

Appendix-A Tables of Collected Experimental Data of Skin Friction Coefficient in a Compressible Turbulent Boundary Layer.

Table A1 Experimental Data of Skin Friction Coefficient at Various Reynolds Numbers and Mach Numbers

(For Adiabatic Wall Case)

Authors and Years	Ma	Re <sub>s</sub>	Rox10 <sup>-6</sup>	c <sub>f</sub>	$\bar{c}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks	
H.W. Spivak (1950) <del>1951</del>	2.8	9600		0.00187		Flat wall of a 2-D nozzle	c <sub>f/2</sub> to ds <sub>x</sub> /dx $\bar{c}_f/2$ to $\delta_x/x$	—	
	2.8	9300		0.00182					
	2.8	10800		0.00180					
	2.8	11700		0.00177					
	2.8	12000		0.00171					
	2.8	12300		0.00170					
	2.8	13400		0.00169					
	2.8	13600		0.00168					
	2.8			7.6	0.00187				0.00246
	2.8			8.0	0.00182				0.00244
	2.8			8.9	0.00180				0.00237
	2.8			10.0	0.00177				0.00230
2.8			10.0	0.00171	0.00237				
2.8			10.8	0.00170	0.00226				
2.8			12.0	0.00169	0.00227				
2.8			12.5	0.00168	0.00222				

Authors and Years	$M_e$	Res <sub>s</sub>	$Re_{X10}^{-6}$	$C_f$	$\bar{C}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
R. E. Wilson (1950)	1.897		3.1		0.0033	Flat Plate	$\bar{C}_f/2$ to $S_{ix}$	$x$ is the effective length which was determined by extrapolating $S_x$ to zero.
	1.897		5.8		0.0026			
	1.897		11.1		0.00238			
	1.897		13.8		0.00242			
	1.897		16.6		0.00230			
	2.121		0.93		0.00350			
	2.121		8.3		0.00240			
	2.121		11		0.00220			
	2.121		13.5		0.00218			
	2.003		2.83		0.00310			
	2.003		5.45		0.00258			
	2.003		10.6		0.00234			
	2.003		13.3		0.00230			
	2.003		16.0		0.00220			
	2.186		8		0.00240			
	2.186		10.5		0.00219			
	2.186		12.8		0.00218			
	2.186		15.4		0.00212			
	2.186		0.82		0.00390			

Authors and Years	$M_g$	$R_{g_2}$	$R_{ex} \times 10^{-6}$	$c_f$	$\bar{c}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
M. W. Rubesin,	2.5		3.14		0.00266	Flat Plate	$\bar{c}_f$ to $S_2/x$ .	$x$ is the length w
R. C. Maydew, and	2.5		3.49		0.00255			determin
S. A. Varga (1951)	2.5		3.63		0.00255			extrapola
<del>187</del>	2.5		4.13		0.00246			to zero
	2.5		4.13		0.00253			
	2.5		4.73		0.00241			
	2.5		4.73		0.00242			
	2.5		5.45		0.00241			
	2.5		6.09		0.00231			
	2.5		2.70		0.00247			
	2.5		3.21		0.00264			
	2.5		3.56		0.00250			
	2.5		3.69		0.00251			
	2.5		4.20		0.00244			
	2.5		4.22		0.00250			
	2.5		4.80		0.00241			
	2.5		4.83		0.00238			
	2.5		5.48		0.00239			
	2.5		6.17		0.00229			



Authors and Years	$Re_\delta$	$Re_x \times 10^{-6}$	$C_f$	$\bar{C}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
P.F. Brinich and N.S. Diaconis (1952)	2130		0.00206		Cylindrical testing model placed co- axially in a circular section tunnel.	Measurements of velocity profile at the outer surface of the model and $q/2$ to the slope of $52$ vs $x$ .	—
	2600		0.00199				
	3030		0.00190				
	4400		0.00174				
	7800		0.00146				
	10300		0.00142				
	13000		0.00129				
	14500		0.00128				
W.F. Cope (1952)	2565		0.00250		Flat plate	Shear stress to the velocity gradient at the wall.	—
	2720		0.00210				
	5655		0.00210				
S. Dahwan (1952)	0.352	1	0.00346		Flat plate	Direct force measurement on a floating element	$x$ is the dis- tance from the rear edge of the
	0.63	1	0.00340				
	0.764	1	0.00329				
	1.24	1	0.00296				
	1.26	1	0.00296				
	1.37	1	0.00282				
	1.44	1	0.00279				
	1.45	1	0.00272				

Author and Year	Mc	Res <sub>2</sub>	Re <sub>2</sub> × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	C <sub>f</sub>	$\bar{C}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
R.J. Monaghan and J.E. Johnson (1952)	2.43	1072	0.596	0.00295	0.00360	Flat plate	Velocity profiles; $\bar{S}_1$ to $S_2/x$ ; $S_2$ to the slope of $S_2$ vs $x$ .	$x$ is the effective length which was determined by extrapolating $S_2$ to zero.
<del>597</del>	2.43	1451	0.824	0.00272	0.00352			
	2.43	1792	1.187	0.00250	0.00302			
	2.43	2521	1.93	0.00237	0.00298			
	2.43	3268	2.36	0.00227	0.00277			
	2.43	3950	2.93	0.00218	0.00270			
R.J. Monaghan and J.R. Cooke (1953)	2.82	886	0.490	0.00272	0.00359	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto
<del>598</del>	2.82	1493	0.945	0.00243	0.00316			
	2.82	1777	1.346	0.00219	0.00264			
	2.82	2180	1.570	0.00203	0.00278			
	2.82	2660	1.860	0.00196	0.00286			
	2.82	2789	2.178	0.00193	0.00256			
D.R. Chapman and R.H. Koster (1954)	0.81		4.04	0.00308	0.00293	Cylindrical Model with air flowing axially at the outer surface of the model	Direct measurement of total force on the cylinder.	$x$ is the effective length which was determined by extrapolating $S_2$ to zero.
<del>599</del>	0.81		4.82	0.00293	0.00288			
	0.81		6.20	0.00280	0.00288			
	0.81		6.68	0.00288	0.00288			
	0.81		7.42	0.00282	0.00282			
	0.81		7.78	0.00279	0.00279			



Authors and Years	$M_c$	$R_{62}$	$R_{210}^6$	$C_p$	$\bar{C}_p$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
D.R. Chapman and R.H. Kestler (Cont.)	0.81		8.20		0.00269			
	0.81		9.00		0.00276			
	0.81		9.80		0.00268			
	0.81		10.9		0.00261			
	0.81		11.9		0.00263			
	0.81		12.0		0.00264			
	0.81		13.25		0.00260			
	0.81		13.5		0.00261			
	0.81		15.0		0.00256			
	0.81		15.4		0.00250			
	0.81		17.6		0.00250			
	0.81		17.3		0.00251			
	0.81		18.0		0.00250			
	0.81		20.7		0.00243			
	0.81		23.3		0.00240			
	0.81		26.9		0.00237			
	0.81		31.8		0.00232			
	2.5		5.78		0.00216			
	2.5		6.98		0.00202			

Authors and Years	$M_c$	$R_{os}$	$R_{ex} \times 10^{-6}$	$C_f$	$\bar{C}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
D.R. Chapman and R.H. Kester (cont.)	2.5		7.70		0.00202			
	2.5		9.00		0.00195			
	2.5		9.30		0.00195			
	2.5		11.2		0.00191			
	2.5		11.3		0.00189			
	2.5		12.4		0.00190			
	2.5		14.3		0.00190			
	2.5		14.4		0.00188			
	2.5		16.0		0.00182			
	2.5		16.0		0.00182			
	2.5		16.0		0.00182			
	2.5		17.9		0.00183			
	2.5		18.0		0.00179			
	2.5		21.0		0.00174			
	2.5		24.2		0.00170			
	2.5		26.4		0.00168			
	2.5		28.3		0.00163			
	2.5		31.2		0.00167			
	3.6		6.25		0.00170			
	3.6		9.46		0.00163			

Authors and Years	$M_0$	$Re_{S_2}$	$Re \times 10^{-6}$	$C_f$	$\bar{C}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks.
R.D. Chapman and R.H. Kester (Cont.)	3.6 3.6 3.6		10.0 16.2 17.5 18.3		0.00165 0.00153 0.00154 0.00151			
D. Coles (1954)	2.6 2.6 3.7 3.7 3.7 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5	6600 10200 4100 7560 2900 3470 5240 6590	6.08 10.26 3.98 8.63 2.81 3.57 6.20 8.17	0.00181 0.00166 0.00162 0.00138 0.00155 0.00148 0.00126 0.00122		Flat plate	Direct force measurement on a floating element.	$x$ is the distance from a tripping device.
R.M. O'Donnell (1954)	2.41 2.41 2.41 2.41 2.41 2.41	1530 2140 2200 3000 3600 4100		0.00240 0.00240 0.00223 0.00236 0.00190 0.00200 0.00180		Cylindrical model with air flowing axially.	Velocity profiles at the outer surface of the model. $C_{fx}$ to the slope of $S_2$ vs $x$ , $\bar{C}_f/2$ to $S_2/x$ .	$x$ is the effective length which was determined by extrapolating $S_2$ to zero.



Authors and Years	M <sub>g</sub>	R <sub>as</sub>	R <sub>ax</sub> × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	C <sub>g</sub>	C <sub>f</sub>	Models	Measurements	Remarks
R.M. O'Donnell (cont.)	2.41	5360		0.00173				
	2.41		0.59		0.00360			
	2.41		0.93		0.00326			
	2.41		1.42		0.00300			
	2.41		2.12		0.00372			
	2.41		2.41		0.00291			
	2.41		2.90		0.00268			
	2.41		3.26		0.00260			
R.S. Hakkinen (1955)	0.18		0.33	0.00417				
	0.20		0.36	0.00409				
	0.26		0.48	0.00395				
	0.27		0.48	0.00380				
	0.31		0.55	0.00384				
	0.33		0.59	0.00374				
	0.37		0.63	0.00366				
	0.46		0.76	0.00340				
	0.49		0.82	0.00344				
	0.56		0.90	0.00336				
	0.57		0.90	0.00337				
						Flat plate	Direct force measurement on a floating element.	x is the distance from a tipping device.

Authors and Years	$M_0$	$R_{0.5}$	$R_{0.10}^{-6}$	$C_f$	$\bar{C}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks.
R. S. Halkinva (Cont.)	0.65		1.00	0.00330				
	0.75		1.03	0.00301				
	0.85		1.12	0.00301				
	0.91		1.20	0.00300				
	1.45		1.04	0.00300				
	1.48		1.04	0.00294				
	1.49		1.04	0.00300				
	1.50		1.02	0.00291				
	1.50		1.04	0.00302				
	1.50		1.02	0.00302				
	1.50		1.03	0.00302				
	1.50		1.03	0.00292				
	1.52		1.02	0.00309				
	1.52		1.02	0.00307				
	1.52		1.01	0.00309				
	1.52		1.01	0.00307				
	1.71		0.68	0.00324				
	1.72		0.67	0.00321				
	1.73		0.66	0.00321				

Authors and Years	Mg	Re <sub>s</sub>	Re <sub>x</sub> × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	C <sub>f</sub>	$\bar{C}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
R.J. Makinen (Cont.)	174		0.67	0.00323				
	175		0.67	0.00323				
	173		0.84	0.00313				
	174		0.85	0.00319				
	174		0.85	0.00319				
	176		0.84	0.00310				
	176		0.84	0.00312				
R.H. Korkegi (1956) <del>1955</del>	5.787	2477		0.001316		Flat plate	Direct force measurement on a flowing element.	
	5.770	2780		0.001275				
	5.792	3429		0.001223				
	5.805	4040		0.001179				
F.E. Goddard (1959) <del>1958</del>	0.7		1.89		0.00412	Cylindrical model with air flowing axially at the outer surface of the model	Direct measurement of the force on the cylinder	
	0.7		3.80		0.00340			
	0.7		5.71		0.00327			
	0.7		7.21		0.00328			
	3.07		2.54		0.00193			
	3.07		2.79		0.00189			
	3.07		3.41		0.00182			
3.07		4.30		0.00172				
							x is the effective length which was determined by extrapolating S <sub>z</sub> to zero.	



Authors and Years	M <sub>g</sub>	Re <sub>g</sub> s	Re <sub>x</sub> 10 <sup>-6</sup>	c <sub>f</sub>	C <sub>f</sub>	Models	Measurements	Remarks
F. E. Goddard (cont.)	3.07		5.30		0.00169			
	3.7		3.68		0.00169			
	3.7		4.40		0.00158			
	3.7		5.05		0.00150			
	4.54		4.23		0.00150			
	4.54		4.42		0.00140			
	4.54		4.45		0.00135			
	4.54		4.55		0.00149			
	4.54		4.90		0.00142			
	4.54		5.20		0.00140			
	4.54		5.40		0.00139			
	4.54		6.20		0.00140			
	4.54		6.40		0.00133			
	4.54		6.40		0.00129			
	4.54		7.10		0.00140			
	4.54		7.40		0.00130			
	4.54		7.40		0.00123			
	4.54		7.90		0.00127			
	4.54		8.20		0.00130			

Authors and Years	$M_c$	$Re_{s2}$	$Re_x \times 10^{-6}$	$q_f$	$\bar{q}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
F.W. Matting, D.R. Chapman, J.R. Nigholm, and A.G. Thomas (1961)	2.95		6.18	0.00160		Flat wall of a 2-D nozzle.	Direct force measure- ment on a floating element	$x$ is the distance measured from the transition
	2.95		8.30	0.00155				
	2.95		9.01	0.00154				
	2.95		10.50	0.00150				
	2.95		12.00	0.00146				
	2.95		13.0	0.00145				
	2.95		14.8	0.00142				
	2.95		17.2	0.00140				
	2.95		19.9	0.00136				
	2.95		21.9	0.00134				
	2.95		24.6	0.00133				
	2.95		26.0	0.00130				
	2.95		27.5	0.00130				
	2.95		30.5	0.00130				
	2.95		34.0	0.00126				
	2.95		35.5	0.00129				
	2.95		37.5	0.00124				
	2.95		42.0	0.00123				
	2.95		54.0	0.00120				

Authors and Years	$M_c$	Ross	$R_{ox} \times 10^{-6}$	$c_f$	$\bar{c}_f$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
F. W. Matting et al (cont.)	2.95		65.0	0.00119				
	4.2		4.63	0.00132				
	4.2		5.90	0.00130				
	4.2		6.64	0.00126				
	4.2		7.53	0.00125				
	4.2		8.0	0.00120				
	4.2		9.12	0.00118				
	4.2		9.80	0.00115				
	4.2		11.2	0.00114				
	4.2		12.6	0.00110				
	4.2		14.0	0.00109				
	4.2		15.4	0.00107				
	4.2		17.5	0.00105				
	4.2		19.5	0.00104				
	4.2		22.5	0.00101				
4.2		25.0	0.000995					
4.2		27.5	0.000975					
4.2		30.2	0.000960					
4.2		34.8	0.000948					



Authors and Years	M <sub>g</sub>	R <sub>02</sub>	R <sub>02</sub> 10 <sup>-6</sup>	C <sub>f</sub>	C <sub>f</sub>	Models	Measurements	Remarks
F.W. Matting et al (Cont.)	4.2		37.6	0.000928				
	4.2		42.0	0.000922				
	4.2		48.0	0.000920				
	4.2		55.0	0.000898				
	4.2		61.0	0.000880				
	4.2		68.2	0.000860				
	4.2		75.0	0.000855				
	4.2		84.0	0.000840				
	4.2		95.2	0.000828				
	6.7		7.17	0.00068				
	6.7		7.64	0.00066				
	6.7		9.60	0.000634				
	6.7		14.8	0.000610				
	6.7		18.6	0.000600				
	6.7		27.8	0.000530				
6.7		33.0	0.000572					
6.7		45.0	0.000510					
9.9		46.8	0.000529					
9.9		14.7	0.000331					
9.9		20.4	0.000325					

Table A2 Experimental Data of Skin Friction Coefficient at Various Reynolds Numbers, Mach Numbers and Temperature  $T$  (For the Case of Heat Transfer)

Authors and Years	$M_\infty$	$T/T_\infty$	$Re_s$	$Re_x \times 10^{-6}$	$C_f$	$\bar{C}_f$	Model	Measurements	Remarks
Z. H. Abbot (1953)	3.9	1	1944	5	0.00221	0.00239	Cylindrical model	Drag from rate of deceleration	—
	7.25	1.8	2464	5	0.00206	0.00116			
R. J. Monaghan and J. R. Cooke (1953)	7.25	1.8	3391	7.5	0.00196	0.00104	Flat plate	Cp from the slope of $S_2$ vs $x$ , and $\bar{C}_f/2$ from $S_2/x$	$x$ is the effective length which was determined by interpolating $S_2$ zero
	2.82	3.5	3107	2.426	0.00198	0.00256			
	2.82	3.5	2464	1.731	0.00206	0.00285			
	2.82	3.5	1898	1.343	0.00221	0.00290			
	2.82	3.5	2278	2.897	0.00196	0.00234			
R. J. Monaghan and J. R. Cooke (1953)	2.43	2.94	1898	0.98	0.00300	0.00388	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto
	2.43	2.94	2278	1.40	0.00273	0.00326			
	2.43	2.94	3270	2.10	0.00232	0.00313			
	2.43	2.94	3516	2.51	0.00200	0.00279			
	2.43	2.94	4525	3.20	0.00188	0.00281			
	2.43	3.42	2239	1.42	0.00248	0.00315			
	2.43	3.42	3003	2.12	0.00232	0.00280			
	2.43	3.42	3568	2.71	0.00218	0.00265			
	2.43	3.42	4556	3.70	0.00209	0.00245			
	2.43	3.42	5581	4.39	0.00195	0.00255			



Authors and Years	M <sub>g</sub>	T <sub>3</sub> /T <sub>4</sub>	Res <sub>2</sub>	Res <sub>2</sub> × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	C <sub>g</sub>	$\bar{q}$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
C.C. Pappas (1954) <del>ETI</del>	1.69	1.7		0.807		0.00369	Flat plate	$\bar{q}/2$ to $\delta_2/2$	x is the effective length which was determined by extrapolating $\delta_2$ to zero.
	1.69	1.7		1.50		0.00321			
	1.69	1.7		2.20		0.00316			
	1.69	1.7		2.89		0.00292			
	1.69	1.7		3.55		0.00280			
	1.69	1.65		2.74		0.00318			
	1.69	1.65		3.80		0.00300			
	1.69	1.65		6.00		0.00276			
	1.69	1.63		1.89		0.00336			
	1.69	1.63		1.92		0.00337			
	1.69	1.63		2.92		0.00310			
	1.69	1.63		3.00		0.00316			
1.69	1.63		4.01		0.00283				
1.69	1.63		4.09		0.00271				
1.69	1.63		5.42		0.00279				
1.69	1.61		3.62		0.00273				
1.69	1.61		5.45		0.00255				
1.69	1.61		7.18		0.00256				
1.69	1.61		7.21		0.00240				



Author and Year	M <sub>0</sub>	T <sub>1</sub> /T <sub>0</sub>	Re <sub>s</sub>	Re <sub>x</sub> × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	C <sub>f</sub>	$\bar{q}$	Models	Measurements	Remarks	
C.C. Pappas (cont.)	1.69	1.61		8.98		0.00235				
	2.27	2.18		0.94		0.00342				
	2.27	2.18		1.95		0.00307				
	2.27	2.18		2.88		0.00286				
	2.27	2.18		3.90		0.00270				
	2.27	2.18		4.80		0.00270				
	2.27	2.19		1.48		0.00340				
	2.27	2.19		2.35		0.00290				
	2.27	2.19		4.30		0.00268				
	2.27	2.19		5.50		0.00254				
S.C. Sommer and B.J. Short (1955)	2.27	2.12		3.56		0.00273				
	2.27	2.12		4.90		0.00250				
	2.27	2.12		6.40		0.00250				
	2.27	2.12		7.80		0.00230				
	2.81	1.03		3.00		0.00312				
	3.82	1.05		4.07		0.00250		Free flight tests on a tubular	Drag from rate of deceleration.	X is the effective length which was de- termined by as- trapolating S <sub>z</sub> to zero.
	5.63	1.29		4.71		0.00187		model		
	6.90	1.70		4.06		0.00138				
	6.90	1.70		6.09		0.00144				

Authors and Year	Mg	Ts/Tg	Re <sub>s2</sub>	Re <sub>s</sub> × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	C <sub>f</sub>	$\bar{C}_f$	Model	Measurements	Remarks
S.C. Sommer and B.J. Short (cont.)	7.00	1.75		6.06		0.00126			
	7.00	1.75		9.92		0.00132			
	3.78	1.05		4.94		0.00229			
	3.67	1.05		3.78		0.00251			
F.K. Hill (1956) <del>1957</del>	8.99	7.68	1245		0.000790		Axially symmetrical nozzle using dry N <sub>2</sub> as mainstream gas	Shear stress to the velocity gradient at the wall	
	9.04	7.97	1607		0.000891				
	9.07	8.28	1908		0.000851				
	9.10	8.69	2287		0.000800				
	8.22	7.17	2081		0.000924				
	8.25	7.26	2498		0.000910				
	8.27	7.34	2885		0.000870				
	8.29	7.37	3202		0.000820				
	8.29	7.41	3451		0.000771				
F.K. Hill (1959) <del>1959</del>	8.25	6.12	2200		0.000910		Ditto	Ditto	
	8.27	6.17	2505		0.000840				
	8.28	6.25	2760		0.000796				
	8.29	6.18	2965		0.000734				
	9.04	8.07	1936		0.000913				
	9.07	8.30	2276		0.000870				



Author and Year	Ma	Ts/Ta	Res.	Re x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	C <sub>f</sub>	C <sub>f</sub>	Model	Measurements	Remarks			
S.C. Sommer and B. J. Short (cont.)	7.00	1.75		6.06		0.00126						
	7.00	1.75		9.92		0.00132						
	3.78	1.05		4.94		0.00229						
	3.67	1.05		3.78		0.00251						
F.K. Hill (1956) <del>[ ]</del>	8.99	7.68	1245		0.000790		Axially symmetrical nozzle using dry N <sub>2</sub> as mainstream gas	Shear stress to the velocity gradient at the wall				
	9.04	7.97	1607		0.000891							
	9.07	8.28	1908		0.000851							
	9.10	8.69	2287		0.000800							
	8.22	7.17	2081		0.000924							
	8.25	7.26	2498		0.000910							
	8.27	7.34	2885		0.000870							
	8.29	7.37	3202		0.000820							
	8.29	7.41	3451		0.000771							
	F.K. Hill (1959) <del>[ ]</del>	8.25	6.12	2200		0.000910				Ditto	Ditto	
		8.27	6.17	2505		0.000840						
8.28		6.25	2760		0.000796							
8.29		6.18	2965		0.000734							
	9.04	8.07	1936		0.000913							
	9.07	8.30	2276		0.000870							



Authors and Years	Me	$\tau_s/\tau_w$	Re <sub>s</sub>	Re <sub>w</sub> $10^{-6}$	$C_p$	$\bar{C}_p$	Models	Measurements	Remarks
F. K. Hill (Cont.)	9.10	8.65	2710		0.000805				
	10.03	9.76	1300		0.000841				
	10.04	9.32	1450		0.000761				
	10.05	8.91	1680		0.000696				
	10.06	8.99	1700		0.000673				
E. M. Winkler (1961)	5.21	5.15	2099	2.72	0.00147	0.00154	Flat plate	Shear stress to the velocity gradient at the wall.	x is the length from the leading edge of the plate.
	5.14	5.50	2936	3.36	0.00139	0.00175			
	5.20	5.38	3173	4.07	0.00143	0.00156			
	5.26	5.52	3880	5.04	0.00135	0.00154			
	4.98	4.51	1900	2.29	0.00134	0.00166			
	5.19	4.74	1782	2.58	0.00161	0.00138			
	5.20	4.83	2960	3.81	0.00135	0.00155			
	5.24	5.02	3455	4.88	0.00115	0.00152			
	5.24	4.97	3799	5.11	0.00106	0.00148			
	5.17	3.89	1055	2.01	0.00147	0.00133			
	5.16	3.71	1652	2.57	0.00132	0.00129			
	5.10	3.58	1735	2.73	0.00134	0.00127			
	5.11	3.52	2488	2.27	0.00124	0.00153			
	5.20	3.77	2482	3.27	0.00120	0.00137			
	5.12	3.78	3256	3.57	0.00105	0.00182			