

Table S3. Linear regression models for predictive factors of good outcome

	B (95% CI)	SE	β	t	p	R ²
<i>Global assessment of functioning (GAF)</i>						
Age at AN onset	3.98 (1.33, 6.63)	1.31	0.38	3.03	0.004	0.32
Perfectionism	17.54 (7.45, 27.62)	5.00	0.44	3.51	0.001	
<i>Morgan-Russell averaged scale score</i>						
<u>Model 1</u>						
Age at AN onset	0.33 (0.00, 0.66)	0.16	0.29	2.06	0.047	0.36
Perfectionism	1.44 (0.18, 2.70)	0.62	0.32	2.32	0.027	
Early GI problems	0.99 (-0.04, 2.03)	0.51	0.27	1.95	0.060	
Perinatal factors	-0.21 (-0.53, 0.11)	0.16	-0.19	-1.35	0.185	
<u>Model 2</u>						
Age at AN onset	0.37 (0.04, 0.70)	0.16	0.32	2.30	0.028	0.32
Perfectionism	1.41 (0.14, 2.69)	0.63	0.31	2.25	0.031	
Early GI problems	1.05 (0.00, 2.09)	0.51	0.29	2.03	0.050	
<i>SF-36 Mental Composite Score (MCS)</i>						
<u>Model 1</u>						
Age at AN onset	3.72 (1.46, 5.98)	1.11	0.48	3.35	0.002	0.35
Perfectionism	8.98 (-0.56, 18.52)	4.68	0.28	1.92	0.064	
Early GI problems	3.42 (-4.67, 11.52)	3.98	0.13	0.86	0.395	
<u>Model 2</u>						
Age at AN onset	3.85 (1.62, 6.08)	1.10	0.50	3.52	0.001	0.33
Perfectionism	9.92 (0.69, 19.15)	4.54	0.31	2.19	0.036	
<i>SF-36 Physical Composite Score (PCS)</i>						
Perfectionism	4.79 (-1.04, 10.62)	2.87	0.28	1.67	0.104	0.08

Note. AN: anorexia nervosa; GI: gastrointestinal; BACKWARD procedure in SPSS was used (removal criterion: $p > 0.10$, entry criterion $p < 0.50$), Morgan-Russell averaged scale score Model 2 vs. Model 1: $\Delta F = 1.83$, $p = 0.185$, SF-36 Mental Composite Score Model 2 vs. Model 1: $\Delta F = 0.74$, $p = 0.395$. GI = gastrointestinal.