**Table II-3. Reasons for not utilising COVID-19 information service in South Korea: concerns about adverse effects of digitalisation**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Group** | **2020** | **2021** | **2022** |
| General population | 16.7 | 23.9 | 17.9 |
| Farmers & Fishers | 10.3 | 19.2 | 10.2 |
| People with disabilities | 6.0 | 9.5 | 15.0 |
| Low-income | 15.7 | 11.8 | 8.6 |
| Elderly | 9.1 | 13.2 | 10.2 |
| International marriage migrants | 15.5 | 11.0 | 21.2 |
| North Korean Defectors | 4.9 | 19.1 | 11.3 |

*Source:* National information society agency

*Unit:* percentage

*Note:* An information service refers to internet and mobile-based information services that provide information about confirmed cases, the locations and timelines of infection, and COVID-19 screening clinic). Adverse effects of informatisation include spam (advertising) emails, private data leaks, and inappropriate information.