# Online supplementary material for manuscript "Seven (weak and strong) helping effects systematically tested in separate evaluation, joint evaluation and forced choice." 

This document includes:

1. Stimuli material for each study. (Pages 2-44)
2. Additional results for each study (Pages 45-56)
3. Additional tables about comparisons of preferences (Pages 57-65)
4. Tables 4-10 with mean differences written out (Pages 66-71)
5. Screenshots of common language effect size calculations (Pages 72-91)
6. Additional and alternative tables (Pages 92-94)

Raw data and variable keys are uploaded on OSF
https://osf.io/8fs46/?view_only=2f05b34b748642d08f645283e10062e4

Do not hesitate to point out mistakes and ambiguous points or give suggestions for how to improve this online supplementary material.

Identical introduction text, attractiveness-rating and resource allocations were used in eight of the ten studies (IVE1 and IVE2 were slightly different, see below)

Common introduction text:
Welcome!
This study examines people's evaluation of medical help projects. You will read descriptions of two different projects and respond to a few questions.

This study is very short but will require your full attention. There are embedded attention checks questions, and an inaccurate response means that you cannot complete the HIT.

Common attractiveness-rating in Separate Evaluation (SE)
Please evaluate Project A [B] based on the information you have.


## Common resource-allocation in Separate Evaluation (SE)

Please write how much of the budget you want to earmark to Project $A[B]$ based on the information you have. The default allocation for a help project is $20 \%$ but if you think Project A [B] seems specifically important or worthy of financing you could earmark a higher percentage of the budget. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

| Project A | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Other projects | 0 |
| Total | $\%$ |

Common attractiveness-rating in Joint Evaluation (JE)
Please evaluate Project A and Project B based on the information you have.

| Not at all |
| ---: |
| How good does <br> Project A seem to <br> you? |

## Common resource-allocation in Joint Evaluation (JE)

Please write how much of the budget you want to earmark to Project A and to Project B respectively. If you think one of the projects seems more important or worthy of financing you should give a percentage larger than $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$ to that project. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

| Project A | 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project B | $\%$ |
| Total | $\%$ |

## Common forced choice

Your task is to choose which of the two helping projects to implement and which not to implement. If one project seems relatively better to you, you should choose that project. If both projects seem exactly equally good to you, you can make your choice by using the random number generator provided below.

Please write the name of the project you choose to implement (A or B)


True Random Number
Generator


Generate
Result:

## Study PDE1 (4 out of 4)

Condition 1: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages |
| In which country can the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 6 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100,000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100,000$ <br> (100\% of those in need) |

Condition 2: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages |
| In which country can the project be <br> implemented? | USA |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 4 patients will be treated) |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100,000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for \$100,000 <br> (100\% of those in need) |

Condition 3: $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project B |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages |
| In which country can the project be <br> implemented? | USA |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100,000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100,000$ |
| (6\% of those in need) |  |

Condition 4 and 6: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ vs. $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages | People of all ages |
| In which country can the project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 6 patients currently need treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to 80\% for patients that are treated. | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated for $\$ 100,000$ | ```6 ill patients can be treated for \$100,000 (100\% of those in need)``` | ```6 ill patients can be treated for $100,000 (6% of those in need)``` |

Condition 5 and 7: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ vs. $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages | People of all ages |
| In which country can the project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) | (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 4 patients currently need treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from $20 \%$ to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated for $\$ 100,000$ | ```4 ill patients can be treated for $100,000 (100% of those in need)``` | ```6 ill patients can be treated for $100,000 (6% of those in need)``` |

Attention check questions (participants who did not respond accurately were filtered out and not included in analyses)

Please respond to these questions to show that you are paying attention. NOTE: If the answers are incorrect you will not be able to complete the questionnaire.

- How many ill patients are currently in need of treatment (in Project A[B])?

Response alternatives: 4/6/100 patients currently need treatment

- How many patients can Project $\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{B}]$ treat for $\$ 100,000$.

Response alternatives: 4/6/10 patients can be treated for $\$ 100,000$

- How large percentage of those in need will receive treatment if Project $\mathbf{A}$ is implemented?

Response alternatives 6/50/100 \% of those in need can be treated

## Study PDE2 (4 out of 5)

Condition 1: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages |
| In which country can the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| 6 patients currently need <br> treatment |  |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100,000$ | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |

Condition 2: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$

|  | Project A |
| :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages |
| In which country can the project be implemented? | (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 5 patients currently need treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from $20 \%$ to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated for $\$ 100,000$ | ```4 ill patients can be treated for $100,000 (80% of those in need)``` |

Condition 3: $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project B |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? <br> In which country can the project be <br> implemented? | People of all ages |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100,000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100,000$ |
| (6\% of those in need) |  |

Condition 4 and 6: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ vs. $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages | People of all ages |
| In which country can the project be implemented? | ```USA (US patients will be treated)``` | ```USA (US patients will be treated)``` |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 6 patients currently need treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to 80\% for patients that are treated. | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to 80\% for patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated for \$100,000 | 6 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100,000$ <br> (100\% of those in need) | 6 ill patients can be treated for \$100,000 <br> (6\% of those in need) |

Condition 5 and 7: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ vs. $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages | People of all ages |
| In which country can the project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) | (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 5 patients currently need treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from $20 \%$ to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated for $\$ 100,000$ | ```4 ill patients can be treated for $100,000 (80% of those in need)``` | ```6 ill patients can be treated for $100,000 (6% of those in need)``` |

Attention check questions (participants who did not respond accurately were filtered out and not included in analyses)

Please respond to these questions to show that you are paying attention. NOTE: If the answers are incorrect you will not be able to complete the questionnaire.

- How many ill patients are currently in need of treatment (in Project A[B])?

Response alternatives: 5/6/100 patients currently need treatment

- How many patients can Project $\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{B}]$ treat for $\$ 100,000$ ?

Response alternatives: 4/6/8 patients can be treated for \$100,000

- How large percentage of those in need will receive treatment if Project $\mathbf{A}$ is implemented?

Response alternatives 6/80/100 \% of those in need can be treated

## Study IGE1 (family)

Condition 1: $\mathrm{A}_{3}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? All adults <br> Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment? 100 patients currently need <br> treatment  |  |
| Do you know anyone affected by the <br> disease? | YES, several of your relatives <br> are suffering from the disease |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | relatives of yours can be <br> treated for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 2: $\mathrm{A}_{1}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | All adults |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment? | 100 patients currently need |
| treatment |  |$|$| Do you know anyone affected by the <br> disease? | YES, several of your relatives <br> are suffering from the disease |
| :--- | :--- |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for \$100.000 | relative of yours can be <br> treated for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 3: $\mathrm{B}_{3}$

|  | Project B |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | All adults <br> Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment? |
| Do you know anyone affected by the <br> disease? | NO, you do not personally know <br> anyone affected by the <br> disease |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | unknown patients can be bently need <br> treated for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 4 and 6: $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ vs. $\mathrm{B}_{3}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | All adults | All adults |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment |
| Do you know anyone affected by the disease? | YES, several of your relatives are suffering from the disease | NO, you do not personally know anyone affected by the disease |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to 80\% for patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 3 relatives of yours can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 3 unknown patients can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 5 and 7: $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ vs. $\mathrm{B}_{3}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the <br> disease? | All adults | All adults |
| Number of ill patients <br> currently in need of <br> treatment | 100 patients <br> currently need <br> treatment | 100 patients <br> currently need <br> treatment |
| Do you know anyone <br> affected by the disease? | YES,several of your <br> relatives are <br> suffering from the <br> diseaseNO, you do not <br> personally know <br> anyone affected by <br> the disease |  |
| How effective is the <br> treatment? | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. |
| Number of patients that <br> can be treated for \$100.000 | 1 relative of yours <br> can be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$ | 3 unknown patients <br> can be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$ |

Attention check questions (participants who did not respond accurately were filtered out and not included in analyses)

Please respond to these questions to show that you are paying attention. NOTE: If the answers are incorrect you will not be able to complete the questionnaire.

- Do you know anyone affected by the disease that Project $\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{B}]$ can treat?

YES, several relatives/MAYBE/NO, not anyone

- How many patients can Project $\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{B}]$ treat for $\$ 100.000$ ?

1/3/8 patients can be treated for $\$ 100,000$

Study IGE2 (nationality)
Condition 1: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 2: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | 4 ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 3: $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project B |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | Poland <br> (Polish patients will be <br> treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need |
| treatment |  |

Condition 4 and 6: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ vs. $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages | People of all ages |
| In which country will the project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) | Poland (Polish patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to 80\% for patients that are treated. | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 5 and 7: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ vs. $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | People of all ages | People of all ages |
| In which country will the project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) | Poland (Polish patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to 80\% for patients that are treated. | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { ill patients can } \\ & \text { be treated for } \\ & \$ 100.000 \end{aligned}$ | 6 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ |

Attention check questions (participants who did not respond accurately were filtered out and not included in analyses)

Please respond to these questions to show that you are paying attention. NOTE: If the answers are incorrect you will not be able to complete the questionnaire.

- Who are affected by the disease that Project A can treat?

Only children are affected/Only adults are affected/People of all ages are affected

- In which country will Project A be implemented?

Poland/USA/Australia

- How many patients can Project A treat for $\$ 100.000$ ?

4/6/8 ill patients can be treated for \$100,000

## Study EXISTENCE

Condition 1: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Adults |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from $20 \%$ to $80 \%$ for <br> patients that are treated. |
| When can the treatments begin if the <br> project is implemented? | The treatments can start right <br> away |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 2: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Adults |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| When can the treatments begin if the <br> project is implemented? | The treatments can start right <br> away |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | 4 ill patients can be treated |
| for $\$ 100.000$ |  |

Condition 3: $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project B |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Adults |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| When can the treatments begin if the <br> project is implemented? | The treatments can start in <br> about one year |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can be treated |
| for $\$ 100.000$ |  |

Condition 4 \& 6: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the <br> disease? | Adults | Adults |
| In which country will the <br> project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be <br> treated) | USA <br> (US patients will be <br> treated) |
| Number of ill patients <br> currently in need of <br> treatment | 100 patients <br> currently need <br> treatment | 100 patients <br> currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the <br> treatment? | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. |
| When can the treatments <br> begin if the project is <br> implemented? | The treatments can <br> start right away | The treatments can <br> start in about one <br> year |
| Number of patients that <br> can be treated for \$100.000 | 6 ill patients can <br> be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can <br> be treated for <br> \$100.000 |

Condition 5 \& 7: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Adults | Adults |
| In which country will the project be implemented? | (US patients will be treated) | (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to 80\% for patients that are treated. | The average chance of survival increase from $20 \%$ to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. |
| When can the treatments begin if the project is implemented? | The treatments can start right away | The treatments can start in about one year |
| Number of patients that can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 4 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ |

Attention check questions (participants who did not respond accurately were filtered out and not included in analyses)

Please respond to these questions to show that you are paying attention. NOTE: If the answers are incorrect you will not be able to complete the questionnaire.

- In which country will Project $A[B]$ be implemented?

Poland/USA/Australia

- When can the treatments begin if Project $A[B]$ is implemented?

Treatments can start right way/in about one year/in about five years

- How many patients can Project $A[B]$ treat for $\$ 100.000$ ?

4/6/8 ill patients can be treated for \$100,000

## Study AGE

Condition 1: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Only children and teenagers |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 2: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Only children and teenagers |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 3: $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project B |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Only adults |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can be treated <br> for \$100.000 |

Condition 4 \& 6: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | only children and teenagers | Only adults |
| In which country will the project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) | (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. | The average chance of survival increase from $20 \%$ to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 5 \& 7: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the <br> disease? | Only children and <br> teenagers | Only adults |
| In which country will the <br> project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be <br> treated) | USA <br> (US patients will be <br> treated) |
| Number of ill patients <br> currently in need of <br> treatment | 100 patients <br> currently need <br> treatment | currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the <br> treatment? | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. |
| Number of patients that <br> can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 4ill patients can <br> be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$6 ill patients can <br> be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$ |  |

Attention check questions (participants who did not respond accurately were filtered out and not included in analyses)

Please respond to these questions to show that you are paying attention. NOTE: If the answers are incorrect you will not be able to complete the questionnaire.

- Who are affected by the disease that Project $A[B]$ can treat?

Only children and teenagers are affected/Only adults are affected/People of all ages are affected

- In which country will Project A[B] be implemented? Poland/USA/Australia
- How many patients can Project $\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{B}]$ treat for $\$ 100.000$ ? 4/6/8 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100,000$


## Study INNOCENCE

Condition 1: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Only adults who exercise <br> regularly and eat nutritious <br> food |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 2: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Only adults who excercise <br> regularly and eat nutritious <br> food |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | 4 ill patients can be treated <br> for \$100.000 |

Condition 3: $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project B |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Only adults who eat unhealthy, <br> smoke and drink alcohol |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 4 \& 6: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the <br> disease? | Only adults who <br> exercise regularly <br> and eat nutritious <br> food | Only adults who eat <br> unhealthy, smoke and <br> drink alcohol |
| In which country will the <br> project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be <br> treated) | USA <br> (US patients will be <br> treated) |
| Number of ill patients <br> currently in need of <br> treatment | 100 patients <br> currently need <br> treatment | currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the <br> treatment? | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from $20 \%$ to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. |
| Number of patients that <br> can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can <br> be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can <br> be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 5 \& 7: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the <br> disease? | Only adults who <br> exercise regularly <br> and eat nutritious <br> food | Only adults who eat <br> unhealthy, smoke and <br> drink alcohol |
| In which country will the <br> project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be <br> treated) | USA <br> (US patients will be <br> treated) |
| Number of ill patients <br> currently in need of <br> treatment | 100 patients <br> currently need <br> treatment | currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the <br> treatment? | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from $20 \%$ to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from $20 \%$ to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. |
| Number of patients that <br> can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 4ill patients can <br> be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can <br> be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$ |

Attention check questions (participants who did not respond accurately were filtered out and not included in analyses)

Please respond to these questions to show that you are paying attention. NOTE: If the answers are incorrect you will not be able to complete the questionnaire.

- Who are affected by the disease that Project $\mathrm{A}[\mathrm{B}]$ can treat? Only adults who exercise regularly and eat nutritious food/ Only adults who eat unhealthy, smoke and drink alcohol/ All adults are affected
- In which country will Project A[B] be implemented?

Poland/USA/Australia

- How many patients can Project $\mathbf{A}[\mathrm{B}]$ treat for $\$ 100.000$ ? 4/6/8 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100,000$


## Study GENDER

Condition 1: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Only women |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 2: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$

|  | Project A |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Only women |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment | 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | 4 ill patients can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 3: $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project B |
| :--- | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Only men |
| In which country will the project be <br> implemented? | USA <br> Number of ill patients currently in need <br> of treatment <br> (US patients will be treated) |
| 100 patients currently need <br> treatment |  |
| Number of patients that can be treated <br> for $\$ 100.000$ | The average chance of survival <br> increase from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are treated. |

Condition 4 \& 6: $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the <br> disease? | only women | Only men |
| In which country will the <br> project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be <br> treated) | USA <br> (US patients will be <br> treated) |
| Number of ill patients <br> currently in need of <br> treatment | 100 patients <br> currently need <br> treatment | 100 patients <br> currently need <br> treatment |
| How effective is the <br> treatment? | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. | The average chance <br> of survival increase <br> from 20\% to 80\% for <br> patients that are <br> treated. |
| Number of patients that <br> can be treated for \$100.000 | 6 ill patients can <br> be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can <br> be treated for <br> $\$ 100.000$ |

Condition 5 \& 7: $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{6}$

|  | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who are affected by the disease? | Only women | Only men |
| In which country will the project be implemented? | USA <br> (US patients will be treated) | (US patients will be treated) |
| Number of ill patients currently in need of treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment | 100 patients currently need treatment |
| How effective is the treatment? | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to 80\% for patients that are treated. | The average chance of survival increase from 20\% to $80 \%$ for patients that are treated. |
| Number of patients that can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 4 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ | 6 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100.000$ |

Attention check questions (participants who did not respond accurately were filtered out and not included in analyses)

Please respond to these questions to show that you are paying attention. NOTE: If the answers are incorrect you will not be able to complete the questionnaire.

- Who are affected by the disease that Project $\mathrm{A}[\mathrm{B}]$ can treat? Only women are affected/Only men are affected/ People of all genders are affected
- Who are affected by the disease that Project $\mathrm{A}[\mathrm{B}]$ can treat? Poland/USA/Australia
- How many patients can Project $\mathbf{A}[\mathbf{B}]$ treat for $\$ 100.000$ ? 4/6/8 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 100,000$


## Study IVE1 (Child cancer context)

## Introduction text:

Welcome!
This study examines people's evaluation of medical help projects. You will read descriptions of hypothetical help projects and respond to a few questions. Please imagine yourself in the described situation.

This study is very short but will require your full attention. There are embedded attention check questions, and an inaccurate response means that you cannot complete the study.

## Condition 1: $\mathrm{A}_{3}$

There are currently around 10,000 children in your country who suffers from a rare but very serious cancer called "Type X". Untreated children with Type X cancer usually die within one year. Up until recently there were no good ways to treat Type $X$ cancer, but a new advanced treatment has been developed and the preliminary results are promising. Around $75 \%$ of the treated children immediately get much better and there seems to be no side-effects linked to the treatment.

The only downside in that this new treatment is quite expensive. Some doctors have argued that the money spent on treating this type of cancer should be used to treat children in other, more cost-effective ways. Other doctors have defended the use of the treatment as it is the only available way to help children with Type $X$ cancer.

Helping project A: You learn that three children living in your area have been diagnosed with Type $X$ cancer in the past week. The infected children have been identified as William (a 1 year old boy), Hannah (a 2 year old girl) and Stephanie (a 4 year old girl). Project A would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to William, Hannah and Stephanie for $\$ 600,000$.


Pictures blurred for anonymity

> William
> William is 1 year old and is suffering from Type $X$ cancer. He will receive a full dose of treatment if Project $A$ is implemented.

Hannah
Hannah is 2 years old and is suffering from Type $X$ cancer. She will receive a full dose of treatment if Project $A$ is implemented.

Stephanie
Stephanie is 4 years old and is suffering from Type X cancer. She will receive a full dose of treatment if Project $A$ is implemented.

Rating: Please evaluate Project A which can treat William, Hannah and Stephanie for \$600,000.

Allocation: Please write how much of the budget you want to earmark for treating William, Hannah and Stephanie. The default allocation is 20\% but if you think treating William, Hannah and Stephanie seems specifically important or worthy of financing you should earmark a higher percentage of the budget. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

## Condition 2: $\mathrm{A}_{1}$

There are currently around 10,000 children in your country who suffers from a rare but very serious cancer called "Type X". Untreated children with Type X cancer usually die within one year. Up until recently there were no good ways to treat Type $X$ cancer, but a new advanced treatment has been developed and the preliminary results are promising. Around $75 \%$ of the treated children immediately get much better and there seems to be no side-effects linked to the treatment.

The only downside in that this new treatment is quite expensive. Some doctors have argued that the money spent on treating this type of cancer should be used to treat children in other, more cost-effective ways. Other doctors have defended the use of the treatment as it is the only available way to help children with Type X cancer.

Helping Project A: You learn that one child living in your area has been diagnosed with Type $X$ cancer in the past week. The infected child has been identified as Hannah (a 2 year old girl). Project A would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to Hannah for $\$ 600,000$.


Pictures blurred for anonymity

## Hannah

Hannah is 2 years old and is suffering from Type X cancer. She will receive a full dose of treatment if Project $A$ is implemented.

Rating: Please evaluate Project A, which can treat Hannah for \$600,000.
Allocation: Please write how much of the budget you want to earmark for treating Hannah. The default allocation is 20\% but if you think treating Hannah seems specifically important or worthy of financing you should earmark a higher percentage of the budget. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

## Condition 3: B3

There are currently around 10,000 children in your country who suffers from a rare but very serious cancer called "Type X". Untreated children with Type X cancer usually die within one year. Up until recently there were no good ways to treat Type $X$ cancer, but a new advanced treatment has been developed and the preliminary results are promising. Around $75 \%$ of the treated children immediately get much better and there seems to be no side-effects linked to the treatment.

The only downside in that this new treatment is quite expensive. Some doctors have argued that the money spent on treating this type of cancer should be used to treat children in other, more cost-effective ways. Other doctors have defended the use of the treatment as it is the only available way to help children with Type X cancer.

Helping Project A: You learn that three children living in your area have been diagnosed with Type X cancer in the past week. You know nothing about these children. Project A would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to these three unknown children for $\$ 600,000$.

Rating: Please evaluate Project A which can treat three unknown children for $\$ 600,000$.
Allocation: Please write how much of the budget you want to earmark for treating three unknown children. The default allocation is $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ but if you think treating the three children seems specifically important or worthy of financing you should earmark a higher percentage of the budget. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

## Condition 4 \& 6: $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{3}$

There are currently around 10,000 children in your country who suffers from Type X cancer. Untreated children with this type of cancer usually die within a one year. Up until recently there were no good ways to treat this type of cancer, but new advanced treatments have been developed and the preliminary results are promising. Around $75 \%$ of the treated children immediately get much better and there seems to be no sideeffects linked to any of the treatments.

The only downside is that the new treatments are quite expensive. Some doctors have argued that the money spent on treating Type $X$ cancer should be used to treat children in other, more cost-effective ways. Other doctors have defended the use of these treatments as they are the only available way to help children with Type $X$ cancer.

Helping Project A: You learn that three children living in your area have been diagnosed with Type $X$ cancer in the past week. The infected children have been identified as William (a 1 year old boy), Hannah (a 2 year old girl) and Stephanie (a 4 year old girl). Project A would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to William, Hannah and Stephanie for $\$ 600,000$.


Helping Project B: At the same time, you learn that three other children living in your area have been diagnosed with Type X cancer in the past week. You have no further information about these children. Project B would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to these three unknown children for $\$ 600,000$.

Rating: Please evaluate Project A which can treat William, Hannah and Stephanie for $\$ 600.000$. Also, please evaluate Project B which can treat three unknown children for \$600,000.

Allocation: Please write how much of the budget you want to earmark for treating William, Hannah and Stephanie (Project A), and how much you want to earmark for treating three unknown children (Project B). If you think one of the projects seems more important or worthy of financing, you should give a percentage larger than $50 \%$ to that suggestion. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

Choice: Your task is to choose which of the two projects to implement and which not to implement. Project A can treat William, Hannah and Stephanie whereas Project B can treat three unknown children. If one project seems relatively better to you, you should choose that project. If both projects seem exactly equally good to you, you can make your choice by using the random number generator provided below.

Please write the name of the project that you choose to implement (A or B)
$\square$

True Random Number
Generator
Min:
Max: 2
Generate
Result:

Powered by RANDOM.ORG

## Condition 5 \& 7: $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{3}$

There are currently around 10,000 children in your country who suffers from a rare but very serious cancer called "Type X". Untreated children with this type of cancer usually die within a one year. Up until recently there were no good ways to treat this type of cancer, but new advanced treatments have been developed and the preliminary results are promising. Around $75 \%$ of the treated children immediately get much better and there seems to be no side-effects linked to any of the treatments.

The only downside is that the new treatments are quite expensive. Some doctors have argued that the money spent on treating Type X cancer should be used to treat children in other, more cost-effective ways. Other doctors have defended the use of these treatments as they are the only available way to help children with Type X cancer.

Helping Project A: You learn that one child living in your area have been diagnosed with Type $X$ cancer in the past week. The infected child have been identified as Hannah (a 2 year old girl). Project A would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to Hannah for \$600,000.


Pictures blurred for anonymity
Hannah

> Hannah is 2 years old and is suffering from Type $X$ cancer. She will receive a full dose of treatment if Project $A$ is implemented.

Helping Project B: At the same time, you learn that three other children living in your area have been diagnosed with Type X cancer in the past week. You have no further information about these children. Project B would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to these three unknown children for $\$ 600,000$.

Rating: Please evaluate Project A which can treat Hannah for \$600.000.
Also, please evaluate Project B which can treat three unknown children for $\$ 600,000$.
Allocation: Please write how much of the budget you want to earmark for treating Hannah (Project A), and how much you want to earmark for treating three unknown children (Project B). If you think one of the suggestions seems more important or worthy of financing, you should give a percentage larger than $50 \%$ to that suggestion. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

Choice: Your task is to choose which of the two projects to implement and which not to implement. Project A can treat Hannah whereas Project B can treat three unknown children. If one project seems relatively better to you, you should choose that project. If both projects seem exactly equally good to you, you can make your choice by using the random number generator provided below.

Please write the name of the project that you choose to implement (A or B)
$\square$

True Random Number
Generator
Min:


Max: 2

## Generate

Result:

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## Attention check questions in IVE1

- Do you have any identifying information about the children that Project $A[B]$ can treat?
Yes, name age and picture / No
- How many ill children can Project $A[B]$ treat for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours?

1 ill child/3 ill children can be treated for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours

## Study IVE2 (COVID-19 context)

## Introduction text:

Welcome!
As of now (spring 2020), the COVID-19 disease (aka Corona) is causing a pandemic that is affecting the whole world. This study examines people's evaluation of hypothetical medical help projects in a COVID-19 context. You will read descriptions of help projects and respond to a few questions. Please note that the information that you will read is completely fictional. However, for the sake of the study, please imagine yourself in the described situation.

This study is very short but will require your full attention. There are embedded attention check questions, and an inaccurate response means that you cannot complete the study.

## Condition 1: $\mathrm{A}_{3}$

Please imagine that there exist a patient group with a unique gene variation. Patients with this gene variation become much more intensely sick when infected with COVID19 , and the mortality rate for this group is close to $100 \%$ even when receiving ordinary intensive care treatment.

However, for this specific patient group only, there exist a new advanced treatment that seems very promising. Around $75 \%$ of the treated patients with the unique gene variation immediately get much better and there seems to be no negative side-effects linked to the treatment.

The downside is that this new advanced treatment is very expensive and require a lot of workhours by caregivers. Some people have argued that the resources necessary for treating this patient group, would be used more efficiently if spent on ordinary intensive care treatment for other infected patients. Other people have defended the use of the treatment as it is the only available way to help infected patients from this patient group.

Helping project A: You learn that three patients from this patient group have been infected in your area in the past days. The infected patients have been identified as Daniel (a 35 year old man), Lina (a 35 year old woman) and Stephan (a 70 year old man). Project A would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to Daniel, Lina and Stephan for \$600,000 and 48 workhours.


Rating: Please evaluate Project A, which can treat Daniel, Lina and Stephan for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours.

Allocation: Please write how much of the available resources you want to earmark for treating Daniel, Lina and Stephan. The default allocation is $20 \%$ but if you think treating Daniel, Lina and Stephan seems specifically important or worthy of financing you should earmark a higher percentage of the available resources. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

Condition 2: $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ (To control for individual-specific effects, we randomized which of the three patients that was presented in this condition)

Please imagine that there exist a patient group with a unique gene variation. Patients with this gene variation become much more intensely sick when infected with COVID19 , and the mortality rate for this group is close to $100 \%$ even when receiving ordinary intensive care treatment.

However, for this specific patient group only, there exist a new advanced treatment that seems very promising. Around $75 \%$ of the treated patients with the unique gene variation immediately get much better and there seems to be no negative side-effects linked to the treatment.

The downside is that this new advanced treatment is very expensive and require a lot of workhours by caregivers. Some people have argued that the resources necessary for treating this patient group, would be used more efficiently if spent on ordinary intensive care treatment for other infected patients. Other people have defended the use of the treatment as it is the only available way to help infected patients from this patient group.

Helping project A: You learn that one patient from this patient group have been infected in your area in the past days. The infected patient has been identified as Lina (a 35 year old woman) [Daniel...] [Stephan...]. Project A would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to Lina [Daniel] [Stephan] for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours.


Lina is a 35 year
old woman without
kids. She belongs to the vulnerable
patient group and was recently
diagnosed with
COVID-19. Lina
will receive a full
dose of treatment
if Project $A$ is
implemented.
Rating: Please evaluate Project A, which can treat Lina for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours.
Allocation: Please write how much of the available resources you want to earmark for treating Lina. The default allocation is $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ but if you think treating Lina seems specifically important or worthy of financing you should earmark a higher percentage of the available resources. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

Condition 3: $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ (Note that all projects were labeled "Project A" in separate evaluation in the IVE-studies)

Please imagine that there exist a patient group with a unique gene variation. Patients with this gene variation become much more intensely sick when infected with COVID19 , and the mortality rate for this group is close to $100 \%$ even when receiving ordinary intensive care treatment.

However, for this specific patient group only, there exist a new advanced treatment that seems very promising. Around $75 \%$ of the treated patients with the unique gene variation immediately get much better and there seems to be no negative side-effects linked to the treatment.

The downside is that this new advanced treatment is very expensive and require a lot of workhours by caregivers. Some people have argued that the resources necessary for treating this patient group, would be used more efficiently if spent on ordinary intensive care treatment for other infected patients. Other people have defended the use of the treatment as it is the only available way to help infected patients from this patient group.

Helping project A: You learn that three patients from this patient group have been infected in your area in the past days. You know nothing about these
patients. Project A would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to these three unknown patients for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours.

Rating: Please evaluate Project A, which can treat three unknown patients for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours.

Allocation: Please write how much of the available resources you want to earmark for treating three unknown patients. The default allocation is 20\% but if you think treating the three patients seems specifically important or worthy of financing you should earmark a higher percentage of the available resources. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

Condition 4 \& 6: $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ (We varied whether the identified patient project or the statistical patient project were presented first (Project A) and second (Project B).
Please imagine that there exist a patient group with a unique gene variation. Patients with this gene variation become much more intensely sick when infected with COVID19 , and the mortality rate for this group is close to $100 \%$ even when receiving ordinary intensive care treatment.

However, for this specific patient group only, there exist a new advanced treatment that seems very promising. Around $75 \%$ of the treated patients with the unique gene variation immediately get much better and there seems to be no negative side-effects linked to the treatment.

The downside is that this new advanced treatment is very expensive and require a lot of workhours by caregivers. Some people have argued that the resources necessary for treating this patient group, would be used more efficiently if spent on ordinary intensive care treatment for other infected patients. Other people have defended the use of the treatment as it is the only available way to help infected patients from this patient group.

Helping project A: You learn that three patients from this patient group have been infected in your area in the past days. The infected patients have been identified as Daniel (a 35 year old man), Lina (a 35 year old woman) and Stephan (a 70 year old man). Project A would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to Daniel, Lina and Stephan for \$600,000 and 48 workhours.


Helping project B : At the same time, you learn that three other patients from this patient group have been infected in your area in the past days. You know nothing about these patients. Project B would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to these three unknown patients for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours.

Rating: Please evaluate Project A, which can treat Daniel, Lina and Stephan for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours.
Also, please evaluate Project B, which can treat three unknown patients for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours.

Allocation: Please write how much of the available resources you want to earmark for treating Daniel, Lina and Stephan (Project A), and how much you want to earmark for treating three unknown patients (Project B). If you think one of the projects seems more important or worthy of financing, you should give a percentage larger than $50 \%$ to that project. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

Choice: Your task is to choose which of the two projects to implement and which not to implement. Project A can treat Daniel, Lina and Stephan whereas Project B can treat three unknown patients. If one project seems relatively better to you, you should choose that project. If both projects seem exactly equally good to you, you can make your choice by using the random number generator provided below.

Please write the name of the project that you choose to implement (A or B)


Condition 5 \& 7: $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ vs $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ (We varied whether the identified patient project or the statistical patient project were presented first (Project A) and second (Project B). We also randomized which of the three patients that was presented in this condition).

Please imagine that there exist a patient group with a unique gene variation. Patients with this gene variation become much more intensely sick when infected with COVID19 , and the mortality rate for this group is close to $100 \%$ even when receiving ordinary intensive care treatment.

However, for this specific patient group only, there exist a new advanced treatment that seems very promising. Around $75 \%$ of the treated patients with the unique gene variation immediately get much better and there seems to be no negative side-effects linked to the treatment.

The downside is that this new advanced treatment is very expensive and require a lot of workhours by caregivers. Some people have argued that the resources necessary for treating this patient group, would be used more efficiently if spent on ordinary intensive care treatment for other infected patients. Other people have defended the use of the treatment as it is the only available way to help infected patients from this patient group.

Helping project A: You learn that three patients from this patient group have been infected in your area in the past days. You know nothing about these patients. Project A would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to these three unknown patients for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours.

Helping project B: At the same time, you learn that one patient from this patient group have been infected in your area in the past days. The infected patient has been identified as Stephan (a 70 year old man) [Lina] [Daniel]. Project B would be able to provide a full dose of the new effective treatment to Stephan [Lina] [Daniel] for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours.


Pictures blurred for anonymity
Stephan
Stephan is a 70 year old man without kids. He belongs to the vulnerable patient group and was recently diagnosed with COVID-19.
Stephan will receive a full dose of treatment if Project $B$ is implemented.

Rating: Please evaluate Project A, which can treat three unknown patients for \$600,000 and 48 workhours.
Also, please evaluate Project B, which can treat Stephan [Lina] [Daniel] for \$600,000 and 48 workhours.

Allocation: Please write how much of the available resources you want to earmark for treating three unknown patients (Project A), and how much you want to earmark for treating Stephan [Lina] [Daniel] (Project B). If you think one of the projects seems more important or worthy of financing, you should give a percentage larger than $50 \%$ to that project. The sum must add up to $100 \%$.

Choice: Your task is to choose which of the two projects to implement and which not to implement. Project A can treat three unknown patients whereas Project B can treat Stephan [Lina] [Daniel]. If one project seems relatively better to you, you should choose that project. If both projects seem exactly equally good to you, you can make your choice by using the random number generator provided below.

Please write the name of the project that you choose to implement (A or B) $\square$

```
True Random Number
    Generator
Min:
Max: }
Generate
Result:
    Powered by RANDOM.ORG
```

Attention check questions in IVE2

- Do you have any identifying information about the patients that Project A can treat?

Yes, name age and picture / No

- How many patients can Project A treat for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours?

1 ill patient/3 ill patients can be treated for $\$ 600,000$ and 48 workhours

## Additional analyses

The following pages contain tables (one table for each conducted study) including additional descriptive and inferential statistics. Attractiveness-ratings are presented in the upper part and allocations in the lower part of each table.

One purpose of these tables is to present the non-parametric tests that corresponds to the parametric tests reported in the manuscript. Mann-Whitney tests were used when comparing independent means (between-groups) and Wilcoxon tests used when comparing dependent means (within-subjects). z -values and p -values for each test.

Another purpose of these tables is to report evaluations of the "secondary" projects that participants in the SE-conditions read after reading and responding to the first help project. The Mean (SD) and median of the secondary projects are italicized in the tables. The tables also include within-subject tests (parametric and non-parametric) where participants' evaluations on the "primary" and "secondary" projects are compared. This represents a SE-JE hybrid as the same participant evaluated both projects, but sequentially rather than at the same time.

Positive $t$ and $z$-values indicate a helping effect (Project A preferred over Project B) whereas negative $t$ and $z$-values indicate a reversed effect.

Equal rating \% indicate the percentage of participants who evaluated the two projects the read about as exactly equally attractive (ratings), or allocated equally much resources to both projects.

| PDE1 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Condition 1 } \\ \text { (SE) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Condition 2 (SE) | Condition 3 (SE) | Condition 4 (JE-weak) | Condition 5 (JE-strong) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & A_{6} \\ & (6 \text { out of } 6) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=79.25 \\ S D=20.71 \\ M d n=84.33 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=74.64 \\ S D=24.37 \\ M d n=79.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=80.17 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{1 8 . 5 5} \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{8 1 . 1 7} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A}_{4} \\ & (4 \text { out of } 4) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=73.37 \\ S D=26.42 \\ M d n=81.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=79.88 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=19.23 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=85.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{B}_{6} \\ (6 \text { out of } 100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=41.83 \\ S D=28.75 \\ M d n=38.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=45.79 \\ S D=30.21 \\ M d n=46.67 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=44.23 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=27.59 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=41.83 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=57.28 \\ & S D=24.83 \\ & M d n=60.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=63.44 \\ & S D=27.28 \\ & M d n=68.67 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 6.6\% | 5.9\% | 4.6\% | 9.3\% | 6.7\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(389)=14.21 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline t(395)=10.75 \\ p<.001 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=11.73 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=9.71 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(196)=17.13 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(202)=11.95 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(196)=17.13 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(63)=5.86 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(74)=4.11 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=11.10 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=9.79 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=10.62 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=5.11 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.49 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Allocations |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline A_{6} \\ (6 \text { out of } 6) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { M = 51.25 } \\ \text { SD }=\mathbf{3 0 . 5 8} \\ \text { Mdn }=\mathbf{5 0 \%} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=52.21 \\ S D=29.86 \\ M d n=50 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=68.17 \\ S D=22.74 \\ M d n=70 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline A_{4} \\ & (4 \text { out of } 4) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { M = 43.67 } \\ \text { SD }=29.26 \\ \text { Mdn }=35 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=54.47 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{2 8 . 1 2} \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{5 0 \%} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B}_{6} \\ & (6 \text { out of } 100) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=28.95 \\ S D=26.88 \\ M d n=20 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=28.86 \\ S D=24.24 \\ M d n=20 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=28.30 \\ \mathrm{SD}=19.06 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{2 0 \%} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=31.83 \\ \mathrm{SD}=22.74 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=30 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M=45.53 \\ & S D=28.12 \\ & M d n=50 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 22.3\% | 22.7\% | 10.8\% | 18.8\% | 12.0\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(389)=8.89 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(395)=6.17 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=7.53 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=5.19 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(196)=9.93 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(202)=7.21 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(196)=11.71 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(63)=6.39, \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(74)=1.37 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.173 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=8.69 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & z=6.77 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=10.08 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & z=5.01 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & z=1.49 \\ & p=.136 \end{aligned}$ |


| PDE2 | $\text { Condition } 1$ (SE) | Condition 2 (SE) (SE) | Condition 3 (SE) | Condition 4 (JE-weak) | Condition 5 (JE-strong) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline A_{6} \\ (6 \text { out of } 6) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=78.38 \\ S D=21.64 \\ M d n=85.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=75.23 \\ \mathrm{SD}=23.89 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=80.17 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=\mathbf{8 3 . 0 5} \\ \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{2 0 . 3 7} \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{8 8 . 3 3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} A_{4} \\ (4 \text { out of 5) } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=73.83 \\ S D=20.50 \\ M d n=79.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=70.01 \\ S D=23.40 \\ M d n=76.50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B}_{6} \\ & (6 \text { out of } 100) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{M}=46.33 \\ \mathrm{SD}=27.59 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=50.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=46.38 \\ \mathrm{SD}=29.78 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=48.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=49.92 \\ \mathrm{SD}=25.95 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=49.83 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=54.09 \\ \mathrm{SD}=28.99 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=50.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=57.53 \\ S D=30.08 \\ M d n=61.00 \end{array}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 4.6\% | 5.1\% | 4.0\% | 15.8\% | 9.7\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{t}(348)=11.26, \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{t}(369)=9.89, \\ \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \hline z=9.90 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=8.80 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(173)=15.19, \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(194)=12.31, \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(175)=-11.66, \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(56)=6.66, \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(61)=2.71, \\ & \mathrm{p}=.008 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=10.60 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=9.58 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-9.42 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=5.03 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=2.30 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.021 \end{aligned}$ |
| Allocations |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline A_{6} \\ & (6 \text { out of } 6) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=49.24 \\ \mathrm{SD}=27.81 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=50 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=51.51 \\ S D=28.36 \\ M d n=50 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=66.30 \\ S D=26.80 \\ M d n=70 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A}_{4} \\ & (4 \text { out of } 5) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=46.38 \\ \mathrm{SD}=28.11 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=40 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=50.74 \\ \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{2 9 . 3 7} \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=50 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B}_{6} \\ & (6 \text { out of } 100) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M=29.63 \\ & S D=25.15 \\ & M d n=20 \% \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=29.48 \\ S D=24.15 \\ M d n=20 \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=33.70 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=22.19 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=25 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M=33.70 \\ & S D=26.80 \\ & M d n=30 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mathrm{M}=49.26 \\ \mathrm{SD}=29.37 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=50 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 17.2\% | 23.1\% | 26.1\% | 22.8\% | 11.3\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(348)=5.78 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(369)=4.79 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=5.50 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=4.39 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(173)=9.09 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(194)=7.74 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline t(175)=8.38 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(56)=4.59, \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(61)=0.20 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.843 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \hline z=7.90 \\ & p<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=6.74 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=7.49 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.85 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.27 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.791 \end{aligned}$ |


| IGE1 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Condition } 1 \\ \text { (SE) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Condition } 2 \\ \text { (SE) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Condition 3 (SE) | Condition 4 (JE-weak) | Condition 5 (JE-strong) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ <br> (3 relatives) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=72.54 \\ S D=23.07 \\ M d n=75.50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=72.30 \\ S D=22.41 \\ M d n=76.17 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=79.59 \\ S D=22.26 \\ M d n=89.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ <br> (1 relative) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=70.25 \\ S D=25.18 \\ M d n=74.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=70.62 \\ S D=19.46 \\ M d n=75.17 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B}_{3} \\ & \text { (3 non-relatives) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=69.94 \\ S D=23.36 \\ M d n=73.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=73.65 \\ S D=24.06 \\ M d n=79.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=63.42 \\ S D=24.65 \\ M d n=66.17 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=71.88 \\ S D=24.09 \\ M d n=76.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=75.57 \\ S D=20.52 \\ M d n=80.50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 21.2\% | 11.7\% | 10.7\% | 23.3\% | 8.3\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(374)=3.71, \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(374)=2.65, \\ & p=.008 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.83 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.14 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.002 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(197)=2.89, \\ & p=.004 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(197)=-3.27, \\ & \mathrm{p}=.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(177)=8.03, \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(72)=2.96, \\ & \mathrm{p}=.004 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(71)=-2.03, \\ & p=.046 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=2.83 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.005 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-4.43 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{z}=8.27 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.61 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=2.15 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.031 \end{aligned}$ |
| Allocations |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ <br> (3 relatives) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=52.68 \\ S D=25.66 \\ M d n=50 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=52.65 \\ S D=24.42 \\ M d n=50 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=62.66 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=19.11 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=55 \% \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{A}_{1} \\ & \text { (1 relative) } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=50.14 \\ S D=25.75 \\ M d n=50 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=53.83 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{2 3 . 3 9} \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{5 0 \%} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B}_{3} \\ & \text { (3 non-relatives) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M=45.58 \\ & S D=23.43 \\ & M d n=50 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M=52.74 \\ & S D=25.30 \\ & M d n=50 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=41.22 \\ S D=23.50 \\ M d n=35 \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=37.34 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=19.11 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{4 5 \%} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=46.17 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{2 3 . 3 9} \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{5 0 \%} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 51.0\% | 35.4\% | 35.4\% | 34.2\% | 19.4\% |
| A compared to B3 (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & t(374)=4.50 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(374)=3.49 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.001 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=4.34 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.46 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.001 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(197)=4.84 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(197)=-2.02 \\ & p=.045 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline t(177)=8.36 \\ & p \text { <.001 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(72)=5.66 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(71)=1.39 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.169 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=4.84 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-3.78 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=7.70 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=4.80 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=1.22 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.221 \end{aligned}$ |


| IGE2 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Condition } 1 \\ \text { (SE) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Condition } 2 \\ \text { (SE) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Condition } 3 \\ \text { (SE) } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Condition 4 (JE-weak) | Condition 5 (JE-strong) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ (6 fellow citizens) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=69.79 \\ S D=24.87 \\ M d n=75.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=73.29 \\ & S D=25.07 \\ & M d n=80.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=76.04 \\ & S D=20.98 \\ & M d n=82.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| A4 <br> (4 fellow citizens) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=68.40 \\ S D=25.64 \\ M d n=74.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=70.82 \\ & S D=19.44 \\ & M d n=72.33 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| B6 <br> (6 foreigners) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=66.46 \\ S D=26.56 \\ M d n=73.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=71.00 \\ S D=24.88 \\ M d n=76.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=71.51 \\ \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{2 5 . 6 0} \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=79.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=72.83 \\ S D=24.08 \\ M d n=76.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=75.26 \\ & S D=19.96 \\ & M d n=78.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 18.1\% | 14.0\% | 29.4\% | 40.0\% | 13.6\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(391)=-0.68, \\ & \mathrm{p}=.499 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(392)=-1.21, \\ & \mathrm{p}=.229 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.94 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.348 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-1.40 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.161 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(198)=3.74 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(199)=-3.75 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(193)=3.58 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(64)=1.58 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.120 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(65)=-4.16 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.75 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-4.44 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.61 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.23 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.818 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-4.12 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Allocations |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6 (6 fellow citizens) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=38.24 \\ S D=23.28 \\ M d n=30.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=42.28 \\ S D=23.45 \\ M d n=37.50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=56.89 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{1 5 . 0 3} \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{5 0 . 0 0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| A4 <br> (4 fellow citizens) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=42.27 \\ \text { SD }=27.50 \\ \text { Mdn }=35.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=49.47 \\ \mathrm{SD}=19.42 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=47.50 \end{array}$ |
| B6 <br> (6 foreigners) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=35.05 \\ S D=23.14 \\ M d n=30.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=42.31 \\ S D=25.53 \\ M d n=35.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=40.14 \\ S D=23.15 \\ M d n=30.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=43.11 \\ & S D=15.03 \\ & M d n=50.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mathrm{M}=50.53 \\ \mathrm{SD}=19.42 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=52.50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 63.3\% | 41.5\% | 70.1\% | 70.1\% | 27.3\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(391)=-0.81 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.418 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(392)=0.83 \\ & p=.407 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-1.16 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.247 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.33 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.740 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(198)=3.52 \\ & p=.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(199)=-0.05 \\ & p=.964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(193)=2.65 \\ & p=.009 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(64)=3.70 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(65)=-0.22 \\ & p=.825 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.72 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-1.82 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.069 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.21 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.31 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-1.09 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.278 \end{aligned}$ |


| EXISTENCE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Condition } 1 \\ & \text { (SE) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Condition } 2 \\ \text { (SE) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Condition 3 (SE) | Condition 4 (JE-weak) | Condition 5 (JE-strong) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ (6 existing patients) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=72.79 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=21.09 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=77.33 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=78.01 \\ S D=21.94 \\ M d n=85.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=81.46 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=19.17 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=87.33 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ (4 existing patients) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=68.96 \\ S D=24.69 \\ M d n=74.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=\mathbf{8 0 . 0 8} \\ & \mathrm{SD}=17.88 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{8 2 . 6 7} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B}_{6} \\ & \text { (6 future patients) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=56.80 \\ & S D=24.29 \\ & M d n=60.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=62.18 \\ & S D=25.27 \\ & M d n=66.67 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=69.95 \\ S D=23.89 \\ M d n=75.00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=57.72 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{2 2 . 9 9} \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=62.33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=70.59 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=19.53 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=75.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 5.9\% | 7.6\% | 12.3\% | 2.8\% | 4.2\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(447)=1.34 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.182 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(448)=-0.43 \\ & p=.668 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.94 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.348 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.29 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.768 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(221)=14.63 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(222)=5.47 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(226)=9.92 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(70)=9.71 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(70)=4.21, \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & z=11.54 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=5.20 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=9.95 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & z=7.06 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.30 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Allocations |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ (6 existing patients) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=45.39 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=24.22 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{4 2 . 5 0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=52.73 \\ S D=25.33 \\ M d n=50.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=77.45 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=13.03 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=75.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ (4 existing patients) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=43.97 \\ \mathrm{SD}=23.97 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=40.00 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=59.99 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{2 1 . 2 2} \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{6 0 . 0 0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B}_{6} \\ & \text { (6 future patients) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=32.13 \\ & S D=20.84 \\ & M d n=25.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=38.17 \\ S D=22.30 \\ M d n=30.00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=44.02 \\ S D=24.64 \\ M d n=40.00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M=22.55 \\ & S D=13.03 \\ & M d n=25.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=40.01 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=21.22 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=40.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 27.0\% | 26.5\% | 26.9\% | 2.8\% | 19.7\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & t(447)=0.59 \\ & p=.553 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(448)=-0.02 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.983 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.78 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.433 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.06 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.949 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(221)=10.18 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(222)=4.49 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{t}(226)=7.29 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(70)=17.76 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(70)=3.97 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=9.68 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=4.70 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=8.08 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=7.24 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.89 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |


| AGE | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Condition 1 } \\ \text { (SE) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Condition 2 (SE) | Condition 3 (SE) | Condition 4 (JE-weak) | Condition 5 (JE-strong) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ (6 children and teenagers) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=68.97 \\ S D=26.32 \\ M d n=75.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=71.49 \\ S D=24.02 \\ M d n=76.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=75.48 \\ \mathrm{SD}=21.83 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=80.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| A4 (4 children and teenagers) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=65.38 \\ S D=27.57 \\ M d n=71.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=73.68 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=21.11 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=76.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ <br> (6 adults) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=66.13 \\ S D=27.08 \\ M d n=70.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=68.61 \\ S D=25.74 \\ M d n=77.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=67.45 \\ S D=24.97 \\ M d n=73.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=72.13 \\ S D=23.65 \\ M d n=73.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=76.24 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=20.35 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=80.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 17.1\% | 11.3\% | 14.1\% | 32.9\% | 19.4\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(433)=0.62 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.538 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(432)=-0.82 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.414 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.94 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.349 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.44 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.662 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(221)=5.44 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(220)=-4.68 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(212)=5.98 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(72)=2.18 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.032 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(66)=-1.65 \\ & p=.103 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=5.96 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-5.34 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=7.07 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=2.80 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.005 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-2.20 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.027 \end{aligned}$ |
| Allocations |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{6}$ (6 children and teenagers) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=41.15 \\ S D=24.43 \\ M d n=35.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=45.77 \\ S D=23.74 \\ M d n=40.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=60.15 \\ S D=12.98 \\ M d n=60.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ (4 children and teenagers) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=39.99 \\ \mathrm{SD}=24.56 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=35.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=52.10 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=18.00 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{5 0 . 0 0} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (6 adults) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=37.27 \\ & S D=22.45 \\ & M d n=30.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M=39.90 \\ & S D=23.02 \\ & M d n=30.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M=40.74 \\ & S D=23.18 \\ & M d n=35.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=39.85 \\ & S D=12.98 \\ & M d n=40.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=47.90 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=18.00 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=50.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 58.6\% | 43.4\% | 40.4\% | 32.9\% | 23.9\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & t(433)=0.18 \\ & p=.856 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(432)=-0.33 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.744 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & z=0.11 \\ & p=.910 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.47 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.638 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(221)=4.28 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(220)=0.08 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.937 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{t}(212)=4.85 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(72)=6.68 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(66)=0.96 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.342 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=4.83 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-1.00 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.319 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=5.74 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & z=5.53 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & z=0.96 \\ & p=.338 \end{aligned}$ |


| INNOCENCE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Condition } 1 \\ & \text { (SE) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Condition } 2 \\ & \text { (SE) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Condition } 3 \\ \text { (SE) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Condition 4 (JE-weak) | Condition 5 (JE-strong) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A}_{6} \\ & (6 \text { gymmers }) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=63.80 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=25.30 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=70.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=66.67 \\ S D=26.09 \\ M d n=73.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=70.29 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=22.58 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{7 5 . 0 0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A}_{4} \\ & (4 \text { gymmers }) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=64.75 \\ S D=25.95 \\ M d n=69.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & M=62.81 \\ & S D=22.01 \\ & M d n=65.67 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ <br> (6 smokers) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=57.89 \\ & S D=27.68 \\ & M d n=65.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=64.50 \\ S D=24.73 \\ M d n=66.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=65.41 \\ S D=23.74 \\ M d n=69.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=62.96 \\ & S D=26.16 \\ & M d n=68.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=69.30 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=18.42 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=69.33 \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 8.8\% | 6.6\% | 10.6\% | 10.6\% | 8.6\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(431)=-0.69 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.494 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(429)=-0.28 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.782 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.41 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.682 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.11 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.909 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(214)=5.04 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(212)=0.20 \\ & p=.845 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(217)=0.88 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.381 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(84)=2.12 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.037 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(80)=-2.28 \\ & p=.025 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=4.59 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.34 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.737 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.18 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=2.12 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.034 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-2.31 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.021 \end{aligned}$ |
| Allocations |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A}_{6} \\ & (6 \text { gymmers }) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{M}=39.53 \\ \mathrm{SD}=22.30 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=35.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=45.59 \\ & S D=23.83 \\ & M d n=50.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=58.49 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=19.05 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{6 0 . 0 0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A}_{4} \\ & (4 \text { gymmers }) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=44.06 \\ \mathrm{SD}=24.48 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=45.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=49.51 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=16.73 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=50.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B}_{6} \\ & (6 \text { smokers }) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M=36.37 \\ & S D=23.48 \\ & M d n=30.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=42.46 \\ S D=24.71 \\ M d n=40.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=43.59 \\ \mathrm{SD}=24.17 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{4 5 . 0 0} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=41.51 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=19.05 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=40.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=50.49 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=16.73 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{5 0 . 0 0} \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 34.0\% | 31.0\% | 35.3\% | 24.7\% | 21.0\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(431)=-1.82 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.070 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(429)=0.20 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.843 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-1.73 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.083 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.30 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.765 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(214)=2.81 \\ & p=.005 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(212)=1.29 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.199 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{t}(217)=1.30 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.196 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(84)=4.11 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(80)=-0.27 \\ & p=.791 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.41 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & z=1.60 \\ & p=.110 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=2.00 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.045 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.78 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.22 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.828 \end{aligned}$ |


| GENDER | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Condition } 1 \\ \text { (SE) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Condition } 2 \\ & \text { (SE) } \end{aligned}$ | Condition 3 (SE) | Condition 4 <br> (JE-weak) | Condition 5 (JE-strong) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |
| A (6 females) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=70.16 \\ \mathrm{SD}=26.57 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=76.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=71.47 \\ S D=22.85 \\ M d n=76.83 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{M}=70.69 \\ \mathrm{SD}=22.68 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=72.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ (4 females) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=66.81 \\ & S D=27.00 \\ & M d n=73.33 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=65.59 \\ S D=21.58 \\ M d n=67.50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B}_{6} \\ & (6 \text { males }) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=69.42 \\ S D=27.38 \\ M d n=77.83 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=69.37 \\ & S D=25.60 \\ & M d n=74.33 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=70.72 \\ S D=22.96 \\ M d n=75.50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=69.71 \\ S D=23.32 \\ M d n=73.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=73.48 \\ \mathrm{SD}=19.71 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=77.83 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 27.0\% | 13.0\% | 23.4\% | 45.3\% | 9.5\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(442)=-0.24, \\ & \mathrm{p}=.813 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(439)=-1.63 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.103 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.58 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.565 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-1.04 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.297 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(225)=1.21 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.228 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(222)=-4.31 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(217)=1.92 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.056 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(74)=1.50 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.138 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(73)=-5.67 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=1.38 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.167 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-5.98 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=1.67 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.095 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.86 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.389 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-5.66 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Allocations |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6 <br> (6 females) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=41.71 \\ S D=24.91 \\ M d n=35.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=42.91 \\ S D=23.68 \\ M d n=40.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=50.72 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=4.01 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=50.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{4}$ <br> (4 females) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=40.94 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=24.77 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=35.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=43.65 \\ S D=9.94 \\ M d n=45.00 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B}_{6} \\ & (6 \text { males }) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=40.51 \\ S D=23.77 \\ M d n=35.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M=43.10 \\ & S D=23.96 \\ & M d n=40.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=42.86 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=24.03 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=40.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=49.28 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=4.01 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{5 0 . 0 0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=56.35 \\ S D=9.94 \\ M d n=55.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Equal rating \% | 81.9\% | 51.1\% | 78.9\% | 84.0\% | 27.0\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(442)=-0.49 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.622 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(439)=-0.82 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.410 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.57 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.567 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.89 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.374 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) | $\begin{aligned} & t(225)=1.74 \\ & p=.084 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(222)=-3.08 \\ & p=.002 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(217)=0.09 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.928 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(74)=1.56 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.124 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline t(73)=-5.47 \\ & p<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=2.05 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.040 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-3.53 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=1.10 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.273 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=1.79 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.074 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-4.85 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |


| IVE1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Condition } 1 \\ & \text { (SE) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Condition } 2 \\ & \text { (SE) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Condition } 3 \\ & \text { (SE) } \end{aligned}$ | Condition 4 (JE-weak) | Condition 5 (JE-strong) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ (3 identified children) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=87.25 \\ & S D=14.56 \\ & M d n=92.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{M}=89.27 \\ \mathrm{SD}=12.31 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=91.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ <br> (1 identified child) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=80.12 \\ & S D=19.07 \\ & M d n=83.67 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=63.35 \\ & S D=23.18 \\ & M d n=67.33 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| B6 (3 non-identified children) |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=79.53 \\ \mathrm{SD}=19.54 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{8 2 . 5 0} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=84.49 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=17.69 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=89.17 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=86.77 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=13.58 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{9 0 . 0 0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% |  |  |  | 45.3\% | 7.7\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & t(385)=4.41 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(389)=0.30 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.764 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=4.28 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.20 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.845 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(63)=3.49 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(64)=-8.11 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.24 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & z=-6.06 \\ & p<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Allocations |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ (3 identified children) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=59.12 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=29.50 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=55.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=55.86 \\ \mathrm{SD}=12.46 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=50.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ <br> (1 identified child) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=56.58 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{2 8 . 9 8} \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{5 0 . 0 0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=30.98 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=14.96 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{2 5 . 0 0} \end{aligned}$ |
| $B_{6}$ (3 non-identified children) |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=54.65 \\ S D=28.68 \\ M d n=50.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=44.14 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=12.46 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=50.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=69.02 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=14.96 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=75.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% |  |  |  | 70.3\% | 13.8\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & t(385)=1.51 \\ & p=.132 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t(389)=0.66 \\ & p=.510 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=1.43 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.152 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=0.54 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.589 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(63)=3.76 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(64)=-10.25 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.87 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-6.32 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |


| IVE2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Condition } 1 \\ & \text { (SE) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Condition } 2 \\ & \text { (SE) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Condition } 3 \\ & \text { (SE) } \end{aligned}$ | Condition 4 (JE-weak) | Condition 5 <br> (JE-strong) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ (3 identified patients) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=70.10 \\ & S D=23.28 \\ & M d n=73.67 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=77.48 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=20.20 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=80.00 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ (1 identified patient) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline M=56.21 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=28.05 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=59.33 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=49.15 \\ S D=27.50 \\ M d n=50.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ <br> (3 non-identified patients) |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=60.18 \\ S D=27.35 \\ M d n=65.33 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=72.49 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=\mathbf{2 3 . 7 0} \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=78.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{M}=76.82 \\ \mathrm{SD}=19.39 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=81.67 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Equal rating \% |  |  |  | 34.8\% | 5.4\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(445)=4.13 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(471)=-1.55 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.121 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=3.73 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-1.58 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.114 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(88)=2.93 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.006 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(128)=-12.56 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=2.57 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.010 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-8.89 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Allocations |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ <br> (3 identified patients) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=32.71 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=19.50 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=30.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{M}=52.84 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=10.37 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=\mathbf{5 0 . 0 0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ <br> (1 identified patient) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{M}=27.93 \\ \mathrm{SD}=18.98 \\ \mathrm{Mdn}=20.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline M=28.26 \\ S D=15.39 \\ M d n=25.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ <br> (3 non-identified patients) |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline M=33.11 \\ S D=21.46 \\ M d n=25.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=47.16 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=10.37 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=50.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}=71.74 \\ & \mathrm{SD}=15.39 \\ & \mathrm{Mdn}=75.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Equal rating \% |  |  |  | 66.3\% | 10.1\% |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{3}$ (between-groups) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(445)=-0.21 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.836 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(471)=-2.79 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.006 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Non-parametric equivalent | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-0.40 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.689 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-2.67 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.007 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| A compared to $\mathrm{B}_{6}$ (within-subjects) |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(88)=2.59 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.011 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline t(128)=-16.04 \\ & p<.001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-parametric equivalent |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=2.60 \\ & \mathrm{p}=.009 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{z}=-8.84 \\ & \mathrm{p}<.001 \end{aligned}$ |

Additional descriptive data for IVE2 (which balanced presentation order and the identity of the single identified patient).
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline & \mathrm{n} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Mean rating } \\ \text { to id project }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Mean } \\ \text { rating to } \\ \text { non-id } \\ \text { project }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Mean } \\ \text { allocation to } \\ \text { id project }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Mean } \\ \text { allocation to } \\ \text { non-id } \\ \text { project }\end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{l}\text { C1: } \mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{3}} \text { (SE) } \\ \text { 3 identified patient }\end{array} & \mathbf{2 2 3} & \mathbf{7 0 . 1 0} \text { (23.28) } & & \mathbf{3 2 . 7 1} \\ \mathbf{( 1 9 . 5 0 )}\end{array}\right]$

The following tables illustrate the comparison between preferences expressed with forced choices against preferences inferred from attractiveness ratings or allocations (in joint evaluation).
Participants who rated the projects as equally attractive or allocated resources 50-50 were split so that exactly half preferred each project (when an uneven number did so, one was excluded).

| PDE1 weak |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 47 | 17 |
| Allocation | 49 | 15 |
| Choice | 57 | 11 |
|  | $X^{2}=2.13, \mathrm{p}=.145$ |  |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=1.10, \mathrm{p}=.294$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice |  |  |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| PDE2 weak | 42 | 14 |
|  | 41 | 15 |
| Rating | 43 | 13 |
| Allocation |  |  |
| Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=0.05, \mathrm{p}=.825$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=0.19, \mathrm{p}=.663$ |  |
| Rating vs Choice |  | Prefer Project B |
| Allocation vs Choice |  | 31 |
|  | Prefer Project A | 30 |
| PDE weak aggregated | 89 | 24 |
|  | 90 |  |
| Rating | 100 |  |
| Allocation | $X^{2}=1.47, \mathrm{p}=.226$ |  |
| Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=1.13, \mathrm{p}=.288$ |  |
|  | Rating vs Choice |  |
| Allocation vs Choice |  |  |
|  |  |  |


| PDE1 strong |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 45 | 29 |
| Allocation | 41 | 33 |
| Choice | 33 | 38 |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=2.99, \mathrm{p}=.084$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=1.16, \mathrm{p}=.282$ |  |
| PDE2 strong |  |  |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 35 | 27 |
| Allocation | 30 | 31 |
| Choice | 22 | 36 |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=4.12, \mathrm{p}=.042$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $X^{2}=1.53, p=.216$ |  |
| PDE strong aggregated |  |  |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 80 | 56 |
| Allocation | 71 | 64 |
| Choice | 55 | 74 |
| Rating vs Choice | $X^{2}=6.94, p=.008$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=2.62, \mathrm{p}=.105$ |  |


| IGE1 weak |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 48 | 24 |
| Allocation | 53 | 19 |
| Choice | 60 | 10 |
| Rating vs Choice | $X^{2}=7.07, p=.007$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=3.20, \mathrm{p}=.074$ |  |
| IGE2 weak |  |  |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 32 | 33 |
| Allocation | 41 | 24 |
| Choice | 57 | 10 |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=19.30, \mathrm{p}<.001$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=8.35, \mathrm{p}=.004$ |  |
| IGE weak aggregated |  |  |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 80 | 57 |
| Allocation | 94 | 43 |
| Choice | 117 | 20 |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=24.73, \mathrm{p}<.001$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=10.90, \mathrm{p}<.001$ |  |


| IGE1 strong |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 27 | 45 |
| Allocation | 38 | 34 |
| Choice | 52 | 22 |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=15.78, \mathrm{p}<.001$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $X^{2}=4.72, p=.030$ |  |
| IGE2 strong |  |  |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 18 | 47 |
| Allocation | 24 | 42 |
| Choice | 30 | 34 |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=5.08, \mathrm{p}=.024$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $X^{2}=1.48, p=.224$ |  |
| IGE strong aggregated |  |  |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 45 | 92 |
| Allocation | 62 | 76 |
| Choice | 82 | 56 |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=19.53, \mathrm{p}<.001$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=5.81, \mathrm{p}=.016$ |  |


| IVE1 weak |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 38 | 25 |
| Allocation | 41 | 22 |
| Choice | 45 | 17 |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=2.11, \mathrm{p}=.147$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $X^{2}=0.82, p=.365$ |  |
| IVE2 weak |  |  |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 52 | 36 |
| Allocation | 52 | 36 |
| Choice | 59 | 32 |
| Rating vs Choice | $X^{2}=0.63, p=.429$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $X^{2}=0.63, p=.429$ |  |
| IVE weak aggregated |  |  |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 90 | 51 |
| Allocation | 93 | 58 |
| Choice | 104 | 49 |
| Rating vs Choice | $X^{2}=0.56, \mathrm{p}=.454$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $X^{2}=1.36, p=.244$ |  |


| IVE1 strong |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 7 | 57 |
| Allocation | 7 | 57 |
| Choice | 9 | 59 |
|  |  |  |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=0.16, \mathrm{p}=.686$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=0.16, \mathrm{p}=.686$ |  |
|  |  | Prefer Project B |
| IVE2 strong | Prefer Project A | 118 |
|  | 10 | 118 |
| Rating | 10 | 113 |
| Allocation | 17 |  |
| Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=1.91, \mathrm{p}=.167$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=1.91, \mathrm{p}=.167$ |  |
| Rating vs Choice |  |  |
| Allocation vs Choice |  |  |
|  | Prefer Project A | 175 |
| IVE strong aggregated | 17 | 175 |
|  | 17 | 172 |
| Rating | 26 |  |
| Allocation | $X^{2}=1.82, \mathrm{p}=.178$ |  |
| Choice | X |  |
|  | Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{p}=.178$ |
| Allocation vs Choice |  |  |


| Existence weak |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 67 | 4 |
| Allocation | 70 | 1 |
| Choice | 67 | 1 |
|  |  |  |
| Rating vs Choice | $X^{2}=1.74, \mathrm{p}=.188$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}<0.01, \mathrm{p}=.975$ |  |


| Existence strong |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 44 | 26 |
| Allocation | 46 | 25 |
| Choice | 55 | 14 |
|  |  |  |
| Rating vs Choice | $X^{2}=4.82, \mathrm{p}=.028$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=3.88 \mathrm{p}=.049$ |  |


| Age weak |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 45 | 28 |
| Allocation | 58 | 15 |
| Choice | 63 | 8 |
|  |  |  |
| Rating vs Choice | $X^{2}=14.09, \mathrm{p}<.001$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $X^{2}=2.31 \mathrm{p}=.129$ |  |


| Age strong |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 25 | 41 |
| Allocation | 35 | 32 |
| Choice | 41 | 27 |
|  |  |  |
| Rating vs Choice | $X^{2}=6.73, \mathrm{p}=.009$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=0.89 \mathrm{p}=.345$ |  |


| Innocence weak |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 50 | 34 |
| Allocation | 56 | 28 |
| Choice | 65 | 15 |
|  |  |  |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=9.23, \mathrm{p}=.002$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=4.50 \mathrm{p}=.034$ |  |


| Innocence strong |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 31 | 49 |
| Allocation | 41 | 39 |
| Choice | 53 | 37 |
|  |  |  |
| Rating vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=6.87, \mathrm{p}=.009$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=1.00 \mathrm{p}=.317$ |  |


| Gender weak |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 39 | 36 |
| Allocation | 40 | 34 |
| Choice | 62 | 18 |
|  |  |  |
| Rating vs Choice | $X^{2}=11.09, \mathrm{p}<.001$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $X^{2}=9.45, \mathrm{p}=.002$ |  |


| Gender strong |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Prefer Project A | Prefer Project B |
| Rating | 13 | 60 |
| Allocation | 19 | 55 |
| Choice | 23 | 52 |
|  |  |  |
| Rating vs Choice | $X^{2}=3.32, \mathrm{p}=.068$ |  |
| Allocation vs Choice | $\mathrm{X}^{2}=0.46 \mathrm{p}=.498$ |  |

The tables below are contains the same information as the tables in the manuscript, but have the mean differences (Project A minus Project B) written out. A positive mean difference indicates a helping effect, a negative mean difference indicate a reversed helping effect. A zero mean difference indicate no effect. By comparing mean differences in SE and JE, it is possible to say if joint evaluation reduces or increases each helping effect.

Table 4: Results for the weak and strong Proportion Dominance Effect (PDE) in separate (SE) and joint (JE) evaluation.

|  | Project A | Project B | Mean difference $(A-B)$ | Test | Percentage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weak effect | A(X) | $\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{X})$ |  |  |  |
| PDE1 | 6 of 6 | 6 of 100 |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 79.25 (20.71) | 44.24 (27.59) | +35.01 | $t(389)=14.20, p<.001$ | 84.49\% |
| JE rating | 80.17(18.55) | 57.28 (24.83) | +22.89 | $t(63)=5.86, p<.001$ | 76.79\% |
| Difference |  |  | +12.12 (SE) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 51.25 (30.58) | 28.30 (19.06) | +22.95 | $t(389)=8.90, p<.001$ | 73.79\% |
| JE allocation | 68.17 (22.74) | 31.83 (22.74) | +36.34 | $t(63)=6.39, p<.001$ | 78.79\% |
| Difference |  |  | -13.39 (JE) |  |  |
| PDE2 | 6 of 6 | 6 of 100 |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 78.38 (21.04) | 49.92 (25.95) | +28.46 | $\mathrm{t}(348)=11.26, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 80.29\% |
| JE rating | 83.05 (20.37) | 54.09 (28.99) | +28.96 | $t(56)=6.66, p<.001$ | 81.11\% |
| Difference |  |  | -0.50 (=) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 49.24 (27.81) | 33.70 (22.19) | +15.54 | $t(348)=5.78, p<.001$ | 66.89\% |
| JE allocation | 66.30 (26.80) | 33.70 (26.80) | +32.60 | $\mathrm{t}(56)=4.59, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 72.85\% |
| Difference |  |  | -17.06 (JE) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Strong effect | A(X-2) | B(X) |  |  |  |
| PDE1 | 4 of 4 | 6 of 100 |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 73.37 (26.42) | 44.24 (27.59) | +29.13 | $t(395)=10.75, p<.001$ | 77.71\% |
| JE rating | 79.88 (19.23) | 63.44 (27.28) | +16.44 | $\mathrm{t}(74)=4.19, \mathrm{p}$ <. 001 | 68.57\% |
| Difference |  |  | +12.69 (SE) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 43.67 (29.26) | 28.30 (19.06) | +15.37 | $t(395)=6.17, p<.001$ | 67.01\% |
| JE allocation | 54.47 (28.12) | 45.53 (28.12) | +8.94 | $\mathrm{t}(74)=1.38, \mathrm{p}=.173$ | 56.32\% |
| Difference |  |  | +6.43 (SE) |  |  |
| PDE2 | 4 of 5 | 6 of 100 |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 73.83 (20.50) | 49.92 (25.95) | +23.91 | $t(369)=9.89, p<.001$ | 76.52\% |
| JE rating | 70.01 (23.40) | 57.53 (30.08) | +12.48 | t (61) $=2.72, \mathrm{p}=.009$ | 63.52\% |
| Difference |  |  | + 11.43 (SE) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 46.38 (28.11) | 33.70 (22.19) | +12.68 | $t(369)=4.79, p<.001$ | 63.84\% |
| JE allocation | 50.74 (29.37) | 49.26 (29.37) | +1.48 | $\mathrm{t}(61)=0.20, \mathrm{p}=.843$ | 51.01\% |
| Difference |  |  | +11.20 (SE) |  |  |

Table 5: Results for the weak and strong Ingroup Effect (IGE) in separate (SE) and joint (JE) evaluation.

|  | Project A | Project B | Mean difference (A B) | Test | Percentage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weak effect | A(X) | B(X) |  |  |  |
| IGE1 | 3 relatives | 3 unknown |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 72.54 (23.07) | 63.42 (24.65) | +9.12 | $\mathrm{t}[374]=3.71, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 60.65\% |
| JE rating | 79.59 (22.26) | 71.88 (24.09) | +7.71 | $\mathrm{t}[72]=2.96, \mathrm{p}=.004$ | 63.53\% |
| Difference |  |  | +1.41 (=) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 52.68 (25.66) | 41.22 (23.50) | +11.46 | $\mathrm{t}[374]=4.50, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 62.91\% |
| JE allocation | 62.66 (19.11) | 37.34 (19.11) | +25.32 | $\mathrm{t}[72]=5.66, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 74.62\% |
| Difference |  |  | -13.86 (JE) |  |  |
| IGE2 | 6 US | 6 Polish |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 69.79 (24.87) | 71.51 (25.60) | -1.72 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}[391]=-0.68, \mathrm{p} \\ & =.499 \end{aligned}$ | 48.08\% |
| JE rating | 76.04 (20.98) | 72.83 (24.08) | +3.21 | $\mathrm{t}[64]=1.58, \mathrm{p}=.120$ | 57.73\% |
| Difference |  |  | -4.93 (=) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 38.24 (23.28) | 40.14 (23.15) | -1.90 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}(391)=-0.81, \mathrm{p} \\ & =.418 \end{aligned}$ | 47.69\% |
| JE allocation | 56.89 (15.03) | 43.11 (15.03) | +13.78 | $\mathrm{t}[64]=3.70, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 67.67\% |
| Difference |  |  | -15.68 (JE) |  |  |
| Strong effect | A(X-2) | B (X) |  |  |  |
| IGE1 | 1 relative | 3 unknown |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 70.25 (25.18) | 63.42 (24.65) | +6.83 | $\mathrm{t}[374]=2.65, \mathrm{p}=.008$ | 57.68\% |
| JE rating | 70.62 (19.46) | 75.57 (20.52) | -4.95 | $\mathrm{t}[71]=-2.03, \mathrm{p}=.046$ | 40.54\% |
| Difference |  |  | +11.78 (SE) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 50.14 (25.75) | 41.22 (23.50) | +8.92 | $\mathrm{t}[374]=3.49, \mathrm{p}=.001$ | 60.10\% |
| JE allocation | 53.83 (23.39) | 46.17 (23.39) | +7.66 | $\mathrm{t}[71]=1.39, \mathrm{p}=.169$ | 56.50\% |
| Difference |  |  | +1.26 (=) |  |  |
| IGE2 | 4 US | 6 Polish |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 68.40 (25.64) | 71.51 (25.60) | -3.11 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}[392]=-1.21, \mathrm{p} \\ & =.229 \end{aligned}$ | 46.58\% |
| JE rating | 70.82 (19.44) | 75.26 (19.96) | -4.44 | t[65] $=-4.16, \mathrm{p}$ <. 001 | 30.38\% |
| Difference |  |  | +1.33 (=) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 42.27 (27.50) | 40.14 (23.15) | +2.13 | $\mathrm{t}[392]=0.83, \mathrm{p}=.407$ | 52.36\% |
| JE allocation | 49.47 (19.42) | 50.53 (19.42) | -1.06 | $t[65]=-0.22, p=.825$ | 48.91\% |
| Difference |  |  | +3.19 (=) |  |  |

Table 6: Results for the weak and strong Identified Victim Effect (IVE) in separate (SE) and joint (JE) evaluation.

|  | Project A | Project B | Mean difference ( $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B}$ ) | Test | Percentage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weak effect | A(X) | B(X) |  |  |  |
| IVE1 | 3 identified | 3 statistical |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 87.25 (14.56) | 79.53 (19.54) | +7.72 | $\mathrm{t}[385]=4.41, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 62.43\% |
| JE rating | 89.27 (12.31) | 84.49 (17.69) | +4.78 | $\mathrm{t}[63]=3.49, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 66.87\% |
| Difference |  |  | +2.94 (=) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 59.12 (29.50) | 54.65 (28.68) | +4.47 | $\mathrm{t}[385]=1.51, \mathrm{p}=.132$ | 54.33\% |
| JE allocation | 55.86 (12.46) | 44.14 (12.46) | +11.72 | $\mathrm{t}[63]=3.76, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 68.09\% |
| Difference |  |  | -7.25 (JE) |  |  |
| IVE2 | 3 identified | 3 statistical |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 70.10 (23.28) | 60.18 (27.35) | +9.92 | $\mathrm{t}[445]=4.13, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 60.88\% |
| JE rating | 77.48 (20.20) | 72.49 (23.70) | +4.99 | $\mathrm{t}[88]=2.83, \mathrm{p}=.006$ | 61.79\% |
| Difference |  |  | +4.93 (=) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 32.71 (19.50) | 33.11 (21.46) | -0.40 | $\mathrm{t}[445]=-0.21, \mathrm{p}=.836$ | 49.45\% |
| JE allocation | 52.84 (10.37) | 47.16 (10.37) | +5.68 | $\mathrm{t}[88]=2.59, \mathrm{p}=.011$ | 60.79\% |
| Difference |  |  | -6.08 (JE) |  |  |
| Strong effect | A(X-2) | B(X) |  |  |  |
| IVE1 | 1 identified | 3 statistical |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 80.12 (19.07) | 79.53 (19.54) | +0.59 | $\mathrm{t}[389]=0.30, \mathrm{p}=.764$ | 50.86\% |
| JE rating | 63.35 (23.18) | 86.77 (13.58) | -23.42 | $\mathrm{t}[64]=-8.11, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 15.73\% |
| Difference |  |  | +24.01 (SE) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 56.58 (28.98) | 54.65 (28.68) | +1.93 | $\mathrm{t}[389]=0.66, \mathrm{p}=.510$ | 51.89\% |
| JE allocation | 30.98 (14.96) | 69.02 (14.96) | -38.04 | $\mathrm{t}[64]=-10.25, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 10.18\% |
| Difference |  |  | +39.97 (SE) |  |  |
| IVE2 | 1 identified | 3 statistical |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 56.21 (28.05) | 60.18 (27.35) | -3.97 | $\mathrm{t}[471]=-1.55, \mathrm{p}=.121$ | 45.96\% |
| JE rating | 49.15 (27.50) | 76.82 (19.39) | -27.67 | $\mathrm{t}[128]=-12.56, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 13.43\% |
| Difference |  |  | +23.70 (SE) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 27.93 (18.98) | 33.11 (21.46) | -5.18 | $\mathrm{t}[471]=-2.79, \mathrm{p}=.006$ | 42.83\% |
| JE allocation | 28.26 (15.39) | 71.74 (15.39) | -43.48 | $t(128)=-16.04, p<.001$ | 7.89\% |
| Difference |  |  | +38.30 (SE) |  |  |

Table 7: Results for the weak and strong Existence Effect in separate (SE) and joint (JE) evaluation.

|  | Project A | Project B | Mean difference (A $-B)$ | Test | Percentag <br> e |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weak effect | A(X) | B(X) |  |  |  |
|  | 6 now | 6 in one year |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 72.79 (21.09) | 69.95 (23.89) | +2.84 | $\mathrm{t}[447]=1.34, \mathrm{p}=.182$ | 53.55\% |
| JE rating | 81.46 (19.17) | 57.72 (22.99) | +23.74 | $t(70)=9.71, p<.001$ | 87.54\% |
| Difference |  |  | -20.90 (JE) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 45.39 (24.22) | 44.02 (24.64) | +1.37 | $\mathrm{t}[447]=0.59, \mathrm{p}=.553$ | 51.58\% |
| JE allocation | 77.45 (13.03) | 22.55 (13.03) | +54.90 | $t(70)=17.76, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 98.24\% |
| Difference |  |  | -53.53 (JE) |  |  |
| Strong effect | A(X) | B(X-2) |  |  |  |
|  | 4 now | 6 in one year |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 68.96 (24.69) | 69.95 (23.89) | -0.99 | $\mathrm{t}[448]=-0.43, \mathrm{p}=.668$ | 48.85\% |
| JE rating | 80.08 (17.88) | 70.59 (19.53) | +9.49 | $\mathrm{t}[70]=4.21, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 69.13\% |
| Difference |  |  | -10.48 (JE) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 43.97 (23.97) | 44.02 (24.64) | -0.05 | $\mathrm{t}(448)=-0.02, \mathrm{p}=.983$ | 49.94\% |
| JE allocation | 59.99 (21.22) | 40.01 (21.22) | +19.98 | $\mathrm{t}[70]=3.97, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 68.11\% |
| Difference |  |  | -20.03 (JE) |  |  |

Table 8: Results for the weak and strong Age Effect in separate (SE) and joint (JE) evaluation.

|  | Project A | Project B | Mean <br> difference <br> $(\mathbf{A}-\mathbf{B})$ | Test | Percentage |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Weak effect | $\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{X})$ | $\mathbf{B}(\mathrm{X})$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{6}$ children | $\mathbf{6}$ adults |  |  |  |
| SE rating | $68.97(26.32)$ | $67.45(24.97)$ | +1.52 | $\mathrm{t}[433]=0.62, \mathrm{p}=.538$ | $51.67 \%$ |
| JE rating | $75.48(21.83)$ | $72.13(23.65)$ | +3.35 | $\mathrm{t}[72]=2.18, \mathrm{p}=.032$ | $60.06 \%$ |
| Difference |  |  | $-1.83(=)$ |  |  |
| SE allocation | $41.15(24.43)$ | $40.74(23.18)$ | +0.41 | $\mathrm{t}[433]=0.18, \mathrm{p}=.856$ | $50.49 \%$ |
| JE allocation | $60.15(12.98)$ | $39.85(12.98)$ | +20.30 | $\mathrm{t}[72]=6.68, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | $78.29 \%$ |
| Difference |  |  | $-19.89(\mathrm{JE})$ |  |  |
| Strong effect | $\mathbf{A ( X - 2 )}$ | $\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{X})$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{4}$ children | 6 adults |  |  |  |
| SE rating | $65.38(27.57)$ | $67.45(24.97)$ | -2.07 | $\mathrm{t}[432]=-0.82, \mathrm{p}=.414$ | $47.78 \%$ |
| JE rating | $73.68(21.11)$ | $76.24(20.35)$ | -2.56 | $\mathrm{t}[66]=-1.65, \mathrm{p}=.103$ | $42.01 \%$ |
| Difference |  |  | $+0.49(=)$ |  |  |
| SE allocation | $39.99(24.56)$ | $40.74(23.18)$ | -0.75 | $\mathrm{t}[432]=-0.33, \mathrm{p}=.744$ | $49.11 \%$ |
| JE allocation | $52.10(18.00)$ | $47.90(18.00)$ | +4.20 | $\mathrm{t}[66]=0.96, \mathrm{p}=.342$ | $54.64 \%$ |
| Difference |  |  | $-4.95(=)$ |  |  |

Table 9: Results for the weak and strong Innocence Effect in separate (SE) and joint (JE) evaluation.

|  | Project A | Project B | Mean difference ( $A-B$ ) | Test | Percentage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weak effect | A(X) | B(X) |  |  |  |
|  | 6 gymmers | 6 smokers |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 63.80 (25.30) | 65.41 (23.75) | -1.61 | $\mathrm{t}[431]=-0.69, \mathrm{p}=.494$ | 48.15\% |
| JE rating | 70.29 (22.58) | 62.96 (26.16) | +7.33 | $\mathrm{t}[84]=2.12, \mathrm{p}=.037$ | 59.10\% |
| Difference |  |  | -8.94 (JE) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 39.53 (22.30) | 43.59 (24.17) | -4.06 | $\mathrm{t}[431]=-1.82, \mathrm{p}=.070$ | 45.09\% |
| JE allocation | 58.49 (19.05) | 41.51 (19.05) | +16.98 | $\mathrm{t}[84]=4.11, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | 67.21\% |
| Difference |  |  | -21.04 (JE) |  |  |
| Strong effect | A(X-2) | B(X) |  |  |  |
|  | 4 gymmers | 6 smokers |  |  |  |
| SE rating | 64.75 (25.95) | 65.41 (23.75) | -0.66 | $\mathrm{t}[429]=-0.28, \mathrm{p}=.782$ | 49.25\% |
| JE rating | 62.81 (22.01) | 69.30 (18.42) | -6.49 | $\mathrm{t}[80]=-2.28, \mathrm{p}=.025$ | 40.00\% |
| Difference |  |  | +5.83 (SE) |  |  |
| SE allocation | 44.06 (24.48) | 43.59 (24.17) | +0.43 | $\mathrm{t}[429]=0.20, \mathrm{p}=.843$ | 50.54\% |
| JE allocation | 49.51 (16.73) | 50.49 (16.73) | -0.98 | $\mathrm{t}[80]=-0.27, \mathrm{p}=.791$ | 48.83\% |
| Difference |  |  | +1.41 (=) |  |  |

Table 10: Results for the weak and strong Gender Effect in separate (SE) and joint (JE) evaluation.

|  | Project A | Project B | Mean <br> difference (A <br> $-\mathbf{B})$ | Test | Percentage |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Weak effect | $\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{X})$ | $\mathbf{B}(\mathrm{X})$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{6}$ women | $\mathbf{6 ~ m e n ~}$ |  |  |  |
| SE rating | $70.16(26.57)$ | $70.72(22.96)$ | -0.56 | $\mathrm{t}[442]=-0.24, \mathrm{p}=.813$ | $49.37 \%$ |
| JE rating | $70.69(22.68)$ | $69.71(23.32)$ | +0.98 | $\mathrm{t}[74]=1.50, \mathrm{p}=.138$ | $56.86 \%$ |
| Difference |  |  | $-1.54(=)$ |  |  |
| SE allocation | $41.71(24.91)$ | $42.86(24.03)$ | -1.15 | $\mathrm{t}(442)=-0.49, \mathrm{p}=.622$ | $48.68 \%$ |
| JE allocation | $50.72(4.01)$ | $49.28(4.01)$ | +1.44 | $\mathrm{t}[74]=1.56, \mathrm{p}=.124$ | $57.12 \%$ |
| Difference |  |  | $-2.59(=)$ |  |  |
| Strong effect | $\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{X}-2)$ | $\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{X})$ |  |  |  |
|  | 4 women | 6 men |  |  |  |
| SE rating | $66.81(27.00)$ | $70.72(22.96)$ | -3.91 | $\mathrm{t}[439]=-1.63, \mathrm{p}=.103$ | $45.61 \%$ |
| JE rating | $65.59(21.58)$ | $73.48(19.71)$ | -7.89 | $\mathrm{t}[73]=-5.67, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | $25.47 \%$ |
| Difference |  |  | $+3.98(=)$ |  |  |
| SE allocation | $40.94(24.77)$ | $42.86(24.03)$ | -1.92 | $\mathrm{t}[439]=-0.82, \mathrm{p}=.410$ | $47.78 \%$ |
| JE allocation | $43.65(9.94)$ | $56.35(9.94)$ | -12.70 | $\mathrm{t}[73]=-5.47, \mathrm{p}<.001$ | $26.15 \%$ |
| Difference |  |  | $+10.78(S E)$ |  |  |

The following pages include common language effect size calculations done with the spreadsheet provided by Lakens. Lakens, D. (2013). Calculating and reporting effect sizes to facilitate cumulative science: A practical primer for $t$-tests and ANOVAs. Frontiers in Psychology, 4:863. doi:10.3389/fpsyg.2013.00863. Note that I have subtracted the CL effect size from 100 for reversed effects (when the mean is higher for Project B) in order to illustrate the direction of the effect.

PDE1 - weak effect - rating - SE

|  | Weak PDE1 rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 79,25 | Mean group 2 | 44,24 | $95 \% \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | 30,15376733 | Cohen's ds | 1,436750173 |
| SD group 1 | 20,71 | SD group 2 | 27,59 |  | 39,86623267 | Cohen's d | 1,440438883 |
| n group 1 | 197 | n group 2 | 194 | $t$ | 14,20452965 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 1,433978308 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 389 | CL effect size | 0,844909272 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,00 |  |  |

PDE2 - weak effect - rating - SE


PDE1 - weak effect - allocation - SE


PDE2 - weak effect - allocation - SE


PDE1 - weak effect - rating - JE

| Weak PDE1 rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 80,17 | Mean 2 | 57,28 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 22,89 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{2}$ | 0,731891326 |
| SD 1 | 18,55 | SD 2 | 24,83 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 31,27513496 | Cohen's d ${ }_{\text {rm }}$ | 1,044837352 |
| n pairs | 64 | $r$ | -0,019 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,90939187 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,038605718 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 15,0777 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 1,055325035 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 30,7023 | Hedges gav | 1,049030849 |
| $t$ | 5,855130608 | df | 63 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Grm |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,76788255 |

PDE2 - weak effect - rating - JE

| Weak PDE2 rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 83,05 | Mean 2 | 54,09 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 28,96 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{2}$ | 0,881960374 |
| SD 1 | 20,37 | SD 2 | 28,99 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 32,83594235 | Cohen's d ${ }_{\text {rm }}$ | 1,149935638 |
| n pairs | 57 | $r$ | 0,15 | $S E_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,349226812 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,14221795 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 20,2475 | Cohen's dav | 1,173419773 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 37,6725 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 1,165544473 |
| $t$ | 6,658654803 | df | 56 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Grm |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,811100882 |

PDE1 - weak effect - allocation - JE

| Weak PDE1 allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 68,17 | Mean 2 | 31,83 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 36,34 | Cohen's diz | 0,799032542 |
| SD 1 | 22,74 | SD 2 | 22,74 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 45,48 | Cohen's $\mathrm{drm}_{\text {rm }}$ | 1,598065084 |
| n pairs | 64 | $r$ | -1 | $S \mathrm{E}_{\text {diff }}$ | 5,685 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,58853388 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 24,9794 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 1,598065084 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 47,7006 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {a }}$ | 1,58853388 |
| $t$ | 6,392260334 | df | 63 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,787864228 |

PDE2 - weak effect - allocation - JE

| Weak PDE2 allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 66,3 | Mean 2 | 33,7 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 32,6 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,608208955 |
| SD 1 | 26,8 | SD 2 | 26,8 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 53,6 | Cohen's drm | 1,21641791 |
| n pairs | 57 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 7,099493434 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}_{\text {r }}$ | 1,208254032 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 18,3780 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 1,21641791 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 46,8220 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\text {a }}$ | 1,208254032 |
| $t$ | 4,591876914 | df | 56 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,728475552 |

PDE1 - strong effect - rating - SE

|  | Strong PDE1 rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 73,37 | Mean group 2 | 44,24 | $95 \% \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | 23,7955907 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 1,07896856 |
| SD group 1 | 26,42 | SD group 2 | 27,59 |  | 34,4644093 | Cohen's d | 1,081696677 |
| n group 1 | 203 | n group 2 | 194 | $t$ | 10,74638562 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 1,076918589 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 395 | CL effect size | 0,777139909 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,00 |  |  |

PDE2 - strong effect - rating - SE


PDE1 - strong effect - allocation - SE

| Strong PDE1 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 43,67 | Mean group 2 | 28,3 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | 10,51832124 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,619611749 |
| SD group 1 | 29,26 | SD group 2 | 19,06 |  | 20,22167876 | Cohen's d | 0,621178406 |
| n group 1 | 203 | n group 2 | 194 | $t$ | 6,171251911 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,618434526 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 395 | CL effect size | 0,67008375 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,00 |  |  |

PDE2 - strong effect - allocation - SE

| Strong PDE2 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 46,38 | Mean group 2 | 33,7 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ [Low; High] | 7,533451808 | Cohen's ds | 0,497752551 |
| SD group 1 | 28,11 | SD group 2 | 22,19 |  | 17,82654819 | Cohen's d | 0,499099651 |
| n group 1 | 195 | n group 2 | 176 | $t$ | 4,787405115 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,496740173 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 369 | CL effect size | 0,638353699 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,00 |  |  |

PDE1 - strong effect - rating - JE

| Strong PDE1 rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 79,88 | Mean 2 | 63,44 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 16,44 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{z}}$ | 0,483757605 |
| SD 1 | 19,23 | SD 2 | 27,28 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 33,98396185 | Cohen's drm | 0,697349634 |
| n pairs | 75 | $r$ | -0,039 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,924129905 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,693809788 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 8,6210 | Cohen's $\mathrm{dav}_{\text {a }}$ | 0,706944743 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 24,2590 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 0,703356191 |
| $t$ | 4,189463754 | df | 74 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Grm |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,685721047 |

PDE2 - strong effect - rating - JE

| Strong PDE2 rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 70,01 | Mean 2 | 57,53 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 12,48 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,345528341 |
| SD 1 | 23,4 | SD 2 | 30,08 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 36,11860019 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,462285413 |
| n pairs | 62 | $r$ | 0,105 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,587066812 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}^{\text {r }}$ | 0,459437659 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,3076 | Cohen's dav | 0,46671653 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 21,6524 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {a }}$ | 0,463841479 |
| $t$ | 2,720692877 | df | 61 | $p$ | 0,01 | Recommended: | Grm |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,635151396 |

PDE1 - strong effect - allocation - JE

| Strong PDE1 allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 54,47 | Mean 2 | 45,53 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 8,94 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,158961593 |
| SD 1 | 28,12 | SD 2 | 28,12 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 56,24 | Cohen's drm | 0,317923186 |
| n pairs | 75 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 6,494035828 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,316309363 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | -3,9996 | Cohen's $\mathrm{dav}_{\text {a }}$ | 0,317923186 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 21,8796 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {a }}$ | 0,316309363 |
| $t$ | 1,376647779 | df | 74 | $p$ | 0,17 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,563150433 |

PDE2 - strong effect - allocation - JE

| Strong PDE2 allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 50,74 | Mean 2 | 49,26 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,48 | Cohen's dz | 0,025195778 |
| SD 1 | 29,37 | SD 2 | 29,37 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 58,74 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,050391556 |
| n pairs | 62 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 7,45998746 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,050081136 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | -13,4372 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,050391556 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 16,3972 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,050081136 |
| $t$ | 0,198391754 | df | 61 | $p$ | 0,84 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,510050598 |

IGE1 - weak effect - rating - SE

| Weak IGE1 rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 72,54 | Mean group 2 | 63,42 | 95\% Cl M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | 4,262887626 | Cohen's ds | 0,382697788 |
| SD group 1 | 23,07 | SD group 2 | 24,65 |  | 13,97711237 | Cohen's d | 0,383719679 |
| n group 1 | 198 | n group 2 | 178 | $t$ | 3,705140024 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,381929832 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 374 | CL effect size | 0,606469559 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,00 |  |  |

IGE 2 - weak effect - rating - SE

| Weak IGE2 ratng SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 69,79 | Mean group 2 | 71,51 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $-6,73326114$ | Cohen's ds | 0,068162284 |
| SD group 1 | 24,87 | SD group 2 | 25,6 |  | 3,29326114 | Cohen's d | 0,068336836 |
| n group 1 | 198 | n group 2 | 194 | $t$ | -0,674737058 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,068031119 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 390 | CL effect size | 0,519217935 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,50 |  |  |

IGE1 - weak effect - allocation - SE

| Weak IGE1 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 52,68 | Mean group 2 | 41,22 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | 6,474687581 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,46469483 |
| SD group 1 | 25,66 | SD group 2 | 23,5 |  | 16,44531242 | Cohen's d | 0,465935673 |
| n group 1 | 198 | n group 2 | 178 | $t$ | 4,499005404 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,463762332 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 374 | CL effect size | 0,629057649 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,00 |  |  |

IGE 2 - weak effect - allocation - SE

| Weak IGE2 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 38,24 | Mean group 2 | 40,14 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-6,504879594 \\ \hline 2,704879594 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\text { Cohen's } d_{s}$Cohen's d | 0,081840385 |
| SD group 1 | 23,28 | SD group 2 | 23,15 |  |  |  | 0,082049428 |
| n group 1 | 199 | n group 2 | 194 | $t$ | -0,811145549 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,081683301 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 391 | CL effect size | 0,523074692 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,42 |  |  |

IGE 1 - weak effect - rating - JE

| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean 1 | 79,59 | Mean 2 | 71,88 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 7,71 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{2}$ | 0,345947689 |
| SD 1 | 22,26 | SD 2 | 24,09 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 22,28660647 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,331821366 |
| n pairs | 73 | $r$ | 0,54 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,608449988 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}^{\text {r }}$ | 0,330090124 |
|  |  |  |  | $95 \%$ Cl M $_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | 2,5101 | Cohen's $\mathrm{dav}_{\text {av }}$ | 0,332686084 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 12,9099 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 0,330950331 |
| $t$ | 2,955778349 | df | 72 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,635308986 |

IGE 2 - weak effect - rating - JE

| Weak IGE2 rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 76,04 | Mean 2 | 72,83 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,21 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,194884777 |
| SD 1 | 20,98 | SD 2 | 24,08 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 16,47127109 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,140262895 |
| n pairs | 65 | $r$ | 0,741 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,043009738 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,139439433 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | -0,8714 | Cohen's $\mathrm{dav}^{\text {a }}$ | 0,142476698 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 7,2914 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 0,14164024 |
| $t$ | 1,571211307 | df | 64 | $p$ | 0,12 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,577258424 |

IGE 1 - weak effect - allocation - JE

| Weak IGE1 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 62,66 | Mean 2 | 37,34 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 25,32 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,662480377 |
| SD 1 | 19,11 | SD 2 | 19,11 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 38,22 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,324960754 |
| n pairs | 73 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,473312646 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,318047915 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 16,4026 | Cohen's dav | 1,324960754 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 34,2374 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {a }}$ | 1,318047915 |
| $t$ | 5,66023482 | df | 72 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,746168297 |

IGE 2 - weak effect - allocation - JE

| Weak IGE2 allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 56,89 | Mean 2 | 43,11 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 13,78 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,4584165 |
| SD 1 | 15,03 | SD 2 | 15,03 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 30,06 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,916833001 |
| n pairs | 65 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,728484122 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,911450419 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 6,3315 | Cohen's dav | 0,916833001 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 21,2285 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 0,911450419 |
| $t$ | 3,695871982 | df | 64 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,67667338 |

IGE 1 - strong effect - rating - SE

|  | Strong IGE1 rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 70,25 | Mean group 2 | 63,42 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | 1,772373547 | Cohen's ds | 0,273960783 |
| SD group 1 | 25,18 | SD group 2 | 24,65 |  | 11,88762645 | Cohen's d | 0,274692322 |
| n group 1 | 198 | n group 2 | 178 | $t$ | 2,652388112 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,273411029 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 374 | CL effect size | 0,576845372 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,01 |  |  |

IGE 2 - strong effect - rating - SE


IGE 1 - strong effect - allocation - SE

| Strong IGE1 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 50,14 | Mean group 2 | 41,22 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | 3,925634009 | Cohen's ds | 0,360977094 |
| SD group 1 | 25,75 | SD group 2 | 23,5 |  | 13,91436599 | Cohen's d | 0,361940986 |
| n group 1 | 198 | n group 2 | 178 | $t$ | 3,494848207 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,360252725 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 374 | CL effect size | 0,600974732 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,00 |  |  |

IGE 2 - strong effect - allocation - SE


IGE 1 - strong effect - rating - JE

| Strong IGE1 rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 70,62 | Mean 2 | 75,57 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,95 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,239380145 |
| SD 1 | 19,46 | SD 2 | 20,52 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 20,67840675 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,247385221 |
| n pairs | 72 | $r$ | 0,466 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,436973606 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,246076305 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 0,0908 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,247623812 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 9,8092 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {a }}$ | 0,246313633 |
| $t$ | 2,031207883 | df | 71 | $p$ | 0,05 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,594594588 |

IGE 2 - strong effect - rating - JE

| Strong IGE2 rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 70,82 | Mean 2 | 75,26 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,44 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,513472566 |
| SD 1 | 19,44 | SD 2 | 19,96 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 8,647005308 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,224992405 |
| n pairs | 66 | $r$ | 0,904 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,064372776 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,223691871 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,3143 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,225380711 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 6,5657 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,224077932 |
| $t$ | 4,171470842 | df | 65 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,696189602 |

IGE 1 - strong effect - allocation - JE

| Strong IGE1 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 53,83 | Mean 2 | 46,17 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 7,66 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,16374519 |
| SD 1 | 23,39 | SD 2 | 23,39 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 46,78 | Cohen's drm | 0,327490381 |
| n pairs | 72 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 5,513075871 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,325757627 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | -3,3328 | Cohen's dav | 0,327490381 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 18,6528 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 0,325757627 |
| $t$ | 1,389424013 | df | 71 | $p$ | 0,17 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,56503413 |

IGE 2 - strong effect - allocation - JE

| Strong IGE2 allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 49,47 | Mean 2 | 50,53 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,06 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{2}$ | 0,027291452 |
| SD 1 | 19,42 | SD 2 | 19,42 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 38,84 | Cohen's $\mathrm{drm}_{\text {m }}$ | 0,054582904 |
| n pairs | 66 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,78087351 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,054267396 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | $-8,4881$ | Cohen's dav | 0,054582904 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 10,6081 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,054267396 |
| $t$ | 0,221716805 | df | 65 | $p$ | 0,83 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,510886363 |

IVE1 - weak effect - rating - SE

|  | Weak IVE1 rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 87,25 | Mean group 2 | 79,53 | $95 \% \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | 4,271812046 | Cohen's ds | 0,448533349 |
| SD group 1 | 14,56 | SD group 2 | 19,54 |  | 11,16818795 | Cohen's d | 0,449696861 |
| n group 1 | 195 | n group 2 | 192 | $t$ | 4,41171223 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,447659015 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 385 | CL effect size | 0,624305121 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,00 |  |  |

IVE 2 - weak effect - rating - SE

| Weak IVE2 rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 70,1 | Mean group 2 | 60,18 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | 5,199290906 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,390532422 |
| SD group 1 | 23,28 | SD group 2 | 27,35 |  | 14,64070909 | Cohen's d | 0,391409039 |
| n group 1 | 223 | n group 2 | 224 | $t$ | 4,128381028 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,389873851 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 445 | CL effect size | 0,608801882 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,00 |  |  |

IVE 1 - weak effect - allocation - SE

| Weak IVE1 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 59,12 | Mean group 2 | 54,65 | $95 \%$ CI M $_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | -1,344902961 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,153628924 |
| SD group 1 | 29,5 | SD group 2 | 28,68 |  | 10,28490296 | Cohen's d | 0,154027443 |
| n group 1 | 195 | n group 2 | 192 | $t$ | 1,511072934 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,153329453 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 385 | CL effect size | 0,543257562 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,13 |  |  |

IVE 2 - weak effect - allocation - SE

| Weak IVE2 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 32,71 | Mean group 2 | 33,11 | $95 \%$ CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-4,211434164 \\ \hline 3,411434164 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Cohen's ds } \\ \hline \text { Cohen's d } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0,019506835 \\ \hline 0,019550621 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| SD group 1 | 19,5 | SD group 2 | 21,46 |  |  |  |  |
| n group 1 | 223 | n group 2 | 224 | $t$ | -0,206209885 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,019473939 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 445 | CL effect size | 0,505503192 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,84 |  |  |

IVE 1 - weak effect - rating - JE

| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean 1 | 89,27 | Mean 2 | 84,49 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,78 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,436407386 |
| SD 1 | 12,31 | SD 2 | 17,69 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 10,95306853 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,282150116 |
| n pairs | 64 | $r$ | 0,791 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,369133566 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,280467312 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,0440 | Cohen's $\mathrm{dav}_{\text {av }}$ | 0,318666667 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 7,5160 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 0,31676607 |
| $t$ | 3,491259084 | df | 63 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,668729409 |

IVE 2 - weak effect - rating - JE

| Weak IVE2 rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 77,48 | Mean 2 | 72,49 | $\mathbf{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,99 | Cohen's diz | 0,300083147 |
| SD 1 | 20,2 | SD 2 | 23,7 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 16,62872455 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,222951883 |
| n pairs | 89 | $r$ | 0,724 | $S E_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,762641277 | Hedges grm | 0,222000453 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,4871 | Cohen's dav | 0,227334852 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 8,4929 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {a }}$ | 0,226364717 |
| $t$ | 2,830978751 | $d f$ | 88 | $p$ | 0,01 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,617943133 |

IVE 1 - weak effect - allocation - JE

| Weak IVE1 allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 55,86 | Mean 2 | 44,14 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 11,72 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,470304976 |
| SD 1 | 12,46 | SD 2 | 12,46 | $\mathbf{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 24,92 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,940609952 |
| n pairs | 64 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,115 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,934999952 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 5,4952 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,940609952 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 17,9448 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\text {a }}$ | 0,934999952 |
| $t$ | 3,762439807 | df | 63 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,680931429 |

IVE 2 - weak effect - allocation - JE

| Weak IVE2 allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 52,84 | Mean 2 | 47,16 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 5,68 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,273866924 |
| SD 1 | 10,37 | SD 2 | 10,37 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 20,74 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,547733848 |
| n pairs | 89 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,198435603 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}_{\text {m }}$ | 0,545396434 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,3111 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,547733848 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 10,0489 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\text {a }}$ | 0,545396434 |
| $t$ | 2,583655392 | df | 88 | $p$ | 0,01 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,607906554 |

IVE 1 - strong effect - rating - SE


IVE 2 - strong effect - rating - SE

| Strong IVE2 rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 56,21 | Mean group 2 | 60,18 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-8,979526237 \\ \hline 1,039526237 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Cohen's ds | 0,143213859 |
| SD group 1 | 28,05 | SD group 2 | 27,35 |  |  | Cohen's d | 0,1435176 |
| n group 1 | 249 | n group 2 | 224 | $t$ | -1,555171035 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,14298569 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 471 | CL effect size | 0,540357882 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,12 |  |  |

IVE 1 - strong effect - allocation - SE

| Strong IVE1 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 56,58 | Mean group 2 | 54,65 | $95 \% \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | -3,803538212 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,066936983 |
| SD group 1 | 28,98 | SD group 2 | 28,68 |  | 7,663538212 | Cohen's d | 0,067108837 |
| n group 1 | 199 | n group 2 | 192 | $t$ | 0,66169051 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,066807844 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 389 | CL effect size | 0,518877292 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,51 |  |  |

IVE 2 - strong effect - allocation - SE

| Strong IVE2 allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 27,93 | Mean group 2 | 33,11 | $95 \%$ CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | -8,857617595 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,256534889 |
| SD group 1 | 18,98 | SD group 2 | 21,46 |  | -1,502382405 | Cohen's d | 0,257078972 |
| n group 1 | 249 | n group 2 | 224 | $t$ | -2,785733397 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,256126177 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 471 | CL effect size | 0,571740997 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,01 |  |  |

IVE 1 - strong effect - rating - JE

| Strong IVE1 rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 63,35 | Mean 2 | 86,77 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 23,42 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 1,005695278 |
| SD 1 | 23,18 | SD 2 | 13,58 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 23,28737194 | Cohen's drm | 1,202636636 |
| n pairs | 65 | $r$ | 0,285 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,888442998 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,195576147 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 17,6497 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 1,274211099 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 29,1903 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 1,266730408 |
| $t$ | 8,108174548 | df | 64 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Grm |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,842718912 |

IVE 2 - strong effect - rating - JE

| Strong IVE2 rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 49,15 | Mean 2 | 76,82 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 27,67 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 1,106217531 |
| SD 1 | 27,5 | SD 2 | 19,39 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 25,01316353 | Cohen's drm | 1,133535657 |
| n pairs | 129 | $r$ | 0,475 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,20228625 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,130211506 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 23,3124 | Cohen's dav | 1,180209 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 32,0276 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 1,176747976 |
| $t$ | 12,56421593 | df | 128 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,865683812 |

IVE 1 - strong effect - allocation - JE

| Strong IVE1 allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 30,98 | Mean 2 | 69,02 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 38,04 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 1,271390374 |
| SD 1 | 14,96 | SD 2 | 14,96 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 29,92 | Cohen's drm | 2,542780749 |
| n pairs | 65 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,711119259 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 2,527852486 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 30,6262 | Cohen's $\mathrm{dav}_{\text {a }}$ | 2,542780749 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 45,4538 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 2,527852486 |
| $t$ | 10,2502769 | df | 64 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,898205097 |

IVE 2 - strong effect - allocation - JE

| Strong IVE2 allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 28,26 | Mean 2 | 71,74 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 43,48 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{2}$ | 1,412605588 |
| SD 1 | 15,39 | SD 2 | 15,39 | $\mathbf{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 30,78 | Cohen's drm | 2,825211176 |
| n pairs | 129 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,71002789 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 2,816926099 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 38,1177 | Cohen's dav | 2,825211176 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 48,8423 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {a }}$ | 2,816926099 |
| $t$ | 16,04411533 | df | 128 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,921114137 |

Existence - weak effect - rating - SE

| Weak Existence rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 72,79 | Mean group 2 | 69,95 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-1,337231367 \\ \hline 7,017231367 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,125947058 |
| SD group 1 | 21,09 | SD group 2 | 23,89 |  |  | Cohen's d | 0,126228505 |
| n group 1 | 222 | n group 2 | 227 | $t$ | 1,334302419 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,125735619 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 447 | CL effect size | 0,535506637 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,18 |  |  |

Existence - weak effect - allocation - SE

| Weak Existence allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 45,39 | Mean group 2 | 44,02 | $95 \% \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-3,161659644 \\ \hline 5,901659644 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Cohen's ds } \\ \hline \text { Cohen's d } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0,056071129 \\ \hline 0,056196428 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| SD group 1 | 24,22 | SD group 2 | 24,64 |  |  |  |  |
| n group 1 | 222 | n group 2 | 227 | $t$ | 0,594026131 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,055976998 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 447 | CL effect size | 0,51581475 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,55 |  |  |

Existence - weak effect - rating - JE

| Weak Existence rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 81,46 | Mean 2 | 57,72 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 23,74 | Cohen's dz | 1,152290856 |
| SD 1 | 19,17 | SD 2 | 22,99 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 20,60243721 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,111229059 |
| n pairs | 71 | $r$ | 0,535 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,44505946 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,105265396 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 18,8635 | Cohen's dav | 1,126185958 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 28,6165 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 1,120142026 |
| $t$ | 9,709375331 | df | 70 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,875399213 |

Existence - weak effect - allocation - JE

| Weak Existence allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 77,45 | Mean 2 | 22,55 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 54,9 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{2}$ | 2,106676899 |
| SD 1 | 13,03 | SD 2 | 13,03 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 26,06 | Cohen's drm | 4,213353799 |
| n pairs | 71 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,092753001 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 4,190741882 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 48,7317 | Cohen's dav | 4,213353799 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 61,0683 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 4,190741882 |
| $t$ | 17,75117508 | df | 70 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,982427202 |

Existence - strong effect - rating - SE


Existence - strong effect - allocation - SE

| Strong Existence allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 43,97 | Mean group 2 | 44,02 | $95 \% \text { CI M }{ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | -4,553472606 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,002056741 |
| SD group 1 | 23,97 | SD group 2 | 24,64 |  | 4,453472606 | Cohen's d | 0,002061327 |
| n group 1 | 223 | n group 2 | 227 | $t$ | -0,021814176 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,002053296 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 448 | CL effect size | 0,500580267 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,98 |  |  |

Existence - strong effect - rating - JE

| Strong Existence rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 80,08 | Mean 2 | 70,59 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 9,49 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,499475063 |
| SD 1 | 17,88 | SD 2 | 19,53 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 18,99994754 | Cohen's drm | 0,505926573 |
| n pairs | 71 | $r$ | 0,487 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,254878924 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,503211404 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,9928 | Cohen's dav | 0,507350976 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 13,9872 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 0,504628162 |
| $t$ | 4,208651692 | df | 70 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,691277625 |

Existence - strong effect - allocation - JE

| Strong Existence allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 59,99 | Mean 2 | 40,01 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 19,98 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{2}$ | 0,470782281 |
| SD 1 | 21,22 | SD 2 | 21,22 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 42,44 | Cohen's drm | 0,941564562 |
| n pairs | 71 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 5,036701357 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}_{\text {r }}$ | 0,936511442 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 9,9346 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,941564562 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 30,0254 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\text {a }}$ | 0,936511442 |
| $t$ | 3,966882009 | df | 70 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,68110189 |

Age - weak effect - rating - SE

| Weak Age rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 68,97 | Mean group 2 | 67,45 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-3,313466061 \\ \hline 6,353466061 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Cohen's ds } \\ \hline \text { Cohen's d } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0,059217927 \\ & \hline 0,059354531 \end{aligned}$ |
| SD group 1 | 26,32 | SD group 2 | 24,97 |  |  |  |  |
| n group 1 | 222 | n group 2 | 213 | $t$ | 0,617411703 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,059115296 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 433 | CL effect size | 0,51670931 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,54 |  |  |

Age - weak effect - allocation - SE

|  | Weak Age allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 41,15 | Mean group 2 | 40,74 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ [Low; High] | -4,076668633 | Cohen's ds | 0,017207958 |
| SD group 1 | 24,43 | SD group 2 | 23,18 |  | 4,896668633 | Cohen's d | 0,017247653 |
| n group 1 | 222 | n group 2 | 213 | $t$ | 0,179411794 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,017178135 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 433 | CL effect size | 0,504856802 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,86 |  |  |

Age - weak effect - rating - JE

| Weak Age rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 75,48 | Mean 2 | 72,13 | $\mathbf{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,35 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,254952283 |
| SD 1 | 21,83 | SD 2 | 23,65 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 13,1397137 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,146014447 |
| n pairs | 73 | $r$ | 0,836 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,537887165 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,145252632 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 0,2843 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,147317502 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 6,4157 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\text {a }}$ | 0,146548889 |
| $t$ | 2,178313258 | df | 72 | $p$ | 0,03 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,600620023 |

Age - weak effect - allocation - JE

| Weak Age allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 60,15 | Mean 2 | 39,85 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 20,3 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,781972265 |
| SD 1 | 12,98 | SD 2 | 12,98 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 25,96 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,56394453 |
| n pairs | 73 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,038388181 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 1,555784819 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 14,2431 | Cohen's $\mathrm{dav}_{\text {a }}$ | 1,56394453 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 26,3569 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 1,555784819 |
| $t$ | 6,681173961 | df | 72 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,782884563 |

Age - strong effect - rating - SE

|  | Strong Age rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 65,38 | Mean group 2 | 67,45 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-7,029308185 \\ \hline 2,889308185 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Cohen's ds } \\ \hline \text { Cohen's d } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0,078628954 \\ & \hline \mathbf{0 , 0 7 8 8 1 0 7 5 6} \end{aligned}$ |
| SD group 1 | 27,57 | SD group 2 | 24,97 |  |  |  |  |
| n group 1 | 221 | n group 2 | 213 | $t$ | -0,81888624 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,078492367 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 432 | CL effect size | 0,522189632 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,41 |  |  |

Age - strong effect - allocation - SE

| Strong Age allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 39,99 | Mean group 2 | 40,74 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $-5,25430622$ | Cohen's ds <br> Cohen's d | 0,031390289 |
| SD group 1 | 24,56 | SD group 2 | 23,18 |  | 3,75430622 |  | 0,031462868 |
| n group 1 | 221 | n group 2 | 213 | $t$ | -0,326916157 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,03133576 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 432 | CL effect size | 0,508859044 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,74 |  |  |

Age - strong effect - rating - JE

| Strong Age rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 73,68 | Mean 2 | 76,24 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,56 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{z}}$ | 0,201603742 |
| SD 1 | 21,11 | SD 2 | 20,35 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 12,698177 | Cohen's $\mathrm{drm}_{\text {rm }}$ | 0,123291856 |
| n pairs | 67 | $r$ | 0,813 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,551329228 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | 0,122590005 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | -0,5373 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,123492523 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 5,6573 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\text {a }}$ | 0,122789529 |
| $t$ | 1,650197749 | df | 66 | $p$ | 0,10 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,57988674 |

Age - strong effect - allocation - JE

| Strong Age allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 52,1 | Mean 2 | 47,9 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,2 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{z}}$ | 0,116666667 |
| SD 1 | 18 | SD 2 | 18 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 36 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,233333333 |
| n pairs | 67 | $r$ | -1 | SE ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,398099997 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,23200506 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | -4,5811 | Cohen's dav | 0,233333333 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 12,9811 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 0,23200506 |
| $t$ | 0,954957823 | df | 66 | $p$ | 0,34 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,546437897 |

Innocence - weak effect - rating - SE

| Weak Innocence rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 63,8 | Mean group 2 | 65,41 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | -6,24646036 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,065628969 |
| SD group 1 | 25,3 | SD group 2 | 23,75 |  | 3,02646036 | Cohen's d | 0,065781064 |
| n group 1 | 215 | n group 2 | 218 | $t$ | -0,682808798 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,065514699 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 431 | CL effect size | 0,518502883 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,50 |  |  |

Innocence - weak effect - allocation - SE

| Weak Innocence allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 39,53 | Mean group 2 | 43,59 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ [Low; High] | -8,451763446 | Cohen's dis | 0,174546277 |
| SD group 1 | 22,3 | SD group 2 | 24,17 |  | 0,331763446 | Cohen's d | 0,174950788 |
| n group 1 | 215 | n group 2 | 218 | $t$ | -1,815992788 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,174242366 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 431 | CL effect size | 0,549127534 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,07 |  |  |

Innocence - weak effect - rating - JE

| Weal Innocence Rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 70,29 | Mean 2 | 62,96 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 7,33 | Cohen's dz | 0,230117596 |
| SD 1 | 22,58 | SD 2 | 26,16 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 31,85327909 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,299683445 |
| n pairs | 85 | $r$ | 0,152 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,454973208 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}_{\text {r }}$ | 0,298343578 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 0,4594 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,300779647 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 14,2006 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,29943488 |
| $t$ | 2,121579404 | df | 84 | $p$ | 0,04 | Recommended: | Grm |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,590999804 |

Innocence - weak effect - allocation - JE

| Weak Innocence allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 58,49 | Mean 2 | 41,51 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 16,98 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{2}$ | 0,445669291 |
| SD 1 | 19,05 | SD 2 | 19,05 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 38,1 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,891338583 |
| n pairs | 85 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 4,132525221 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}_{\text {r }}$ | 0,887353462 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 8,7620 | Cohen's $\mathrm{dav}^{\text {a }}$ | 0,891338583 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 25,1980 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\mathrm{av}}$ | 0,887353462 |
| $t$ | 4,108867845 | df | 84 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,672081925 |

Innocence - strong effect - rating - SE

| Strong Innocence rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 64,75 | Mean group 2 | 65,41 | $95 \% \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-5,360566391 \\ \hline 4,040566391 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | 0,026541537 |
| SD group 1 | 25,95 | SD group 2 | 23,75 |  |  | Cohen's d | 0,026603047 |
| n group 1 | 215 | n group 2 | 218 | $t$ | -0,276140172 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,026495324 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 431 | CL effect size | 0,507484487 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,78 |  |  |

Innocence - strong effect - allocation - SE

| Strong Innocence allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 44,06 | Mean group 2 | 43,59 | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-4,136694541 \\ \hline 5,076694541 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Cohen's ds } \\ \hline \text { Cohen's d } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0,019322728 \\ & \hline \mathbf{0 , 0 1 9 3 6 7 7 1 7} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| SD group 1 | 24,48 | SD group 2 | 24,17 |  |  |  |  |
| n group 1 | 213 | n group 2 | 218 | $t$ | 0,200561635 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,019288928 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 429 | CL effect size | 0,505450267 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,84 |  |  |

Innocence - strong effect - rating - JE

| Strong Innocence rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 62,81 | Mean 2 | 69,3 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 6,49 | Cohen's di | 0,253100303 |
| SD 1 | 22,01 | SD 2 | 18,42 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 25,64200807 | Cohen's $\mathrm{drm}_{\text {rm }}$ | 0,319147338 |
| n pairs | 81 | $r$ | 0,205 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,849112008 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,317648994 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 0,8201 | Cohen's $\mathrm{dav}_{\text {av }}$ | 0,321048726 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 12,1599 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\text {av }}$ | 0,319541455 |
| $t$ | 2,277902723 | df | 80 | $p$ | 0,03 | Recommended: | Grm |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,599904647 |

Innocence - strong effect - allocation - JE
Strong Innocence allocation JE

| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean 1 | 49,51 | Mean 2 | 50,49 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 0,98 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,029288703 |
| SD 1 | 16,73 | SD 2 | 16,73 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 33,46 | Cohen's drm | 0,058577406 |
| n pairs | 81 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 3,717777778 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,058302395 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | -6,4186 | Cohen's dav | 0,058577406 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 8,3786 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {a }}$ | 0,058302395 |
| $t$ | 0,263598326 | df | 80 | $p$ | 0,79 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,511682832 |

Gender - weak effect - rating - SE


Gender - weak effect - allocation - SE

| Weak gender allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 41,71 | Mean group 2 | 42,86 | $95 \% \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-5,714691264 \\ \hline 3,414691264 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Cohen's ds } \\ \hline \text { Cohen's d } \end{array}$ | 0,046973446 |
| SD group 1 | 24,91 | SD group 2 | 24,03 |  |  |  | 0,047079601 |
| n group 1 | 226 | n group 2 | 218 | $t$ | -0,494815625 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,046893695 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 442 | CL effect size | 0,513252836 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,62 |  |  |

Gender - weak effect - rating - JE

| Weak gender rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 70,69 | Mean 2 | 69,71 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 0,98 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,172854142 |
| SD 1 | 22,68 | SD 2 | 23,32 | $S_{\text {diff }}$ | 5,669519909 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,042340445 |
| n pairs | 75 | $r$ | 0,97 | SE diff | 0,654659769 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,042125519 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | -0,3244 | Cohen's $\mathrm{dav}_{\text {av }}$ | 0,042608696 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 2,2844 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 0,042392408 |
| $t$ | 1,496960782 | df | 74 | $p$ | 0,14 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,568616961 |

Gender - weak effect - allocation - JE

| Weak gender allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 50,72 | Mean 2 | 49,28 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,44 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathbf{z}}$ | 0,179551122 |
| SD 1 | 4,01 | SD 2 | 4,01 | $\mathbf{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 8,02 | Cohen's drm | 0,359102244 |
| n pairs | 75 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 0,926069832 | Hedges grm | 0,35727939 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | -0,4052 | Cohen's dav | 0,359102244 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 3,2852 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {v }}$ | 0,35727939 |
| $t$ | 1,554958331 | df | 74 | $p$ | 0,12 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,57124751 |

Gender - strong effect - rating - SE

| Strong gender rating SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 66,81 | Mean group 2 | 70,72 | $95 \% \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $-8,597027515$ <br> 0,777027515 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cohen's d }_{s} \\ \hline \text { Cohen's d } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0,155873386 \\ \hline 0,156228048 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| SD group 1 | 27 | SD group 2 | 22,96 |  |  |  |  |
| n group 1 | 223 | n group 2 | 218 | $t$ | -1,636565359 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{\text {s }}$ | 0,155606936 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 439 | CL effect size | 0,543922176 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,10 |  |  |

Gender - strong effect - allocation - SE

| Strong gender allocation SE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean group 1 | 40,94 | Mean group 2 | 42,86 | $95 \% \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ <br> [Low; High] | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-6,487207928 \\ \hline 2,647207928 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Cohen's ds | 0,078665897 |
| SD group 1 | 24,77 | SD group 2 | 24,03 |  |  | Cohen's d | 0,078844887 |
| n group 1 | 223 | n group 2 | 218 | $t$ | -0,825938828 | Hedges's $\mathrm{g}_{5}$ | 0,078531425 |
|  |  |  |  | df | 439 | CL effect size | 0,522183627 |
|  |  |  |  | $p$ | 0,41 |  |  |

Gender - strong effect - rating - JE

| Strong gender rating JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 65,59 | Mean 2 | 73,48 | $M_{\text {diff }}$ | 7,89 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{2}$ | 0,65977416 |
| SD 1 | 21,58 | SD 2 | 19,71 | $\mathrm{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 11,95863748 | Cohen's drm | 0,377861135 |
| n pairs | 74 | $r$ | 0,836 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 1,39016337 | Hedges $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{rm}}$ | 0,375916738 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 5,1194 | Cohen's dav | 0,382174861 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 10,6606 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}_{\text {a }}$ | 0,380208266 |
| $t$ | 5,675591928 | df | 73 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,745300616 |

Gender - strong effect - allocation - JE

| Strong gender allocation JE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correlated (or Dependent) Samples |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean 1 | 43,65 | Mean 2 | 56,35 | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {diff }}$ | 12,7 | Cohen's $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{z}}$ | 0,638832998 |
| SD 1 | 9,94 | SD 2 | 9,94 | $\mathbf{S}_{\text {diff }}$ | 19,88 | Cohen's drm | 1,277665996 |
| n pairs | 74 | $r$ | -1 | $\mathrm{SE}_{\text {diff }}$ | 2,311003058 | Hedges $\mathrm{grm}_{\text {m }}$ | 1,271091385 |
|  |  |  |  | 95\% CI M ${ }_{\text {diff }}$ | 8,0942 | Cohen's dav | 1,277665996 |
|  |  |  |  | [Low; High] | 17,3058 | Hedges $\mathrm{gav}^{\text {a }}$ | 1,271091385 |
| $t$ | 5,49544924 | df | 73 | $p$ | 0,00 | Recommended: | Gav |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CL effect size | 0,73853421 |

## Table 1 (with additional columns)

Background information about each study. Numbers in the seven rightmost columns indicate the number of participants in each experimental condition after
exclusions (percentage of participants in each condition who passed the attention check reported in paratheses)

| Study name | Collection time (platform) | Total N | Females \% (Mean age in years) | Valid $\mathrm{N}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{SE} \\ & {\left[\mathrm{~A}_{x}\right]} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & S E \\ & {\left[A_{x-2}\right]} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{SE} \\ & {\left[\mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{x}}\right]} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{JE}}{\left[\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{x}} \text { vs } \mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{x}}\right]}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{JE} \\ & {\left[\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{x}-2} \mathrm{vs} \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{x}}\right]} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHOICE } \\ & {\left[\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{x}} \text { vs } \mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{x}}\right]} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHOICE } \\ & {\left[A_{x-2} \text { vs } B_{x}\right]} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PDE1 | Spring19 <br> (MTurk) | 938 | NA | 872 | $\begin{aligned} & 197 \\ & \text { (94.3\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 203 \\ & (94.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 194 \\ & (91.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64 \\ & (88.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & (96.2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & (87.3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71 \\ & \text { (93.4\%) } \end{aligned}$ |
| PDE2 | Spring 19 (MTurk) | 861 | NA | 778 | $\begin{aligned} & 174 \\ & (88.8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 195 \\ & (98.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 176 \\ & (90.3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57 \\ & (81.4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62 \\ & (88.6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \\ & (83.7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58 \\ & (89.2 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
| IGE1 (Family) | Summer20 <br> (MTurk) | 1108 | $\begin{aligned} & 39.5 \% \\ & (35.35) \end{aligned}$ | 863 | $\begin{aligned} & 198 \\ & (85.7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 198 \\ & (82.8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 178 \\ & (73.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73 \\ & (71.6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 72 \\ & (72.0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \\ & (72.2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & (75.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
| IGE2 (Nationality) | Spring19 <br> (MTurk) | 872 | NA | 855 | $\begin{aligned} & 199 \\ & (99.0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & (98.0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 194 \\ & (97.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & (100 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66 \\ & (97.1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \\ & (100 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64 \\ & (94.1 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
| IVE1 (Cancer context) | Spring20 <br> (Prolific) | 862 | $\begin{aligned} & 73.7 \% \\ & (36.13) \end{aligned}$ | 845 | $\begin{aligned} & 195 \\ & \text { (97.5\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 199 \\ & (99.0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 192 \\ & (97.0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 64 <br> (98.5\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & (98.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62 \\ & (96.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & (100 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
| IVE2* (Covid-19 context) | Spring20 (Prolific) | 1166 | $\begin{aligned} & 54.3 \% \\ & (35.30) \end{aligned}$ | 1135 | $\begin{aligned} & 223 \\ & \text { (97.4\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 249 \\ & \text { (98.4\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 224 \\ & \text { (99.1\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \\ & (93.7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 129 \\ & (100 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91 \\ & (94.8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 130 \\ & (94.2 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
| Existence* | Fall19 <br> (MTurk) | 1005 | $\begin{aligned} & 41.9 \% \\ & (37.91) \end{aligned}$ | 951 | $\begin{aligned} & 222 \\ & \text { (98.2\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 223 \\ & \text { (94.9\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 227 \\ & (96.2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71 \\ & (89.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71 \\ & (88.7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & (91.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69 \\ & \text { (92.0\%) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Age* | Fall19 (MTurk) | 977 | $\begin{aligned} & 44.1 \% \\ & (36.07) \end{aligned}$ | 935 | $\begin{aligned} & 222 \\ & (97.8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 221 \\ & (97.8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 213 \\ & (95.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73 \\ & (96.1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \\ & (89.3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71 \\ & (94.7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & (89.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
| Innocence* | Spring20 <br> (MTurk) | 1165 | $\begin{aligned} & 34.9 \% \\ & (36.15) \end{aligned}$ | 982 | $\begin{aligned} & 215 \\ & (88.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 213 \\ & (87.7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 218 \\ & (86.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & (75.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 81 \\ & (81.8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & (79.2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $90$ |
| Gender* | Fall19 <br> (MTurk) | 1061 | $\begin{aligned} & 45.4 \% \\ & (36.04) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 971 | $\begin{aligned} & 226 \\ & (93.8 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 223 \\ & (94.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 218 \\ & (89.7 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & (92.5 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & (84.1 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & (90.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & (89.3 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

Note 1: SE = Separate evaluation, JE = Joint evaluation, CHOICE = Forced choice, NA = Not assessed, PDE = Proportion dominance effect, IGE = Ingroup effect, IVE = Identified victim effect
Note 2: Studies with "*" were preregistered. See https://osf.io/8fs46/?view only=2f05b34b748642d08f645283e10062e4

## Alternative table 1

Effect sizes for the weak and strong forms of all helping effects in all three decision modes (Cohen's $d$ for ratings and allocations, Cohen's $g$ for expressed preferences in forced choice). Positive effect sizes (green cells) indicate helping effects. Negative effect sizes (orange/red cells) indicate reversed helping effects.

|  | Weak helping effect (equal efficiency) |  |  |  |  | Strong helping effect (unequal efficiency) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Separate evaluation |  | Joint evaluation |  | Choice | Separate evaluation |  | Joint evaluation |  | Choice |
|  | Rating A | Allocation | Rating | Allocation |  | Rating | Allocation | Rating | Allocation |  |
| PDE 1 <br> (100\% vs 6\%) <br> PDE 2 <br> ( $80 \%$ vs $6 \%$ ) | $d=1.44$ | $d=0.90$ | $d=0.73$ | $d=0.80$ | $g=0.34$ | $d=1.08$ | $d=0.62$ | $d=0.48$ | $d=0.16$ | $g=-0.04$ |
|  | $d=1.20$ | $d=0.62$ | $d=0.88$ | $d=0.61$ | $g=0.27$ | $d=1.02$ | $d=0.50$ | $d=0.35$ | $d=0.03$ | $g=-0.12$ |
| IGE 1 (family) | $d=0.38$ | $d=0.47$ | $d=0.35$ | $d=0.66$ | $g=0.36$ | $d=0.27$ | $d=0.36$ | $d=-0.34$ | $d=-0.03$ | $g=0.20$ |
| IGE 2 <br> (nationality) | $d=-0.07$ | $d=-0.12$ | $d=0.20$ | $d=0.46$ | $g=0.35$ | $d=-0.08$ | $d=0.08$ | $d=-0.51$ | $d=0.16$ | $g=-0.03$ |
| IVE 1 (Child Cancer) IVE 2 (COVID-19) | $d=0.45$ | $d=0.15$ | $d=0.44$ | $d=0.47$ | $g=0.23$ | $d=0.03$ | $d=0.07$ | $d=-1.01$ | $d=-1.27$ | $g=-0.37$ |
|  | $d=0.39 \quad d$ | $d=-0.02$ | $d=0.30$ | $d=0.27$ | $g=0.15$ | $d=-0.14$ | $d=-0.26$ | $d=-1.11$ | $d=-1.41$ | $g=-0.37$ |
| EXISTENCE effect | $d=0.13$ | $d=0.06$ | $d=1.15$ | $d=2.11$ | $g=0.49$ | $d=-0.04$ | $d=-0.00$ | $d=0.50$ | $d=0.47$ | $g=0.30$ |
| AGE effect | $d=0.06$ | $d=0.02$ | $d=0.26$ | $d=0.78$ | $g=0.39$ | $d=-0.08$ | $d=-0.03$ | $d=-0.20$ | $d=0.12$ | $g=0.10$ |
| INNOCENCE effect | $d=-0.07 \quad d$ | $d=-0.17$ | $d=0.23$ | $d=0.46$ | $g=0.31$ | $d=-0.03$ | $d=0.02$ | $d=-0.25$ | $d=-0.03$ | $g=0.09$ |
| GENDER effect | $d=-0.02$ | $d=0.05$ | $d=0.17$ | $d=0.18$ | $g=0.28$ | $d=-0.16$ | $d=-0.08$ | $d=-0.66$ | $d=-0.64$ | $g=-0.19$ |
| Color | Label | Cohen's d | Cohen's g | Color |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Very large helping effect | over 1.1 | $>0.35$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Large helping effect | 0.8-1.1 | $>0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Medium helping effect | 0.5-0.8 | $>0.15$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Small helping effect | 0.2-0.5 | > 0.08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No effect (not significant) | ) $\quad-0.2-0.2$ | -0.08-0.08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Small reversed effect | -0.5--0.2 | <-0.08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Medium reversed effect | -0.8--0.5 | <-0.15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Large reversed effect | $-1.1--0.8$ | $<-0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Very large reversed effect | t Under -1.1 | $<-0.35$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Alternative table 2

This table differ from the one reported in the paper in that the Joint Evaluation effect sizes (for both ratings and allocations) are based on the proportion of participants who expressed preferences for one of the projects rather than on the mean differences (Cohen's $g$ instead of Cohen's d). Participants who expressed indifference in ratings and allocation in joint evaluation are excluded in this alternative Table 3. Positive effect sizes (green cells) indicate helping effects. Negative effect sizes
(orange/red cells) indicate reversed helping effects.

|  | Weak helping effect (equal efficiency) |  |  |  |  | Strong helping effect (unequal efficiency) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Separate evaluation |  | Joint evaluation |  | Choice | Separate evaluation |  | Joint evaluation |  | Choice |
|  | Rating A | Allocation | Rating | Allocation |  | Rating | Allocation | Rating | Allocation |  |
| PDE 1 <br> (100\% vs 6\%) <br> PDE 2 <br> ( $80 \%$ vs 6\%) | $d=1.44 \quad c$ | $d=0.90$ | $g=0.26$ | $g=0.28$ | $g=0.34$ | $d=1.08$ | $d=0.62$ | $g=0.11$ | $g=0.06$ | $g=-0.04$ |
|  | $d=1.20$ | $d=0.62$ | $g=0.29$ | $g=0.30$ | $g=0.27$ | $d=1.02$ | $d=0.50$ | $g=0.07$ | $g=-0.01$ | $g=-0.12$ |
| IGE 1 <br> (family) | $d=0.38$ | $d=0.47$ | $g=0.21$ | $g=0.35$ | $g=0.36$ | $d=0.27$ | $d=0.36$ | $g=-0.14$ | $g=0.03$ | $g=0.20$ |
| IGE 2 <br> (nationality) | $d=-0.07 \quad d$ | $d=-0.12$ | $g=-0.01$ | $g=0.45$ | $g=0.35$ | $d=-0.08$ | $d=0.08$ | $g=-0.25$ | $g=-0.19$ | $g=-0.03$ |
| IVE 1 (Child Cancer) IVE 2 (COVID-19) | $d=0.45$ | $d=0.15$ | $g=0.19$ | $g=0.50$ | $g=0.23$ | $d=0.03$ | $d=0.07$ | $g=-0.42$ | $g=-0.45$ | $g=-0.37$ |
|  | $d=0.39 \quad d$ | $d=-0.02$ | $g=0.14$ | $g=0.27$ | $g=0.15$ | $d=-0.14$ | $d=-0.26$ | $g=-0.44$ | $g=-0.47$ | $g=-0.37$ |
| EXISTENCE effect | $d=0.13$ | $d=0.06$ | $g=0.46$ | $g=0.50$ | $g=0.49$ | $d=-0.04$ | $d=-0.00$ | $g=0.13$ | $g=0.18$ | $g=0.30$ |
| AGE effect | $d=0.06$ | $d=0.02$ | $g=0.17$ | $g=0.44$ | $g=0.39$ | $d=-0.08$ | $d=-0.03$ | $g=-0.15$ | $g=0.03$ | $g=0.10$ |
| INNOCENCE effect | $d=-0.07 \quad d$ | $d=-0.17$ | $g=0.11$ | $g=0.22$ | $g=0.31$ | $d=-0.03$ | $d=0.02$ | $g=-0.12$ | $g=0.02$ | $g=0.09$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { GENDER } \\ & \text { effect } \end{aligned}$ | $d=-0.02 \quad d$ | $d=0.05$ | $g=0.04$ | $g=0.25$ | $g=0.28$ | $d=-0.16$ | $d=-0.08$ | $g=-0.35$ | $g=-0.33$ | $g=-0.19$ |
| Color | Label | Cohen's d | Cohen's g | Color |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Very large helping effect | over 1.1 | $>0.35$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Large helping effect | 0.8-1.1 | $>0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Medium helping effect | 0.5-0.8 | $>0.15$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Small helping effect | 0.2-0.5 | > 0.08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No effect (not significant) | ) $-0.2-0.2$ | -0.08-0.08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Small reversed effect | $-0.5--0.2$ | <-0.08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Medium reversed effect | -0.8--0.5 | <-0.15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Large reversed effect | $-1.1--0.8$ | <-0.25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Very large reversed effect | t Under -1.1 | <-0.35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

