

APPENDICES FOR:

A strong-interaction theory for the motion of
arbitrary three-dimensional clusters of spherical
particles at low Reynolds number

by

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J. Fluid Mech (1988)

Appendix A Derivation of coordinate transformations (2.7), (2.8) and (2.9).

This appendix contains the coordinate transformations and transformations of the unit vectors needed to express the velocity disturbances of the j^{th} sphere in terms of a spherical coordinate system whose origin lies at the center of the k^{th} sphere.

We seek to relate the position of an arbitrary point in space relative to the spherical coordinates whose origin lies at the center of the j^{th} sphere (r_j, θ_j, ϕ_j) to the spherical coordinates originating from the center of the k^{th} sphere (r_k, θ_k, ϕ_k) . The spherical coordinates (r_j, θ_j, ϕ_j) are first written in terms of a cartesian coordinate system (x_j, y_j, z_j) whose origin is also at the center of the j^{th} sphere as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}r_j &= (x_j^2 + y_j^2 + z_j^2)^{1/2} \\ \theta_j &= \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{(x_j^2 + y_j^2)^{1/2}}{z_j} \right] \\ \phi_j &= \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{y_j}{x_j} \right]\end{aligned}\tag{A-1}$$

Then the cartesian coordinates (x_j, y_j, z_j) are related to a global cartesian coordinate system (X, Y, Z) via the relations

$$\begin{aligned}
X &= x_j + b_j \\
Y &= y_j + c_j \\
Z &= z_j + d_j
\end{aligned}
\tag{A-2}$$

where (b_j, c_j, d_j) is the location of the origin of the j^{th} sphere in the global system. In turn, the global coordinates (X, Y, Z) are related to a cartesian system (x_k, y_k, z_k) whose origin lies at the center of the k^{th} sphere yielding the expression

$$\begin{aligned}
x_k &= X - b_k \\
y_k &= Y - c_k \\
z_k &= Z - d_k
\end{aligned}
\tag{A-3}$$

where (b_k, c_k, d_k) is the origin of the k^{th} sphere in the global system (X, Y, Z) . Then the cartesian coordinates (x_k, y_k, z_k) are related to a spherical coordinate system (r_k, θ_k, ϕ_k) having its origin at the center of the k^{th} sphere as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
x_k &= r_k \sin\theta_k \cos\phi_k \\
y_k &= r_k \sin\theta_k \sin\phi_k \\
z_k &= r_k \cos\theta_k
\end{aligned}
\tag{A-4}$$

Finally combining (A-1) - (A-4) and simplifying yields (2.7) which is the desired result.

Appendix B Explicit expressions of the primed coefficients in (2.11).

The coefficients of the unknown constants introduced in the collocation series and shown in (2.11) obtained in terms of the spherical coordinate system of the k^{th} sphere after using all the coordinate transformations of appendix A are:

For V_{r_k} :

$$A'_{jkmn} = r_j^{-(n+1)} \left[-m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{4jk} \sin m\phi_j + \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{7jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-1})$$

$$B'_{jkmn} = r_j^{-(n+1)} \left[\sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{7jk} \sin m\phi_j + m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{4jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-2})$$

$$C'_{jkmn} = r_j^{-(n+2)} \left[-m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{7jk} \sin m\phi_j - \left\{ (n+1) \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{1jk} + \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{4jk} \right\} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-3})$$

$$D'_{jkmn} = r_j^{-(n+2)} \left[-\left\{ (n+1) \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{1jk} + \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{4jk} \right\} \sin m\phi_j + m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{7jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-4})$$

$$E'_{jkmn} = \frac{r_j^{-n}}{2\mu(2n-1)} \left[m \frac{(n-2)}{n} \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{7jk} \sin m\phi_j + \left\{ (n+1) \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{1jk} + \frac{(n-2)}{n} \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{4jk} \right\} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-5})$$

$$F'_{jkmn} = \frac{r_j^{-n}}{2\mu(2n-1)} \left[\left\{ (n+1) P_n^m(\xi_j) f_{1jk} + \frac{(n-2)}{n} \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{4jk} \right\} \sin m\phi_j \right. \\ \left. - m \frac{(n-2)}{n} \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{7jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (B-6)$$

For V_{θ_k} :

$$A'_{jkmn} = r_j^{-(n+1)} \left[-m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{5jk} \sin m\phi_j + \sin\theta_j \frac{\partial P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\partial \xi_j} f_{8jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (B-7)$$

$$B'_{jkmn} = r_j^{-(n+1)} \left[\sin\theta_j \frac{\partial P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\partial \xi_j} f_{8jk} \sin m\phi_j + m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{5jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (B-8)$$

$$C'_{jkmn} = r_j^{-(n+2)} \left[-m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{8jk} \sin m\phi_j \right. \\ \left. - \left\{ (n+1) P_n^m(\xi_j) f_{2jk} + \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{5jk} \right\} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (B-9)$$

$$D'_{jkmn} = r_j^{-(n+2)} \left[-\left\{ (n+1) P_n^m(\xi_j) f_{2jk} + \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{5jk} \right\} \sin m\phi_j \right. \\ \left. + m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{8jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (B-10)$$

$$E'_{jkmn} = \frac{r_j^{-n}}{2\mu(2n-1)} \left[m \frac{(n-2)}{n} \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{8jk} \sin m\phi_j \right. \\ \left. + \left\{ (n+1) P_n^m(\xi_j) f_{2jk} + \frac{(n-2)}{n} \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{5jk} \right\} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (B-11)$$

$$F'_{jkmn} = \frac{r_j^{-n}}{2\mu(2n-1)} \left[\left\{ (n+1) P_n^m(\xi_j) f_{2jk} + \frac{(n-2)}{n} \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{5jk} \right\} \sin m\phi_j \right.$$

$$- m \frac{(n-2)}{n} \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{8jk} \cos m\phi_j \quad (\text{B-12})$$

For V_{ϕ_k} :

$$A'_{j'k'mn} = r_j^{-(n+1)} \left[-m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{6jk} \sin m\phi_j + \sin\theta_j \frac{\partial P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\partial \xi_j} f_{9jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-13})$$

$$B'_{j'k'mn} = r_j^{-(n+1)} \left[\sin\theta_j \frac{\partial P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\partial \xi_j} f_{9jk} \sin m\phi_j + m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{6jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-14})$$

$$C'_{j'k'mn} = r_j^{-(n+2)} \left[-m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{9jk} \sin m\phi_j \right. \\ \left. - \left\{ (n+1) P_n^m(\xi_j) f_{3jk} + \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{6jk} \right\} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-15})$$

$$D'_{j'k'mn} = r_j^{-(n+2)} \left[-\left\{ (n+1) P_n^m(\xi_j) f_{3jk} + \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{6jk} \right\} \sin m\phi_j \right. \\ \left. + m \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{9jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-16})$$

$$E'_{j'k'mn} = \frac{r_j^{-n}}{2\mu(2n-1)} \left[m \frac{(n-2)}{n} \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{9jk} \sin m\phi_j \right. \\ \left. + \left\{ (n+1) P_n^m(\xi_j) f_{2jk} + \frac{(n-2)}{n} \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{6jk} \right\} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-17})$$

$$F'_{j'k'mn} = \frac{r_j^{-n}}{2\mu(2n-1)} \left[\left\{ (n+1) P_n^m(\xi_j) f_{3jk} + \frac{(n-2)}{n} \sin\theta_j \frac{dP_n^m(\xi_j)}{d\xi_j} f_{6jk} \right\} \sin m\phi_j \right. \\ \left. - m \frac{(n-2)}{n} \frac{P_n^m(\xi_j)}{\sin\theta_j} f_{9jk} \cos m\phi_j \right] \quad (\text{B-18})$$

where the functions f_{ijk} , $i=1$ to 9 , $j=1$ to J , $k=1$ to J are given by (2.9) and the coordinates r_j , θ_j , ϕ_j can be written in terms of r_k , θ_k , ϕ_k using (2.7).

Appendix C Explicit expressions of the primed functions in (2.17).

The expressions for the Fourier coefficients in (2.17) for each of the velocity components are given below:

For the r_k component of velocity:

$$A'_0(\theta_k) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (C_{kk0n} C'_{kk0n} + E_{kk0n} E'_{kk0n}) \quad (C-1)$$

$$A'_m(\theta_k) = \sum_{n=m}^{\infty} [(C_{kkmn} C'_{kkmn} + E_{kk0n} E'_{kk0n})] / \cos m \phi_k \quad (C-2)$$

$$B'_m(\theta_k) = \sum_{n=m}^{\infty} [(D_{kkmn} D'_{kkmn} + F_{kk0n} F'_{kk0n})] / \sin m \phi_k \quad (C-3)$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} F'(\phi_k) = & U_k f'_1(\phi_k) + V_k f'_2(\phi_k) + W_k f'_3(\phi_k) \\ & + (\Omega_x)_k f'_4(\phi_k) + (\Omega_y)_k f'_5(\phi_k) + (\Omega_z)_k f'_6(\phi_k) \\ & - \sum_{j=1}^J \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=m}^{\infty} (A'_{jkmn} A_{jkmn} + \dots + F'_{jkmn} F_{jkmn}) \quad (C-4) \\ & j \neq k \end{aligned}$$

where

$$f'_1(\phi_k) = \sin \theta_k \cos \phi_k \quad (C-5)$$

$$f'_2(\phi_k) = \sin \theta_k \sin \phi_k \quad (C-6)$$

$$f'_3(\phi_k) = \cos \theta_k \quad (C-7)$$

$$f'_4(\phi_k) = 0 \quad (C-8)$$

$$f'_5(\phi_k) = 0 \quad (C-9)$$

$$f'_6(\phi_k) = 0 \quad (C-10)$$

For the θ_k component of velocity:

$$A'_0(\theta_k) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (C_{kk0n} C'_{kk0n} + E_{kkon} E'_{kkon}) \quad (C-11)$$

$$A'_m(\theta_k) = \sum_{n=m}^{\infty} [(B_{kkmn} B'_{kkmn} + C_{kkmn} C'_{kkmn} + E_{kkon} E'_{kkon})] / \cos m \phi_k \quad (C-12)$$

$$B'_m(\theta_k) = \sum_{n=m}^{\infty} [(A_{kkmn} A'_{kkmn} + D_{kkmn} D'_{kkmn} + F_{kkon} F'_{kkon})] / \sin m \phi_k \quad (C-13)$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} F''(\phi_k) = & U_k f''_1(\phi_k) + V_k f''_2(\phi_k) + W_k f''_3(\phi_k) \\ & + (\Omega_x)_k f''_4(\phi_k) + (\Omega_y)_k f''_5(\phi_k) + (\Omega_z)_k f''_6(\phi_k) \\ & - \sum_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq k}}^J \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=m}^{\infty} (A'_{jkmn} A_{jkmn} + \dots + F'_{jkmn} F_{jkmn}) \end{aligned} \quad (C-14)$$

where

$$f''_1(\phi_k) = \cos \theta_k \cos \phi_k \quad (C-15)$$

$$f''_2(\phi_k) = \cos \theta_k \sin \phi_k \quad (C-16)$$

$$f''_3(\phi_k) = -\sin \theta_k \quad (C-17)$$

$$f''_4(\phi_k) = -a_k \sin \phi_k \quad (C-18)$$

$$f''_5(\phi_k) = a_k \cos \phi_k \quad (C-19)$$

$$f''_6(\phi_k) = 0 \quad (C-20)$$

For the ϕ_k component of velocity:

$$A_0''''(\theta_k) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_{kk0n} A_{kk0n}'''') \quad (C-21)$$

$$A_m''''(\theta_k) = \sum_{n=m}^{\infty} [(A_{kkmn} A_{kkmn}'''' + D_{kkmn} D_{kkmn}'''' + F_{kkon} F_{kkon}'''')] / \cos m \phi_k \quad (C-22)$$

$$B_m''''(\theta_k) = \sum_{n=m}^{\infty} [(B_{kkmn} B_{kkmn}'''' + C_{kkmn} C_{kkmn}'''' + E_{kkon} E_{kkon}'''')] / \sin m \phi_k \quad (C-23)$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} F''''(\phi_k) &= U_k f_1''''(\phi_k) + V_k f_2''''(\phi_k) + W_k f_3''''(\phi_k) \\ &\quad + (\Omega_x)_k f_4''''(\phi_k) + (\Omega_y)_k f_5''''(\phi_k) + (\Omega_z)_k f_6''''(\phi_k) \\ &\quad - \sum_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq k}}^J \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{n=m}^{\infty} (A_{jkmn}'''' A_{jkmn} + \dots + F_{jkmn}'''' F_{jkmn}) \end{aligned} \quad (C-24)$$

where

$$f_1''''(\phi_k) = -\sin \phi_k \quad (C-25)$$

$$f_2''''(\phi_k) = \cos \phi_k \quad (C-26)$$

$$f_3''''(\phi_k) = 0 \quad (C-27)$$

$$f_4''''(\phi_k) = -a_k \cos \theta_k \cos \phi_k \quad (C-28)$$

$$f_5''''(\phi_k) = -a_k \cos \theta_k \sin \phi_k \quad (C-29)$$

$$f_6''''(\phi_k) = a_k \sin \theta_k \quad (C-30)$$

Appendix E Symmetry classification of the unknown constants introduced in (2.4).

The unknown constants in the collocation series for two symmetric spheres are equal in magnitude and equal or opposite in sign depending on the type of symmetry between them. They are listed as follows:

Symmetry about the Y Plane:

Equal: B_{jkmn} , C_{jkmn} , E_{jkmn} , U_j , W_j & $(\Omega_y)_j$.

Opp.: A_{jkmn} , D_{jkmn} , F_{jkmn} , V_j , $(\Omega_x)_j$ & $(\Omega_z)_j$.

Symmetry about the X Plane:

Equal: B_{jkmn} , C_{jkmn} & E_{jkmn} for m =even;

A_{jkmn} , D_{jkmn} & F_{jkmn} for m =odd; V_j , W_j & $(\Omega_x)_j$.

Opp.: B_{jkmn} , C_{jkmn} & E_{jkmn} for m =odd;

A_{jkmn} , D_{jkmn} & F_{jkmn} for m =even; U_j , $(\Omega_y)_j$ & $(\Omega_z)_j$.

Symmetry about the Z Plane:

Equal: A_{jkmn} & B_{jkmn} for $(m+n)$ =odd; U_j , V_j & $(\Omega_z)_j$.

C_{jkmn} , D_{jkmn} , E_{jkmn} & F_{jkmn} for $(m+n)$ =even.

Opp.: A_{jkmn} & B_{jkmn} for $(m+n)$ =even; W_j , $(\Omega_x)_j$ & $(\Omega_y)_j$.

C_{jkmn} , D_{jkmn} , E_{jkmn} & F_{jkmn} for $(m+n)$ =odd.

Anti-symmetry: In case of anti-symmetry the existing relations are reversed so the equal constants become opposite and vice-versa. For

instance when two spheres are settling under gravity we have $F_{z1} = F_{z2}$ (here $F_z =$ gravitational force) and we reverse the symmetry conditions about the Z plane i.e. for symmetry about the Z plane A_{jkmn} & B_{jkmn} for $(m+n)=\text{odd}$ are opposite; U_j , V_j & $(\Omega_z)_j$ are opposite; W_j , $(\Omega_x)_j$ & $(\Omega_y)_j$ are equal and so on.

Spheres in plane: When the spheres lie in any of the symmetry planes then the opposite constants for that plane of symmetry become zero.