VIADS_Participant_follow_up_survey

Start of Blo	ock: Default Question Block
Q1 Your job	b title:
Q2 The type	e of organization that you affiliate with (check all that apply):
	Academic institution (1)
	Academic medical center (2)
	Hospital (3)
	Practice (4)
	Non-profit organization (5)
	Other, please specify (6)

Q3 How often do you use computers?
O Daily, < 2 hours (1)
O Daily, 2-4 hours (2)
O Daily, > 4 hours (3)
○ Weekly (4)
O Monthly (5)
Q4 How many years of experience do you have in clinical research: hypothesis generation?
O (1)
○ > 2 years and < 5 years (2)
○ >= 5 years and < 10 years (3)
○ >= 10 years (4)
Q5 How many years of experience do you have in clinical research: study design?
O (1)
> 2 years and < 5 years (2)
>= 5 years and < 10 years (3)
>= 10 years (4)

Q6

How many years of experience do you have in data analysis during clinical research?

O (1)
○ > 2 years and < 5 years (2)
○ >= 5 years and < 10 years (3)
○ >= 10 years (4)
Q7 What type of role do you mainly play in clinical research during hypothesis generation? Cleading role (1)
O Participant role (2)
Other, please specify (3)
Q8 What type of role do you mainly play in clinical research during study design?
O Leading role (1)
O Participant role (2)
Other, please specify (3)

Q9 What data an	alysis tools do you use more often? Please check all that apply
	MS Excel (1)
	R (2)
	SAS (3)
	SPSS (4)
	Other, please specify (5)
focused populinformation with the second populinformation with the	ere provided with more detailed information about research design (such as lation) during your hypothesis generation process, do you think the ould be helpful in formulating your hypothesis overall? 1) e, please explain (2) ease explain (4)
	(the least helpful) to 10 (the most helpful), how helpful do you think it would be to ne following dimensions in formulating your hypothesis: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Basic, applied, translational research ()
Observational or experimental study ()
Descriptive or analytic research ()
Comparison, association, or causal study ()
Retrospective or prospective research ()
Longitudinal or cross-sectional research ()
Qualitative or quantitative research ()
Single variable or multiple variables ()
Variables: dependent, independent, moderator, control, and intervening ()
Focused population ()
One-tailed or two-tailed ()
Investigational intervention ()
Outcomes of interest ()

Q12
Can you give examples of helpful instructions in formulating a hypothesis?