**Appendix I**

**Gender-Related Keywords in Titles of Analyzed Papers**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Abortion | HIV / AIDS | Sex work |
| "Body" | Homosexual/s/ity | Sexual |
| Abstinence | HPV vaccination | Sexual diversity |
| Adoption | Infertility | Sexual minorities |
| Adoption  | Intersections / intersectionality | Sexual orientation |
| Affirmative action | Lesbian | Sexuality |
| Assisted reproduction | LGBTQ (and variants) | She |
| Baby / babies | Live-in caregiver  | Surrogacy |
| Birth | Man | Trans- (as in transgender) |
| Breastfeeding | Marriage | Two-spirit |
| Care | Masculine | War brides |
| Child / children | Maternal | Woman / women |
| Childcare | Maternity |  |
| Domestic workers | Midwifery |  |
| Egg donation | Mom / mother |  |
| Employment equity | Monogamy |  |
| Families | Morgentaler |  |
| Family | Ms./Mrs./Miss |  |
| Female | Paternalism |  |
| Feminine | Patriarchy |  |
| Feminism | Polygamy |  |
| Feminist | Pride (e.g., gay pride) |  |
| Gay | Prostitution |  |
| Gay | Queer |  |
| Gender | Rape |  |
| Gendered | RCSW (or Royal Commission on the Status of Women) |  |
| Gendering | Reproduction |  |
| Heterosexual | Same-sex |  |
| Hijab / niqab / face covering / veil | Sex |  |

*Note*: Papers were coded using an inductive process. Given this, the list of relevant keywords is not inclusive of all possible gender-related terms, but rather encompasses the gender-related terms that have appeared in paper titles at the CPSA’s annual conference between 1965 and 2015. Although most gender-related papers had English titles, the French-language equivalents of all terms were included in the analysis.

**Supplementary Table 1. Gender-Related Papers and Women in Executive and Leadership Positions in the CPSA, 1965-2015**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Year** | **Conference Papers** **(% gender-related)** | **Programme Committee** **(% women)** | **CPSA Executive** **(% women)** |
| 1965 | 2.94 | 0 | 4.76 |
| 1966 | 0 | 0 | 4.76 |
| 1967 | 1.35 | 0 | 4.76 |
| 1968 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1969 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1970 | 0 | 0 | 6.25 |
| 1971 | 3.3 | 0 | 6.25 |
| 1972 | 0 | 0 | 11.76 |
| 1973 | 1.69 | 9.09 | 17.65 |
| 1974 | 2.82 | 16.67 | 23.53 |
| 1975 | 2.67 | 9.09 | 17.65 |
| 1976 | 0 | 7.69 | 16.67 |
| 1977 | 2.67 | 13.33 | 17.65 |
| 1978 | 1.96 | 0 | 11.76 |
| 1979 | 6 | 23.08 | 11.76 |
| 1980 | 3.74 | 30.77 | 17.65 |
| 1981 | 1.49 | 38.89 | 17.65 |
| 1982 | 2.38 | 20 | 26.67 |
| 1983 | 2.72 | 18.18 | 35.71 |
| 1984 | 5.83 | 18.18 | 28.57 |
| 1985 | 3.25 | 23.08 | 28.57 |
| 1986 | 1.42 | 20 | 21.43 |
| 1987 | 7.48 | 14.29 | 21.43 |
| 1988 | 3.6 | 35.71 | 28.57 |
| 1989 | 7.2 | 15.38 | 35.71 |
| 1990 | 7.93 | 23.08 | 35.71 |
| 1991 | 6.88 | 38.46 | 21.43 |
| 1992 | 7.87 | 15.38 | 14.29 |
| 1993 | 9.96 | 38.46 | 42.86 |
| 1994 | 8.88 | 50 | 46.15 |
| 1995 | 9.76 | 61.54 | 35.71 |
| 1996 | 8.11 | 23.08 | 35.71 |
| 1997 | 13.85 | 30.77 | 35.71 |
| 1998 | 6.73 | 37.5 | 35.71 |
| 1999 | 5.41 | 12.5 | 33.33 |
| 2000 | 14.62 | 31.25 | 33.33 |
| 2001 | 12.25 | 25 | 33.33 |
| 2002 | 7.66 | 21.43 | 40 |
| 2003 | 13.17 | 42.86 | 33.33 |
| 2004 | 14.86 | 35.71 | 35.71 |
| 2005 | 7.83 | 60 | 33.33 |
| 2006 | 11.95 | 60 | 40 |
| 2007 | 8.59 | 46.67 | 33.33 |
| 2008 | 10.89 | 33.33 | 46.67 |
| 2009 | 9.73 | 44.44 | 46.67 |
| 2010 | 8.55 | 35.29 | 46.67 |
| 2011 | 10.25 | 52.63 | 53.33 |
| 2012 | 11.33 | 40.91 | 53.33 |
| 2013 | 10.93 | 52.63 | 60 |
| 2014 | 13.99 | 62.5 | 46.67 |
| 2015 | 12.08 | 65 | 40 |

**Supplementary Table 2. Gender-Related Papers by Section, 2000-2015**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Year** | **Presented in****Women and Politics Section** **(%)** | **Presented in****All Other Sections** **(%)** |
| 2000 | 59.5 | 40.5 |
| 2001 | 52.0 | 48.0 |
| 2002 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| 2003 | 51.4 | 48.6 |
| 2004 | 54.2 | 45.8 |
| 2005 | 55.6 | 44.4 |
| 2006 | 68.4 | 31.6 |
| 2007 | 38.7 | 61.3 |
| 2008 | 71.6 | 28.4 |
| 2009 | 60.9 | 39.1 |
| 2010 | 46.7 | 53.3 |
| 2011 | 59.3 | 40.7 |
| 2012 | 49.1 | 50.9 |
| 2013 | 51.6 | 48.4 |
| 2014 | 60.7 | 39.3 |
| 2015 | 57.8 | 42.2 |

Note: This table depicts the percentage of gender-related papers that appeared in the Women and Politics section after its creation in 2000 and compares this to the percentage of gender-related papers appearing in all other conference sections. The absolute number of papers is shown in Figure 2 of the main text.