

Encuesta de Aceptabilidad del Estudio

Consent form for Qualitative Data Collection

Introduction and project purpose

The Secretaria de Salud, in collaboration with the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and Brigham and Women's Hospital is interested in learning more about your experiences with home-based care for COVID-19.

What you can expect

If you agree, we will ask you some questions about your experiences with home-based care. This should take 10 minutes.

What about risks and confidentiality?

There are no expected risks, although you may feel uncomfortable answering some of the questions. There will be no compensation. We will not share your answers with people outside this survey. We will keep your results in a password-protected database on a password-protected computer. You do not have to answer any question if you do not want to. Your participation will not affect your work or any care you might receive. We will not tell anyone whether or not you chose to participate.

What are your benefits?

There is no compensation for you. Your participation will help the Secretaria de Salud and others who care for patients with COVID-19 to improve care.

Your decision

Participation in this study is your decision. If you choose to give participate, you may choose at any time to withdraw your participation. You can also choose to not answer any questions that you are asked. Whether you agree or not, there is no penalty.

Questions or concerns?

If you have any questions or comments about this study, please call Dr. Jonathan Ochoa at +504-2237-5800. If you wish to contact someone not involved in this study about your rights as a survey participant, you can contact the Mass General Brigham Human Subjects Research Committee at +1-857-282-1900.

Do you agree to participate in the interview about home-based care for COVID-19?

- ☐ Yes, I agree to participate in the interview about home-based care for COVID-19.
- ☐ No, I do not agree to participate in the interview about home-based care for COVID-19.

Name of Participant

Signature of Participant

Date

yyyy-mm-dd

Employment

Are you employed by SESAL or by the study?

- ☐ Study staff
- ☐ SESAL

Introduction

You are involved with the COVID-19 intervention and research that has been going on in the Central District. Thank you! Today we'd like to ask you about your experience with and suggestions to improve this intervention. We are interested in hearing from people like you, who work on COVID-19 with this study because you are experts in caring for patients with COVID-19 in Tegucigalpa.

You are likely familiar with the COVID-19 intervention and research that has been going on where you work. Today we'd like to ask you about your experience with and perceptions of this intervention. We are interested in hearing from people like you, who work at the COVID-19 triage centers because they are experts in caring for patients with COVID-19 in Tegucigalpa.

First, we'd like to remind you about the basic elements of this intervention. The intervention aims to reduce the impact of COVID-19 on people at risk for negative outcomes in Tegucigalpa and Comayaguela, Honduras. Thank you for your support!

Although most patients experience mild or moderate symptoms, some patients, especially patients 60+ or those 45+ with comorbidities, can have serious or critical signs and symptoms, such as hypoxia, or low blood oxygen.

This study is assessing whether daily phone calls and having a pulse oximeter at home can improve patient outcomes. It is also assessing the impact of providing kits to patients with materials to help prevent in-home COVID-19 transmission, and assessing the impact of including hand sanitizer in this kit.

This is being investigated by randomly placing participants in one of four discrete approaches.

1. Daily Phone Monitoring + Masks and Soap

2. Daily Phone Monitoring + Masks and Soap + Pulse Oximeter

3. Daily Phone Monitoring + Masks and Soap + Hand Sanitizer

4. Daily Phone Monitoring + Masks and Soap + Hand Sanitizer + Pulse Oximeter

Patients 60+ or those 45+ with comorbidities that increase their risk of negative outcomes from COVID-19 are invited to enroll in the study after they test positive for COVID-19. If they choose to enroll and give their consent, they receive daily monitoring by phone for ten days post-symptoms onset and 24 hours without fever.

Thank you for participating in this survey to better understand your attitudes and beliefs towards the intervention. This survey will not include your name, and all information you provide will be kept confidential. We will not share your answers with anyone you work with. You can choose to not answer any questions if you are uncomfortable or do not wish to answer.

Personal Information

First, I want to ask you a few questions about yourself.

What is your role in the study?

☐ Other, specify

Please specify your role in the study.

How old are you?

☐ 20-29

☐ 30-39

☐ 40-49

☐ 50-59

☐ 60-69

☐ 70-79

What is your gender?

☐ Female

☐ Male

☐ Non-Binary/Gender fluid

☐ Other, specify

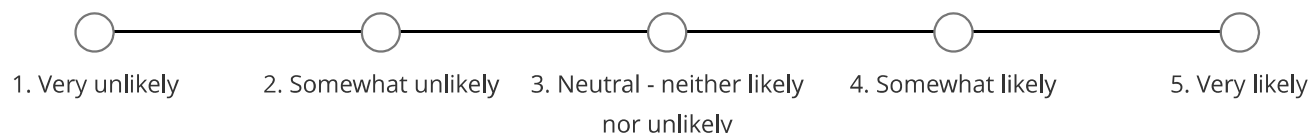
☐ Prefer not to answer

If other, specify

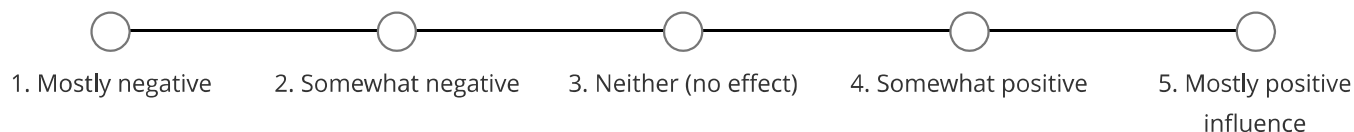
Attitudes and Beliefs

I am now going to ask you some questions about your attitudes and beliefs surrounding home based care. By home based care, we mean providing daily phone calls and, for some patients, a pulse oximeter to improve patient outcomes.

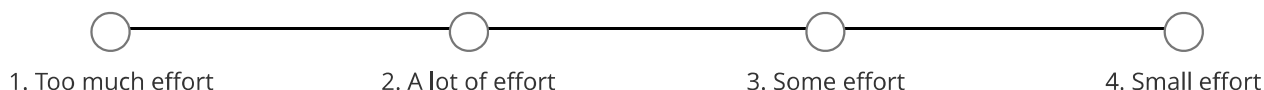
If it were your decision, how likely are you to refer a COVID-19 patient at risk for poor health outcomes to home-based care?



Do you believe that providing daily telephone monitoring for patients who tested positive for COVID-19 has a positive or negative influence on patient recovery?



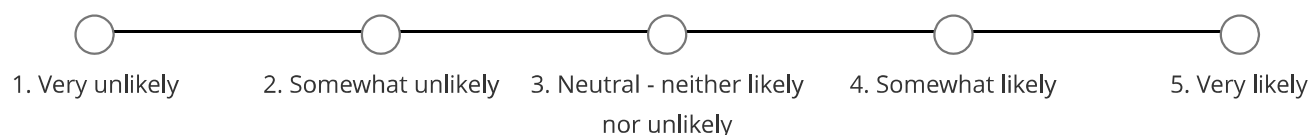
In your opinion, how much effort is it for patients to receive phone calls each day?



Please state whether you agree or disagree with the following statements.

	Agree	Disagree
It is difficult to enroll patients into home-based care	☐	☐
It is difficult for patients to answer questions about symptoms during daily calls	☐	☐
It is easy for patients to take their pulse oximeter readings three times a day	☐	☐
It is easy for patients to read and report their pulse oximeter readings	☐	☐
Home-based care is an effective way to provide care for COVID-19 patients who are at high risk for negative outcomes	☐	☐

If a member of your family was diagnosed with COVID-19 and qualified to receive home based care, how likely would you be to recommend they participate?



Based on your experience with patients eligible to participate in the study, what have been the primary reasons they have declined to participate? Select all that apply.

- ☐ Do not like receiving phone calls
- ☐ Phone calls are too frequent
- ☐ Do not feel sick
- ☐ Do not think they need support
- ☐ Takes too much time to enroll
- ☐ Do not think COVID-19 is dangerous
- ☐ They are healthcare personnel - are already experts
- ☐ Other, specify

If other, specify

Have you heard anything negative about the intervention from staff or patients?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

What negative things have you heard?

Have you heard anything positive about the intervention from staff or patients?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

What positive things have you heard?

If home based care with or without a pulse oximeter were to become part of the standard of care provided by SESAL for patients who tested positive for COVID-19 at risk for poor health outcomes, what would you change about it to ensure that it was acceptable to triage center personnel?

What are some suggestions you have to improve any part of the intervention? This includes at the triage center, enrollment, staff participation, daily calls, or anything else.

Thank you for taking the time to answer these questions. Your responses have been really helpful. In the future, we would like to interview some people to better understand their responses. If you're willing to be interviewed please put your name and phone number below. All responses will be confidential.

I am willing to be interviewed in the future.

☐ Yes

☐ No

Name

Phone number

Please give the tablet back to the person who gave it to you.
