Title: Appendix 1.

Supplementary material for the article Barriers and facilitators for place of death: A scoping review

| First author and year | Article title | Country of first author | Countries discussed  | Study aim | Study design |
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| Abel et al. (2013) | The impact of advance care planning of place of death, a hospice retrospective cohort study | UK | - | To investigate if the use of ACPaffected actual place of death, hospital use and cost of hospital care in the last year. | Retrospective observational cohort study |
| Ahearn et al. (2013) | Offering older hospitalised patients the choice to die in their preferred place | England | England | To identify the amount of older people dying in hospital and identifying factors which support hospital staff to meet patients’ wishes. | Retrospective case-note review  |
| Alcorn et al. (2020) | Care home residents who die in hospital: exploring factors, processes and experiences | Scotland  | Scotland | To explore factors, which influence hospital admission of care home residents, who afterwards died in hospital. | Case note review and semi-structured interviews |
| Archibald et al. (2021) | Early Integrated Palliative Care Bundle Impacts Location of Death in Interstitial Lung Disease: A Pilot Retrospective Study | Canada | Canada | To explore the effects of palliative care and other factors on location of death for patients with Interstitial Lung Disease. | Retrospective pilot study |
| Balasundram et al. (2023) | Increasing the chance of dying at home: roles, tasks and approaches of general practitioners enabeling palliative care: a systematic review of qualitative literature | Denmark | - | To identify roles, tasks and approaches of GPs enabling palliative care, by exploring the experiences of GPs, other healthcare professionals, patients, and their relatives. | Systematic review of qualitative literature |
| Bannon et al. (2018) | Insights into the factors associated with achieving the preference of home death in terminal cancer: A national population-based study | UK | Northern Ireland | To investigate factors associated with patients achieving their preference to die at home. | A mortality followback, population-based, observational survey  |
| Black et al. (2016) | Predictors of place of death in South West Scotland 2000–2010: Retrospective cohort study | UK | Scotland | To examine predictors of place of death over an 11-year period between 2000 and 2010 in Dumfries and Galloway, south west Scotland. | Retrospective cohort study |
| Brogaard et al. (2013) | Congruence between preferred and actual place of care and death among Danish cancer patients | Denmark | Denmark | To describe patients' preferred place of care and place of death and changes in preferences over time, To evaluate congruence between preferences and reality. To search for predictive factors regarding patients' wishes and fulfilment of these. | A prospective interview and questionnaire study |
| Burge et al. (2015) | Preferred and Actual Location of Death: What Factors Enable a Preferred Home Death? | Canada | Canada | To report on the congruence between the last preferred and actual location of death among adult Nova Scotians who died from chronic disease, and to identify individual, illness-related, and environmental factors associated with achieving a preferred home death. | A population-based mortality follow-back telephone survey interview |
| Burghout et al. (2023) | Benefits of Structured Advance Care Plan in end-of-Life Care Planning among Older Oncology Patients: A Retrospective Pilot Study | The Netherlands | The Netherlands  | To assess how the use of a structured advance care planning tool (ACPT) in oncology patients relates to their healthcare consumption before death, and to the match between preferred and actual place of death. | Pilot study  |
| Cabañero-Martínez et al. (2019) | Place of death and associated factors: a population-based study using death certificate data | Spain | Spain | To determine the place of death in the population and to analyze the sociodemographic variables and causes of death associated with home as the place of death. | Cross-sectional population-based study |
| Cai et al. (2021) | What Variables Contribute to the Achievement of a Preferred Home Death for Cancer Patients in Receipt of Home-Based Palliative Care in Canada? | Beijing  | Canada | To measure the congruence between a preferred and actualized home death among cancer patients in receipt of home-based palliative care in Canada and explore predictors of actualizing a preferred home death. | A longitudinal prospective cohort design |
| Campos et al. (2022) | Supporting the Heterogeneous and Evolving Treatment Preferences of Patients With Heart Failure Through Collaborative Home-Based Palliative Care | Canada | Canada | To characterize the treatment preferences, care setting and end-of-life outcomes among patients with advanced heart failure supported by a collaborative home-based model of palliative care. | Cohort study |
| Costa et al. (2016) | The determinants of home and nursing home death: A systematic review and meta-analysis | Canada | - | To evaluate the determinants of home and nursing home death in adult patients diagnosed with an advanced, life-limiting illness. | Systematic literature review  |
| Dasch et al. (2015) | Place of Death: Trends Over the Course of a Decade: A Population-Based Study of Death Certificates From the Years 2001 and 2011 | Germany | Germany | The aim is to draw conclusions about changes in the distribution of place of death over time. The study also determines sociodemographic factors that influence place of death. | Cross-sectional study |
| Davies et al. (2021) | Socioeconomic position and use of hospital-based care towards the end of life: a mediation analysis using the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing | UK | England | To investigate health service access, and social support as potential mediating pathways between socioeconomic position and receipt of hospital-based care towards the end of life. | Observational cohort study |
| de Graaf et al. (2016) | Hospice assist at home: Does the integration of hospice care in primary healthcare support patients to die in their preferred location-A retrospective cross-sectional evaluation study | The Netherlands | The Netherlands | To explore whether hospice assist at home service enables patients at home to express end-of-life preferences and die in their preferred location. | A retrospective cross-sectional evaluation study |
| De Roo et al. (2014) | Actual and preferred place of death of home-dwelling patients in four European countries: Making sense of quality indicators | The Netherlands  | BelgiumThe Netherlands ItalySpain  | To describe whether "the percentage of patients dying at home" and "the percentage of patients who died in their place of preference" are feasible and informative quality indicators. | Follow-back study |
| Dixon et al. (2019) | Advance care planning in England: Is there an association with place of death? Secondary analysis of data from the National Survey of Bereaved People | UK | England  | To explore whether advance care planning is associated with place of death in England, as well as with sufficiency of support to care for a dying person at home, overall quality of care and pain management. | Secondary analysis of data from the National Survey of Bereaved People. Logistic regression. |
| Domínguez-Berjón et al. (2015) | Place of death and associated factors among patients with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis in Madrid (Spain) | Spain | Spain | To analyse the place of death, its temporal trend and associated sociodemographic factors among patients with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) resident in the Autonomous Community of Madrid. | Cross-sectional study |
| Driller et al. (2022) | Cancer patients spend more time at home and more often die at home with advance care planning conversations in primary health care: a retrospective observational cohort study | Norway | Norway | To explore the effect of implementing ACP conversations in primary health care on number of days at home at the EoL and on home deaths for palliative cancer patients. | Retrospective observational cohort study |
| Ervik et al. (2023) | Dying at “home” - a qualitative study of end-of-life care in rural Northern Norway from the perspective of health care professionals | Norway | Norway | To gain deeper insight into healthcare professionals’ experiences and reflections on home and home death in rural Northern Norway | Interview study |
| Gage et al. (2015) | Impact of a hospice rapid response service on preferred place of death, and costs | England | England | To (i) compare the characteristics of RRS users and non-users, (ii) explore differences in the proportions of users and non-users dying in the place of their choice, (iii) monitor the whole system service utilisation of users and non-users, and compare costs. | Randomised stepped wedge study design. |
| Gao et al. (2013) | Changing patterns in place of cancer death in England: a population-based study | UK | England  | To explore the changing time trends of PoD and the associated factors, which are essential for end-of-life care improvement. | Population based study |
| García-Sanjuán et al. (2022) | Levels and Determinants ofPlace-Of-Death Congruence inPalliative Patients: A Systematic Review | Spain | - | The aim of this research was to conduct a systematic literature review on levels and determinants of congruence in palliative patients over the period 2010–2021. | Systematic review |
| Gisquet et al. (2016) | Do social factors affect the place of death? Analysis of home versus institutional death over 20 years | France | France  | To examine whether place of death iscorrelated with socioeconomic position. | Register-based population study |
| Gomes et al. (2013) | Heterogeneity and changes in preferences for dying at home: A systematic review | UK | 33 countries | To examine the heterogeneity in preferences for home death and explored, for the first time, changes of preference with illness progression. | Systematic review |
| Gomes et al. (2015) | Is dying in hospital better than home in incurable cancer and what factors influence this? A population-based study | UK | England | To determine the association between place of death, health services used, and pain, feeling at peace, and grief intensity. | Mortality follow-back study |
| Gomes et al. (2018) | Risk factors for hospital death in conditions needing palliative care: Nationwide population-based death certificate study | UK | Portugal | To examine trends and risk factors for hospital death in conditions needing palliative care in a country without integrated palliative care | Population based study |
| Guerriere et al. (2015) | Predictors of Place of Death for Those in Receipt of Home-Based Palliative Care Services in Ontario, Canada | Canada | Canada | To assess the determinants of home death for patients receiving home-based palliative care. | A longitudinal, prospective cohort study  |
| Higginson et al. (2013) | Dying at home - is it better: a narrative appraisal of the state of the science | UK | - | To appraise the state of the science on dying at home. | Appraisal and narrative review |
| Houttekier et al. (2014) | Dying in hospital: a study of incidence and factors related to hospital death using death certificate data | Belgium | Belgium | To examine place of death and factors associated with hospital death in a population eligible for palliative care. | Register-based study |
| Howell et al. (2013) | Place of death in haematological malignancy: variations by disease sub-type and time from diagnosis to death | UK | UK | To examine variations in place of death by disease sub-type and time from diagnosis to death, to identify groups of ‘at-risk’ patients. | A population-based cohort study |
| Howell et al. (2017) | Preferred and actual place of death in haematological malignancy | UK | UK | To examine preferred and actual place of death among people with these diseases. | A population-based cohort study |
| Hunt et al. (2014a) | End-of-Life Care and Preferences for Place of Death among the Oldest Old: Results of a Population-Based Survey Using VOICES-Short Form | UK | England | To explore experiences of EOLC among the oldest old and determine their reported preference for place of death. | Pilot study |
| Hunt et al. (2014b) | End-of-life care and achieving preferences for place of death in England: Results of a population-based survey using the VOICES-SF questionnaire | UK | England | To explore reported preferences for place of death and experiences of care in a population based sample of deaths from all causes. | Self-completion post-bereavement survey |
| Håkanson et al. (2015) | A population-level study of place of death and associated factorsin Sweden | Sweden | Sweden | The aims of this study were to examine, on a population level, where people die in Sweden, and to investigate associations between place of death and underlying cause of death, socioeconomic and environmental characteristics, with a particular interest in people dying from life-limiting conditions typically in need of palliative care | A population-level study |
| Isenberg et al. (2020) | Cost-effectiveness of Investment in End-of-Life Home Care to Enable Death in Community Settings  | Canada | Canada | To estimate the incremental cost per community death for persons enrolled in end-of-life home care in Ontario, Canada, who died between 2011 and 2015. | A population-based retrospective cohort |
| Jayaraman and Joseph (2013) | Determinants of place of death: apopulation-based retrospective cohort | Canada | Canada | To identify determinants of the place of death. | A population-based retrospective cohort |
| Jiang and May (2021) | Proportion of deaths in hospital in European countries: trends and associations from panel data (2005–2017) | Ireland  | 32 European countries | To collate population-level data on place of death in Europe from 2005 to 2017, and to evaluate association with national characteristics and policy choices. | A cross-national study |
| Johnson et al. (2018) | The complex relationship between household income of family caregivers, access to palliative care services and place of death : A national household population survey | UK | England | To investigate associations between family caregivers' household income, patients' access to specialist palliative care and place of patients' death, by level of personal end-of-life care. | A cross-sectional community household population survey. |
| Jordan et al. (2023) | Quality of end-of-life care with non-malignant liver disease: Analysis of the VOICES National Survey of Bereaved People | UK | UK | To compare carers' perceptions of end-of-life care for decedents with non-malignant liver disease, malignant liver disease and other non-malignant diseases, and to identify associated factors in non-malignant liver disease. | A retrospective analysis  |
| Kalseth and Halvorsen (2020) | Relationship of place of death with care capacity and accessibility: a multilevel population study of system effects on place of death in Norway | Norway | Norway | To analyse how the availability and capacity of publicly financed home-based and institutional care resources are related to place of death in Norway. | Multilevel population study |
| Kamisetty et al. (2015) | Where do patients treated for oral cancer die? A 20-year cohort study 1992-2011 | UK | UK | To analyse the influence of clinical and demographic characteristics on the place of death, and to explore how it has changed over time. | Cohort study |
| Kern et al. (2020) | Impact on place of death in cancer patients: a causal exploration in southern Switzerland | Switzerland | Switzerland | To develop policies favoring home-based end-of-life care. | Retrospective chart review |
| Kjellstadli et al. (2019) | Associations between home deaths and end-of-life nursing care trajectories for community-dwelling people: a population-based registry study | Norway | Norway | To investigate trajectories of nursing services, potentially planned home deaths regardless of place of death; and associations of place of death with potentially planned home deaths and nursing service trajectories, by analyzing data from the last 90 days of life. | A population-based registry study |
| Kjellstadli et al. (2020) | General practitioners' provision of end-of-life care and associations with dying at home: a registry-based longitudinal study | Norway | Norway | To investigate patients' contacts with GPs, GPs' interdisciplinary collaboration, out-of-hours services and hospitalizations in the last 13 weeks of life and associations with dying at home. Second, investigate whether GP contacts were associated with fewer out-of-hours contacts or days hospitalized. | Longitudinal study |
| Ko et al. (2014) | Factors Associated with Fulfilling the Preference for Dying at Home among Cancer Patients: The role of general practitioners | Belgium | BelgiumThe NetherlandsItalySpain | This study aimed to explore clinical and care-related factors associated with fulfilling cancer patients’ preference for home death across four countries: Belgium (BE), the Netherlands (NL), Italy (IT), and Spain (ES). | A mortality follow-back study |
| Koffman et al. (2014) | Does Ethnicity Affect Where People with Cancer Die? APopulation-Based 10 Year Study | UK | England | To examine patterns in PoD among BAME groups who died of cancer. | A population-based study |
| Larsen et al. (2020) | Increased rate of home-death among patients in a Danish general practice | Denmark | Denmark | To investigate whether the home-death rate was higher than the Danish average in a general practice with a systematic approach to palliative care and to examine if the number of clinical contacts between the practice and its patients was associated with place of death. | Retrospective register based study |
| Livingston et al. (2013) | Improving the end-of-life for people with dementia living in a care home: an intervention study | UK | England | To improve end-of-life care for people with dementia in a care home by increasing the number and implementation of advanced care wishes. | Intervention study |
| Lovell et al. (2017) | Understanding patterns and factors associated with place of death in patients with end-stage kidney disease: A retrospective cohort study | UK | UK | To understand patterns of place of death in patients with end-stage kidney disease known in one UK renal unit. | Retrospective cohort study |
| Luta et al. (2016) | Dying among older adults in Switzerland: who dies in hospital, who dies in a nursing home? | Switzerland | Switzerland | To examine deaths in institutions and the role of individual, regional, and healthcare supply characteristics in explaining variation across Swiss Hospital Service Areas (HSAs). | Retrospective study of individuals |
| Martinsson et al. (2020) | Better quality of end-of-life care for persons with advanced dementia in nursing homes compared to hospitals: A Swedish national register study | Sweden | Sweden | To investigate whether quality of end-of-life care for patients with dementia depends on age, gender and place of death | Register based study |
| McCaughan et al. (2018) | Determinants of hospital death in haematological cancers: findings from a qualitative study | UK | UK | To explore the experiences of clinicians and relatives to determine why hospital deaths predominate in these diseases. | Qualitative interviews and thematic analysis |
| McCaughan et al. (2019) | Haematology nurses' perspectives of their patients' places of care and death: A UK qualitative interview study | UK | UK | To explore haematology nurses' perspectives of their patients' places of care and death. | Qualitative interviews and thematic content analysis |
| McEwen et al. (2018) | Associations Between Home Death and the Use and Type of Care at Home | Canada | Canada | To investigate the associations between home death and formal care at home and between home death and the type of formal care at home. | Population-based mortality follow-back study  |
| Mieras et al. (2019) | Is In-Hospital Mortality Higher in Patients With Metastatic Lung Cancer Who Received Treatment in the Last Month of Life? A Retrospective Cohort Study | The Netherlands | The Netherlands | To examine what percentage of patients with metastatic lung cancer died inside the hospital and if hospital death, or other characteristics of the patient, oncologist or health care, were associated with treatment in the last month of life. | Retrospective cohort study |
| Neergaard et al. (2019) | What socio-economic factors determine place of death for people with life-limiting illness? A systematic review and appraisal of methodological rigour | Denmark | - | To examine associations between socio-economic determinants (social class, deprivation level in area of residence, income, education, occupation, urbanisation) and place of death among adult patients with life-limiting illnesses. Furthermore, to describe how these factors are operationalised and examined for collinearity. | Systematic review of quantitative data |
| Nieder et al. (2016) | Impact of early palliative interventions on the outcomes of care for patients with non-small cell lung cancer | Norway | Norway | To address the question "does early palliative care in addition to standard oncology care or late additional palliative care improve patterns of terminal care in patients who died from non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)? | Retrospective single-institution study  |
| Nilsson et al. (2020) | Geographical Differences in Likelihood of Home Death Among Palliative Cancer Patients: A National Population-based Register Study | Sweden | Sweden | To investigate if residency (rural versus urban) for cancer patients that have received palliative care and are included in the Swedish Register of Palliative Care (SPRC) is associated with a patient’s likelihood of dying at home compared to dying in hospital settings. | Register based study |
| Nilsson et al. (2021) | Socioeconomy as a prognostic factor for location of death in Swedish palliative cancer patients | Sweden | Sweden | To analyze whether socioeconomic factors influence if Swedish palliative cancer patients die at home or at a hospital. | Register based study |
| Nolasco et al. (2020) | Socioeconomic inequalities in the place of death in urban small areas of three Mediterranean cities | Spain | Spain | To analyse the socioeconomic inequalities in the place of death in urban areas of Mediterranean cities during the period 2010-2015, and to assess if such inequalities are related to palliative or non-palliative conditions. | Cross-sectional study |
| Nysæter et al. (2022) | Preferences for home care to enable home death among adult patients with cancer in late palliative phase – a grounded theory study | Norway | Norway | To explore the preferences for home care over time to enable home death among adult patients with cancer in the late palliative phase. | Qualitative interviews and grounded theory approach |
| O'Sullivan and Higginson (2016) | 'I'll continue as long as I can, and die when I can't help it': a qualitative exploration of the views of end-of-life care by those affected by head and neck cancer (HNC) | Ireland | England | To explore Irish Head and Neck Cancer (HNC) patient and caregivers' views on end-of-life care (EoLC). | Qualitative interviews and thematic content analysis |
| Oosterveld-Vlug et al. (2018) | How do treatment aims in the last phase of life relate to hospitalizations and hospital mortality? A mortality follow-back study of Dutch patients with five types of cancer | The Netherlands | The Netherlands | To describe and compare the relation between treatment aims, hospitalizations, and hospital mortality for Dutch patients who died from lung, colorectal, breast, prostate, or pancreatic cancer. | A mortality follow-back study |
| Orlovic et al. (2020) | Impact of advance care planning on dying in hospital: Evidence from urgent care records | UK | UK | To explore determinants of dying in hospital. | Retrospective observational cohort analysis |
| Pinzon et al. (2013) | Dying with dementia: symptom burden, quality of care, and place of death | Germany | Germany | To describe the care setting, circumstances and place of death, symptom burden, and quality of care of persons with end-stage dementia in Germany. | Cross-sectional study |
| Pooler et al. (2018) | Early integrated palliative approach for idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis: A narrative study of bereaved caregivers' experiences | Canada | Canada | To explore bereaved caregivers' experiences and perceptions of an early-integrated palliative approach implemented at a Multidisciplinary Interstitial Lung Disease Clinic. | Narrative interviews and thematic content analysis |
| Purdy et al. (2015) | Impact of the Marie Curie Cancer Care Delivering Choice Programme in Somerset and North Somerset on place of death and hospital usage: a retrospective cohort study | UK | England | To investigate the impact of The Marie Curie Cancer Care Delivering Choice Programme on place of death and hospital usage (emergency department (ED) and admissions). | A retrospective cohort study |
| Quinn et al. (2020) | Association Between Palliative Care and Death at Home in Adults With Heart Failure | Canada | Canada | To describe the delivery of newly initiated palliative care services in adults who die with heart failure and measure the association between receipt of palliative care and death at home compared with those who did not receive palliative care. | A population-based cohort |
| Rasch-Westin et al. (2019) | Death at home: predictive factors in a medical home care unit | Sweden | Sweden | To investigate factors predictive for 'death at home' for patients admitted to an advanced medical home care unit in Stockholm, Sweden, with a focus on possible gender differences. | A retrospective review of medical records |
| Raziee et al. (2017) | Determinants of Home Death in Patients With Cancer: A Population-Based Study in Ontario, Canada | Canada | Canada | To determine factors associated with home death in patients with cancer in Ontario, particularly to assess the associationbetween death at home and (1) patients’ rural/urban residence and (2) neighborhood income in urban areas. | A retrospective cross-sectional study |
| Reyniers et al. (2016) | Reasons for End-of-Life Hospital Admissions: Results of a Survey Among Family Physicians | Belgium | Belgium | To examine the reasons for hospital admissions that result in an expected death and the factors that play a role in the decision to admit to hospital. | Survey |
| Reyniers et al. (2014) | What justifies a hospital admission at the end of life? A focus group study on perspectives of family physicians and nurses | Belgium | Belgium | To explore the perspectives of nurses from nursing homes, home care and hospitals, and family physicians concerning hospital admissions at the end of life and the circumstances in which they consider them to be justified. | Focus group and constant comparative approach |
| Sayma et al. (2020) | A qualitative inquiry into the barriers and facilitators to achieving home death | UK | England | To explore the barriers and facilitators to patients achieving death at home. | Qualitative interviews and thematic analysis |
| Schnakenberg et al. (2022) | Characteristics and place of death in home care recipients in Germany – an analysis of nationwide health insurance claims data | Germany | Germany | To investigate place of death of home care recipients, taking characteristics and changes in care settings into account. | Retrospective cohort analysis  |
| Schou-Andersen et al. (2016) | Factors associated with preference for dying at home amongterminally ill patients with cancer | Denmark | Denmark | To investigate whether demographic and socioeconomic factors were associated with preference for dying at home. | Population-based historic cohort study |
| Seal et al. (2015) | Family stories of end-of-life cancer care when unable to fulfill a loved one's wish to die at home | UK | England | To explore the reasons why this wish is not fulfilled by examining the stories of ten individuals who lost a loved one to cancer. | Narrative approach |
| Sharpe et al. (2015)  | Policy for home or hospice as the preferred place of death from cancer: Scottish Health and Ethnicity Linkage Study population cohort shows challenges across all ethnic groups in Scotland | Scotland | Scotland | To establish place of cancer death by ethnicity and describe patient characteristics. | Population-based cohort study |
| Sheridan et al. (2021) | Preferred and actual place of death in haematological malignancies: A report from the UK haematological malignancy research network | UK | UK | To investigate actual and preferred place of death, concurrence between these and characteristics of preferred place discussions. | Population-based cohort study |
| Skorstengaard et al. (2020) | Advance care planning and place of death, hospitalisation and actual place of death in lung, heart and cancer disease: a randomised controlled trial | Denmark | Denmark | To investigate if ACP among terminally ill patients with lung, heart and cancer diseases effects fulfilment of preferred place of death (PPOD), amount of time spent in hospital and APOD. | Randomised controlled trial |
| Sleeman et al. (2014) | Reversal of English trend towards hospital death in dementia: a population-based study of place of death and associated individual and regional factors, 2001-2010 | England | England | To analyse temporal trends in place of death in dementia over a recent ten year period. | Population-based study  |
| Tanuseputro et al. (2018) | Associations between physician home visits for the dying and place of death: A population-based retrospective cohort study | Canada | Canada | To determine whether receiving a physician home visit near the end-of-life is associatedwith lower odds of death in a hospital. | Observational retrospective cohort study |
| Van Den Block et al. (2017) | Final transitions to place of death: patients and families wishes | Belgium | Belgium The Netherlands Italy Spain  | To examine the prevalence and types of final transitions between care settings of cancer patients and the extent to which patient/family wishes are cited as a reason for the transition. | Standardized questionnaire |
| Van Spall et al. (2021) | Temporal Trends and Sex Differences in Intensity of Healthcare at the End of Life in Adults With Heart Failure | Canada  | Canada | To assess temporal trends and sex differences in healthcare intensity and location of death among decedents with heart failure. | Retrospective cohort study |
| Varani et al. (2015) | Clinical and demographic factors associated to the place of death in advanced cancer patients assisted at home in Italy | Italy | Italy  | To examine the factors associated with theplace of death in a cohort of Italian patients with advanced cancer who were assisted by a palliative home care team. | Retrospective observational study |
| Wahid et al. (2018) | Barriers and facilitators influencing death at home: A meta-ethnography | UK | UK | To identify and understand the barriers and facilitators influencing death at home. | Meta-etnography |
| Wales et al. (2018) | The interaction of socioeconomic status with place of death: a qualitative analysis of physician experiences | Canada | Canada | To identify the factors perceived to influence patients' likelihood of home death and describe the mechanisms by which they interact with socioeconomic status. | Qualitative interviews |
| Wales et al. (2020) | The Impact of Socioeconomic Status on Place of Death Among Patients Receiving Home Palliative Care in Toronto, Canada: A Retrospective Cohort Study | Canada | Canada | To examine the association between socioeconomic status and other demographic factors on place of death in a population receiving home palliative care in Toronto, Canada. | Retrospective chart review  |
| Wilson et al. (2020) | End-of-life care and place of death in adults with serious mental illness: A systematic review and narrative synthesis | England |  | To assess the empirical evidence describing end-of-life care and place of death for people with serious mental illness. | A systematic review and narrative synthesis |
| Winthereik et al. (2018) | Propensity for paying home visits among general practitioners and the associations with cancer patients’ place of care and death: a register-based cohort study | Denmark | Denmark | To analyse associations between general practitioners’ propensity to pay home visits and the likelihood of hospitalisation anddying out of hospital among their cancer patients. | A register-based cohort study |
| Wye et al. (2016) | Electronic palliative care coordinating systems (EPaCCS) may not facilitate home deaths: A mixed methods evaluation of end of life care in two English counties | UK | England | To explore this relationship between EPaCCS and home deaths. | Mixed methods evaluation |
| Ziwary et al. (2017) | Impact of place of residence on place of death in Wales: an observational study | UK | Wales | To expand on current research to explore the effects of deprivation and place of residence on health related choices and place of death in Wales. | Observational study |
| Öhlén et al. (2017) | Determinants in the place of death for people with different cancer types: a national population-based study | Sweden | Sweden | To examine, at a population level, where people with cancer diseases die in Sweden, and to investigate associations of place of death and cancer type with individual, socioeconomic and geographical characteristics of the deceased. | Population-based study |

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