

1 Title: Modification of milk resulting in low potassium and minimal electrolyte changes  
2 with minimal changes in taste

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5 **SUPPLEMENTARY FILE**

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7 **Required materials for the Dialysis method**

8 • Cellophane membrane

9 - HEIKO Wrap Cellophane™ 500 mm × 30 m (SHIMOJIMA Co., Ltd., Taito  
10 Ward, Tokyo Prefecture, Japan)

11 • Glass container with a top diameter of 75 mm, a base diameter of 65 mm, and  
12 depth of 70 mm.

13 • Submarine motor™ (Tamiya, INC., Shizuoka City, Shizuoka Prefecture, Japan)

14 • Two AA batteries for the submarine motor™.

15 • Small frame work:

16 - Clean tea strainer diameter™ 55 mm (Sun corporation Inc., Tsubame City,  
17 Niigata Prefecture, Japan): as a mold for a hollow of the cellophane membrane.

18 • Large frame work:

19 - Clean tea strainer diameter™ 77 mm (Sun corporation Inc., Tsubame City,  
20 Niigata Prefecture, Japan): to support the 55 mm diameter™ Clean tea strainer by  
21 bridging the glass container.

- 22 • Stirrer
- 23     - CT-MINI 2-4990-01™ (AsOne corporation)
- 24 • 35 mm stirring bar
- 25 • Sodium polystyrene sulfonate which was previously washed with deionised water
- 26     - AmberLite™ IR120B (DuPont de Nemours, Inc.)
- 27 • Propeller protection framework
- 28     - Tea strainer of Masaki type B small™ (Masaki Inc., Fukuoka City, Fukuoka
- 29        Prefecture, Japan)
- 30 • Propeller protection cover
- 31     - Tea filter bag (Tokiwa kougyou Inc., Shikokuchuo City, Ehime Prefecture, Japan)
- 32 • Homogenized-whole-cow's milk
- 33 • Deionised water
- 34 • Food wrap: to prevent evaporation of the dialysate.
- 35 • A pair of nippers: to modify the submarine motor™ props.

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### 37 **Experimental procedure for the Dialysis method**

38 Step 1. Cut the cellophane membrane into a 500 mm × 500 mm sheet. Then carefully  
39 stretch this cellophane membrane along the inside of the two-piled framework (the  
40 small framework and the large framework) so as not to tear the cellophane membrane  
41 (Figure S2).

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43 Step 2. Place 7.5 g (dry weight) of sodium polystyrene sulfonate into the hollow of the  
44 cellophane membrane.

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46 Step 3. Cut the tips of the four props and propeller of the submarine motor™ using a  
47 pair of nippers: to stir the dialysate at a lower position (Figure S3).

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49 Step 4. Connect the AA battery to the submarine motor™ in reverse order to create an  
50 upward flow in the dialysate. In this condition, the Submarine motor is pressed  
51 downward due to Newton's third law and become stable during stirring.

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53 Step 5. Remove the pin of the propeller protection framework (Figure S4), then cover  
54 the tip of the submarine motor™ with this propeller protection framework (Figure S5).

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56 Step 6. Cut a tea filter bag 40 mm from the bottom. Cover the tip of the submarine  
57 motor™ with this tea filter bag primarily to prevent sodium polystyrene sulfonate from  
58 being impacted by the propeller (Figure S6).

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60 Step 7. Stand the submarine motor™ up in the hollow of the cellophane membrane.

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62 Step 8. Place the stirring bar and 150.0 g of milk into the container.

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64 Step 9. Set the superstructure on the container. Place 15.0 g of deionised water into the  
65 hollow of the cellophane membrane (Figure S1).

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67 Step 10. Cover both the submarine motor™ and the hollow of the cellophane membrane  
68 with food wrap to prevent evaporation (Figure S7).

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70 Step 11. Stir both the milk and the deionised water for 300 min in a refrigerator. The  
71 battery of the Submarine motor needs to be exchanged once during the reaction time.

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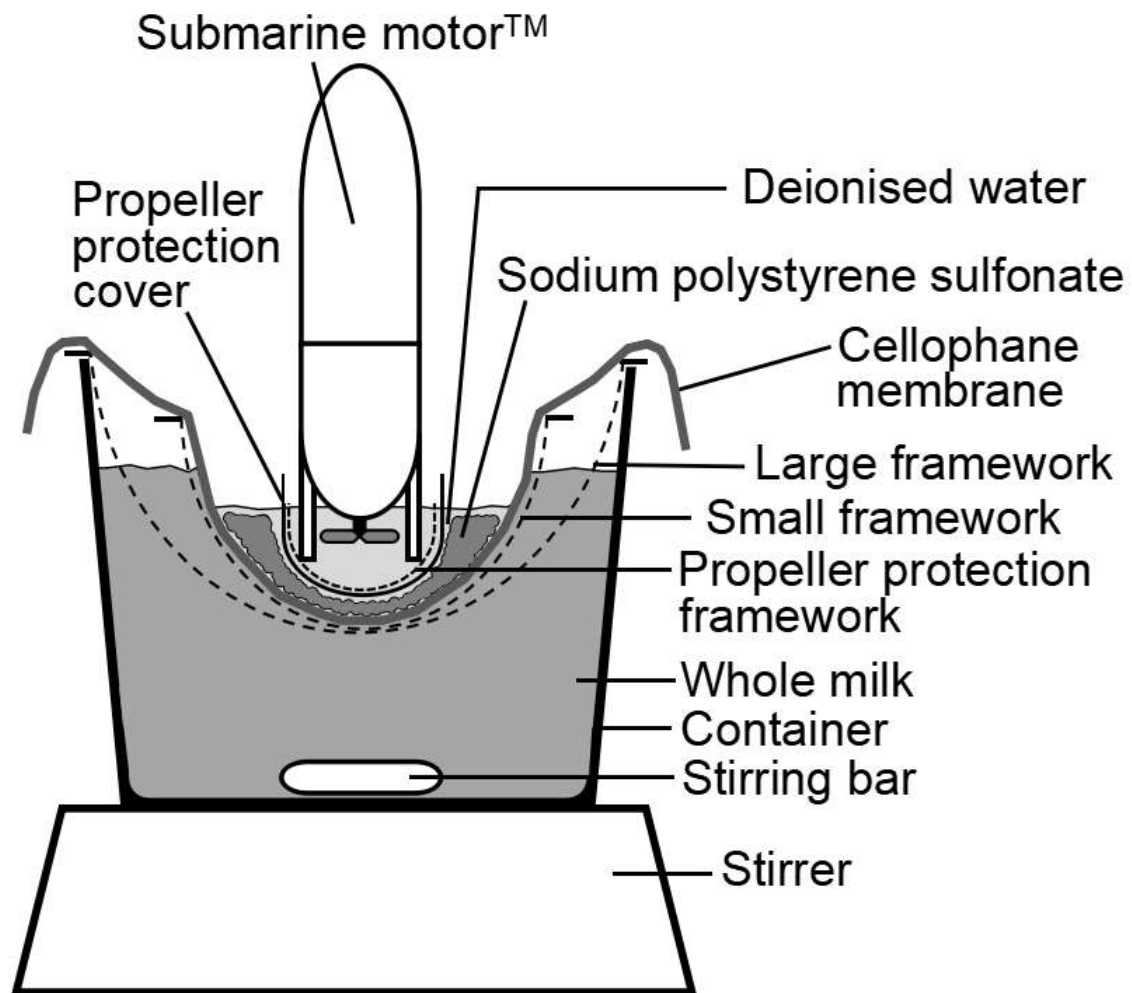
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85 **Supplementary Figures**

86 **Figure S1**

87 To prevent the milk from dilution caused by osmotic pressure differences between the  
88 milk and the dialysate, the liquid-level height of the dialysate was set at 10–30 mm  
89 lower than that of the milk. This was adjusted by the size of the container.

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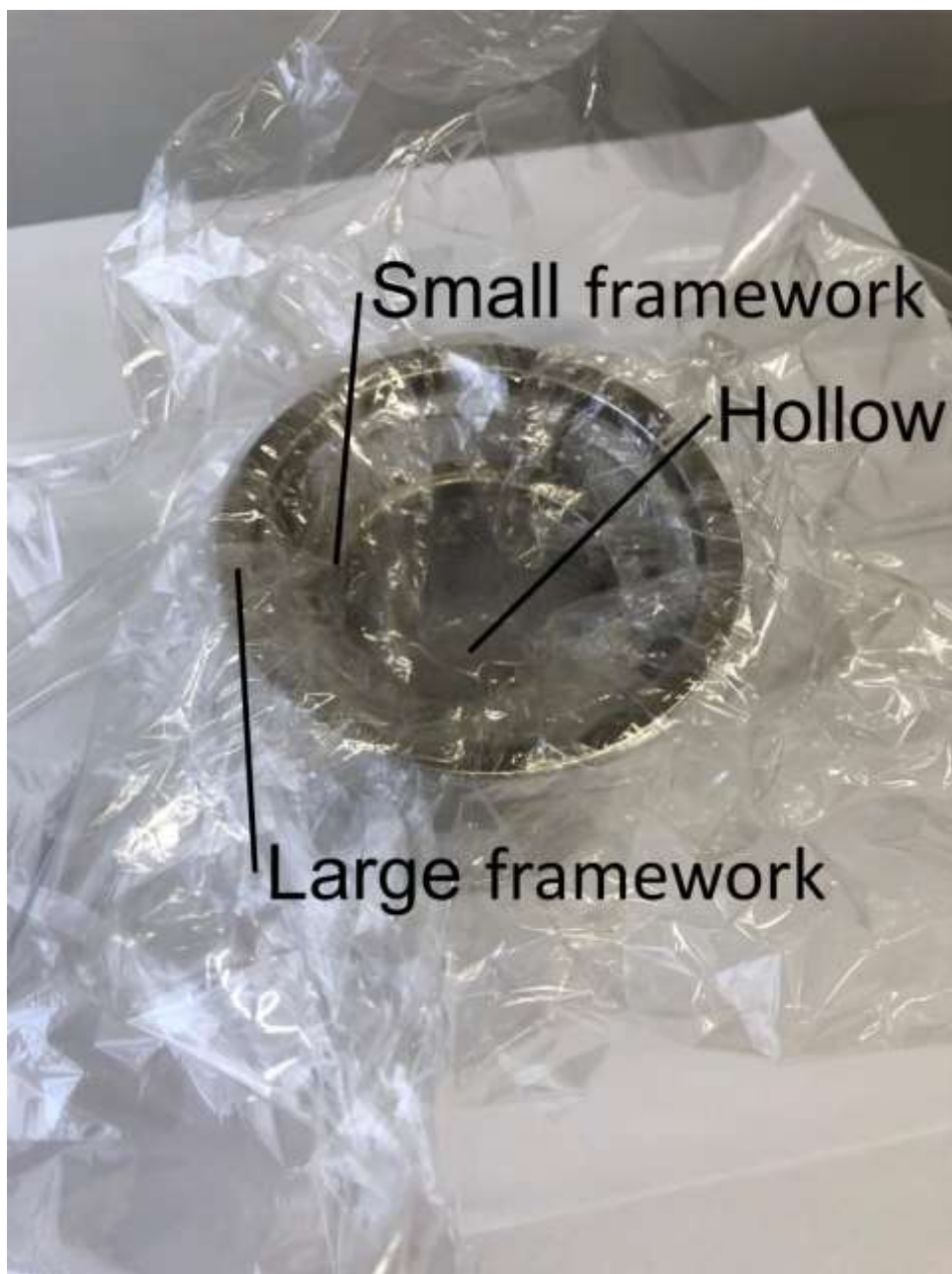
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94 **Figure S2**

95 Cellophane membrane was stretched along the inside of the two-piled framework.



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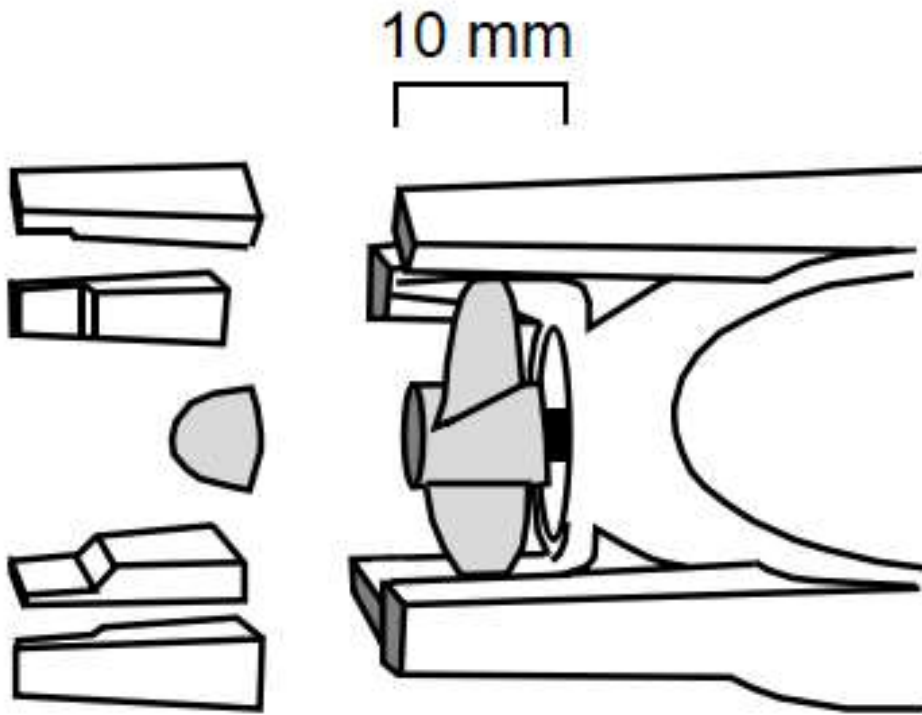
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100 **Figure S3**

101 Tips of the four props and propeller of the submarine motor™ were cut using a pair of  
102 nippers.



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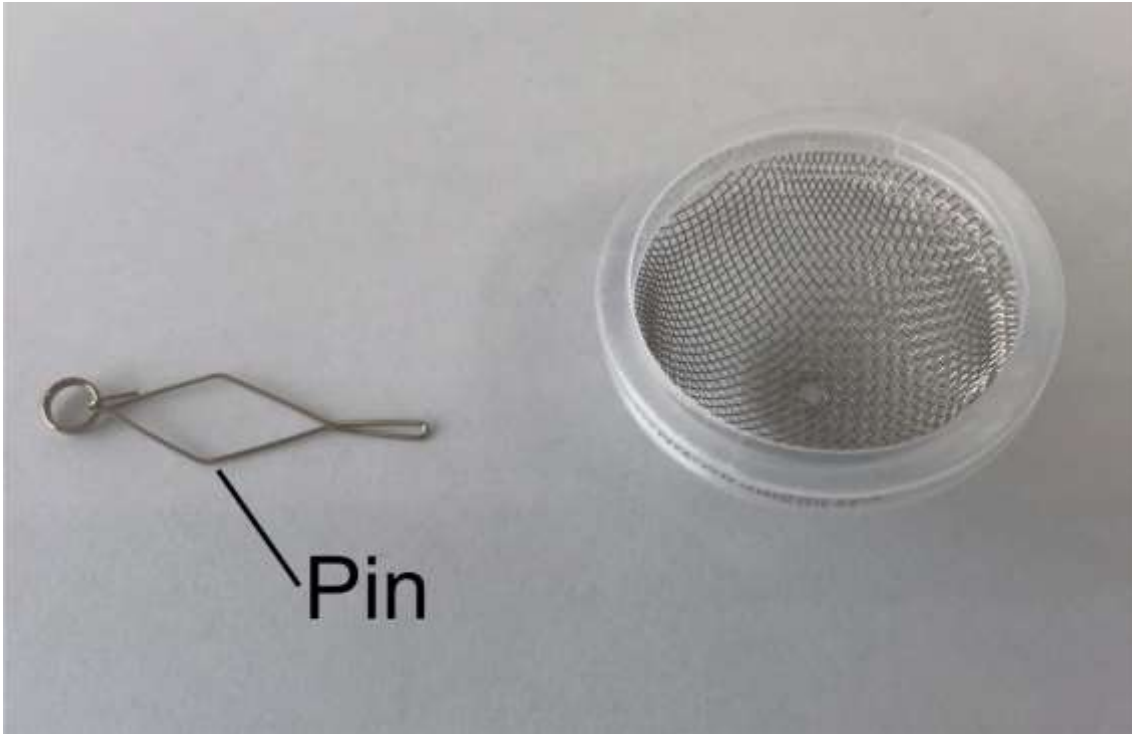
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112 **Figure S4**

113 A pin of the propeller protection framework was removed.



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116 **Figure S5**

117 The tip of the submarine motor™ was covered with the propeller protection framework.



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120 **Figure S6**

121 The tip of the submarine motor™ which was covered with the propeller protection  
122 framework was covered with a tea filter bag.



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133 **Figure S7**

134 Both the submarine motor™ and the hollow of the cellophane membrane were covered  
135 with food wrap.

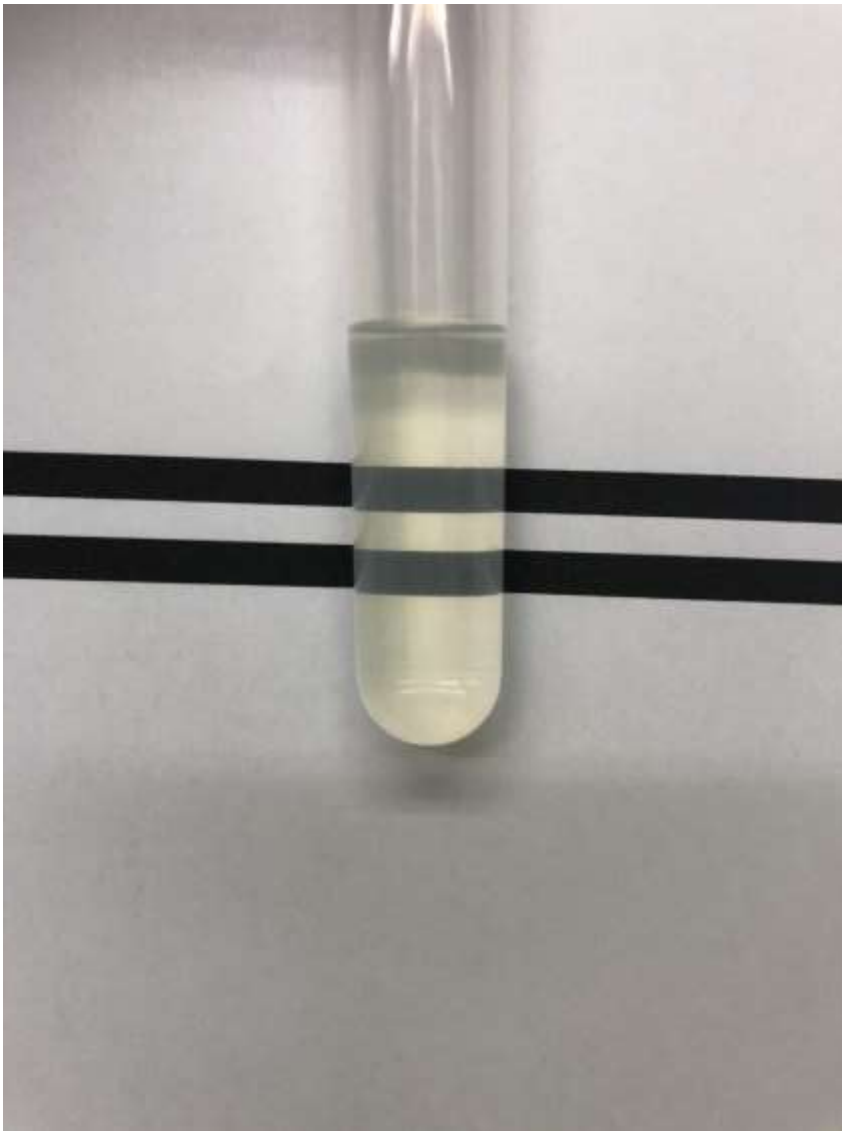


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138 **Figure S8**

139 The dialysate after dialysis procedure. The figure shows that the dialysate remained  
140 clear enough to see double lines after dialysis procedure. The double lines were drawn  
141 in the background for assessing degrees of clearness.



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