**Online Appendix**

**Table A.1: Descriptive Statistics, Canadian Election Studies, 2004-2015**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***Variables*** | **Valid N** | **Mean** | **Std. Dev.** | **Min.** | **Max.** |
| Attitudes: same-sex marriage | 15,946 | 1.809 | .796 | 1 | 3 |
| Attitudes: women working outside the home | 15,918 | 2.246 | 1.482 | 1 | 5 |
| Conservative party vote | 11,066 | .316 | .465 | 0 | 1 |
| Importance of religion in life | 20,252 | 2.495 | 1.162 | 1 | 4 |
| Year 2004 | 21,080 | .110 | .313 | 0 | 1 |
| Year 2006 | 21,080 | .098 | .297 | 0 | 1 |
| Year 2008 | 21,080 | .155 | .361 | 0 | 1 |
| Year 2011 | 21,080 | .164 | .370 | 0 | 1 |
| Year 2015 | 21,080 | .474 | .499 | 0 | 1 |
| No religion | 20,044 | .240 | .427 | 0 | 1 |
| Catholic | 20,044 | .366 | .482 | 0 | 1 |
| Mainline Protestant | 20,044 | .259 | .438 | 0 | 1 |
| Other Protestant | 20,044 | .064 | 245 | 0 | 1 |
| Other religion | 20,044 | .070 | .256 | 0 | 1 |
| Age | 20,703 | 50.697 | 17.157 | 18 | 102 |
| Female | 21,070 | .532 | .499 | 0 | 1 |
| Not in paid work | 20,701 | .422 | .494 | 0 | 1 |
| Level of education | 20,895 | 6.934 | 2.096 | 1 | 11 |
| Born outside of Canada | 20,830 | .142 | .349 | 0 | 1 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 21,072 | .026 | .159 | 0 | 1 |
| Prince Edward Island | 21,072 | .024 | .154 | 0 | 1 |
| Nova Scotia | 21,072 | .030 | .170 | 0 | 1 |
| New Brunswick | 21,072 | .029 | .168 | 0 | 1 |
| Quebec | 21,072 | .292 | .455 | 0 | 1 |
| Ontario | 21,072 | .323 | .468 | 0 | 1 |
| Manitoba | 21,072 | .045 | .206 | 0 | 1 |
| Saskatchewan | 21,072 | .037 | .189 | 0 | 1 |
| Alberta | 21,072 | .067 | .250 | 0 | 1 |
| British Columbia | 21,072 | .128 | .334 | 0 | 1 |

**Table A.2: Effects on the Conservative vote, 2004-2015 CESs, in odds ratios, QC and ROC**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **QC** *N = 2,706**AIC = 2,391**BIC = 2,480* | **ROC***N = 7,534**AIC = 9134**BIC = 9293* |
|  | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** |
| Importance of religion in life | 1.212\*\* | .080 | 1.279\*\*\* | .044 |
| Mainline Protestant (ref. Catholic) | 1.132 | .235 | 1.299\*\*\* | .087 |
| Other Protestant (ref. Catholic) | 1.177 | .367 | 1.812\*\*\* | .187 |
| Other religion (ref. Catholic) | 1.033 | .284 | .642\*\*\* | .077 |
| No religion (ref. Catholic) | .839 | .152 | .943 | .099 |
| Age | .999 | .004 | 1.011\*\*\* | .002 |
| Female | .721\*\* | .077 | .703\*\*\* | .036 |
| Level of education  | .907\*\*\* | .024 | .920\*\*\* | .012 |
| Not in paid work | .902 | .113 | .832\*\* | .050 |
| Born outside of Canada | .937 | .221 | .871† | .063 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador (ref. Ontario) |  |  | .349\*\*\* | .056 |
| Prince Edward Island (ref. Ontario) |  |  | .639\*\*\* | .090 |
| Nova Scotia (ref. Ontario) |  |  | .491\*\*\* | .067 |
| New Brunswick (ref. Ontario) |  |  | .646\*\*\* | .088 |
| Manitoba (ref. Ontario) |  |  | 1.055 | .112 |
| Saskatchewan (ref. Ontario) |  |  | 1.191 | .136 |
| Alberta (ref. Ontario) |  |  | 2.819\*\*\* | .258 |
| British Columbia (ref. Ontario) |  |  | 1.041 | .074 |
| Year 2004 (ref. 2015) | .240\*\*\* | .090 | 1.298\*\* | .129 |
| Year 2006 (ref. 2015) | 1.835\*\* | .356 | 1.717\*\*\* | .187 |
| Year 2008 (ref. 2015) | 1.218 | .184 | 1.726\*\*\* | .122 |
| Year 2011 (ref. 2015) | 1.137 | .155 | 2.114\*\*\* | .145 |
| Intercept | .312\*\*\* | .102 | .281\*\*\* | .051 |

*Source: Canadian Election Studies, 2004-2015. Results from 2 separate logit generalized structural equation models with maximum likelihood estimation. †= p ≤ .10; \* = p ≤ .05; \*\* = p ≤ .01; \*\*\* = p ≤ .001. AIC for QC baseline model with only sociodemographic covariates = 2,401. BIC for QC baseline model = 2,460. AIC for ROC baseline model = 9,385. BIC for ROC baseline model = 9,509.*

**Table A.3: All effects from 2004-2015 pooled CESs path model, in odds ratios**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Oppose same-sex marriage** | **Oppose women in the labour force** | **Vote Conservative** |
|  | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** |
| Importance of religion in life | 1.888\*\*\* | .043 | 1.395\*\*\* | .030 | 1.042 | .033 |
| Mainline Protestant (ref. Catholic) | 1.063 | .048 | 1.025 | .045 | 1.330\*\*\* | .085 |
| Other Protestant (ref. Catholic) | 2.727\*\*\* | .209 | 1.430\*\*\* | .102 | 1.417\*\*\* | .143 |
| Other religion (ref. Catholic) | 1.208\* | .091 | 1.308\*\*\* | .094 | .650\*\*\* | .073 |
| No religion (ref. Catholic) | 1.542\*\*\* | .101 | 1.331\*\*\* | .083 | .819\* | .076 |
| Age | 1.022\*\*\* | .001 | 1.011\*\*\* | .001 | 1.003† | .002 |
| Female | .501\*\*\* | .017 | .863\*\*\* | .028 | .835\*\*\* | .040 |
| Level of education  | .872\*\*\* | .007 | .871\*\*\* | .007 | .956\*\*\* | .011 |
| Not in paid work | 1.020 | .039 | 1.113\*\* | .041 | .825\*\*\* | .046 |
| Born outside of Canada | 1.792\*\*\* | .090 | 1.472\*\*\* | .071 | .723\*\*\* | .052 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador (ref. Ontario) | .807\* | .082 | .937 | .096 | .368\*\*\* | .060 |
| Prince Edward Island (ref. Ontario) | 1.004 | .101 | .993 | .102 | .640\*\* | .093 |
| Nova Scotia (ref. Ontario) | .694\*\*\* | .067 | .874 | .085 | .529\*\*\* | .074 |
| New Brunswick (ref. Ontario) | .873 | .087 | 1.052 | .103 | .662\*\* | .092 |
| Quebec (ref. Ontario) | .818\*\*\* | .039 | 1.364\*\*\* | .063 | .371\*\*\* | .027 |
| Manitoba (ref. Ontario) | 1.113 | .088 | 1.230\*\* | .095 | .999 | .109 |
| Saskatchewan (ref. Ontario) | 1.365\*\*\* | .114 | 1.295\*\*\* | .105 | 1.100 | .129 |
| Alberta (ref. Ontario) | 1.556\*\*\* | .107 | 1.507\*\*\* | .099 | 2.625\*\*\* | .251 |
| British Columbia (ref. Ontario) | .888\* | .048 | 1.109\* | .058 | 1.039 | .076 |
| Year 2004 (ref. 2015) | 2.863\*\*\* | .150 | 2.972\*\*\* | .149 | .770\*\* | .075 |
| Year 2006 (ref. 2015) | 2.464\*\*\* | .132 | 2.549\*\*\* | .130 | 1.405\*\*\* | .140 |
| Year 2008 (ref. 2015) | 1.929\*\*\* | .096 | 2.837\*\*\* | .135 | 1.336\*\*\* | .090 |
| Year 2011 (ref. 2015) | 1.567\*\*\* | .076 | 1.264\*\*\* | .060 | 1.746\*\*\* | .110 |
| Attitudes: same-sex marriage |  |  |  |  | 1.988\*\*\* | .067 |
| Attitudes: women working outside the home |  |  |  |  | 1.112\*\*\* | .019 |

*Source: Canadian Election Studies, 2004-2015.* *Maximum likelihood estimation. Intercept = .139\*\*\*. N same-sex marriage = 14,623. N women in the labour force = 14,587. N Conservative vote = 10,131. Log likelihood for baseline model with only sociodemographic covariates = -5931.148; Log likelihood for full path model = -37,411.035; Likelihood ratio test: p = 0.000. †= p ≤ .10; \* = p ≤ .05; \*\* = p ≤ .01; \*\*\* = p ≤ .001. AIC baseline model = 11,900.3; AIC full model = 74,978.07. BIC baseline model = 12,037.89; BIC full model 75,570.41.*

**Table A.4: All effects from 2011 CES path model, in odds ratios**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Oppose same-sex marriage** | **Oppose women in the labour force** | **Vote Conservative** |
|  | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** |
| Importance of religion in life | 1.924\*\*\* | .111 | 1.327\*\*\* | .071 | 1.127 | .083 |
| Mainline Protestant (ref. Catholic) | 1.014 | .109 | 1.161 | .123 | 1.186 | .165 |
| Other Protestant (ref. Catholic) | 5.372\*\*\* | 1.475 | 2.460\*\*\* | .573 | 1.686 | .596 |
| Other religion (ref. Catholic) | 1.014 | .185 | 1.266 | .224 | .642† | .154 |
| No religion (ref. Catholic) | 1.408\* | .234 | 1.162 | .186 | .805 | .176 |
| Age | 1.019\*\*\* | .003 | 1.004 | .003 | .995 | .004 |
| Female | .474\*\*\* | .040 | .715\*\*\* | .058 | .957 | .104 |
| Level of education  | .903\*\*\* | .018 | .860\*\*\* | .017 | .919\*\*\* | .024 |
| Not in paid work | 1.256\* | .118 | 1.268\*\* | .117 | .835 | .105 |
| Born outside of Canada | 1.711\*\*\* | .214 | 1.812\*\*\* | .219 | .974 | .155 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador (ref. Ontario) | .514\*\* | .117 | 1.047 | .235 | .382\*\* | .120 |
| Prince Edward Island (ref. Ontario) | 1.429† | .297 | .899 | .198 | 1.207 | .314 |
| Nova Scotia (ref. Ontario) | .706 | .151 | .709 | .159 | 1.020 | .288 |
| New Brunswick (ref. Ontario) | .824 | .194 | .907 | .217 | 1.980\* | .607 |
| Quebec (ref. Ontario) | .812† | .098 | 1.308\* | .154 | .319\*\*\* | .052 |
| Manitoba (ref. Ontario) | 1.224 | .242 | 1.152 | .219 | 1.245 | .301 |
| Saskatchewan (ref. Ontario) | 1.793\*\* | .333 | 1.372† | .250 | 1.416 | .332 |
| Alberta (ref. Ontario) | 2.007\*\*\* | .384 | 1.867\*\*\* | .348 | 4.708\*\*\* | 1.282 |
| British Columbia (ref. Ontario) | .996 | .139 | 1.264† | .176 | 1.224 | .210 |
| Attitudes: same-sex marriage |  |  |  |  | 1.965\*\*\* | .152 |
| Attitudes: women working outside the home |  |  |  |  | 1.076† | .043 |

*Source: 2011 Canadian Election Study. Maximum likelihood estimation. Intercept = .355\*\*. N same-sex marriage = 2,425. N women in the labour force = 2,413. N Conservative vote = 1,945. †= p ≤ .10; \* = p ≤ .05; \*\* = p ≤ .01; \*\*\* = p ≤ .001. Log likelihood = -6,259.832. AIC = 74,978.07. BIC = 13034.12.*

**Table A.5: Year and age interaction effects on likelihood for voting Conservative, by Canadian federal election (2004-2015) and age group (20 years), in odds ratios**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Salience of religion →** **Same-sex marriage** | **Salience of religion →** **women in labour force** | **Salience of religion →** **Conservative vote** |
|  | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** |
| **Salience of religion\*18-34 years (ref. 75 years or older)** | 1.111\* | .047 | .935† | .037 | 1.055 | .088 |
| **Salience of religion\*35-54 years (ref. 75 years or older)** | 1.098\*\* | .033 | .939\* | .027 | 1.078 | .075 |
| **Salience of religion\*55-74 years (ref. 75 years or older)** | .992 | .022 | .919\*\*\* | .019 | 1.114 | .074 |
| **Salience of religion\*2006 (ref. 2004)** | 1.091 | .061 | .990 | .052 | 1.143 | .127 |
| **Salience of religion\*2008 (ref. 2004)** | 1.078 | .056 | 1.018 | .051 | 1.111 | .101 |
| **Salience of religion\*2011 (ref. 2004)** | 1.107† | .058 | .930 | .047 | 1.206\* | .107 |
| **Salience of religion\*2015 (ref. 2004)** | 1.172\*\*\* | .053 | .916\* | .039 | 1.067 | .088 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Oppose same-sex marriage (SSM) →** **Conservative vote** | **Oppose women in the labour force (WLF) →** **Conservative vote** |
|  | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** |  | ***Exp(b)*** | ***SE*** |
| **Oppose SSM\*18-34 years (ref. 75 years or older)** | .936 | .116 | **Oppose WLF\*18-34 years (ref. 75 years or older)** | 1.029 | .067 |
| **Oppose SSM\*35-54 years (ref. 75 years or older)** | 1.000 | .100 | **Oppose WLF\*35-54 years (ref. 75 years or older)** | 1.001 | .055 |
| **Oppose SSM\*55-74 years (ref. 75 years or older)** | .943 | .090 | **Oppose WLF\*55-74 years (ref. 75 years or older)** | .994 | .053 |
| **Oppose SSM\*2006 (ref. 2004)** | 1.197 | .206 | **Oppose WLF\*2006 (ref. 2004)** | 1.024 | .084 |
| **Oppose SSM\*2008 (ref. 2004)** | .966 | .137 | **Oppose WLF\*2008 (ref. 2004)** | 1.060 | .071 |
| **Oppose SSM\*2011 (ref. 2004)** | .979 | .136 | **Oppose WLF\*2011 (ref. 2004)** | .993 | .068 |
| **Oppose SSM\*2015 (ref. 2004)** | 1.029 | .131 | **Oppose WLF\*2015 (ref. 2004)** | 1.024 | .064 |

*Notes: Results from a logit generalized structural equation (path) model. Sociodemographic controls include religious affiliation, age, gender, level of education, employment status, country of birth, province of residence and year of election. Maximum likelihood estimation.* *N same-sex marriage = 14,623. N women in the labour force = 14,587. N Conservative vote = 10,131. †= p ≤ .10; \* = p ≤ .05; \*\* = p ≤ .01; \*\*\* = p ≤ .001.*