## Introducing ICBe: Supplementary Information

A Preprint

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March 14, 2024

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## 1 Corpus and Cases

### 1.1 ICBe Crises and Summary Information

ICBe Crises Summary Statistics


| Crisis |  | Years |  | Counts |  | Coders |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Title | Start | End | Sent． | Event |  |  |  | Units／Domains | Forces／Fatalities |
| 61 | Polish Ultimatum | 1938 | 1938 | 29 | 31 | 2 | 2 |  | － | 年15；${ }^{15}$ |
|  | Czechoslovakia May Crisis | 1938 | 1938 | 15 | 17 | 2 | 1 |  | －－ivisut |  |
| 63 | Changkufeng | 1938 | 1938 | 19 | 16 | 2 | 1 | E；© ；\％ 0 | －into大： | j10s |
| 64 | Munich | 1938 | 1938 | 43 | 69 | 2 | 3 |  | —竍－ | $100 \mathrm{ks} ; \mathbf{j} 10 \mathrm{ks}$ |
| 65 | Spanish Civil War lii | 1938 | 1938 | 30 | 23 | 2 | 1 | faction；Republican faction（Spanish Civil War） | -i ; | 8． $10 \mathrm{ks} ;{ }^{9} \mathrm{ks}$ ； ；100ks； 10 ks |
| 66 | Italy Threat－France | 1938 | 1939 | 25 | 19 | 2 | 0 | 【14atere | —it: |  |
| 67 | Spanish Civil War Iv | 1938 | 1939 | 28 | 30 | 2 | 0 | Nationalist faction；Republican faction（Spanish Civil War） | －${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {d }}$ |  |
| 68 | Czechoslovakia＇s Annexation | 1939 | 1939 | 25 | 32 | 2 | 3 |  | 9： |  |
| 69 | Memel | 1939 | 1939 | 26 | 25 | 2 | 0 | －－ |  |  |
| 70 | Danzig | 1939 | 1939 | 29 | 49 | 2 | 1 |  | － |  |
| 71 | Invasion Of Albania | 1939 | 1939 | 31 | 46 | 2 | 1 |  ；Eastern Europe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { —沙一; } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ | $\boldsymbol{j}^{100 s} ; \boldsymbol{j}^{10 s} ; \boldsymbol{j}^{1 s}$ |
| 72 | Nomonhan | 1939 | 1939 | 19 | 25 | 2 |  | ［10： | $\geqslant \text { - }$ | 娄100s；然 10ks； $10 \mathrm{ks} ; \mathbf{1} 1 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 73 | Tientsin | 1939 | 1939 | 27 | 28 | 2 | 1 |  | －iv－i |  |
| 74 | Entry Into Wwii | 1939 | 1939 | 114 | 128 | 2 | 2 |  | $\frac{\text { _i }}{\text { Kin }}$ | 10ks |
| 75 | Soviet Occupation Of The Baltic | 1939 | 1939 | 28 | 34 | 2 | 3 |  | $\rightarrow \text { 伭-i }$ | 100ks |
| 76 | Finnish War | 1939 | 1940 | 43 | 59 | 2 | 0 |  | - |  |
| 77 | Invasion Of Scandinavia | 1940 | 1940 | 29 | 34 | 2 | 0 |  french | 一；而；边 | 100s； $\mathbf{j}^{1 \mathrm{~s}}$ |
| 78 | Fall Of Western Europe | 1940 | 1940 | 25 | 31 | 2 |  |  | $\underset{\omega}{\infty}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{ks} ; \text { i }^{100 \mathrm{~s} ;} \\ & 10 \mathrm{ks} \end{aligned}$ |
| 79 | Closure Of Burma Road | 1940 | 1940 | 19 | 24 | 2 | 0 |  | －1边 | 1 ks |
| 80 | Romanian Territory | 1940 | 1940 | 39 | 66 | 2 | 0 |  | －－iricint |  |
| 81 | Battle Of Britain | 1940 | 1940 | 25 | 24 | 2 |  | 迷： |  | ；${ }^{9} 100 \mathrm{~s} ; 1$ 100ks； $100 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{j}$ 10ks |
| 82 | East Africa Campaign | 1940 | 1941 | 30 | 35 | 2 | 2 |  | －ie：${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 罣1ks；${ }^{\text {1 }} 100 \mathrm{ks}$ |
| 83 | Balkan Invasion | 1940 | 1941 | 56 | 74 | 2 | 1 |  | －i in ； |  |
| 84 | Mid－East Campaign | 1941 | 1941 | 30 | 46 | 2 | 4 |  | $\pm$ |  |
| 85 | Barbarossa | 1941 | 1941 | 23 | 21 | 2 | 0 |  | － | 100ks |
| 86 | Ecuador－Peru Border II | 1941 | 1942 | 28 | 33 | 2 | 0 |  | －¢－ |  |
| 87 | Occupation Of Iran | 1941 | 1942 | 15 | 26 | 3 | 1 |  | int |  |
| 88 | Pearl Harbor | 1941 | 1942 | 55 | 58 | 2 | 0 |  | —位- | ；${ }^{2} 1 \mathrm{ks}$ ； 100 s ； $10 \mathrm{ks} ; \mathbf{1 0 s}$ |
| 89 | Stalingrad | 1942 | 1943 | 21 | 21 | 2 | 1 |  | 工; 戠 | 量100ks； <br> 10ks； 100 ks ； |
| 90 | El Alamein | 1942 | 1943 | 21 | 26 | 2 | 1 |  | －inin | ｜100ks； 10 ks |
| 91 | Fall Of Italy | 1943 | 1943 | 18 | 25 | 2 | 2 |  american | －－ie；边 |  |
| 92 | German Occupation Of Hungary | 1944 | 1944 | 11 | 16 | 2 | 2 |  | － | ¢10s |
| 93 | Soviet Occupation Of East Europe | 1944 | 1945 | 31 | 48 | 2 |  |  | ＋iminintu |  |
| 94 | D－Day | 1944 | 1945 | 26 | 33 | 2 |  |  | $\frac{1}{3+1}$ | 9 10ks； 100ks； 10 ks |
| 95 | Fall Of Saipan | 1944 | 1944 | 23 | 11 | 2 |  | 或吅－： |  | $\text { 畨100s; } 100 \text { s }$ |
|  | Iran－Oil Concessions | 1944 | 1944 | 18 | 21 | 2 | 0 |  | －做：／ |  |
|  | Leyte Campaign | 1944 | 1944 | 15 | 12 | 2 | 4 | －： | —; -i | 210ks；${ }^{2} 1 \mathrm{ks}$ ； $100 \mathrm{ks} ; 10 \mathrm{ks}$ |
| 98 | Greek Civil War I | 1944 | 1945 | 16 | 24 | 2 | 0 |  | －intt |  |
|  | Luzon | 1945 | 1945 | 11 | 8 | 2 | 2 | －：证： 2 |  | 10ks |
|  | Final Soviet Offensive | 1945 | 1945 | 19 | 13 | 2 | 1 | 搹 | tinter | ¢100ks |
|  | 1 Iwo Jima | 1945 | 1945 | 19 | 13 | 2 | 1 | －： | －ier | 年1ks |
|  | 2 Communism In Romania | 1945 | 1945 | 20 | 17 | 2 | 0 |  | －intt |  |
|  | 3 Okinawa | 1945 | 1945 | 17 | 13 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | Trieste I | 1945 | 1945 | 35 | 49 | 2 | 2 |  <br> ：triple entente：western allies | － 0 越 |  |
| 105 | French Forces－Syria | 1945 | 1945 | 25 | 21 | 2 | 2 |  | Titrivist | $\%^{100 s} \mathbf{1}^{100}$ |
|  | Kars－Ardahan | 1945 | 1946 | 23 | 18 | 3 | 1 |  | vinte |  |
|  | Hiroshima－Nagasaki | 1945 | 1945 | 33 | 28 | 2 | 4 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 900ks; } 100 \mathrm{~g} \\ & 10 \mathrm{ks} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Azerbaijan | 1945 | 1946 | 34 | 68 | 2 | 0 | onver | － |  |
|  | Indonesia Independence I | 1945 | 1947 | 21 | 32 | 2 | 0 |  | －；越 |  |
|  | Communism In Poland | 1946 | 1947 | 12 | 14 | 2 | 1 |  | －in | ［1ks |
|  | 1 Turkish Straits | 1946 | 1946 | 15 | 25 | 4 | 2 |  | －i ini边 | 11ks |
|  | 2 Greek Civil War II | 1946 | 1947 | 13 | 15 | 3 | 2 |  | vinter | 围100s：${ }^{\text {1 }} 1 \mathrm{ks}$ |
|  | 3 Communism In Hungary | 1947 | 1947 | 20 | 20 | 2 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 1止止 |  |  |
|  | 4 Truman Doctrine | 1947 | 1947 | 18 | 15 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | Marshall Plan | 1947 | 1947 | 32 | 21 | 3 | 2 | ITher：anglo－french |  |  |
|  | 6 Indonesia Independence II | 1947 | 1948 | 17 | 35 | 2 | 3 |  | ＊ater |  |
|  | Cuba－Dominican Republic | 1947 | 1947 | 15 | 15 | 3 | 1 | Legion；international community | － |  |
|  | 8 Junagadh | 1947 | 1948 | 13 | 12 | 3 | 4 | 或； | vinter | ［10s |
|  | Kashmir I | 1947 | 1949 | 38 | 35 | 3 | 3 | （6） | － 3 边 | 䀯100s； 100 s |
|  | Palestine Partition／Israel Independence | 1947 | 1949 | 30 | 43 | 2 | 1 |  | － |  |


| Crisis | Years |  | Coun |  |  | ders |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \＃Title | Start | End |  | Even | SExp |  | Actors | Units／Domains | Forces／Fatalities |
| 121 Communism In Czechoslovakia | 1948 | 1948 | 29 | 15 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 2915 |
| 122 Soviet Note To Finland I | 1948 | 1948 | 12 | 8 | 3 | 0 | ［－＋；－nordic states |  |  |
| 123 Berlin Blockade | 1948 | 1949 | 25 | 38 | 3 | 1 |  | － |  |
| 124 Hyderabad | 1948 | 1948 | 22 | 23 | 3 | 2 | － | － |  |
| 125 China Civil War | 1948 | 1949 | 15 | 22 | 2 | 0 |  | Fizty |  |
| 126 Costa Rica－Nicaragua I | 1948 | 1949 | 18 | 21 | 2 | 0 |  | 1）${ }^{\text {a }}$ | j1ks |
| 127 Indonesia Independence lii | 1948 | 1949 | 16 | 26 | 3 | 2 | ㄸ；－；프를ㄹ； | 1；基 | 1ks |
| 128 Sinai Incursion | 1948 | 1949 | 13 | 22 | 2 | 1 |  | －10xixitur |  |
| 129 Pushtunistan I | 1949 | 1950 | 16 | 14 | 2 | 2 | （C；$=$ | t－4； | 10ks； 1 ls |
| 130 Luperon | 1949 | 1949 | 8 | 9 | 2 | 0 |  | －－i ： |  |
| 131 Soviet Bloc－Yugoslavia | 1949 | 1951 | 13 | 18 | 2 | 2 | －0： |  | $\dagger^{10 k s}$ |
| 132 Korean War I | 1950 | 1950 | 27 | 40 | 2 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { :Hember states of the United } \\ & \text { Nations } \end{aligned}$ | $-\infty$ | $\text { ; 100ks; } 100 \mathrm{~s} ;$ |
| 133 Korean War II | 1950 | 1951 | 27 | 54 | 2 | 1 |  |  | ； 9 100ks； <br> 100ks；${ }^{10 \mathrm{ks} ;} \mathbf{j}$ <br> 1ks |
| 134 Hula Drainage | 1951 | 1951 | 27 | 40 | 2 | 1 | － | $\cdots$－ | 券100s；10s； Q1s； $10 \mathrm{~s} ;$ ； 1 s |
| 135 Punjab War Scare I | 1951 | 1951 | 21 | 14 | 3 | 0 | －＝ | 9；碞 | 1ks |
| 136 Suez Canal | 1951 | 1952 | 16 | 29 | 3 | 2 |  | ，越 | 290s；${ }^{100}$ |
| 137 Catalina Affair | 1952 | 1952 | 13 | 10 | 2 | 1 |  | \％－ipix | 21s； 1 1s |
| 138 Burma Infiltration | 1953 | 1954 | 28 | 42 | 2 | 3 |  | － | $\dot{\boldsymbol{i}}_{\mathrm{ks}}^{100 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{j}^{10 \mathrm{ks} ;} \mathbf{i}}$ |
| 139 Invasion Of Laos I | 1953 | 1953 | 13 | 18 | 2 | 1 |  |  | j10ks |
| 140 Korean War lii | 1953 | 1953 | 21 | 29 | 2 | 2 |  | 湜: | 8．100ks； <br> $100 \mathrm{ks} ; \mathbf{1} 100 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{i}$ <br> 10ks； 1 ks |
| 141 East German Uprising | 1953 | 1953 | 14 | 15 | 2 | 2 | 풀；； | 相 |  |
| 142 Trieste II | 1953 | 1953 | 14 | 17 | 2 | 2 | －束采㫛： | 土－ | ［10ks；${ }^{\text {1 }}$ ks |
| 143 Qibya | 1953 | 1953 | 13 | 10 | 3 | 0 |  |  | 9 ${ }^{105}$ |
| 144 Guatemala | 1953 | 1954 | 20 | 22 | 3 | 0 | ；Guatemalan National Revolutionary Unity | － | \＄100ks；${ }^{\text {10ks }}$ |
| 145 Dien Bien Phu | 1954 | 1954 | 42 | 38 | 3 | 2 |  | S： |  |
| 146 Taiwan Strait I | 1954 | 1955 | 24 | 38 | 2 | 2 |  |  | $\dagger^{10 \mathrm{ks}}$ |
| 147 Costa Rica－Nicaragua II | 1955 | 1955 | 18 | 27 | 2 | 1 |  | $\frac{\text { 人i }}{\text { xite }}$ | $\dot{1}_{\mathrm{ks}}^{100 \mathrm{~s}} ; \mathbf{j} 10 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{i}$ |
| 148 Baghdad Pact | 1955 | 1955 | 18 | 36 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 149 Gaza Raid－Czechoslovkia Arms | 1955 | 1956 | 21 | 28 | 3 | 1 |  | － | 9 ${ }^{10}$ |
| 150 Pushtunistan II | 1955 | 1955 | 24 | 20 | 2 | 2 |  | 130 |  |
| 151 Goal | 1955 | 1955 | 18 | 26 | 2 | 1 | 牙越 | － | \％${ }^{10 \mathrm{~s}} \mathbf{j}^{100}$ |
| 152 Suez Nationalization－War | 1956 | 1957 | 33 | 54 | 3 | 0 |  | ； |  |
| 153 Qalqilya | 1956 | 1956 | 17 | 23 | 3 | 3 | ［珷综 | 9；att |  |
| 154 Poland Liberalization | 1956 | 1956 | 21 | 19 | 3 | 0 | Ei－ | 13tt | j10ks |
| 155 Hungarian Uprising | 1956 | 1957 | 18 | 19 | 2 | 1 | ㄸ： | －辣：盛 | 10ks |
| 156 Mocoron Incident | 1957 | 1957 | 14 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 다：（1）：$=$ 들 |  |  |
| 157 Jordan Regime | 1957 | 1957 | 16 | 14 | 2 | 3 |  | －－ |  |
| 158 France－Tunisia | 1957 | 1958 | 24 | 27 | 2 | 2 |  | 人； |  |
| 159 Syria－Turkey Confrontation | 1957 | 1957 | 24 | 45 | 4 | 1 |  |  | j10ks |
| 160 Ifni | 1957 | 1958 | 14 | 14 | 2 | 1 | ！ | citiritur | ［1ks |
| 161 West Irian I | 1957 |  | 17 | 23 | 2 | 0 |  | －－irin逝 | 15 |
| 162 Formation of Uar | 1958 | 1958 | 17 | 15 | 2 | 2 |  | －坆人： |  |
| 163 Egypt－Sudan Border I | 1958 | 1958 | 13 | 11 | 1 | 2 |  | － | j1ks |
| 164 Abortive Coup－Indonesia | 1958 | 1958 | 27 | 22 | 2 | 1 | －10； | -it | $\text { : } 1 \mathrm{ks} ; \mathbf{i}^{100 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{i}}$ |
| 165 Iraq－Lebanon Upheaval | 1958 | 1958 | 32 | 37 | 3 | 1 |  | －－i |  |
| 166 Taiwan Strait II | 1958 | 1958 | 19 | 23 | 2 | 1 | ； |  |  |
| 167 Cambodia－Thailand | 1958 | 1959 | 16 | 24 | 2 | 2 |  | ＊int |  |
| 168 Berlin Deadline | 1958 | 1959 | 41 | 52 | 3 | 2 |  |  | $\mathbf{i}^{1 \mathrm{ks}}$ |
| 169 Mexico－Guatemala Fishing Rights | 1958 | 1959 | 10 | 7 | 1 | 3 | －1／in | －10； | ${ }^{\text {P15 }}$ |
| 170 Central America－Cuba I | 1959 | 1959 | 31 | 26 | 1 | 2 |  | －－iore |  |
| 171 China－India Border I | 1959 | 1960 | 19 | 13 | 1 | 1 | － | 缶碞 | j100s |
| 172 Shatt－Al－Arab I | 1959 | 1960 | 11 | 15 | 2 | 3 |  | Sixt |  |
| 173 Rottem | 1960 | 1960 | 14 | 20 | 3 | 0 | 다르․ | Tixt | ${ }^{1 k}$ |
| 174 Ghana－Togo Border I | 1960 | 1960 | 15 | 22 | 3 | 3 |  | vint | ［100s； 1 1ks |
| 175 Failed Assassination－Venezuela | 1960 | 1960 | 23 | 41 | 2 | 0 |  | $\rightarrow$－ | $\dot{j} 10 \mathrm{ks} ;_{\mathbf{j} 1 \mathrm{~s}}$ |
| 176 Congo l－Katanga | 1960 | 1962 | 29 | 60 | 2 | 0 |  | Tistt |  |
| 177 Mali Federation | 1960 | 1960 | 17 | 24 | 2 | 1 |  | 日越人湿 | i $^{1 \mathrm{ks}}$ |
| 178 Central America－Cuba II | 1960 | 1960 | 16 | 29 | 2 | 2 | ；Revolutionary Movement 13th November | 为 |  |
| 179 Ethiopia－Somalia | 1960 | 1961 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 3 | －；푸；All－African People＇s Conferences；Monrovia Group | ＊－ | $\dagger^{1 \mathrm{k}}$ s |
| 180 Pathet Lao Offensive | 1961 | 1961 | 24 | 44 | 2 | 1 |  | 一六埌 | f10ks |



| Crisis | Years |  | Coun |  |  | ders |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \＃Title | Start | End |  | Event | Exp． |  | Actors | Units／Domains | Forces／Fatalities |
| 241 Invasion Of Laos II | 1971 | 1971 | 24 | 29 | 3 | 1 |  | ＊－¢－ | 1ks |
| 242 Bangladesh | 1971 | 1971 | 28 | 43 | 3 | 2 |  | 一－ |  |
| 243 Chad－Libya I | 1971 | 1972 | 14 | 21 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |
| 244 Caprivi Strip | 1971 | 1971 | 10 | 9 | 2 | 3 | $\square$ | 加： |  |
| 245 Tanzania－Uganda I | 1971 | 1971 | 20 | 16 | 3 | 1 | 픅 | ＋ |  |
| 246 Vietnam Ports Mining | 1972 | 1972 | 20 | 29 | 2 | 3 | 띠； | Dist in: |  |
| 247 Tanzania－Uganda II | 1972 | 1972 | 12 | 13 | 2 | 3 | 플 | citivist | ¢100s：${ }^{1} 1 \mathrm{ks}$ |
| 248 North－South Yemen I | 1972 | 1972 | 19 | 35 | 2 | 0 |  | － | ｜100s；${ }^{1} 1 \mathrm{ks}$ |
| 249 Christmas Bombing | 1972 | 1973 | 16 | 25 | 3 | 1 | ＊；三；㫛 |  | 9，100s；${ }^{10}$ |
| 250 Zambia Raid | 1973 | 1973 | 12 | 12 | 2 | 2 |  |  | S |
| 251 Libyan Plane | 1973 | 1973 | 18 | 15 | 2 | 2 | community：$=$ 二international | ＊； | is $^{100 s} ;{ }^{10 s} ;$ |
| 252 Iraq Invasion－Kuwait | 1973 | 1973 | 19 | 23 | 3 | 1 | － | a越 |  |
| 253 Israel Mobilization | 1973 | 1973 | 19 | 21 | 3 | 1 | － | ＋ | j1ks |
| 254 Cod War I | 1973 | 1973 | 19 | 16 | 2 | 2 |  | 二示： | 10 s |
| 255 October－Yom Kippur War | 1973 | 1974 |  | 82 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 恩100s；${ }^{28} 10 \mathrm{~s}$ ； <br> 会1s；${ }^{100 \mathrm{~s} ; ~} \mathbf{j}$ <br> $10 \mathrm{ks} ; 10 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{j}$ <br> 1ks；${ }^{1}$ is |
| 256 Oman－South Yemen | 1973 | 1976 | 29 | 30 | 3 | 5 |  | － | $\mathrm{i}^{10 \mathrm{~s}}$ |
| 257 Cyprus lii | 1974 | 1975 | 41 | 48 | 2 | 0 |  | —itionion | 9 $100 \mathrm{~s} ;$ 月 $^{1 \mathrm{k}}{ }^{1 \mathrm{ks} ;}$ i10ks；is |
| 258 Final North Vietnam Offensive | 1974 | 1975 | 18 | 26 | 2 | 2 |  | tint | 100ks |
| 259 Mayaguez | 1975 | 1975 |  | 19 | 3 | 1 |  | －i－iti奴 |  |
| 260 War In Angola | 1975 | 1976 | 70 | 89 | 2 | 1 |  | —i | $\mathbf{j}^{100 s} ; \mathbf{j}^{10 s}$ |
| 261 Moroccan March | 1975 | 1976 |  | 80 | 2 | 1 |  | *-: | 2 $1 \mathrm{ls} ; \mathbf{j}^{100 \mathrm{ks} ;} \mathbf{j}$ 100s； 10 ks ； 1 s |
| 262 Belize I | 1975 | 1975 | 18 | 23 | 2 | 0 | E；［－ | －－i ： | ｜10s |
| 263 Cod War II | 1975 | 1976 | 16 | 26 | 2 | 0 |  |  | \％ 15 ； 100 s |
| 264 East Timor I | 1975 | 1976 |  | 32 | 3 | 1 |  |  | 1 ks |
| 265 Lebanon Civil War | 1976 | 1976 | 31 | 47 | 2 | 1 |  | 3ixte | 10ks； 1 1ks |
| 266 Uganda Claims | 1976 | 1976 | 21 | 26 | 2 | 0 | 들들 | －： |  |
| 267 Operation Thrasher | 1976 | 1976 | 26 | 35 | 2 | 3 |  | ＊－¢－ | $2^{2105}$ |
| 268 Nouakchott I | 1976 | 1976 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 느ㅈㅡㅡㄹ | － | $8100 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{9} \mathbf{1 s} ; \mathbf{i}$ $100 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 269 Iraqi Threat | 1976 | 1976 | 11 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 1 | －说 | 10ks |
| 270 Entebbe Raid | 1976 | 1976 | 20 | 22 | 2 | 0 | the Liberation of Palestine－External Operations；Red Army Faction | 人: | ¢10s；${ }^{1}$－ |
| 271 Sudan Coup Attempt | 1976 | 1976 | 19 | 26 | 2 | 0 |  | －in |  |
| 272 Aegean Sea I | 1976 | 1976 | 18 | 25 | 2 | 2 |  |  | $\text { 100ks; } \mathbf{1} 1 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 273 Nagomia Raid | 1976 | 1976 | 16 | 21 | 2 | 0 | 三；front－line states： | － | 娄 1005 |
| 274 Poplar Tree | 1976 | 1976 | 35 | 34 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 2 1s； 100 ks ； 10ks；10s |
| 275 Syria Mobilization | 1976 | 1976 | 13 | 16 | 2 | 0 |  | －故人＜： |  |
| 276 Operation Tangent | 1976 | 1977 | 16 | 21 | 2 | 3 | － | ＊int |  |
| 277 Shaba I | 1977 | 1977 | 23 | 29 | 2 | 0 | － uberation of the Congo |  | $\dagger^{1} \mathrm{ks}$ |
| 278 Mapai Seizure | 1977 | 1977 | 15 | 15 | 2 | 2 | community | －¢－ |  |
| 279 Belize II | 1977 | 1977 | 19 | 27 | 2 | 2 | ［－： |  |  |
| 280 Nouakchott II | 1977 | 1977 |  | 15 | 2 | 3 |  | －\％ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : } 1 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{j} 100 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{i} \\ & 10 \mathrm{ks} ; \boldsymbol{j} 1 \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ |
| 281 Egypt－Libya Clashes | 1977 | 1977 | 15 | 27 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 是 1 s |
| 282 Ogaden II | 1977 | 1978 | 26 | 42 | 2 | 1 | Somali Liberation Front ；Western | －ant | i $^{1 \mathrm{ks}}$ |
| 283 Rhodesia Raid | 1977 | 1978 | 25 | 24 | 2 | 3 |  | ＊－基人＜ | 亚10s； $\mathbf{1}^{10 \mathrm{~s}}$ |
| 284 Vietnam Invasion Of Cambodial | 1977 | 1979 | 64 | 76 | 2 | 2 |  | 要; | 9 ${ }^{2} 1 \mathrm{ks} ; \mathbf{1}^{100 \mathrm{ks} ;}$ j10ks |
| 285 French Hostages Mauritania | 1977 | 1977 | 28 | 28 | 2 | 0 |  | crimin | $\text { 贯 } 1 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{1 0 0 s} ; \mathbf{j}$ $\widetilde{10} \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{j} \mathrm{ks}$ |
| 286 Chimoio－Tembue Raids | 1977 | 1978 | 18 | 15 | 2 | 1 |  | －antu | 9 ${ }^{1 \mathrm{ks}}$ |
| 287 Beagle Channel I | 1977 | 1978 | 22 | 33 | 2 | 1 |  | －－i in： |  |
| 288 Chad－Libya II | 1978 | 1978 | 20 | 40 | 2 | 1 |  | －诶 |  |
| 289 Litani Operation | 1978 | 1978 | 15 | 20 | 2 | 2 |  |  | \％${ }^{10 \mathrm{~s}} \mathbf{j}^{1 \mathrm{~s}}$ |
| 290 Chad－Libya lii | 1978 | 1978 | 14 | 24 | 2 | 0 |  | crivivint | ¢100s；${ }^{\text {1 }}$ 1ks |
| 291 Cassinga Incident | 1978 | 1978 | 26 | 21 | 3 | 2 | $\cdots$ | C； | 9 ${ }^{1 \mathrm{ks}} \mathbf{j} \mathbf{j}^{100 \mathrm{~s}}$ |
| 292 Shaba II | 1978 | 1978 | 31 | 34 | 3 | 0 |  | －190int |  |
| 293 Air Rhodesia Incident | 1978 | 1978 | 23 | 24 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 294 Nicaragua Civil War II | 1978 | 1979 | 43 | 66 | 2 | 3 |  | C； | $\mathbf{i}^{100 \mathrm{~s} ;} \mathbf{j} 1 \mathrm{ks} ; \mathbf{i}^{1 \mathrm{~s}}$ |
| 295 Beagle Channel II | 1978 | 1979 | 23 | 34 | 2 | 1 | （1） |  | ｜10ks |
| 296 Fall Of Amin | 1978 | 1979 | 34 | 54 | 2 | 1 | ：Uganda Nationa Liberation | － | i1ks |
| 297 Angola Invasion Scare | 1978 | 1978 | 12 | 19 | 3 | 1 |  | －：\％a tt | ［1ks |
| 298 Sino－Vietnam War | 1978 | 1979 | 26 | 26 | 2 | 1 | ＊；构家：； |  | i100ks |
| 299 Tan Tan | 1979 | 1979 | 22 | 12 | 3 | 0 |  | －in ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| 300 Raids On Zipra | 1979 | 1979 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 1 | － | ＋－7\％ |  |




| $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\text { Crisis }} \\ & \# \text { Title } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Years } \\ & \hline \text { Start } \end{aligned}$ | End |  |  |  |  | Actors | Units／Domains | Forces／Fatalities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 421 Zaire Civil War | 1996 | 1997 | 55 | 73 |  | 2 |  | 批: 人 | $\hat{W}_{1 \mathrm{ks}}^{1 \mathrm{ks} ;} \mathbf{j} 100 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{i}$ |
| 422 Unscom I | 1997 | 1998 | 32 | 41 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |
| 423 Cyprus－Turkey Missile Crisis | 1998 | 1998 | 20 | 23 | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 424 Ethiopia－Eritrea | 1998 | 2000 | 33 | 56 | 2 | 1 |  | $-i t$ | $\mathbf{j}^{1 \mathrm{ks}}$ |
| 425 India－Pakistan Nuclear Tests | 1998 | 1998 | 24 | 25 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 426 Drc Civil War | 1998 | 2002 | 40 | 52 | 3 | 0 | D：프래utu | － int $^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| 427 Us Embassy Bombings | 1998 | 1998 | 25 | 30 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  is |
| 428 Syria－Turkey | 1998 | 1998 | 24 | 36 | 2 | 1 |  | <; |  |
| 429 Unscom li Operation Desert Fox | 1998 | 1998 | 31 | 35 | 2 | 2 | 可棫： |  |  |
| 430 Kosovo | 1999 | 1999 | 33 | 35 | 2 | 0 |  | : att: | 9215 |
| 431 Kashmir Iv Kargil | 999 | 999 | 19 | 28 | 2 | 0 |  | ＊－ |  |
| 432 East Timor | 1999 | 1999 | 26 | 24 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |
| 433 Caspian Sea | 2001 | 2001 | 17 | 21 | 2 | 0 | industry <br> ；BP；petroleum | $\rightarrow$－ |  |
| 434 Afghanistan－Usa | 2001 | 2001 | 43 | 34 | 2 | 1 |  | ticcer | $\dagger^{10}$ |
| 435 Indian Parliament Attack | 2001 | 2002 | 16 | 18 | 2 | 3 |  |  | 愚10s；娄15； <br> 1ks；$; 1 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 436 Kaluchak | 2002 | 2002 | 30 | 30 | 3 | 3 |  | －：${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 8，10s；罗15； <br> $10 \mathrm{ks} ; 10 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 437 Myanmar－Thailand | 2002 | 2002 | 17 | 26 | 4 | 3 | 틀：Shan State Army | －碞人 |  |
| 438 Parsley Island | 2002 | 2002 | 16 | 25 | 2 | 0 | 메퓨르를 | －－i |  |
| 439 Pankisi Gorge | 2002 | 2002 | 29 | 31 | 2 | 0 | ＋ |  |  |
| 440 Iraq Regime Change | 2002 | 2003 | 67 | 62 | 2 | 0 | 三트우ㅇㅡㅡㅡ․ |  | 1 ls ；${ }^{100 \mathrm{ks} \text { ；}}$ |
| 441 North Korea Nuclear II | 2002 | 2004 | 48 | 35 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 442 Iran Nuclear I | 2003 | 2004 | 38 | 24 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 443 Haifa Suicide Bombing | 2003 | 2003 | 37 | 43 | 2 | 1 |  | tir: | $\mathrm{N}_{15}^{10 \mathrm{os} ; \mathbf{j}^{10 s} ; \mathbf{i}}$ |
| 444 Drc－Rwanda | 2004 | 2004 | 40 | 51 | 2 | 0 | Congolese Democracy：Tutsi | － | $\mathbf{i}^{10 \mathrm{ks}} \mathbf{i}^{1 \mathrm{k}}$ k |
| 445 South Ossetia－Abkhazia | 2004 | 2004 | 27 | 27 | 2 | 3 | ㅍ：－ | －i－： | j100s |
| 446 Ethiopia－Eritrea II | 2005 | 2006 | 48 | 55 |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| 447 Chad－Sudan I | 2005 | 2006 | 31 | 37 |  | 6 |  |  | 9\％100s：9815 |
| 448 Iran Nuclear II | 2006 | 2007 | 65 | 29 |  | 1 |  | ：二；） |  |
| 449 Chad－Sudan II | 2006 | 2006 | 56 | 72 | 2 | 2 | united Front for Democratic change | － |  |
| 450 North Korea Nuclear lii | 2006 | 2007 | 74 | 73 | 2 | 2 | Bank：Banco Delta Asia；Daedong Credit | 1, | $\mathbf{1}^{1 s}$ |
| 451 Israel－Lebanon War II | 2006 | 2006 | 54 | 73 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 452 Ethiopia Invasion Somalia | 2006 | 2007 | 60 | 108 | 2 | 1 |  Intergovernmental Authority on Development；international community | t-xion | $\mathbf{i}^{100 \mathrm{~s}} \mathbf{i}^{1 \mathrm{ks}} \mathbf{i}^{1 / 5}$ |
| 453 Chad－Sudan lii | 2007 | 200 | 55 | 50 | 2 | 2 |  | 䒘 | 帚100s：9 ${ }^{105}$ <br> i100s； 1 1s |
| 454 Ethiopia－Eritrea lii | 2007 | 2007 | 30 | 45 | 2 | 2 |  | － | 100ks |
| 455 Chad－Sudan Iv1 | 2007 | 2008 | 59 | 108 | 2 | 0 | 둘N： Democratic Forces；Union of Forces for Democracy and Development：Union of Forces for Democracy and Development－ Fundamental | 人捲: |  |
| 456 Djiboutiâeritreal | 2008 | 2008 | 29 | 44 | 2 | 0 |  | －－－－ | 910s |
| 457 Preah Vihear Temple I1 | 008 | 2009 | 37 | 55 | 2 | 0 |  | －做人 | 91s； $1100 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{j}$ <br> 10s：ilks： 1 s |
| 458 Russo－Georgian War1 | 2008 | 2008 | 32 | 27 | 2 | 0 |  | － |  |
| $459 \begin{gathered}\text { North Korea Nuclear Iv：Satellite } \\ \text { Launch1 }\end{gathered}$ | 2009 | 2009 | 33 | 35 | 2 | 0 |  |  | jks |
| 460 Chad－Sudan V1 | 2009 | 2010 | 42 | 38 |  | 0 |  Forces；Union of Forces for Democracy and Development；Union of Forces for Democracy and Development－Fundamental；Union of Resistance Forces | 大苯 | 2 ${ }^{1000}$ ； $\mathbf{1}^{1 \mathrm{ks}}$ |
| 461 Cheonan Sinking1 | 2010 | 2010 | 40 | 44 |  | 0 |  |  | Q10s； 100 ks ； <br> ［10ks；${ }^{1 \mathrm{ks}}$ |
| 462 Yeonpyeong Island1 | 2010 | 2011 | 44 | 73 | 2 | 0 |  |  | $\prod_{1 \mathrm{ks}}^{100 \mathrm{ks} ;{ }^{100 \mathrm{~s}} ;}$ |
| 463 Preah Vihear Temple li 1 | 2011 | 2011 | 41 | 59 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 464 Libyan Civil War1 | 2011 | 2011 | 78 | 63 | 2 | 0 |  |  | $\mathrm{j}^{1 \mathrm{ks}}$ |
| 465 Cote Dâlvoire Presidential Crisis1 | 2011 | 2011 | 41 | 35 | 2 | 0 |  |  | $\dagger^{1005}$ |
| 466 Sudan－South Sudan 1 | 2011 | 2012 | 54 | 47 | 2 | 0 | community spima；aisom international |  | $\$^{\text {P15 }}$ |
| 467 Scarborough Shoal1 | 2012 | 2012 | 51 | 40 | 2 | 0 | ； Law of the Sea；Permanent Court of Arbitration | －－ialor | $\boldsymbol{i}_{\mathrm{ks}}^{100 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{j}^{10 \mathrm{~s}} ; \mathbf{i}}$ |
| 468 Syria－Turkey Border Incidents1 | 2012 | 2012 | 29 | 28 | 2 | 0 |  | tro | $\text { श1s: } 100 \mathrm{~s} ; \mathbf{i}$ <br> 10s： $\mathbf{j 1 5}$ |
| 469 North Korea Nuclear V1 | 2013 | 2013 | 64 | 70 | 2 | 0 |  community |  | $\boldsymbol{j}^{100 \mathrm{~s}} \mathbf{j}^{\mathbf{1} \mathrm{ks}}$ |
| 470 Syria Chemical Weapons 1 | 2013 | 2013 | 49 | 42 | 2 | 0 | communty：organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical weapons |  | $\hat{W}_{1 \mathrm{Ns}}^{100 \mathrm{p}} \mathrm{p}^{100 \mathrm{~s}}$ |
| 471 Crimea－Donbass 1 | 2014 | 2015 | 83 | 93 | 2 | 0 |  | － | $\mathbf{i}^{1 \mathrm{ks} ; \mathbf{i}^{100} ; \mathrm{el}^{10 \mathrm{~s}}}$ |
| 472 Chinese Oil Rig1 | 2014 | 2014 | 41 | 42 | 2 | 0 |  | $\vec{l}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\boldsymbol{i}^{100 \mathrm{~s} ;} \mathbf{p}^{10 \mathrm{~s} ; ~}$ $\text { iks; } 1 \text { 1s }$ |
| 473 India－Pakistan Border Firing1 | 2014 | 2014 | 30 | 24 | 2 | 0 | ㅍ：三汇 | －Dintult |  |
| 475 Korean Land Mine 1 | 2015 | 2015 | 33 | 34 | 2 | 0 |  | 人: | $\begin{aligned} & \boldsymbol{i}_{\mathrm{ks}}^{100 \mathrm{~s}} \mathbf{i} 10 \mathrm{ks} ; \mathbf{f} \end{aligned}$ |
| 476 Turkey－Russia Jet Incident1 | 2015 | 2016 | 82 | 126 | 2 | 0 |  |  | 2 1 1s；${ }^{100 s}$ ； 10s： $\mathbf{p}^{1 \mathrm{ks} ;} \mathbf{j} 1 \mathrm{~s}$ |

### 1.2 Verb Meanings (Glosses) found in the ICB Corpus (top 200)

| usesLemma | Gloss |
| :---: | :---: |
| 386end | bring to an end or halt "She ended their friendship when she found out that he had once been convicted of a crime" "The attack on Poland terminated the relatively peaceful period after WW I" |
| 369trigger | Poland terminated the relatively peaceful period after WW I" release or pull the trigger on "Trigger a gun" |
| 320begin | have a beginning, of a temporal event "WW II began in 1939 when Hitler marched into Poland" "The companys Asia tour begins next month" |
| 308involve | engage as a participant "Dont involve me in your family affairs" |
| 283 trigger | put in motion or move to act "trigger a reaction" "actuate the circuits" |
| 265 announce | announce publicly or officially "The President declared war" |
| 237 respond | respond favorably or as hoped "The cancer responded to the aggressive therapy" |
| 218call | call a meeting invite or command to meet "The Wannsee Conference was called to discuss the Final Solution" "The new dean calls meetings every week" |
| 205sign | approve and express assent, responsibility, or obligation "All parties ratified the peace treaty" "Have you signed your contract yet" |
| 198occur | come to pass "What is happening" "The meeting took place off without an incidence" "Nothing occurred that seemed important" |
| 188terminate | bring to an end or halt "She ended their friendship when she found out that he had once been convicted of a crime" "The attack on Poland terminated the relatively peaceful period after WW I" |
| 178begin | set in motion, cause to start "The U.S. started a war in the Middle East" "The Iraqis began hostilities" "begin a new chapter in your life" |
| 162 meet | come together "Ill probably see you at the meeting" "How nice to see you again" |
| 148 send | to cause or order to be taken, directed, or transmitted to another place "He had sent the dispatches downtown to the proper people and had slept" |
| 146occupy | march aggressively into anothers territory by military force for the purposes of conquest and occupation "Hitler invaded Poland on September 1, 1939" |
| 139be | happen, occur, take place "I lost my wallet this was during the visit to my parents house" "There were two hundred people at his funeral" "There was a lot of noise in the kitchen" |
| 134condemn | express strong disapproval of "We condemn the racism in South Africa" "These ideas were reprobated" |
| 134take | take by force "Hitler took the Baltic Republics" "The army took the fort on the hill" |
| 131escalate | increase in extent or intensity "The Allies escalated the bombing" |
| 129become | undergo a change or development "The water turned into ice" "Her former friend became her worst enemy" "He turned traitor" |
| 129perceive | become conscious of "She finally perceived the futility of her protest" |
| 129reject | refuse to accept or acknowledge "I reject the idea of starting a war" "The journal rejected the students paper" |
| 119agree | be in accord be in agreement "We agreed on the terms of the settlement" "I cant agree with you" "I hold with those who say life is sacred" "Both philosophers concord on this point" |
| 118respond | react verbally "She didnt want to answer" "answer the question" "We answered that we would accept the invitation" |
| 116demand | request urgently and forcefully "The victims family is demanding compensation" "The boss demanded that he be fired immediately" "She demanded to see the manager" |
| 114reach | be in or establish communication with "Our advertisements reach millions" "He never contacted his children after he emigrated to Australia" |
| 112be | to remain unmolested, undisturbed, or uninterrupted used only in infinitive form "let her be" |
| 111include | consider as part of something "I include you in the list of culprits" |
| 110 withdraw | pull back or move away or backward "The enemy withdrew" "The limo pulled away from the curb" |
| 106accu | blame for, make a claim of wrongdoing or misbehavior against "he charged the director with indifference" |
| 106continue | continue talking "I know its hard, he continued, but there is no choice" "carry onpretend we are not in the room" |
| 101remain | be left of persons, questions, problems, results, evidence, etc. "There remains the question of who pulled the trigger" "Carter remains the only President in recent history under whose Presidency the U.S. did not fight a war" |
| 99experience | undergo or live through a difficult experience "We had many trials to go through" "he saw action in Viet Nam" |
| 96 attempt | make an effort or attempt "He tried to shake off his fears" "The infant had essayed a few wobbly steps" "The police attempted to stop the thief" "He sought to improve himself" "She always seeks to do good in the world" |
| 96 increase | make bigger or more "The boss finally increased her salary" "The university increased the number of students it admitted" |
| 95 withdraw | make a retreat from an earlier commitment or activity "Well have to crawfish out from meeting with him" "He backed out of his earlier promise" "The aggressive investment company pulled in its horns" |
| 94mediate | act between parties with a view to reconciling differences "He interceded in the family dispute" "He mediated a settlement" |
| 94 request | inquire for information "I requested information from the secretary" |
| 94 threaten | to utter intentions of injury or punishment against "He threatened me when I tried to call the police" |
| 92 dispute | have a disagreement over something "We quarreled over the question as to who discovered America" "These two fellows are always scrapping over something" |
| 92 hold | stop dealing with "hold all calls to the Presidents office while he is in a meeting" |
| 89follow | keep under surveillance "The police had been following him for weeks but they could not prove his involvement in the bombing" |
| 89report | announce as the result of an investigation or experience or finding "Dozens of incidents of wife beatings are reported daily in this city" "The team reported significant advances in their research" |
| 88launch | begin with vigor "He launched into a long diatribe" "She plunged into a dangerous adventure" |
| 88 send | cause to go somewhere "The explosion sent the car flying in the air" "She sent her children to camp" "He directed all his energies into his dissertation" |
| 86see | perceive or be contemporaneous with "We found Republicans winning the offices" "Youll see a lot of cheating in this school" "The 1960s saw the rebellion of the younger generation against established traditions" "I want to see results" |
| 85 invade | march aggressively into anothers territory by military force for the purposes of conquest and occupation "Hitler invaded Poland on September 1, 1939" |
| 84fight | be engaged in a fight carry on a fight "the tribesmen fought each other" "Siblings are always fighting" "Militant groups are contending for control of the country" |


| usesLemma | Gloss |
| :---: | :---: |
| 81accuse | bring an accusation against level a charge against "The neighbors accused the man of spousal abuse" |
| 80perceive | to become aware of through the senses "I could perceive the ship coming over the horizon" |
| 79attack | launch an attack or assault on begin hostilities or start warfare with "Hitler attacked Poland on September 1, 1939 and started World War II" "Serbian forces assailed Bosnian towns all week" |
| 78 declare | announce publicly or officially "The President declared war" |
| 77 dispatch | kill without delay "the traitor was dispatched by the conspirators" |
| 77 end | put an end to "The terrible news ended our hopes that he had survived" |
| 76remain | stay behind "The smell stayed in the room" "The hostility remained long after they made up" |
| 75 discuss | speak with others about something talk something over in detail have a discussion "We discussed our household budget" |
| 74recognize | accept someone to be what is claimed or accept his power and authority "The Crown Prince was acknowledged as the true heir to the throne" "We do not recognize your gods" |
| 73continue | exist over a prolonged period of time "The bad weather continued for two more weeks" |
| 73 declare | proclaim ones support, sympathy, or opinion for or against "His wife declared at once for moving to the West Coast" |
| 731 ead | tend to or result in "This remark lead to further arguments among the guests" |
| 73 propose | present for consideration, examination, criticism, etc. "He proposed a new plan for dealing with terrorism" "She proposed a new theory of relativity" "The candidate projects himself as a moderate and a reformer" |
| 70deny | deny formally an allegation of fact by the opposing party in a legal suit |
| 70 issue | bring out an official document such as a warrant |
| 70renew | reestablish on a new, usually improved, basis or make new or like new "We renewed our friendship after a hiatus of twenty years" "They renewed their membership" |
| 69 capture | take possession of by force, as after an invasion "the invaders seized the land and property of the inhabitants" "The army seized the town" "The militia captured the castle" |
| 68 lead | stretch out over a distance, space, time, or scope run or extend between two points or beyond a certain point "Service runs all the way to Cranbury" "His knowledge doesnt go very far" "My memory extends back to my fourth year of life" "The facts extend beyond a consideration of her personal assets" |
| 66achieve | to gain with effort "she achieved her goal despite setbacks" |
| 66 provide | determine what is to happen in certain contingencies, especially by including a proviso condition or stipulation "The will provides that each child should receive half of the money" "The Constitution provides for the right to free speech" |
| 63last | persist for a specified period of time "The bad weather lasted for three days" |
| 63 seek | make an effort or attempt "He tried to shake off his fears" "The infant had essayed a few wobbly steps" "The police attempted to stop the thief" "He sought to improve himself" "She always seeks to do good in the world" |
| 62 attack | take the initiative and go on the offensive "The Serbs attacked the village at night" "The visiting team started to attack" |
| 61appeal | take a court case to a higher court for review "He was found guilty but appealed immediately" |
| 61include | allow participation in or the right to be part of permit to exercise the rights, functions, and responsibilities of "admit someone to the profession" "She was admitted to the New Jersey Bar" |
| 61 pass | go unchallenged be approved "The bill cleared the House" |
| 60agree | achieve harmony of opinion, feeling, or purpose "No two of my colleagues would agree on whom to elect chairman" |
| 60 warn | notify, usually in advance "I warned you that I would ask some difficult questions" |
| 59claim | demand as being ones due or property assert ones right or title to "He claimed his suitcases at the airline counter" "Mr. Smith claims special tax exemptions because he is a foreign resident" |
| 58establish | bring about "The trompe loeilillusion establishes depth" |
| 58 offer | threaten to do something "I offered to leave the committee if they did not accept my proposal" |
| 58support | argue or speak in defense of "She supported the motion to strike" |
| 57 continue | do something repeatedly and showing no intention to stop "We continued our research into the cause of the illness" "The landlord persists in asking us to move" |
| 57 create | make or cause to be or to become "make a mess in ones office" "create a furor" |
| 57 cross | travel across or pass over "The caravan covered almost 100 miles each day" |
| 56 inform | impart knowledge of some fact, state of affairs, or event to "I informed him of his rights" |
| 56 issue | circulate or distribute or equip with "issue a new uniform to the children" "supply blankets for the beds" |
| 56prevent | keep from happening or arising make impossible "My sense of tact forbids an honest answer" "Your role in the projects precludes your involvement in the competitive project" |
| 56restore | bring back into original existence, use, function, or position "restore law and order" "reestablish peace in the region" "restore the emperor to the throne" |
| 56 urge | push for something "The travel agent recommended strongly that we not travel on Thanksgiving Day" |
| 54send | transfer "The spy sent the classified information off to Russia" |
| 53agree | consent or assent to a condition, or agree to do something "She agreed to all my conditions" "He agreed to leave her alone" |
| 53 erupt | erupt or intensify suddenly "Unrest erupted in the country" "Tempers flared at the meeting" "The crowd irrupted into a burst of patriotism" |
| 53 resolve | reach a conclusion after a discussion or deliberation |
| 53support | be behind approve of "He plumped for the Labor Party" "I backed Kennedy in 1960" |
| 52suspend | stop a process or a habit by imposing a freeze on it "Suspend the aid to the wartorn country" |
| 52view | deem to be "She views this quite differently from me" "I consider her to be shallow" "I dont see the situation quite as negatively as you do" |
| 51approve | give sanction to "I approve of his educational policies" |
| 51claim | take as an undesirable consequence of some event or state of affairs "the accident claimed three lives" "The hard work took its toll on her" |
| 51kill | deprive of life "AIDS has killed thousands in Africa" |
| 51occur | to be found to exist "sexism occurs in many workplaces" "precious stones occur in a large area in Brazil" |
| 51state | express in words "He said that he wanted to marry her" "tell me what is bothering you" "state your opinion" "state your name" |
| 51 take | admit into a group or community "accept students for graduate study" "Well have to vote on whether or not to admit a new member" |
| 50deploy | to distribute systematically or strategically "The U.S. deploys its weapons in the Middle East" |
| 50 fade | disappear gradually "The pain eventually passed off" |
| 50 intervene | get involved, so as to alter or hinder an action, or through force or threat of force "Why did the U.S. not intervene earlier in WW II" |


| usesLemma | Gloss |
| :---: | :---: |
| 50note | make mention of "She observed that his presentation took up too much time" "They noted that it was a fine day to go sailing" |
| 49resume | take up or begin anew "We resumed the negotiations" |
| 49use | avail oneself to "apply a principle" "practice a religion" "use care when going down the stairs" "use your common sense" "practice nonviolent resistance" |
| 48follow | to bring something about at a later time than "She followed dinner with a brandy" "He followed his lecture with a question and answer period" |
| 48 form | develop into a distinctive entity "our plans began to take shape" |
| 48overthrow | cause the downfall of of rulers "The Czar was overthrown" "subvert the ruling class" |
| 48protect | shield from danger, injury, destruction, or damage "Weatherbeater protects your roof from the rain" |
| 48resolve | bring to an end settle conclusively "The case was decided" "The judge decided the case in favor of the plaintiff" "The father adjudicated when the sons were quarreling over their inheritance" |
| 47 accept | give an affirmative reply to respond favorably to "I cannot accept your invitation" "I go for this resolution" |
| 47allege | report or maintain "He alleged that he was the victim of a crime" "He said it was too late to intervene in the war" "The registrar says that I owe the school money" |
| 47arrive | reach a destination arrive by movement or progress "She arrived home at 7 oclock" "She didnt get to Chicago until after midnight" |
| 46 break | make a rupture in the ranks of the enemy or ones own by quitting or fleeing "The ranks broke" |
| 46negotiate | discuss the terms of an arrangement "They negotiated the sale of the house" |
| 46refuse | show unwillingness towards "he declined to join the group on a hike" |
| 45 accept | react favorably to consider right and proper "People did not accept atonal music at that time" "We accept the idea of universal health care" |
| 45leave | remove oneself from an association with or participation in "She wants to leave" "The teenager left home" "She left her position with the Red Cross" "He left the Senate after two terms" "after 20 years with the same company, she pulled up stakes" |
| 44generate | bring into existence "The new manager generated a lot of problems" "The computer bug generated chaos in the office" "The computer generated this image" "The earthquake generated a tsunami" |
| 44 increase | become bigger or greater in amount "The amount of work increased" |
| 44initiate | set in motion, start an event or prepare the way for "Hitlers attack on Poland led up to World War II" |
| 441 aunch | propel with force "launch the space shuttle" "Launch a ship" |
| 44 meet | experience as a reaction "My proposal met with much opposition" |
| 44proclaim | state or announce "I am not a Communist, he exclaimed" "The King will proclaim an amnesty" |
| 43comply | act in accordance with someones rules, commands, or wishes "He complied with my instructions" "You must comply or else" "Follow these simple rules" "abide by the rules" |
| 43move | follow a procedure or take a course "We should go farther in this matter" "She went through a lot of trouble" "go about the world in a certain manner" "Messages must go through diplomatic channels" |
| 42adopt | take up the cause, ideology, practice, method, of someone and use it as ones own "She embraced Catholicism" "They adopted the Jewish faith" |
| 42come | be received "News came in of the massacre in Rwanda" |
| 42 control | exercise authoritative control or power over "control the budget" "Command the military forces" |
| 42implement | pursue to a conclusion or bring to a successful issue "Did he go through with the treatment" "He implemented a new economic plan" "She followed up his recommendations with a written proposal" |
| 42 impose | impose and collect "levy a fine" |
| 42reaffirm | affirm once again "He reaffirmed his faith in the church" |
| 42succeed | attain success or reach a desired goal "The enterprise succeeded" "We succeeded in getting tickets to the show" "she struggled to overcome her handicap and won" |
| 42 take | take into consideration for exemplifying purposes "Take the case of China" "Consider the following case" |
| 42threaten | pose a threat to present a danger to "The pollution is endangering the crops" |
| 41bomb | throw bombs at or attack with bombs "The Americans bombed Dresden" |
| 39become | enter or assume a certain state or condition "He became annoyed when he heard the bad news" "It must be getting more serious" "her face went red with anger" "She went into ecstasy" "Get going" |
| 39call | order, summon, or request for a specific duty or activity, work, role "He was already called 4 times for jury duty" "They called him to active military duty" |
| 39consider | think about carefully weigh "They considered the possibility of a strike" "Turn the proposal over in your mind" |
| 391ast | continue to live and avoid dying "We went without water and food for 3 days" "These superstitions survive in the backwaters of America" "The race car driver lived through several very serious accidents" "how long can a person last without food and water" "One crash victim died, the other lived" |
| 38decide | reach, make, or come to a decision about something "We finally decided after lengthy deliberations" |
| 38hold | take and maintain control over, often by violent means "The dissatisfied students held the Presidents office for almost a week" |
| 38indicate | be a signal for or a symptom of "These symptoms indicate a serious illness" "Her behavior points to a severe neurosis" "The economic indicators signal that the euro is undervalued" |
| 38participate | become a participant be involved in "enter a race" "enter an agreement" "enter a drug treatment program" "enter negotiations" |
| 38plan | have the will and intention to carry out some action "He plans to be in graduate school next year" "The rebels had planned turmoil and confusion" |
| 38 strengthen | make strong or stronger "This exercise will strengthen your upper body" "strengthen the relations between the two countries" |
| 38warn | notify of danger, potential harm, or risk "The director warned him that he might be fired" "The doctor warned me about the dangers of smoking" |
| 37help | contribute to the furtherance of "This money will help the development of literacy in developing countries" |
| 36do | carry on or function "We could do with a little more help around here" |
| 36enmesh | entangle or catch in or as if in a mesh |
| 36 fire | drive out or away by or as if by fire "The soldiers were fired" "Surrender fires the cold skepticism" |
| 36 have | cause to move cause to be in a certain position or condition "He got his squad on the ball" "This let me in for a big surprise" "He got a girl into trouble" |
| 36 lead | preside over "John moderated the discussion" |


| usesLemma | Gloss |
| :--- | :--- |
| 36order | issue commands or orders for |
| cause to do cause to act in a specified manner "The ads induced me to buy a VCR" "My children finally got me to buy a computer" "My |  |
| 35cause | wife made me buy a new sofa" |
| move out of an unsafe location into safety "After the earthquake, residents were evacuated" |  |
| follow with the eyes or the mind "Keep an eye on the baby, please" "The world is watching Sarajevo" "She followed the men with the |  |

## 2 Coding Process

### 2.1 Graphical User Interface

Graphical User Interface (GUI) for coding ICBe


### 2.2 Coding Aggregation and Filtering

```
Data: Coder-Sentence-Tokens
Result: Sentence-Events
foreach sentence in sentences do
    foreach concept in concepts do
        foreach token in tokens do
            if expert votes \(==0\) then reject; \(\quad / *\) Require at least one expert vote \(* /\);
            else if expert votes \(>=\) expert voters \(/ 2\) then
            accept;
            else if novice votes \(>=\) novice voters/2 then
                accept;
        end
        if \(\operatorname{sum}(\) accepted \()==0\) then
            sort tags by votes; head 1; accept; /* If still no tag, take one with most votes */
        end
    end
    foreach ActorSet in unique(ActorSets) do
        emit event;
    end
end
```

Algorithm 1: Aggregating Coder-Tokens into Sentence-Events

### 2.3 Intercoder Agreement



### 2.4 Intercoder Agreement by Confidence



## 3 Recall

### 3.1 Synthetic Narratives

A synthetic narrative is constructed as follows. First, compile a large corpus, $D$, of timelines, encyclopedia entries, journal articles, news reports, websites, and government documents. Next, segment into sentences, $s \in S$, clean, filter, and break into simpler concise sentences, $s^{*} \in S^{*}$, using a large natural language model, BART (Lewis et al. 2019), fine-tuned on summarization tasks, distilbart-cnn-12-6 (Shleifer and Rush 2020). Then, calculate semantic similarity between each $S *$ by embedding them with a different large language model, MPNet (Song et al., n.d.), fine tuned to identify paraphrasing (Reimers and Gurevych 2019, 2020). Next, constructed an undirected weighted graph of pair above 95 th percentile cosine similarity and hierarchically cluster them into potential events $e^{*} \in E^{*}$ (Clauset, Newman, and Moore 2004). The resulting set of $E^{*}$ are small enough to check by hand, summarize, and place in chronological order. The relevant formulas and algorithm are shown below.

Cosine Similarity

$$
\begin{equation*}
\text { cosine similarity }=\frac{a \cdot b}{\|a\|\|b\|} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

Adjacency Matrix

$$
A_{v w}=\left\{\begin{array}{l}
1 \text { if vertices } \mathrm{v} \text { and } \mathrm{w} \text { are connected }  \tag{2}\\
0 \text { otherwise }
\end{array}\right.
$$

Identity Function

$$
\delta(i, j)=\left\{\begin{array}{l}
1 \text { if } \mathrm{i}=\mathrm{j}  \tag{3}\\
0 \text { otherwise }
\end{array}\right.
$$

Degree of a vertex

$$
\begin{equation*}
k_{v}=\sum_{w} A_{v w} \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

Modularity - Is the difference between observed within-community edges and average expected edges on a random graph

$$
\begin{equation*}
Q=\frac{1}{2 m} \sum_{v w}\left[A_{v w}-\frac{k_{v} k_{w}}{2 m}\right] \delta\left(C_{w}, C_{w}\right) \tag{5}
\end{equation*}
$$

```
Data: Document-Sentences
Result: Event-Mentions
/* Embed text as a 768 dimensional semantic vector with a large language model */
foreach document in Document do
    foreach sentence in sentence do
            embedding=distilbart-cnn-6-6(sentence);
    end
end
similarity \(=\) cosine similarity (embeddings,embeddings);
/* Threshold similarity matrix and create weighted undirected graph */
/* Frame as adding edges so efficient nearest neighbor lookup can be used */
g=EmptyUndirectedWeightedGraph(); /* Sparse undirected graph to store edges */
foreach \(v\) in 1:rows(similarity) do
        foreach \(w\) in 1:cols(similarity) do
            if similarity \([v, w]>0.96\) and \(\operatorname{doc}(V)!=\operatorname{doc}(W)\) then append edge \(\mathrm{v}<->\mathrm{w}\) to \(g\);
                                    /* If similar append as undirected edge to graph */
        end
end
/* Community detection with greedy hierarchically clustering (Clauset et al. 2004) */
gClustered=EmptyUndirectedGraph(vertices(g)); /* Sparse undirected graph to store edges */
    dendrogram=list() while length(edges \((g))>1\) do
        foreach edge in edges ( \(g\) ) do
            Qpossible[edge] \(=\) Q (gClustered + edge \()\)
        end
        foreach edge in edges (g) do
            /* Add the edge with the maximum increase in modularity */
            /* Remove from original graph as a housekeeping trick */
            if QPossible[edge]=max(QPossible) then append edge to gClustered and remove edge from g ;
            append QPossible to dendrogram ;
        end
end
/* Cut the dendrogram to maximize modularity and return event clusters */
return dendrogram where Q (dendrogram) \(==\max\) (dendrogram)
/* */
```

Algorithm 2: Clustering and counting sentences about the same event

### 3.2 Synthetic Narrative Matches Cuban Missile

Cuban Missile Crisis Synthetic Narrative Recall Matches


### 3.3 Synthetic Narrative Matches Crimea-Donbas

Crimea-Donbas Synthetic Narrative Recall Matches

| date Event | Mentions $/$ Varrative |  | Phoenix | Terrier | ICEWS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { C nuclear disarmed in } \\ \text { 1994-12-05 exchange for } \\ \text { never invade } \end{gathered} \text { promise to }$ | 7 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 2004-04-02 $\begin{aligned} & \text { NATO expands to include } \\ & \text { Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania }\end{aligned}$ | 5 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 2008-01-01 <br> NATO provides incredile offer of membership to | 7471 -78 | 1 |  |  |  |
| $\text { 2008-08-01 Annexeses Abkhazia and } \begin{gathered} \text { invales Georgia and } \\ \text { Ossetia } \end{gathered}$ | 10458 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Ukrainian ratified the Russian 2010-04-21 treaty, extending the Russian ${ }^{\text {facililies }} 2017$ for 25 years after | 5 | 0 |  |  |  |
| $\text { 2013-11-01 plans to join } \text { agreement trade }$ | $6471-3$ | 0 | On November 11 2013, Ukraine government express intent to engage in material cooperation, not specified the topic of european_union | 0 | On November 182013 , Ukraine express intent to cooperate economically European Union |
| 2013-11-21 agreement $\begin{aligned} & \text { rejects } \\ & \text { a }\end{aligned}$ | 42 471-3 | 1 | - | On November 232013 , Ukraine Government reject economic cooperation Europe European Union inter-governmental organizations in Brussels | On November 302013, <br> Ukraine Viktor Yanukovych reject economic cooperation European Union |
| 2013-11-21 protests $^{\text {a }}$ | $6471-14$ | 1 | On November 29 2013, government eng age in political dissent Ukraine in Kiev on the topic of european_union | On November 252013 pposition appeal for change T $U k r a i n e ~$ Ukraine | On November 30 2013, Ukraine Citizen (Ukraine) Viktor Yanukovych Ukraine in Kiev |
| 2013-12-17 discounted energy to do relief and | 5 | 0 | On December 172013 , Russia express intent to cooperate economicaly Ukraine in Russian Federation | On December 17 2013, Russia cooperate economically Ukraine | On December 172013 , Russians intert to cooperom express intent to cooperate economically Ukraine in Kiev |
| 2014-02-01 aid provide econ and military | 26 471-66 | 1 | On April 22 2014, United States provide economic aid Ukraine | On April 15 2014, United States provide aid Ukraine in nited States | On February 25 2014, United States provide aid Ukraine in Kiev |
| 2014-02-21 $\begin{aligned} & \text { syacks } \text { settement }\end{aligned}$ | 10 471-9 | 1 | On February 21 2014, europe european union government express intent to cooperate government Ukraine | On February 21 2014, Inter-governmental organizations Europe European Union Government engage in negotiation Elites Ukraine in Kyiv | On February 212014 , European Union sign formal agreement Ukraine in Kiev |
| 2014-02-22 to leader removed and flees | 65 471-22 | 1 | On February 22 2014, Ukraine accede to requests or demands for political reform not specified below not specified below opposition in Ukraine $\qquad$ | On February 222014 Ukraine accede to demands for change in leadership Government in Ukraine Government in Ukraine | On February 21 2014, Uraine Heac of Government Associated with the Opposition (Ukraine) Ukraine |
| 2014-02-27 seizacked gunmen begin in Crimea | 10 471-18 | 1 | On February 27 2014, opposition seize or damage property government Ukraine on the topic of activism | On February 272014, Unidentified Armed Force (tertiary role code) use conventional military force Legislature in Crimean Peninsula | On February 27 2014, <br> (Ukraine Armed Band <br> violence Crimea Ukraine |
| 2014-03-01 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ votes to deploy military to | 11 471-21 | 1 | On March 2 2014, Russia military mobilize or increase armed forces Ukraine | On March 1 2014, Russia mobilize or increase armed Federation | On March 1 2014, Russian Federation Legislature (Russia) mobilize or increase amed forces Ukraine |
| 2014-03-16 ${ }^{\text {Crimea independence }}$ refferendum | 12 471-23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | On March 16 2014, Ukraine dimea reduce or break diplomatic relations Ukraine |
| 2014-03-16 and mobilizes forces to Crimea | 11 471-27 | 1 | On March 17 2014, Russia military occupy territory military | On March 16 2014, Russia Military occupy territory Ukraine in Crimean Peninsula | On March 16 2014, Russian increase armed forces Crimea Ukraine in Prague |
| 2014-03-16 ${ }_{\text {® }}^{\text {® }}$ in Dacked seperatists attack | 6 | 0 | On March 172014 Ukraine unidentified armed force conventional military force Russia in Ukraine | On March 17 2014, Papel use conventional military force Judiciary Government Ukraine in Donetsk - | On March 17 2014, Russian Federation Russia use Ukraine Ukraine |
|  | 83 471-64 | 1 | On March 18 2014, United States impose embargo, boycott, or sanctions political party Russia in United States on the topic of sanctions | On March 17 2014, United States impose embargo, in Moscow | On March 17 2014, United States Barack Obama impose embargo, boycott. or sanctions Russia Russian F.c. |
| 2014-03-18 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ annexes Crimea | 180 471-23 | 1 | 0 | On March 17 2014, Russia occupy territory Ukraine in Crimean Peninsula | On March 18 2014, Russian Federation Militar, (Russia) occupy territory Ukraine in Crimean Peninsula |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { 2014-04-06 fighting in seperatists begin } \\ \text { Luhansk) } \end{gathered}$ | 146 471-31 | 1 | On April 8 2014, Russia occupy territory Ukraine in Donetsk | On April 29 2014, Opposition use conventional military force Ukraine in Donetsk <br>  | On May 27 2014, Ukraine Separatist (Ukraine) use conventional military force Uovernment (ukraine) |
| 2014-04-23 Sorder mility excercises at $\approx$ | 7471-35 | 1 | 0 | On April 25 2014, Russia demonstrate military or police power Ukraine in Kyiv | On March 26 2014, Russian Federation Russia police power Ukraing or er Ukraine |
| 2014-05-11 DPR and the LPR declare | 5 471-30 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2014-05-21 DPR requests Russian | 5 | 0 | On May 212014 , Ukraine rebel consult Russia | 0 | 0 |
|  | 6471-44 | 1 | 0 | 0 | On July 17 2014, Russian ederation Russia employ (Malaysia) Malaysia in Moscow |
| 2014-07-17 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ sanctions \# | $5471-75$ | 1 | On July 8 2014, europe european union impose embargo, boycott, or sanctions Russia in Eu on the topic of european union | On July 18 2014, Inter-governmental European Union impose embargo, boycott, or sanctions Russia | On June 27 2014, European Union impose embargo, boycott, or sanctions Russia Brussels |
| 2014-07-17 $\sim$ econ sanction ${ }^{\text { }}$ | $5471-42$ | 1 | On July 25 2014, Russia impose embargo, boycott, or sanctions Ukrainé in Ukraíne | On July 25 2014, Russia Government impose embargo, boycott, or sanctions Ukraine | On December 152014 , impose embargo, boycott, sanctions Ukrane in Brussels |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2014-09-05 signed a ceasefire the LPR } \\ & \text { agreement, the Minsk । } \end{aligned}$ | 10 471-49 | 1 | 0 | On September 52014 Ukraine sign formal agreement Rebel | On September 52014 <br> Ukraine Other Authorities / Officials (Ukraine) sign formal agreement Rebel Commander (Ukraine) Ukraine in Minsk |
| 2014-09-06 \%, DPR, and the LPR, | 15 471-52 | 1 | On September 72014 , (tertiary role code) use conventional military force Ukraine in Donetsk |  | On September 262014 Ukraine Separatist (Ukraine) use conventional military force Military (Ukraine) force Military (Ukrain Ukraine in Donetsk |
| 2015-02-12 signed a ceasefire agreement (Minsk II) | $10471-59$ | 1 | 0 | On February 142015, Ukraine Papel Legislature sign formal agreement Ukraine in Minsk | On February 12 2015, Ukraine sign formal arreement Armed Rebel (Belarus) Belarus in Minsk |
| 2015-02-21 People's Republic and the | 6 | 0 | 0 - | 0 | 0 |

## 4 Precision

### 4.1 Crimea-Donbas Narrative

Annexation of Crimea ICB Narrative and ICBe codings

| 5 | ICB | ICBe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On 21 November 2013, Ukrainian president Victor Yanukovych sparked a wave of anti- government unrest - commonly known as "Euromaidan" - when he rejected a trade and political association agreement with the EU in favor of forging closer ties to Russia. <br> Demonstrations in favor of closer European integration began in Kiev that evening and were initially peaceful, but they eventually spread to other parts of Ukraine and escalated into a series of increasingly violent clashes between protesters and police, as well as demands for the resignation of Yanukovych. |  | eject - - sign formal agreement |
|  |  | express intent - economic cooperation |
|  |  | rot |
|  |  | $\square$ protest |
| 5 | Violence between protestors and police reached its peak in mid-February 2014, when both sides were firing at each other and the number of deaths increased significantly. | rights violation;mass killing |
| 6 | Alarmed by the escalating use of repression by the Ukrainian government, the United States imposed visa bans on twenty senior Ukrainian governmental officials on 19 February. | E end economic cooperation restrict rights E $^{\text {a }}$ |
| 7 |  |  |
|  | The EU followed suit the next day with its own package of sanctions that included travel bans and asset freezes targeted at Ukrainian officials as well as a ban on the export of equipment that could be used for repression by the Ukrainian government. | end economic cooperation restrict rights |
|  |  | end economic aid;end military cooperation;end unspecified aid |
| 9 | Faced with a Ukrainian Parliament that was now dominated by the political opposition, Yanukovych was pressured into signing an EU-mediated agreement on 21 February to try and end the political and civil crisis in Ukraine. | accept |
| 10 | This diplomatic move was all for naught, as Yanukovych fled Kiev for eastern Ukraine later that night, and Parliament voted to remove him from office the following day. | leadership change |
| 11 | The opposition took over the Ukrainian government, and Maidan protestors captured the presidential palace and took control of Kiev. | - coup |
|  |  | assert political control over institutions change populated place (town/city) large gain 1 ks 遦 10 s |
| 12 | The removal of Yanukovych on 22 February 2014 sparked a crisis for Russia. | start of crisis - |
| 13 | Russia feared that Ukraine would leave its sphere of influence and become a NATO ally. | - fear - military cooperation + |
| 14 | Russia also expressed concerns about the rights of Russian-speakers in Ukraine, particularly in the predominantly Russian-speaking region of Crimea, where pro-Moscow protesters were calling for Crimea to secede from Ukraine. | Efear - human rights violation |
| 15 | Russian officials met the night of 22 February and into the morning of February 23, when it was decided that Crimea should be retaken and Yanukovych should be extracted from Ukraine. | express intent - assert political control over points other;region |
| 18 | On 27-28 February, unidentified soldiers (widely suspected, and later confirmed to have been Russian special forces) seized several government buildings and airports in Crimea, sparking a crisis for special | assert political control over;invasion/occupation aty populated places small gain |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { start of crisis - } \text { invasion/occupation } \\ & \text { points other small gain } \end{aligned}$ |
| 19 | Ukraine's major response to its crisis was verbal and began on 27 February, when it sent a note to Russia demanding that Russian troops stay on base in Crimea, called for calm, and discussed the | =appeal - discussion;meeting - |
|  |  | mand |
|  | The following day, Ukraine called for a meeting of the United Nations Security Council (UNSC), the final part of its major response. |  |
|  | On 1 March, the Russian Parliament gave President Vladimir Putin permission to use force in Crimea, and Russia launched a full-scale military intervention in the country that day. | $\square$ appeal $\omega-\infty$ meeting area;invasion/occupation region |
| 22 | The move was met with little resistance from Ukraine, which was advised by the U.S. to avoid a military confrontation with Russia. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { aurrender } \text { region small loss } \\ & \text { appeal }=\text { surrender } \text { region small loss } \end{aligned}$ |
| 23 | Crimea was formally annexed on 18 March, following a local referendum two days earlier in which $97 \%$ of voters supported joining Russia. | gain annex points other;region large gain:small |
| 24 | Non-violent military confrontations in Crimea continued until 25 March, when Ukraine withdrew completely from the region. | reduce control over;withdraw from area populated places;region large loss;small loss |
| 26 | Pro-Russian protests in the predominantly Russian-speaking Donbass region in eastern Ukraine began shortly after Crimea was annexed. |  |
| 27 | At some point soon thereafter, Russia began to conduct military exercises in Rostov and other points near its border with eastern Ukraine, and it also began massing troops in the area, all with the intent to try and force Ukraine to back down in Donbass without having to resort to violence. | - exercise;fortify ${ }^{\text {region }}$ |
| 28 | Ukraine beefed up security at border checkpoints, citing fears that Russian troops may invade. | - fortify ${ }^{\text {- }}$ border;region |
| 29 | Russia removed some of its forces from Rostov on 31 March after a conversation between the U.S. and Russian foreign ministers. | remove fortify;withdraw from area border;region <br> E= meeting |
| 30 | Pro-Russian militants in Donbass took control of several government buildings on April 7 and later declared independence from Ukraine - in the form of the Donetsk People's Republic (DPR) and the Luhansk People's Republic (LPR) - following referenda. | dpr//pr assert autonomy against;attack points other;region |
|  |  | invasion/occupation populated place (town/city) small gain |
|  | This set off a war between Ukrainian security forces and pro-Russian militias in Donbass, supported Russian arms and widely suspected to have included Russian military members. | join war on behalf;military cooperation dpr/lpr |
|  |  | - declaration of war populated place (town/city) small gain |
| 32 | Ukraine responded to the initial events in Donbass with force. | battle/clash populated place (town/city) |
| 33 | On 14 April, acting Ukrainian President Oleksandr Turchynov announced an anti-terror operation against pro-Russian separatists, although it was short-lived. | - attack dpr/lpr region |
| 34 | On 22 April, Turchynov ordered more military operations against pro-Russian militants. | small gain attack: populated place (town/city) |
| 35 | Despite publicly denying an interest in intervening in Donbass, Russia increased its troop presence along Ukraine's southeastem border and began another series of military exercises on 23 April, raising concerns that it might conduct a full-fledged military intervention in Donbass if Ukraine appeared to be wiining the conflict. | deployment to area;exercise;fortify border; ;egion |
| 36 | Russia and Ukraine were involved in a simultaneous dispute over the latter's natural gas debt to the former. | express intent end economic aid;end <br> $\square$ accuse - - end economic cooperation $\square$ |
| 39 | In May, the European Union (EU) Energy Commissioner began talks with Russia and Ukraine in an attempt to sort out a repayment plan that would keep the gas from being cut off. |  |
|  | On 15 June, talks over Ukraine's natural gas debt broke down. | Esediatio |
| 42 | Russia cut the natural gas pipeline to Ukraine the following day. | end economic aid;end economic cooperation points other |
| 44 | On 17 July, pro-Russian militants mistakenly shot down Malaysia Airlines Flight 17, a passenger plane that was flying over Donbass, with a Russian-made Buk anti-aircraft missile. | dpr/lpr attack;show of force $\boldsymbol{\square}=\boxed{1}$ airspace $\mathbf{j}^{1 \mathrm{~s}}$ 욘 100 s |
| 45 | garnered significant international media attention and engendered widespread condemnation and outrage but did not slow the pace of fighting in the region. | - |
| 46 | In August, after a Ukrainian counter- offensive regained control of several cities and villages in Donetsk and Luhansk, Russian troops intervened openly in the conflict, sending tanks and missiles across the Ukrainian border. | deployment to area;fortify;join ongoing war <br>  |
|  |  | invasion/occupation dpr//pr populated places:region small gain <br> small gain blash populated place (town/city) small gain |
|  | The Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE) established a Trilateral Contact Group with Ukraine and Russia in June, initiating a mediation effort between the two sides. | Trilateral Contact Group on Ukraine - Trilateral Contact Group on Ukraine mediation |
| 49 | The OSCE brokered a ceasefire, the Minsk Protocol, between all sides on 5 September. |  |
| 50 | The ceasefire failed to hold, and the fighting continued largely unabated through 2014, albeit at a lower level than before Minsk I. |  |
| 51 | On 30 October, Russia and Ukraine agreed to a natural gas supply deal. | economic cooperation accept - - sign formal agreement |
| 52 | Fighting escalated to pre-Minsk I levels again in January 2015. | continuation of previous fighting dpr/lpr: - $^{\text {region }}$ |
| 53 | Pro-Russian rebels took control of the Donetsk airport on 15 January, signaling the full collapse of the Minsk Protocol. | dpr//pr invasion/occupation point other small gain |


| S | ICB | ICBe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { attack } \\ & \text { small gain } \end{aligned}$ |
| 54 | Around this time，DPR leader Alexander Zakharchenko said that he had no interest in peace talks and pledged to begin trying to move the front line． | 国 reject $\square$ deployment to area populated place（town／city） <br> dpr／／pr reject－meeting；settle dispute dpr／lpr |
| 55 | In February 2015，a renewed round of talks occurred，this time initiated and led by German Chancellor Angela Merkel and French President Francois Hollande． | 【！［－пп mediation dpr／lpr：＝ |
|  |  | I．․․；Trilateral Contact Group on Ukraine mediation |
| 57 | On 6 February，Merkel and Hollande met privately with Putin for several hours，convincing him to return to the table． | meeting |
| 58 | The mediation effort officially began the following day，when Russian，Ukrainian，and separatist leaders met for negotiations hosted by the OSCE．France and Germany threatened new sanctions if a deal wasn＇t reached，and the OSCE promised to monitor the implementation of an agreement if one was reached． |  cooperation |
|  |  | 【． $\mathbf{C}$ ultimatum does not happen－II：end economic cooperation－C－will happen dpr／lpr； settle dispute cease fire $\qquad$ region |
|  |  | Trilateral Contact Group on Ukraine promise <br> ㄹ．－Trilateral Contact Group on Ukraine mediation |
| 59 | The mediation effort resulted in a second ceasefire agreement between all sides，commonly known as Minsk II，on 12 February． |  fire dpr／／pr；region <br>  ；In ；Trilateral Contact Group on Ukraine sign formal agreement |
| 61 | Fighting mostly ceased after the signing of this agreement，but some clashes continued for a short time afterward in the city of Debaltseve，ending after rebels retook the city on 18 February． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { invasion/occupation } \\ & \text { populated place (town/city) small gain } \\ & \text { retreat dpr/lpr populated place (town/city) small } \\ & \text { loss } \end{aligned}$ |
| 62 | Russian military advisors coordinated the assault on Debaltseve，and U．S．sources were confident that the shelling and rocket attacks in the area came from the Russian military． | military cooperation；unspecified cooperation dpr／／pr |
| 63 | Ukraine＇s retreat from Debaltseve under fire terminated the crisis for both Ukraine and Russia． | retreat m ． m populated place（town／city） small loss <br> －end of crisis |
|  | In response to the events in Crimea，the U．S．advised Ukraine to not engage Russia militarily but also imposed economic sanctions on Russia． | ［ |
|  | In addition，the U．S．provided funds，military training，and military equipment－not including weapons －to Ukraine during the crisis． | E－military aid；military cooperation |
| 8 | On 27 March 2014，the UN General Assembly approved a resolution condemning the Russian annexation of Crimea． | $\square$ disapprove |
| 69 | The UNSC adopted a resolution on 21 july 2014 condemning the downing of the Malaysia Airlines flight，and another resolution on 17 February 2015 endorsing Minsk II． |  |
| 74 | In addition to its role as mediator，the OSCE deployed an observer group that monitored compliance with both Minsk ceasefire agreements and facilitated dialogue between local communities in eastern Ukraine，including between local residents and internally－displaced persons． | Trilateral Contact Group on Ukraine deployment to area |
| 75 | In addition to its role in the natural gas dispute between Ukraine and Russia，the EU imposed several rounds of economic sanctions on Russia，first in March 2014 and then again in July and September 2014. | －end economic cooperation |
| 76 | The G8 suspended Russia＇s membership on 24 March 2014. | G8 break off negotiations；end unspecified cooperation |
| 79 | On 1 April 2014，NATO suspended civil and military cooperation with Russia． | ＋break off negotiations；end military cooperation；end unspecified cooperation；terminate treaty |
| 80 | NATO also participated in general capacity－building in Ukraine，issued statements on the situation in Ukraine，and conducted limited military exercises，generally viewed as a means of reassuring local allies． | ＋military cooperation exercise |

### 4.2 Stratified Sentence Examples

Stratified Sentence Examples

| name | value | crisno ICB | ICBe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| act_cooperative | end protest | 243 The perceived threat to its regime having been overcome, Chad's crisis ended the following day. | - . end of crisis;victory - $\quad$ - assert autonomy against $_{\text {a }}^{\text {a }}$ |
| act_cooperative | end riot | 45 The crisis ended for Austria, Czechoslovakia, and Italy on 31 July, by which time the Austrian militia had completed the suppression of Nazi uprisings that had belatedly broken out in the provinces. | end of crisis - $\qquad$ end riot |
| act_cooperative | end strike | 294 On 25 September the insurgents were defeated and factories and businesses reopened in Nicaragua, terminating its first crisis. | end of crisis - end protest; end strike |
| act_cooperative | evacuate | 475 At this point, North Korean troops were ordered to a semiwartime alert, and South Korea ordered the evacuation of over 10,000 citizens living close to the DMZ. On 22 August, North Korea deployed submarines and mobilized artillery units along the border. | \%*: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ evacuate |
| act_cooperative | institutions change | 403 Instead it presented a plan for a decentralized republic, based on several regional governments and a central government in Sarajevo, responsible for foreign policy, defense, and trade. | offer - without conditions - M settle dispute |
| act_cooperative | leadership change | 300 The crisis ended for Rhodesia on 31 May with the change of government: that day Ian Smith handed over the reins of government to Bishop Abel Muzorewa. |  |
| act_cooperative | provide rights | 374 And on 4 March Amal, under Syria's pressure, freed 600 PLO prisoners. | \% provide rights;reduce human rights violation |
| act_cooperative | reduce human rights violation | 393 A UN resolution three days later demanded their release. | demand provide rights; reduce human rights |
| act_cooperative | reduce mass killing | 464 The Libyan foreign minister, Moussa Koussa, declared a ceasefire later that day, framing it as a response to the UN resolution. | express intent $*$ - provide rights;reduce human rights violation;reduce mass killing |
| act_cooperative | reduce terrorism | 418 Israel demanded that Lebanon enforce its sovereignty and prevent Hizbullah attacks against Israel from Lebanon's territory. | demand - 7 - reduce terrorism |
| act_deescalate | end exercise | 363 U.S. naval maneuvers ended on 27 March, four days ahead of schedule. |  |
| act_deescalate | end weapons test | 448 The crisis ended on 4 December 2007 when the U.S. released an intelligence report that stated that Iran was not seeking to produce nuclear weapons. |  |
| act_deescalate | lower alert | 220 Jordan ended the state of alert on the 15 th, terminating the crisis for both countries. | 포를 end of crisis |
| act_escalate | deployment to area | 378 To that end, 3,000 Indian soldiers arrived in Jaffna on 30 July to supervise the disarming of Tamil militants. | military cooperation deployment to area Tamil people |
| act_escalate | exercise | 384 China deployed additional units to Spratly reefs in May; and they held a military exercise in June, reportedly simulating a tactical nuclear attack. |  other |
| act_escalate | fortify | 387 The armed forces of both states were strengthened in November and later by a spillover from a long-standing hostility and rivalry between Syria and Iraq: the former supported Senegal, the latter, Mauritania. | \% general political support;military cooperation \. |
| act_uncooperat | assassination | 28 On 27 August Tellini and three assistants were murdered by unknown assailants at Kakavia near the Greek/Albanian frontier within Greek territory. | assassination |
| act_uncooperat | coup | 314 Not only did Libya's leader declare that the freedom of the Libyan people was threatened so long as U.S. forces remained on Egyptian territory, he also unequivocally proclaimed Libya's "alliance with the Egyptian people and army in order to topple treason in Egypt" and urged a jihad (holy war) by all Muslims against the Egyptian regime. |  |
| act_uncooperative | human rights violation | 223 The crisis trigger for Turkey was an attack by the GreekCypriot National Guard against two Turkish-Cypriot villages on 15 November 1967. | c. start of crisis - E attack ₹- populated place (town/city) |
| act_uncooperat | mass killing | 395 Heavy fighting in April and May led to the killing of an estimated 3,000-5,000 Sierra Leone civilians and Liberian refugees by the NPFL--which denied any involvement. | National Patriotic Front of Liberia reject |
| act_uncooperat | protest | 102 Disturbances occurred in factories, with communist attempts to take over workshop committees. | - . protest |
| act_uncooperativ | restrict rights | 276 Botswana responded by declaring the 30-kilometer border with Rhodesia a protected area, imposing a curfew, and appealing to the UN Security Council on 21 December. | - restrict rights |


| name | valu | crisno ICB | ICBe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| act＿uncooperative | riot | 304 While there was some minor Libyan troop activity in the norththat began on the 13 th，and Libyan suppo major response did not come until 25 June，following another inconclusive reconciliation conference， mediated by Nigeria in Lagos from 26－27 May． | －general political support mobilization region |
| act＿uncooperative | strike | 102 In February 1945 unrest steadily mounted，with violent criticisms in the Soviet media． | II protest：strike |
| act＿uncooperative | terrorism | 386 On 5 January the USSR，Libya＇s patron and arms supplier for a decade，accused the U．S．of＂state terrorism＂and＂political adventurism．＂That day，too， only a U．K．veto saved the U．S．from an embarrassing the U．S．version of events． |  |
| interact＿decreaseco | break off negotiations | 185 Soon after the end of World War II in Europe the U．S．， the U．K．，and France became parties to an uneasy agreement with the Soviet Union regarding the administration of Germany and its capital，Berlin：the Potsdam Agreement of 2 August 1945 partitioned Allied Control Council，representing the Four Powers， was to serve as an overall supervisory body．Acute crises between the Western powers and the Soviet Union occurred in 1948－49 and 1958－59（see Cases $\# 123-$－Berlin Blockade，and \＃168－－Berlin Deadline）． （The East German Uprising［see Case \＃101，in Europe： 1960 the Soviet leader，Khrushchev，after canceling the Paris summit meeting with President Eisenhower for the signing of a German peace treaty，in the absence of which the USSR would sign a separate peace treaty with East Germany． |  |
| interact＿decreasecoo | end access | 444 As a response to these accusations，Rwanda closed her border with the DRC．On 22 June，Kabila followed through and sent an estimated 10，000 troops to reinforce the eastern frontier． | $\square$ end access；end unspecified cooperation fortify $\square$ points other越 |
| interact＿decreasec | end economic aid | 197 The International Monetary Fund then withdrew its offer of promised credit． | （3）reject |
| interact＿decreaseco | end economic cooperation | 307 During October Muzorewa sent a message to Zambia＇s president tirreatening ostak EIPRA infiltration into Rhodesia－Zimbabwe． | ＝ultimatum does not happen－$\overline{\text { in }}$ end economic cooperation cooperation cooperation |
| interact＿decreaseco | $\begin{aligned} & \text { end } \\ & \text { humanitarian } \\ & \text { aid } \end{aligned}$ | 450 Humanitarian assistance from South Korea was suspended and some countries（Australia，Vietnam， Mongolia，Singapore and China）also froze North Korean assets following U．N．resolution 1695. | ［：\％；end humanitarian aid［0］ |
|  | end <br> intelligence cooperation | ${ }^{224}$ This demand was refused，with North Korea claiming that the Pueblo was spying in its territorial waters． | －accuse end intelligence cooperation deployment to area $<$ body of water |
| interact＿decreasecoo | end military cooperation | 318 In a related incident，Senegal，The Gambia＇s long－time protector－－de facto since the latter＇s independence in in 1976－－severed diplomatic relations with Libya on 14 a mercenary army and attempting to destabilize the governments of Chad，Mali，Niger，and Senegal in order to assert Libya＇s dominance over equatorial Africa． | withdraw diplon |
| interact＿decreasecoo | $\begin{aligned} & \text { end } \\ & \text { unspecified } \\ & \text { aid } \end{aligned}$ | 284 Indonesia，the Philippines，Malaysia，and Thailand condemned the Vietnam invasion of Cambodia did Australia，Britain，Denmark，and Japan． |  <br> ： |
| interact＿decreaseco | end unspecified cooperation | 115 His closing speech on 3 July before his dramatic exit from the conference articulated this dramatic change： he accused the Western powers of planning to div Europe into hostile camps；and he declared that Moscow would no longer cooperate with the Marshall Plan． | －【－ |
| interact＿decreasecoo | expel | 441 From 22 December，it restarted its plutonium production facilities and 5 days later it expelled the AEA inspectors． | ortify；weapons test |
| interact＿decreasecoo | imprison | 459 Over the following two days，North Korea rejected further American food aid，despite continuing need， and detained two American journalists． | ［0．imprison |
| interact＿decreasecoo | leave alliance | 47 France feared that strong League action might provoke Italy to leave the recently formed anti－German Stresa Front and realign with Germany． |  |
| interact＿decreasecoo | military aid | 112 The Greek civil war ended on 10 July 1949 when Tito announced the closing of Yugoslavia＇s border to Greek guerrillas． | end unspecified cooperation；military aid $\boldsymbol{F}$ 플 |
| interact＿decreaseco | political succession | 261 Other African states and North Korea，too，granted recognition to SAHAWM．Morocco aid Algeria on the responded by severing relations with resp． | ［－accept $=$－political succession［ |
| interact＿decreasecoo | propaganda | 461 That same day，South Korea also demanded an apology from North Korea for the sinking and announced a resumption of＂psychological warfare＂ tactics aimed at North Korea． | \％\％；demand；express intent；threaten－a：propaganda |
| interact＿decreasecoo | $\begin{aligned} & \text { p terminate } \\ & \text { treaty } \end{aligned}$ | 469 On 11 March，North Korea verbally nullified the 1953 Korean War Armistice Agreement between itself and South Korea． | ［0．express intent ：\％；－［10 terminate treaty $: 0$ ： |
| interact＿decreaseco | violate terms of treaty | 391 That resentment was expressed during a brief anuary 1964 crisis triggered by the raising of the U．S．flag in the Canal Zone by U．S．students，in violation of a December 1963 banning of both＇states＇flags at Canal Zone schools |  |
| interact＿decreasecoo | withdraw diplomats | 301 After the assassination of the YAR＇s president in June 1978 there was a sharp rise in tension between the two states，and relations with the PDRY were severed． | \＃break off negotiations；withdraw diplomats |
| interact＿deescalate | cease fire | 8 As a result Amanullah sought negotiations for a cease－ fire，which began in mid－june． | －2apeal |
| linteract＿deescalate | de－ mobilization | 269 Soon after the forces of both Iraq and Syria withdrew from the border to their original positions． | 프 de－mobilization：withdraw from area $\overline{\text { I }}$ border |
| interact＿deescalate | declaration of peace | 424 A peace plan，originally drafted by the US and Rwanda， and endorsed by the OAU，was proposed to the countries by the Congolese president． |  cease fire；declaration of peace border：region |
| interact＿deescalate | decolonize | 14 And Foreign Affairs Commissar Chicherin informed his Persian counterpart，Prince Firuz，that Soviet forces had been ordered to withdraw from Persia and that Russia wanted friendly relations with the Teheran regime． |  |
| interact＿deescalate | end blockade | 196 On 30 October U Thant began talks in Havana，and Kennedy agreed to lift the quarantine for the duration of the talks． |  |
| interact＿deescalate | reduce control over | 404 A PNG offer of greater autonomy was rejected by the BRA，which relied on support from the Solomon slands，an independent member of the Commonwealth since 1978. | ［0］reject |
| interact＿deescalate | remove fortify | 255 Nevertheless，Israeli intelligence，as late as 3 October 1973，perceived the outbreak of war to be very unlikely． | $\qquad$ |
| interact＿deescalate | retreat | 238 As a result the Palestinian guerrillas were forced to leave Jordan；and they subsequently built strongholds in southern Lebanon． | 工 deployment to area；fortify：mobilization region |
| interact＿deescalate | surrender | ${ }^{67}$ The Nationalists＇Catalan campaign ended on 9 February in total triumph． | Nationalist faction victory－Nationalist faction annex；assert political control over Republican faction（Spanish Civil War） large gain |
| interact＿deescalate | withdraw behind border | 129 Pakistan responded with troops and aircraft and succeeded in driving the Afghan forces across the border on 5 October 1950，which marked the termination date of Pakistan＇s crisis． |  |
| interact＿deescalate | withdraw from area | 405 On 25 December Myanmar troops withdrew from Sleeping Dog．Hill，terminating this crisis between two Southeast Asian neighbors． |  |


| name | value | crisnolCB | ICBe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| interact_deescalate | withdraw from war | 104 The crisis ended without violence, when Yugoslavia withdrew its troops on 11 June 1945 , wo days after it yielded to U.K.-U.S. demands. | $\overline{\text { end }}$ of crisis - $=$ decolonize:withdraw from area withdraw from area, ill wasaty coastine:point other;populated place (town/city) |
| interact_escalate | annex | 416 The two states were concerned with establishing rights over fishing, tourism and mineral exploitation. | water;border;points other small gain anne body of |
| interact_escalate | assert autonomy against | ${ }^{242}$ on 25 March a crisis for Bangladesh | start of crisis - assert autonomy against $_{\mathbf{U}}$ region |
| interact_escalate | assert political control over | 33 However, Juan Sacasa, the Liberal Vice President under Chamorro who had fled Nicaragua, returned on 2 December, was proclaimed president by liberal supporters, and was recognized by Mexico on 7 December. | -.\|ll general political supportunspecified cooperation |
| interact_escalate | attack | 153 On 13 September 1956 Israeli forces blew up a police station in the Jordanian village of Garandal. |  |
| interact_escalate | battle/clash | ${ }^{466}$ Intermittent clashes continued after the crisis | Cbatte/clash |
| interact_escalate | blocka | 322 The two disputants closed their border, mobilized their forces, and suspended commercial flights. | \|-I end unspecified cooperation blockade;mobilization;raise in alert ile itt border |
| interact_escalate | bombard | 225 In early 1965 , too, the USSR and China began to provide economic assistance and military equipment to Hanoi. | Penemic cooperation;military cooperation attack;bombard |
| interact_escalate | border violation |  | border; starit of crisis - battle/clash at |
| interact_escalate | continuation of previous fighting | 35 When the deadline went unheeded hostilities resumed, and the Chinese were forced to evacuate the city on the 11th. | - attack ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 边 populated place (town/city) |
| interact_escalate | declaration of war | 471 This set off a war between Ukrainian security forces and pro-Russian militias in Donbass, supported by Russian arms and widely suspected to have included Russian military members. | Edeclaration of war dpr/ipr region |
| interact_escalate | invasion/occupation | 216 On 25 August India sent several thousand troops across the 1949 Kashmir Cease-fire Line, acrossuring most of the areas through which the capturing m came and triggering a crisis for Pakisistan. |  |
| interact_escalate | join ongoing war | 471 In August, after a Ukrainian counter- offensive regained control of several cities and villages in Donetsk and Luhansk, Russian troops intervened openly in the conflict, sending tanks and missiles across the Ukrainian border. | $\text { gain battle/clash }=\text { 起 populated place (town/city) small }$ |
| interact_escalate | mobilization | 173 On 15 February 1960 President Nasir received a message from the soviet embassy in Cairo claiming that Israel's trooss were massing on its Syria. |  |
| interact_escalate | no fly zone | 464 The major responses from these states were multi-faceted, beginning with condemnations $22-23$ February, escalating quickly to more substantial political and/or economic pressure, and culminating in mid-March with the most important general response: UN authorization protect Libyan civilians. | Elockade:join ongoing war:no fly zone;show of force Cililix $\square$ airspace;points other |
| interact_escalate | raise in alert | 358 Egypt put its armed forces on alert, along with a military buildup on its border with Libya, triggerng its crisis. | $\text { border start of cisis - } \text { =deployment to area;raise in alert }$ |
| interact_escalate | show of force |  | - withdraw diplomats |
| interact_escalate | weapons test |  | 틀. fear - ${ }^{\text {attack }}$ |
| interact_increasecoo | ally | 110 The major Soviet response came on 28 August when, at a meeting in Moscow with leaders of both the Polish United Workers Party (PUWP) and the Peasant Party, Stalin dictated the results of that Mikolaiczyk ally his party with the Polish Communists. | demand Peasant Party:- Peasant Party ally |
| interact_increasecoo | cede territory | 80 On 21 August, southern Dobruja was transferred. | 1.1 decolonize itt region large loss |
| interact_increasecoo | discussion | 455 Chad called this move a step in the right direction, but said that it required a stronger commitment from Sudan to stop destabilizing commitment from sudan to stop destabilizing | $\\|$ praise $\boldsymbol{C} \cdot$ - discussion II |
| interact_increasec | economic cooperation | 40 Five Japanese demands were presented to the claimed he was ready to comply with three of these dealing directly with the incident, but not with the two involving the anti-apanese movement. | - demand ${ }^{\text {- }}$ - |
| interact_increasec | formal military alliance | 47 France, , ,taly, and the U.K. met on $11-14$ April to form the stresa Front against Gemany. |  |
| interact_ increasec | e general political | 301 This move reflected, at least in part, the profound impact of the Iranian revolution and a soviet plan to dominate the region. | 프 fear - assert political control over region |
| interact_increasecoo | p humanitarian aid | 123 The response by the Western powers, on 26 June 1948, was to step up the airlif to Berlin, which had begun two months earlier, and to continue with plans for the rehabilitation of Germany as | IIrasa |
| interact_increasecoo | p inspections | 470 in response to the invitation from the Syrian <br>  weapons usage. | ㅁaccept $\overline{\text { and }}$ - ${ }^{\text {inspections }}$ 프 |
| interact_increase | intelligence cooperation | 224 In response to North Korea's commando raid, South Korea sought a security guarantee from the U.S. | io: appeal $=$ inteligence cooperation:military cooperation;mutuan defense pact $\%$; |
| interact_increasecoo | join war on behalf | 237 The U.S. response, on the 28th. was a decision | E join war on behalf;military cooperation |
| interact_increasecoo | mediation | 49 When Hitler urged the three quarantor powers (eritiain, France, and Italy) to take action, they handed a protest note to Lithuania together wit a threat to bring the issue to the League. |  |
| interact_increasecoo | meeting |  | 틀 discussion:mediation:meeting 무 |
| interact_increasecoo | military cooperation | 327 Moreover, in response to continuing Israeli bombing raids against Syrian positions and the PLO headquarters in Beirut, on 10 and 17 July, the U.S. froze the delivery of F-16 planes to israel on 18 july; they were released on 11 August, after the cease-fire. | E= military cooperation military aid |
| interact_increasecoo | mutual defense pact | 75 Estonia responded on the 28th by complying with the demands thereby ending its crisis. | deployment to area other small gain |
| interact_increasecoo | natural conclusion of diplomacy | 138 On 30 May General Li Mi announced the formal dissolution of his Yunnan anti-communist army and, on 30 july, the joint Military Commission announced in Burma that its program had been completed. |  |
| interact_increasecoo | s settle dispute |  | [ accept III- C= discussion;settle dispute II |
| interact_increasecoo | sign formal agreement | 471 On 21 November 2013, Ukrainian president Victor Yanukovych sparked a wave of antigovernment unrest - commony known as political association agreement with the EU in favor of forging closer ties to Russia. | [ protest |
| interact_increasec | unspecified cooperation | 37 It called for a restoration of the status quo ante and the resumption of diplomatic relations between the two states, and set up a commission of inquiry. | cooperation 두르를․ |


| name value | crisno ICB | ICBe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sayintkind accept | 23 Together these two events had a positive impact: on 18 November 1921 the Albanian and Yugoslav representatives to the League accepted the border delimitation and pledged friendly relations. | settle dispute |
| sayintkind accuse | 159 The USSR and Syria repeated their allegation at the UN General Assembly on 16 October, specifically, that Turkey, with the support of U.S. advisors, was planning attack Syria after Turkey's general elections on 27 October. |  |
| sayintkind appeal | 370 In this phase of the fighting, Algeria, Nigeria, and Zaire offered to mediate; and Niger called for an emergency OAU meeting to consider the crisis. | appeal $\qquad$ meeting |
| sayintkind demand | 108 On the 30th the Council passed a modified resolution to that effect, which also requested the parties to inform the Council of the results. | demand $=$ - discussion;settle dispute |
| sayintkind disapprove | 330 The USSR offered only verbal support to its client: Tass accused the U.S. of "terrorism." Acting through the Arab League and the Gulf Cooperation Council, all Arab states except Egypt and the Sudan criticized U.S. behavior. |  |
| sayintkind express intent | 314 On the 27th, too, Egypt's defense minister de-escalated the tension by denying any intention to attack Libya and explaining the arrival of U.S. planes-for a 90-day joint U.S.-Egyptian training exercise. | reject - attack;invasion/occupation and |
| sayintkind offer | 14 Nonetheless, after lengthy negotiations Persia and Russia signed a Treaty of Friendship on 26 February 1921 terminating the Persian Border crisis: the Soviets pledged not to intervene in Persia's affairs unless a third party did so. | end of crisis - $\square$ sign formal agreement;unspecified ooperation $\qquad$ |
| sayintkind offer - without conditions | 425 On 21 May, however, India softened its line by announcing a self-declared moratorium on further nuclear tests, and offered to negotiate a "no first-use" nuclear pact with Pakistan. | offer - without conditions C - discussion |
| sayintkind praise | 393 The terms for an interim cease-fire were codified and adopted by the UN Security Council on 2 March-Resolution 686. |  |
| sayintkind promise | 367 Banda responded on the 17th by announcing that he would no longer permit the MNR to maintain bases in Malawi and by proposing a joint security commission with Mozambique. | .C. appeal;offer - without conditions military cooperation |
| sayintkind reject | 471 Around this time, DPR leader Alexander Zakharchenko said that he had no interest in peace talks and pledged to begin trying to move the front line. |  place (town/city) |
| sayintkind threaten | 385 On 2 June Iran, through its new commander-in-chief of the armed forces (and later, president), Rafsanjani, declared that there would be no compromise. | reject - |
| sayintkind ultimatum | 93 Hungary attempted to contact the Allies that day, and again on 10 October, when a provisional armistice was arranged in Moscow conditional on Hungary's joining the war against Germany. | offer = happens - $\quad$ cease fire;declaration of peace ath -c- will happen $=$ join war on behalf |
| thinkkind become convinced | 199 were perceived by Morocco to be partial to Algeria in the dispute. | become convinced - general political support |
| thinkkind defeat | 336 The outcome was unqualified victory for the U.K. and humiliating defeat for Argentina. | - defeat |
| thinkkind desire | 74 In the hope of maintaining German guarantees, Foreign Minister Selter responded to the German-Soviet NonAggression Pact by offering congratulations to the German government and stating his conviction that Germany, according to its Non-Aggression Treaties with Estonia and the Soviet Union, had prepared the ground for ensuring Estonian security. | appeal - general political support;military cooperation |
| thinkkind discover fact | 77 On 8 April 1940 a crisis was triggered for Norway when it received intelligence reports predicting a German invasion the next day. | $\square$ become convinced;start of crisis - $\square$ invasion/occupation |
| thinkkind end of crisis | 307 Zambia's crisis ended on 31 January 1980 when its border with Zimbabwe was reopened, once the situation had stabilized. | end of crisis - $\equiv$ economic cooperation end blockade border |
| thinkkind fear | 331 The objectives of Operation Protea were to thwart Angola's plans to extend its radar missile air defense system southward, to cover the strategic town of Cunene, and to create a no-man's land along the northern side of the Namibian border in order to act as a buffer against SWAPO infiltration into northern Namibia. | \#preemption |
| thinkkind policy | 324 Israel Air Force (IAF) plans for a preemptive strike were approved by the cabinet on 15 March, to be implemented before the November election lest Begin be replaced by a Shimon Peres-led Labor government which, it was assumed, would be unwilling to implement this decision. | preemption |
| thinkkind preemption | 60 By the end of the first week of the crisis Schuschnigg had decided upon some action to ensure the Austrian government's mastery of its own house. | Epolicy;preemption - assert autonomy against |
| thinkkind regime/government change | 176 On 21 March the UN Secretary-General's Conciliation Committee on the Congo recommended a federal form of government to preserve the country's unity and integrity. | - appeal $\square$ - $\square$ institutions change |
| thinkkind start of crisis | 238 A crisis for Syria and the U.S. was triggered on 15 September 1970 by King. Hussein's announcement of a drastic change in his cabinet, which would now include military personnel. | 틀 start of crisis - 르 leadership change |
| thinkkind territory | 347 On 27 January, he met with Prime Minister Botha, who then announced to the South African Parliament that he had ordered a complete SADF withdrawal from Angola on the 31st. | $\square$ withdraw from area |
| thinkkind victory | 343 By the 28th all the major military objectives of the U.S.led multinational force had been secured. |  |

### 4.3 Cuban Missiles Crisis Maps


Crisis Maps - Cuban Missiles

$\stackrel{n}{\Sigma}$



### 4.4 Crimea-Donbas Crisis Maps

Crisis Map - Crimea-Donbas - ICBe





$\stackrel{n}{\Sigma}$


Crisis Maps - Crimea-Donbas ICEWs Disaggregated












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