Table S1: Results from the 3-day weighed food record and the two food frequency questionnaires. Data is from 31 subjects. 2

|  | FFQ 1 |  |  |  | 3DWFR |  |  |  | FFQ 2 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | SD | Median | IQR | Mean | SD | Median | IQR | Mean | SD | Median | IQR |
| Total cereal intake (g/day) | 312.2 | 148.7 | 312.0 | 128.7 | 160.2 | 72.12 | 153.5 | 94.5 | 264.9 | 136.2 | 229.0 | 130.6 |
| Total WG intake (g/day) | 28.5 | 25.1 | 20.5 | 36.6 | 25.9 | 22.06 | 22.1 | 20.3 | 20.6 | 16.0 | 15.3 | 21.0 |
| WG wheat (g/day) | 17.3 | 17.5 | 15.4 | 16.5 | 16.7 | 19.06 | 10.8 | 21.8 | 11.9 | 8.8 | 10.7 | 11.7 |
| WG rye (g/day) | 3.7 | 9.5 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 6.43 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 6.8 | 0.5 | 1.3 |
| WG oats (g/day) | 4.2 | 6.1 | 1.1 | 7.6 | 3.7 | 7.14 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 2.7 | 4.5 | 0.9 | 2.7 |
| WG rice (g/day) | 9.3 | 11.9 | 0.8 | 17.9 | 0.5 | 2.43 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.8 | 13.1 | 0.9 | 54.1 |
| Other WG * (g/day) | 1.4 | 2.4 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 5.42 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| Cereal fibre (g/day) | 9.0 | 5.7 | 7.7 | 5.6 | 9.3 | 5.0 | 8.6 | 5.2 | 7.0 | 4.1 | 6.1 | 3.2 |
| AR (mg/day) | 19.1 | 18.5 | 16.9 | 18.8 | 13.3 | 12.9 | 10.2 | 13.9 | 12.7 | 9.8 | 10.9 | 11.4 |

3 *Including barley and millet. No subjects reported eating wholegrain maize, sorghum, or other types of wholegrains.

Table S2: Pearson's correlation coefficients comparing the log transformed results of the 3-day weighed food record and the two food frequency questionnaires for different food groups.

|  | FFQ 1 vs 3DWFR | FFQ 2 vs 3DWFR |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total cereals | $0.42^{\mathrm{a}}$ | $0.56^{\mathrm{b}}$ |
| Total wholegrain cereals | $0.72^{\mathrm{c}}$ | $0.81^{\mathrm{c}}$ |
| Total bread | 0.13 | $0.41^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| Total wholegrain bread | $0.55^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $0.54^{\mathrm{b}}$ |
| Total breakfast cereals** | $0.60^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $0.57^{\mathrm{b}}$ |
| Total wholegrain breakfast cereals | $0.62^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $0.58^{\mathrm{b}}$ |
| Total sweets and snacks*** | 0.13 | $0.42^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| Total wholegrain sweets and snacks | -0.22 | 0.10 |
| Total cooked cereals*** | 0.08 | 0.29 |
| Total wholegrain cooked cereals | 0.34 | $0.41^{\mathrm{a}}$ |

${ }^{\text {a }} \mathrm{P}<0.05$
${ }^{\mathrm{b}} \mathrm{P}<0.01$
${ }^{\text {c }} \mathrm{P}<0.0001$

* Including all types of breads, crispbreads and crackers.
${ }^{* *}$ Including all types of breakfast cereals, porridge.
${ }^{* * *}$ Including muesli bars, corn chips, popcorn, biscuits, cakes, pancakes.
${ }^{* * * *}$ Including rice, pasta, noodles, polenta, bulgur, tacos.

Table S3: Pearson's correlations of alkylresorcinol intake, cereal fibre intake, total wholegrain intake and wholegrain wheat intake with plasma alkylresorcinol concentrations ( $\mathrm{n}=29$ ).

|  | AR intake <br> $(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{d})$ | Cereal fibre intake <br> $(\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{d})$ | Total wholegrain intake <br> $(\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{d})$ | Wholegrain wheat <br> intake $(\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{d})$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FFQ1 | $0.56^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $0.60^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $0.54^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $0.37^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| 3DWFR | $0.37^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 0.13 | $0.57^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $0.47^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| FFQ2 | $0.52^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $0.44^{\mathrm{a}}$ | $0.59^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $0.43^{\mathrm{a}}$ |

${ }^{\text {a }} \mathrm{P}<0.05$
${ }^{\mathrm{b}} \mathrm{P}<0.01$

Table S4: Means (medians) of tertiles of wholegrain intake and plasma alkylresorcinol concentration, with the total number in each tertile in brackets.

|  | $\mathrm{T} 1(\mathrm{n}=9)$ |  |  | $\mathrm{T} 2(\mathrm{n}=10)$ |  |  | $\mathrm{T} 3(\mathrm{n}=10)$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | SD | Median | Mean | SD | Median | Mean | SD | Median |
| 3DWFR (g) | $5.2^{\mathrm{a}^{*}}$ | 5.9 | 3.9 | $21.5^{\mathrm{b}}$ | 2.9 | 22.1 | $50.8^{\mathrm{c}}$ | 20.2 | 48.95 |
| FFQ1 (g) | $11.3^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 16.3 | 5.7 | $28.3^{\mathrm{ab}}$ | 15.3 | 21.2 | $47.1^{\mathrm{b}}$ | 30.0 | 42.6 |
| FFQ2 (g) | $10.1^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 8.9 | 7.2 | $20.7^{\text {ab }}$ | 11.1 | 15.1 | $31.8^{\mathrm{b}}$ | 19.6 | 24.7 |
| Plasma [AR] | $40.1^{\mathrm{a}}$ | 18.2 | 36.9 | $54.0^{\text {ab }}$ | 18.7 | 48.8 | $71.7^{\mathrm{b}}$ | 32.5 | 71.0 |
| (nmol/L) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* Means in rows not sharing a common superscript letter are significantly different ( $\mathrm{P}<0.01$ ); ANOVA on log-transformed data.

Figure S1: Bland-Altman plots comparing the two food frequency questionnaires and the three-day weighed food record (3DWFR). Data was normalised using log transformation. Dashed lines represent 1 and 2 standard deviations from the mean. The negative slope indicates that subjects who ate more wholegrain tended to underreport, while those who ate less over reported, compared to the 3DWFR.

Bland-Altman plot of log FFQ 1 verses log 3DWFR


Bland-Altman plot of log FFQ 2 verses log 3DWFR


Figure S2: Difference between the intake of different groups of cereal products estimated by the 3day weighed food record and the repeated food frequency questionnaires.

Difference in intake of different cereal groups between the FFQ and 3DWFR


