LC81410342015232LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/8/20 |
| LC81410342016219LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/8/6 |
| LC81410352015232LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/8/20 |
| LC81410352016203LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/8/10 |
| LC81420342015239LGN01 | 2015 | 2015/8/27 |
| LC81430342017235LGN00 | 2017 | 2017/8/23 |
| LC81440352014234LGN01 | 2014 | 2014/8/22 |
| LC81440352015205LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/7/24 |
| LC81440352017210LGN00 | 2017 | 2017/7/29 |
| LC81440362015253LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/9/10 |
| LC81450352014209LGN01 | 2014 | 2014/7/28 |
| LC81450352016263LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/9/19 |
| LC81450362015276LGN00 | 2015 | 2015/10/3 |
| LC81450362016279LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/10/5 |
| LC81460352016206LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/7/24 |
| LC81460362014232LGN00 | 2014 | 2014/8/20 |
| LC81460362016254LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/9/10 |
| LC81470352016293LGN00 | 2016 | 2016/10/19 |
| LC81470352017231LGN00 | 2017 | 2017/8/19 |

**Table S2.** Changes of the glacier area in the east, central and West Kunlun Mountains over the period of 1970s-2016.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Year | East | | | |
| Area (km2) | Area change (km2) | Change (%) | Change rate (% a-1) |
| 1973 | 326±11 | - | - | - |
| 2006 | 277±11 | -49±11 | -14.89±5 | -0.45±0.14 |
| 2016 | 265±5 | -12±12 | -4.45±7 | -0.45±1 |
| Total | - | -61±12 | -18.68±6 | -0.43±0.13 |
| Year | Central | | | |
| Area (km2) | Area change (km2) | Change (%) | Change rate (% a-1) |
| 1977 | 2832±384 | - | - | - |
| 2006 | 2821±106 | -11±135 | -0.37±4 | -0.01±0.10 |
| 2016 | 2755±51 | -67±117 | -2.36±4 | -0.24±0.4 |
| Total | - | -77±98 | -2.73±3 | -0.07±0.07 |
| Year | West | | | |
| Area (km2) | Area change (km2) | Change (%) | Change rate (% a-1) |
| 1972 | 8401±280 | - | - | - |
| 2009 | 8000±285 | -401±400 | -4.77±4 | -0.13±0.10 |
| 2016 | 7945±141 | -55±318 | -0.69±4 | -0.10±0.57 |
| Total | - | -455±313 | -5.42±3 | -0.12±0.07 |

**Table S3.** List of the TanDEM-X DEM used for the calculation of glacier elevation difference.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| TanDEM-X DEM | First across acquisition date |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N34E099\_V01\_C | 2013/10, 09/31, 12/25 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N35E080\_V01\_C | 2013/9/3, 11/02, 12/05 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N35E081\_V01\_C | 2013/09/03, 09/14, 09/25, 10/28 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N35E082\_V01\_C | 2013/09/25, 10/12, 10/28, 11/30 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N35E090\_V01\_C | 2012/07/26, 2013/9/27 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N35E091\_V01\_C | 2013/10/24, 12/24 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N35E092\_V01\_C | 2013/12/07, 12/18, 12/29; 2014/01/09 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N36E077\_V01\_C | 2013/11/07; 2014/01/01, 01/12, 01/23, 02/03 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N36E084\_V01\_C | 2013/11/14, 11/25, 12/17, 12/28 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N36E085\_V01\_C | 2013/08/13, 09/14, 10/07, 11/14, 11/25 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N36E087\_V01\_C | 2013/10/02, 10/24, 11/09, 11/20 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N36E090\_V01\_C | 2013/09/27, 10/30, 11/10 |
| TDM1\_DEM\_\_30\_N36E091\_V01\_C | 2013/10/13, 10/24, 10/30, 12/02 |

**DEM Co-registration**

**Table S4.** Displacement vectors in X and Y directions between the master (SRTM) and slave DEM.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Region | Item | TanDEM-X DEM | STD |
| East | X(m) | 25.5 | 8.05 |
| Y(m) | 20.3 |
| Middle | X(m) | 40.8 | 4.98 |
| Y(m) | 53.1 |
| West | X(m) | 65.8 | 9.6 |
| Y(m) | 57.5 |

\*Note: positive values of X and Y indicate shifts to east and north, respectively; while negative values reveal opposite shifts.

**Table S5.** Changes of the glacier area in the Kunlun Mountains over the period of 1970s-2016.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Period | Number | Area (km2) | Area change (km2) | Change (%) | Change rate  (% a-1) |
| CGI-1 | 7232 | 11559±375 | - | - | - |
| CGI-2 | 8452 | 11099±402 | -460±550 | -3.98±4 | -0.11±0.10 |
| 2016 | 8309 | 10965±198 | -134±448 | -1.21±4 | -0.17±0.44 |
| Total | - | - | -593±424 | -5.41±4 | -0.12±0.08 |

**Table S6.** Comparisons of the changes of the glacier area in the Kunlun Mountains with that in the other regions in the Tibet Plateau.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Region | Period | Area change (km2) | Shrinkage rate (% a-1) | | Source |
| Qilian Mountains | 1956-2015 | -396.89±116.90 | 0.37 | He and others, 2019 | |
| East Kunlun | 1970s-2016 | -60.87±6 | 0.43±0.06 | This study | |
| Central Kunlun | 1970s-2016 | -77.22±61 | 0.07±0.04 | This study | |
| West Kunlun | 1970s-2016 | -455.36±181 | 0.12±0.04 | This study | |
| West Karakoram | 1973-2014 | -28.86 | 0.03 | Qureshi and others, 2017 | |
| Eastern Pamir | 1960s-2016 | -263.24 | 0.23±0.02 | Zhang and others, 2016 | |
| Central Himalaya | 1976-2009 | -775.4±224.0 | 0.59±0.17 | Shangguan and others, 2014 | |

**Table S7.** Comparison of glacier mass balance in the different glacierized regions of the Kunlun Mountains from Brun and others (2017), Shean and others (2020) and the results in our study.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Region | Brun (m w.e. a-1)  2000-2016 | Shean (m w.e. a-1)  2000-2018 | Our study (m w.e. a-1)  2000-2013 |
| west Kunlun Mountains | 0.14±0.08 | 0.11±0.17 | 0.13±0.30 |
| Ulugh Muztagh | 0.2±0.25 | 0.04±0.12 | -0.09±0.05 |
| Bukatage Mountains | -0.05±0.44 | -0.16±0.16 | -0.00±0.07 |
| Aemye Ma-chhen Range | - | -0.58±0.26 | -0.43±0.15 |

**Table S8.** Advancing glaciers in the Kunlun Mountains over the period of CGI-2 to 2016.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| GLIMS ID | Mean Slope/° | Area (km2) in CGI2 | Area (km2) in our 2016 inventory | Advancing distance (km) |
| G090846E36001N | 21.90 | 5.720132195 | 5.761844297 | 0.21 |
| G090868E35998N | 21.50 | 8.287156442 | 8.363837845 | 0.09 |
| G091032E36060N | 10.10 | 83.93961766 | 88.40616941 | 1.11 |
| G085792E37260N | 26.70 | 3.644956492 | 4.519172218 | 0.33 |
| G085827E37264N | 26.50 | 1.965191015 | 2.00343074 | 0.13 |
| G090693E35807N | 7.60 | 30.47438089 | 30.76776273 | 0.26 |
| G082061E35462N | 19.10 | 9.569344309 | 9.9756303 | 0.09 |
| G081119E35540N | 16.10 | 1.662452698 | 1.727269163 | 0.14 |
| G081483E35351N | 8.50 | 84.97041168 | 89.4736426 | 1.25 |
| G080525E35502N | 9.20 | 51.47779297 | 53.68687177 | 1.06 |
| G080574E35527N | 9.40 | 44.19548496 | 44.98251988 | 0.56 |
| G080653E35705N | 25.70 | 0.972817019 | 1.012381061 | 0.10 |
| G080360E35864N | 19.20 | 0.813161033 | 0.845032164 | 0.11 |
| G080365E35847N | 16.90 | 4.145941695 | 4.188757173 | 0.06 |
| G080270E35776N | 33.10 | 0.453110379 | 0.497778951 | 0.12 |
| G079479E36105N | 18.80 | 16.22652872 | 16.35570537 | 0.09 |
| G079487E36151N | 20.60 | 2.902309127 | 3.041822303 | 0.14 |
| G079500E36161N | 29.80 | 1.235922466 | 1.297539701 | 0.13 |
| G079437E36228N | 20.60 | 1.882739413 | 1.949514745 | 0.14 |
| G079158E36213N | 18.80 | 1.554084519 | 1.662296542 | 0.23 |
| G078719E36277N | 22.20 | 1.329953969 | 1.375253647 | 0.14 |
| G077257E36683N | 27.60 | 0.290711873 | 0.307745028 | 0.23 |
| G076765E36766N | 22.80 | 0.731667595 | 0.773236597 | 0.16 |
| G076459E36916N | 27.50 | 0.463333077 | 0.486872114 | 0.05 |
| G079588E36125N | 23.10 | 4.653545014 | 4.780179277 | 0.05 |
| G079627E36102N | 22.50 | 20.9965745 | 21.24467559 | 0.13 |
| G079438E35908N | 15.00 | 20.66261127 | 20.77784131 | 0.09 |
| G079097E36208N | 19.00 | 12.91923178 | 13.21799604 | 0.34 |
| G079628E35798N | 13.00 | 13.74840175 | 13.82452125 | 0.76 |
| G079675E35801N | 16.80 | 19.131282 | 19.20339171 | 0.05 |
| G079820E35807N | 23.40 | 6.486733927 | 6.506935258 | 0.07 |
| G079844E35788N | 18.30 | 13.54561688 | 13.7448845 | 0.20 |
| G081105E35481N | 14.30 | 61.90516696 | 61.83411047 | 0.06 |
| G079193E36184N | 19.20 | 20.38938419 | 20.40125973 | 0.02 |
| G079277E36179N | 19.40 | 27.601582 | 17.47486248 | 0.04 |
| G079435E36172N | 18.70 | 26.25318596 | 25.49103985 | 0.09 |
| G079393E36202N | 20.00 | 2.146959545 | 2.192135157 | 0.05 |
| G079474E36135N | 17.50 | 10.97619372 | 11.20437789 | 0.15 |

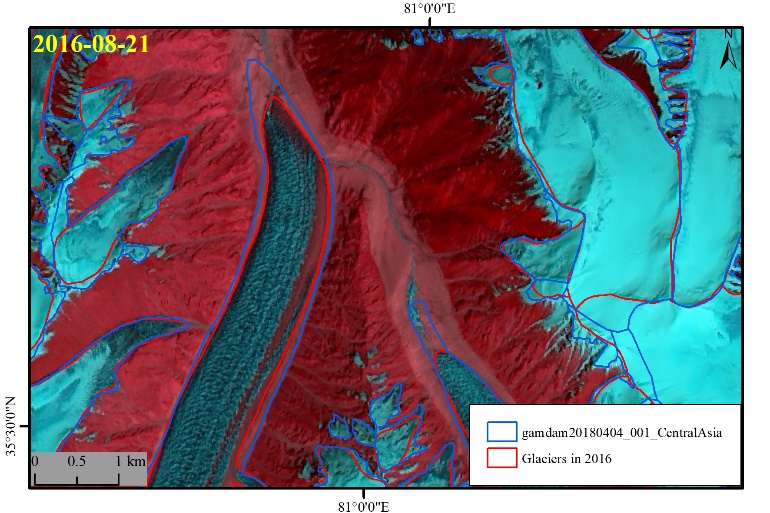
**Table S9.** Previously published region-wide mass balance estimates for West Kunlun Mountains. For results based ICESat and GRACE we do not provide the areas measured, as they do not correspond directly to the sampled area.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Region | MB (m w.e. a-1) | Period | Area measured (km2) | Study | Data sources |
| West Kunlun | 0.15±0.03 | 2000-2013 | 4625 | This study | SRTM TanDEM-X DEM |
| 0.16±0.10 | 2003-2019 | - | Wang and others (2020) | GRACE ICESat-2 |
| 0.14±0.08 | 2000-2016 | 9910 | Brun and others (2017) | ASTER |
| 0.18±0.14 | 2003-2008 |  | Brun and others (2017) | ICESat |
| 0.23±0.24 | 2003-2009 | 1020 | Bao and others (2015) | GLAS |

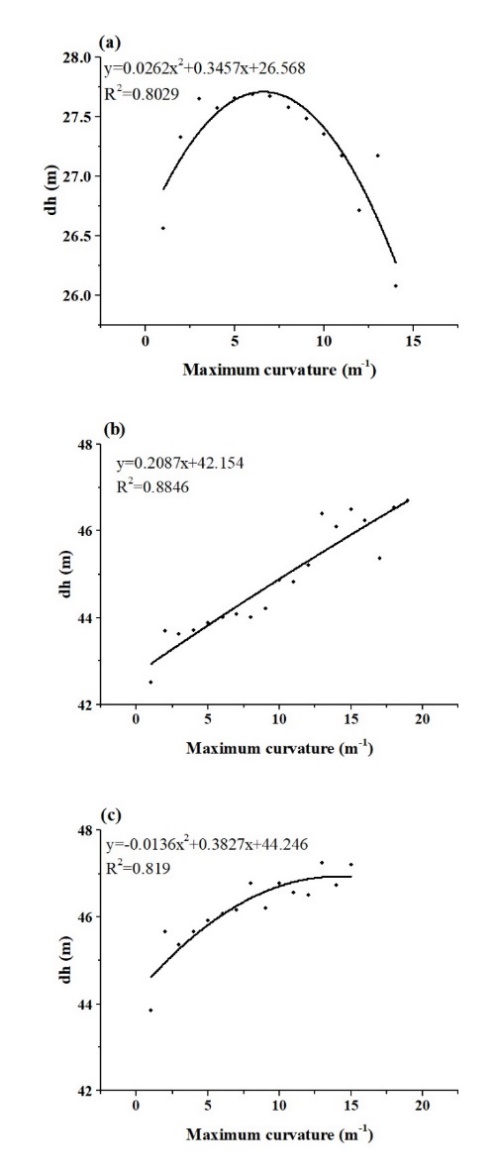
**Correction of the residual error for elevation difference**

While the correction of spatial co-registration could reduce the data source error, there also remains residual error in elevation differences between different DEMs (Zemp and others, 2013; Nuth, 2011). Paul and others (2008) indicated that the reason for the residual of elevation difference was attributed to the low spatial resolution of SRTM, which could not integrally express the steep terrain of high mountains. Gardelle and others (2012) revealed insisted that there was a correlation between elevation difference in different DEMs and maximum curvature, and the relationship between glacier area and non-glacier area showed good consistency. Hence, we can correct the error in the glacier area by the relation between the elevation difference and the maximum curvature in the non-glacier area. The formula is as follows:

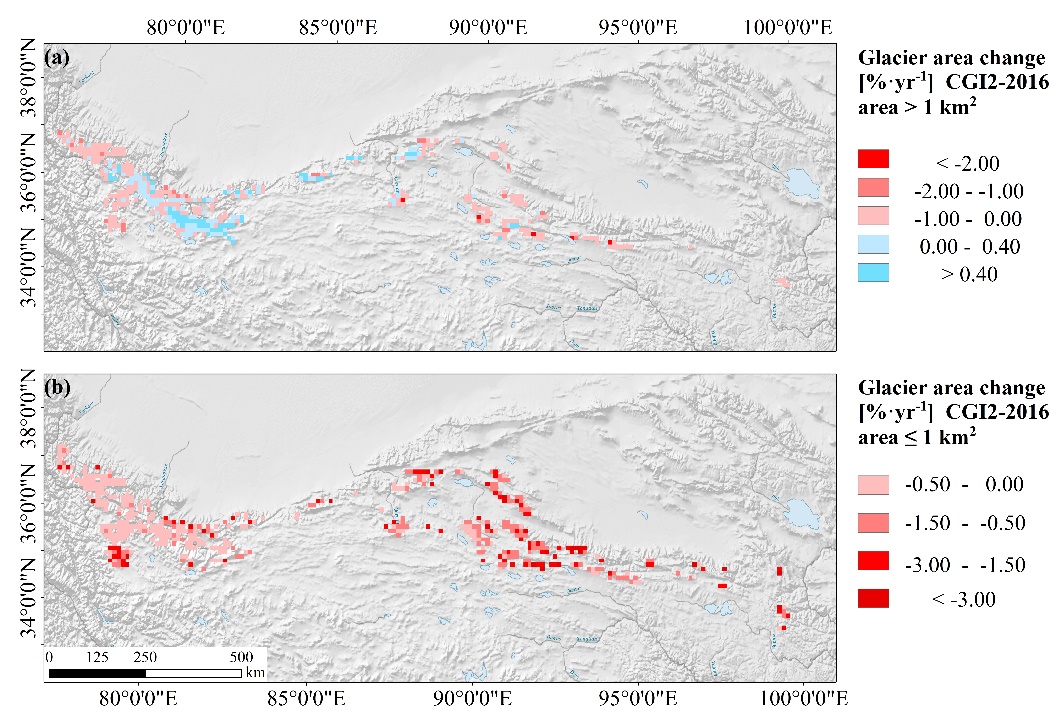
Where the and represent the elevation difference prior to and after correction, the is the function relation between elevation difference and maximum curvature in non-glacier area, MC is the maximum curvature of the pixel. Figure S1 (a), (b) and (c) show the fitted functions for the selected areas, which were used to complete the correction for elevation difference.



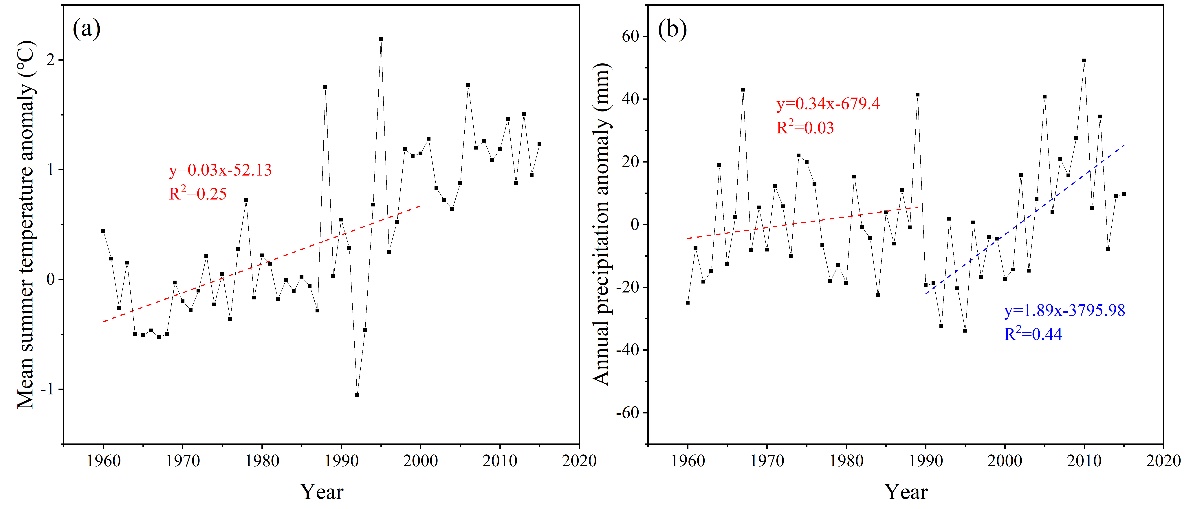
**Figure S1.** Glacier outlines delineation of our new inventory and the comparison between that and the GAMDAM inventory published in 2019.



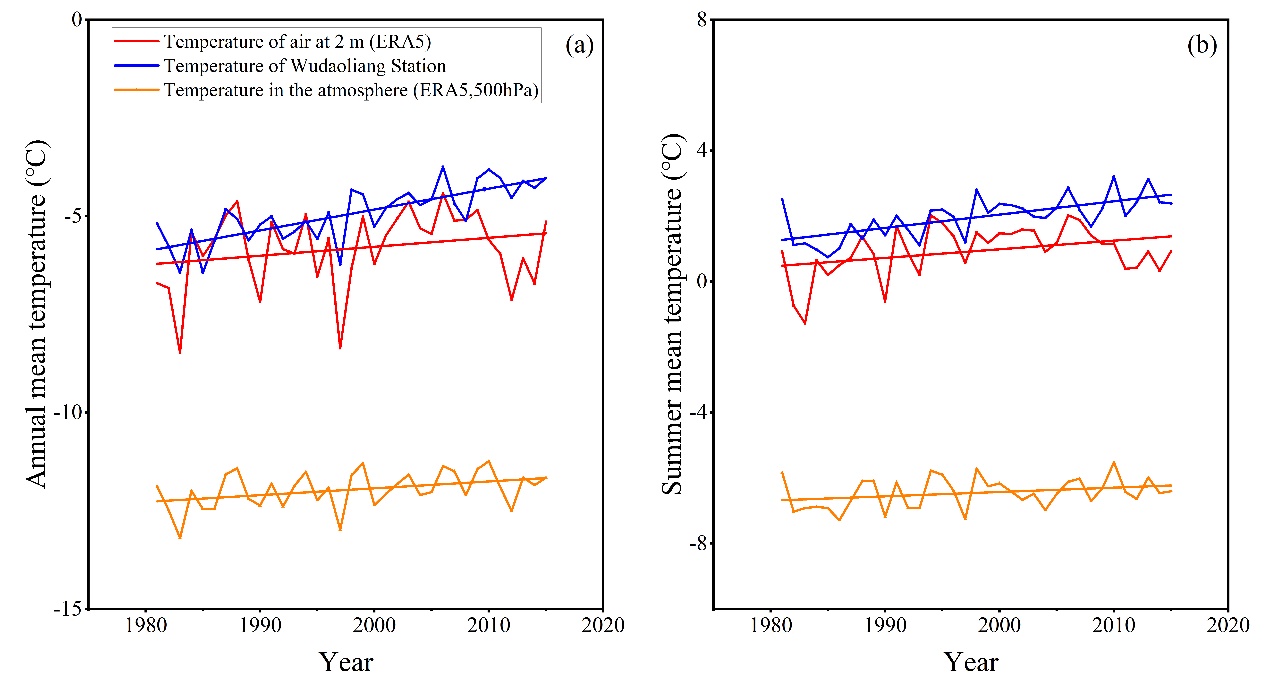
**Figure S2.** Fitted equations between the elevation difference and maximum curvature in the non-glacier area.



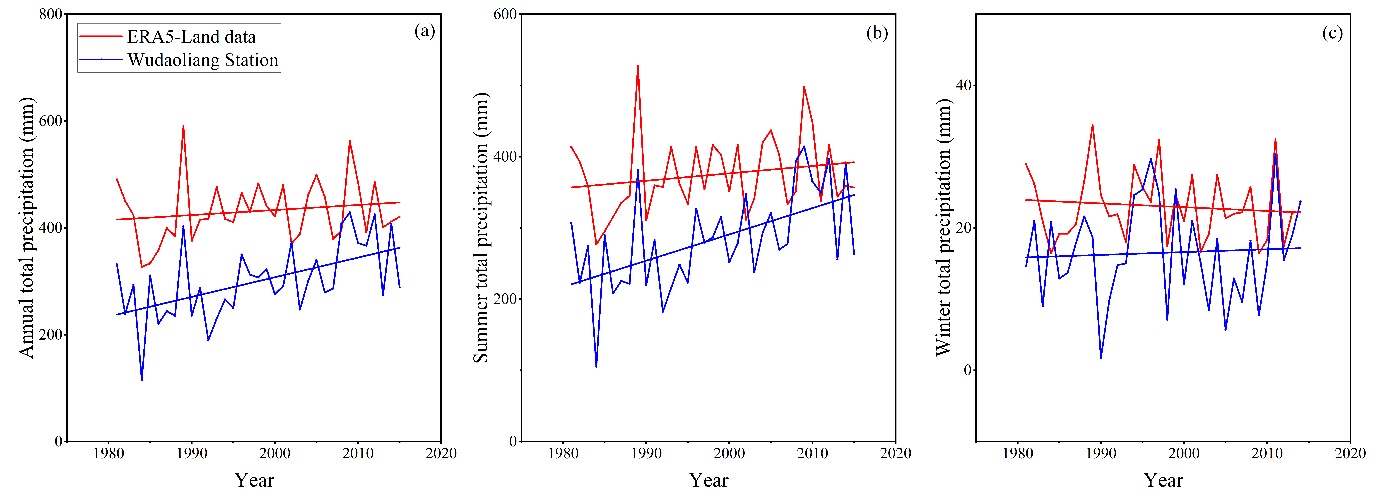
**Figure S3.** Glacier area change in size (a) 1 km2 and (b) > 1km2 from CGI-2 to 2016 in Kunlun Mountains, aggregated over 0.1° grid cell.



**Figure S4.** Trends of (a) mean summer temperature, and (b) annual precipitation derived from 17 meteorological stations.



**Figure S5.** Comparisons of variations in air temperatures observed at Wudaoliang Station and retrieved from the ERA5 reanalysis data over the period of 1980-2015.



**Figure S6.** Comparisons of variations in precipitations observed at Wudaoliang Station and retrieved from the ERA5 reanalysis data over the period of 1980-2015.

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