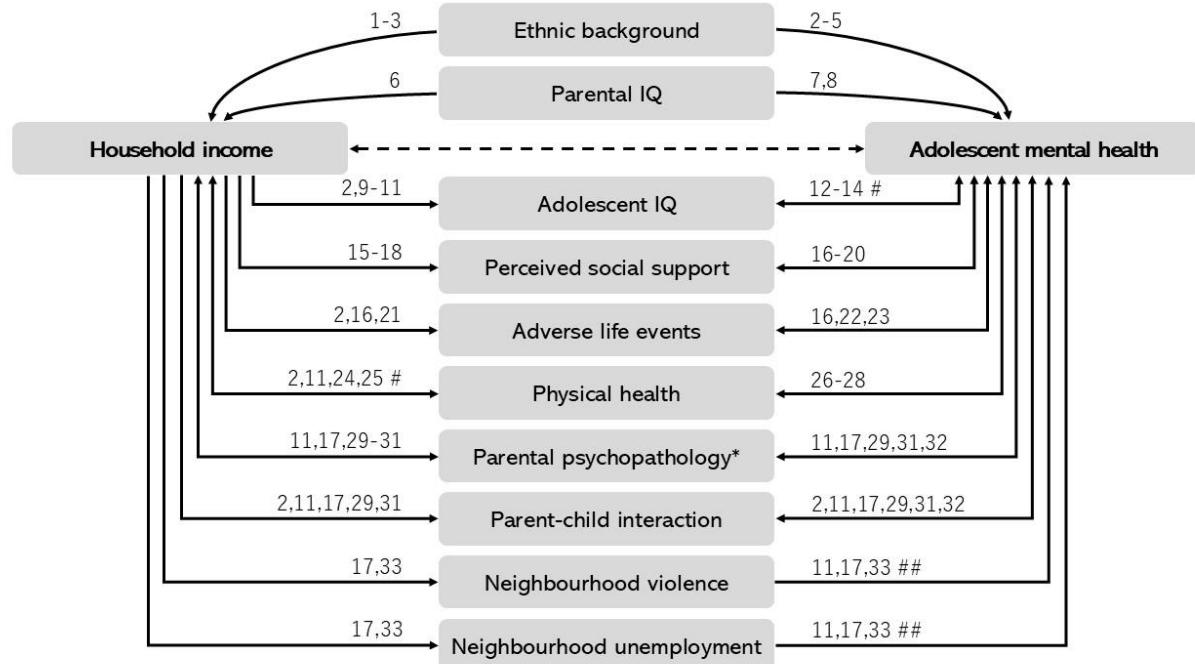


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# Previous studies cannot rule out a potential bidirectional relation.

## Previous studies have primarily concentrated on a unidirectional relation, as a bidirectional relation is highly unlikely.

**Supplementary Table S1** Sociodemographic characteristics of adolescents from the iBerry Study who were included in or excluded from the study sample

	<b>Included in study sample (<i>n</i> = 872)</b>	<b>Excluded from study sample (<i>n</i> = 150)</b>	<b>Difference between included and excluded participants</b>
Sex female, <i>n</i> (%)	442 (50.7%)	80 (53.3%)	$\chi^2 (1, N = 1022) = 0.36, p = .549$
Age in years, <i>M</i> ( <i>SD</i> )	14.93 (0.88)	15.53 (1.04)	<b><math>t (187.24) = 6.70, p &lt; .001</math></b>
Ethnic background <sup>1</sup> , <i>n</i> (%)			$\chi^2 (1, N = 915) = 3.78, p = .052$
Dutch	678 (78.1%)	31 (66.0%)	
Non-Dutch	190 (21.9%)	16 (34.0%)	
Education level <sup>1</sup> , <i>n</i> (%)			$\chi^2 (4, N = 960) = 7.85, p = .097$
Special needs secondary education	30 (3.5%)	6 (5.3%)	
Pre-vocational secondary education	374 (44.2%)	57 (50.0%)	
Higher general secondary education	197 (23.3%)	22 (19.3%)	
Pre-university education	172 (20.3%)	14 (12.3%)	
Combined educational level	73 (8.6%)	15 (13.2%)	
Degree of urbanicity of home address, <i>n</i> (%)			$\chi^2 (2, N = 1022) = 10.23, p = .006$
Urban	501 (57.5%)	107 (71.3%)	
Suburban	184 (21.1%)	22 (14.7%)	
Rural	187 (21.4%)	21 (14.0%)	
Psychopathology scores			
Internalizing problems self-report, <i>M</i> ( <i>SD</i> )	12.24 (8.60)	12.83 (9.07)	$t (962) = 0.69, p = .489$
Internalizing problems parent-report, <i>M</i> ( <i>SD</i> )	9.00 (7.69)	8.47 (8.02)	$t (899) = -0.39, p = .696$
Externalizing problems self-report, <i>M</i> ( <i>SD</i> )	9.74 (6.35)	10.17 (6.12)	$t (967) = 0.70, p = .485$
Externalizing problems parent-report, <i>M</i> ( <i>SD</i> )	6.75 (6.59)	6.13 (7.09)	$t (898) = -0.53, p = .597$

<sup>1</sup> Ethnic background was missing for 107 adolescents, education level was missing for 62 adolescents, self-reports were missing for 53 adolescents, parent-reports were missing for 121 adolescents.

**Supplementary Table S2** Correlations between adolescent individual, parental, and neighbourhood factors ( $n = 872$ )

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1. Ethnic background	-.060	-.114	.056	.037	.103	.103	-.234	-.084	-.058	.168	-.227
2. Adolescent IQ score		.020	-.194	-.053	-.038	-.024	.336	.018	.014	-.050	.078
3. Perceived social support			-.070	.024	-.085	-.061	.007	.366	.257	-.046	.082
4. Adverse life events				.158	.336	.174	-.142	-.119	-.110	.124	-.145
5. Physical health concerns					.122	.064	-.075	.032	-.011	.046	-.029
6. Maternal psychopathology						.215	-.160	-.101	-.031	.100	-.115
7. Paternal psychopathology							-.113	-.056	-.024	.068	-.076
8. Parental IQ score								.016	.056	-.139	.167
9. Mother-child interaction									.424	-.029	.074
10. Father-child interaction										-.105	.044
11. Neighbourhood violent and sexual crimes											-.333
12. Neighbourhood % outside labour force											

Note. Pearson correlations are noted except for the dichotomous variables 1 and 5, for which point-biserial correlations or a Phi coefficient are noted.

**Supplementary Table S3** Linear regression coefficients on the relationship between low household income using the 12<sup>th</sup> and 28<sup>th</sup> percentile as cut-off, and adolescent internalizing problems ( $n = 847$  for self-report and  $n = 868$  for parent-report)

Model	12 <sup>th</sup> percentile low income cut-off				28 <sup>th</sup> percentile low income cut-off			
	Self-reported internalizing problems <sup>1</sup>		Parent-reported internalizing problems <sup>1</sup>		Self-reported internalizing problems <sup>1</sup>		Parent-reported internalizing problems <sup>1</sup>	
		B (95% CI)	p-value		B (95% CI)	p-value		B (95% CI)
1 Household income (low=0)	<b>-0.33 (-0.58;-0.08)</b>	.011	<b>-0.29 (-0.56;-0.03)</b>	.032	<b>-0.36 (-0.54;-0.18)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.41 (-0.60;-0.22)</b>	<.001
Sex (male=0)	<b>0.84 (0.68;1.01)</b>	<.001	<b>0.46 (0.29;0.63)</b>	<.001	<b>0.83 (0.67;1.00)</b>	<.001	<b>0.45 (0.28;0.62)</b>	<.001
Age	<b>0.12 (0.03;0.21)</b>	.011	0.02 (-0.08;0.12)	.654	<b>0.12 (0.02;0.21)</b>	.013	0.01 (-0.08;0.11)	.769
2 Household income (low=0)	-0.15 (-0.40;0.10)	.252	-0.04 (-0.31;0.23)	.775	<b>-0.25 (-0.42;-0.07)</b>	.007 *	<b>-0.25 (-0.44;-0.06)</b>	.011 *
Sex (male=0)	<b>0.94 (0.78;1.09)</b>	<.001	<b>0.47 (0.31;0.64)</b>	<.001	<b>0.93 (0.77;1.09)</b>	<.001	<b>0.46 (0.30;0.63)</b>	<.001
Age	0.09 (0.00;0.19)	.053	-0.08 (-0.19;0.02)	.105	<b>0.10 (0.00;0.19)</b>	.048 *	-0.08 (-0.19;0.02)	.103
Ethnic background	0.05 (-0.15;0.25)	.623	0.00 (-0.21;0.21)	.989	0.04 (-0.16;0.23)	.721	-0.03 (-0.24;0.17)	.745
Adolescent IQ score	0.01 (0.00;0.01)	.069	0.00 (-0.01;0.01)	.908	<b>0.01 (0.00;0.01)</b>	.039 *	0.00 (-0.01;0.01)	.859
Perceived social support	<b>-0.08 (-0.10;-0.06)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.03 (-0.05;-0.01)</b>	.001	<b>-0.08 (-0.10;-0.06)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.03 (-0.05;-0.01)</b>	.001
Adverse life events	<b>0.09 (0.05;0.14)</b>	<.001	<b>0.18 (0.13;0.23)</b>	<.001	<b>0.09 (0.04;0.13)</b>	<.001	<b>0.17 (0.12;0.22)</b>	<.001
Physical health concerns	<b>0.38 (0.13;0.62)</b>	.002	<b>0.44 (0.18;0.71)</b>	.001	<b>0.38 (0.14;0.62)</b>	.002	<b>0.44 (0.18;0.70)</b>	.001
3 Household income (low=0)	-0.16 (-0.42;0.10)	.228	-0.02 (-0.28;0.24)	.881	<b>-0.19 (-0.38;0.00)</b>	.044 *	-0.11 (-0.30;0.08)	.264
Sex (male=0)	<b>0.80 (0.64;0.96)</b>	<.001	<b>0.37 (0.21;0.53)</b>	<.001	<b>0.80 (0.64;0.96)</b>	<.001	<b>0.37 (0.21;0.53)</b>	<.001
Age	<b>0.10 (0.01;0.20)</b>	.034	-0.03 (-0.13;0.06)	.482	<b>0.10 (0.01;0.20)</b>	.032	-0.03 (-0.13;0.06)	.473
Maternal psychopathology	<b>0.02 (0.01;0.03)</b>	<.001	<b>0.04 (0.04;0.05)</b>	<.001	<b>0.02 (0.01;0.03)</b>	<.001	<b>0.04 (0.04;0.05)</b>	<.001
Paternal psychopathology	0.00 (-0.01;0.02)	.430	<b>0.02 (0.00;0.03)</b>	.019	0.00 (-0.01;0.02)	.434	<b>0.02 (0.00;0.03)</b>	.019
Parental IQ score	0.00 (0.00;0.01)	.511	0.00 (-0.01;0.01)	.961	0.00 (0.00;0.01)	.387	0.00 (-0.01;0.01)	.764
Mother-child interaction	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;-0.01)</b>	.002	0.00 (-0.01;0.01)	.786	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;-0.01)</b>	.002	0.00 (-0.01;0.01)	.784
Father-child interaction	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;-0.01)</b>	.005	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;-0.01)</b>	.004	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;0.00)</b>	.007	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;-0.01)</b>	.004
4 Household income (low=0)	<b>-0.27 (-0.54;-0.01)</b>	.040	-0.23 (-0.51;0.05)	.101 *	<b>-0.33 (-0.52;-0.15)</b>	.001	<b>-0.39 (-0.59;-0.19)</b>	<.001
Sex (male=0)	<b>0.84 (0.68;1.01)</b>	<.001	<b>0.46 (0.29;0.63)</b>	<.001	<b>0.83 (0.67;1.00)</b>	<.001	<b>0.45 (0.28;0.62)</b>	<.001
Age	<b>0.12 (0.03;0.21)</b>	.012	0.02 (-0.08;0.12)	.675	<b>0.12 (0.02;0.21)</b>	.013	0.01 (-0.08;0.11)	.785
Neighbourhood violent and sexual crimes	-0.01 (-0.03;0.01)	.478	0.01 (-0.01;0.03)	.452	-0.01 (-0.03;0.01)	.383	0.01 (-0.02;0.03)	.600
Neighbourhood % outside labour force	-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)	.107	-0.01 (-0.02;0.01)	.322	-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)	.171	0.00 (-0.02;0.01)	.569

Full	Household income (low=0)	-0.09 (-0.35;0.18)	.510	0.05 (-0.22;0.32)	.696	-0.17 (-0.36;0.01)	.070	-0.07 (-0.27;0.12)	.453
	Sex (male=0)	<b>0.89 (0.73;1.04)</b>	<.001	<b>0.39 (0.22;0.55)</b>	<.001	<b>0.88 (0.73;1.04)</b>	<.001	<b>0.38 (0.22;0.55)</b>	<.001
	Age					<b>0.10 (0.00;0.19)</b>		<b>.045 *</b>	
	Perceived social support	<b>-0.06 (-0.08;-0.04)</b>	<.001			<b>-0.06 (-0.08;-0.04)</b>	<.001		
	Adverse life events	<b>0.05 (0.01;0.10)</b>	.026	<b>0.09 (0.04;0.14)</b>	.001	<b>0.05 (0.00;0.10)</b>	.032	<b>0.08 (0.03;0.13)</b>	.001
	Physical health concerns	<b>0.35 (0.11;0.59)</b>	.004	<b>0.35 (0.09;0.60)</b>	.007	<b>0.35 (0.11;0.59)</b>	.004	<b>0.34 (0.09;0.59)</b>	.007
	Maternal psychopathology	<b>0.02 (0.01;0.02)</b>	<.001	<b>0.04 (0.03;0.05)</b>	<.001	<b>0.02 (0.01;0.02)</b>	<.001	<b>0.04 (0.03;0.05)</b>	<.001
	Paternal psychopathology			<b>0.01 (0.00;0.03)</b>	.045			<b>0.01 (0.00;0.03)</b>	.045
	Father-child interaction	<b>-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)</b>	.033	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;0.00)</b>	.008	<b>-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)</b>	.042	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;0.00)</b>	.010

Note. In the full model, only covariates that were significantly related to self- or parent-reported internalizing problems are reported. Significant associations are printed in bold.

\* Significance changed compared to the main analyses using the 20<sup>th</sup> percentile cut-off for low income. Direction of the association did not change.

<sup>1</sup> Square root transformation

**Supplementary Table S4** Linear regression coefficients on the relationship between low household income using the 12<sup>th</sup> and 28<sup>th</sup> percentile as cut-off, and adolescent externalizing problems (*n* = 852 for self-report and *n* = 867 for parent-report)

Model	12 <sup>th</sup> percentile low income cut-off				28 <sup>th</sup> percentile low income cut-off			
	Self-reported externalizing problems <sup>1</sup>		Parent-reported externalizing problems <sup>1</sup>		Self-reported externalizing problems <sup>1</sup>		Parent-reported externalizing problems <sup>1</sup>	
	B (95% CI)	p-value	B (95% CI)	p-value	B (95% CI)	p-value	B (95% CI)	p-value
1 Household income (low=0)	-0.06 (-0.27;0.15)	.556 *	<b>-0.45 (-0.72;-0.17)</b>	<b>.002</b>	-0.12 (-0.27;0.04)	.136 *	<b>-0.54 (-0.74;-0.34)</b>	<.001
Sex (male=0)	-0.05 (-0.19;0.09)	.453	0.05 (-0.12;0.23)	.555	-0.06 (-0.19; 0.08)	.420	0.03 (-0.14;0.21)	.704
Age	<b>0.08 (0.01;0.16)</b>	<b>.035</b>	0.01 (-0.09;0.12)	.813	<b>0.08 (0.00;0.16)</b>	<b>.041</b>	0.00 (-0.10;0.11)	.940
2 Household income (low=0)	0.11 (-0.11;0.32)	.340	-0.19 (-0.48;0.09)	.176 *	0.00 (-0.16;0.15)	.960	<b>-0.36 (-0.56;-0.16)</b>	<.001
Sex (male=0)	0.01 (-0.13;0.14)	.948	0.07 (-0.10;0.25)	.402	0.00 (-0.13;0.14)	.960	0.06 (-0.11;0.23)	.496
Age	0.04 (-0.04;0.12)	.286	-0.10 (-0.20;0.01)	.070	0.04 (-0.04;0.12)	.294	-0.10 (-0.20;0.01)	.068
Ethnic background	0.07 (-0.10;0.24)	.396	-0.03 (-0.25;0.19)	.800	0.05 (-0.11;0.22)	.540	-0.05 (-0.27;0.16)	.613
Adolescent IQ score	0.00 (-0.01;0.01)	.961	<b>-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)</b>	<b>.018</b>	0.00 (-0.01;0.01)	.961	<b>-0.01 (-0.01;0.00)</b>	<b>.039</b>
Perceived social support	<b>-0.05 (-0.07;-0.03)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.03 (-0.05;-0.01)</b>	<b>.003</b>	<b>-0.05 (-0.07;-0.03)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.03 (-0.05;-0.01)</b>	<b>.003</b>
Adverse life events	<b>0.08 (0.05;0.12)</b>	<.001	<b>0.17 (0.12;0.22)</b>	<.001	<b>0.08 (0.04;0.12)</b>	<.001	<b>0.16 (0.11;0.21)</b>	<.001
Physical health concerns	0.14 (-0.08;0.36)	.207	0.14 (-0.14;0.41)	.336	0.13 (-0.08;0.35)	.225	0.13 (-0.14;0.41)	.335
3 Household income (low=0)	0.09 (-0.13;0.31)	.415	-0.14 (-0.42;0.13)	.308	0.01 (-0.15;0.17)	.887	<b>-0.25 (-0.46;-0.05)</b>	<b>.014 *</b>
Sex (male=0)	-0.07 (-0.2;0.06)	.291	0.00 (-0.17;0.16)	.969	-0.07 (-0.2;0.06)	.293	-0.01 (-0.18;0.16)	.922
Age	0.08 (0.00;0.16)	.060	-0.03 (-0.14;0.07)	.548	0.08 (0.00;0.16)	.064	-0.03 (-0.14;0.07)	.538
Maternal psychopathology	<b>0.01 (0.01;0.02)</b>	<.001	<b>0.03 (0.03;0.04)</b>	<.001	<b>0.01 (0.01;0.02)</b>	<.001	<b>0.03 (0.02;0.04)</b>	<.001
Paternal psychopathology	0.00 (-0.01;0.01)	.986	0.01 (0.00;0.02)	.202	0.00 (-0.01;0.01)	.971	0.01 (0.00;0.02)	.197
Parental IQ score	0.00 (0.00;0.01)	.306	0.00 (-0.01;0.00)	.357	0.00 (0.00;0.01)	.234	0.00 (-0.01;0.00)	.586
Mother-child interaction	<b>-0.04 (-0.06;-0.03)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.04 (-0.05;-0.03)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.04 (-0.06;-0.03)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.04 (-0.05;-0.03)</b>	<.001
Father-child interaction	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;-0.01)</b>	.005	-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)	.073	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;-0.01)</b>	.005	-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)	.094
4 Household income (low=0)	-0.01 (-0.23;0.22)	.957	<b>-0.41 (-0.7;-0.12)</b>	<b>.005</b>	-0.08 (-0.24;0.08)	.300	<b>-0.53 (-0.74;-0.33)</b>	<.001
Sex (male=0)	-0.05 (-0.19;0.08)	.441	0.05 (-0.13;0.23)	.559	-0.06 (-0.19;0.08)	.416	0.03 (-0.14;0.21)	.704
Age	<b>0.08 (0.00;0.16)</b>	<b>.038 *</b>	0.01 (-0.09;0.12)	.817	<b>0.08 (0.00;0.16)</b>	<b>.045 *</b>	0.00 (-0.10;0.11)	.942
Neighbourhood violent and sexual crimes	0.00 (-0.02;0.02)	.916	0.00 (-0.02;0.02)	.952	0.00 (-0.02;0.02)	.982	0.00 (-0.03;0.02)	.743
Neighbourhood % outside labour force	-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)	.113	-0.01 (-0.02;0.01)	.426	-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)	.169	0.00 (-0.02;0.01)	.702

Full	Household income (low=0)	0.18 (-0.05;0.41)	.119	-0.09 (-0.37;0.19)	.537	0.06 (-0.11;0.22)	.500	<b>-0.22 (-0.42;-0.01)</b>	<b>.036 *</b>
	Adolescent IQ score			<b>-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)</b>	<b>.007</b>			<b>-0.01 (-0.02;0.00)</b>	<b>.010</b>
	Adverse life events	<b>0.05 (0.01;0.09)</b>	<b>.016</b>	<b>0.09 (0.04;0.14)</b>	<.001	<b>0.05 (0.01;0.09)</b>	<b>.021</b>	<b>0.09 (0.04;0.14)</b>	<b>.001</b>
	Maternal psychopathology	<b>0.01 (0.00;0.01)</b>	<b>.008</b>	<b>0.03 (0.02;0.04)</b>	<.001	<b>0.01 (0.00;0.01)</b>	<b>.007</b>	<b>0.03 (0.02;0.04)</b>	<b>&lt;.001</b>
	Mother-child interaction	<b>-0.04 (-0.05;-0.03)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.04 (-0.06;-0.02)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.04 (-0.05;-0.03)</b>	<.001	<b>-0.04 (-0.06;-0.02)</b>	<b>.001</b>
	Father-child interaction	<b>-0.02 (-0.03;0.00)</b>	<b>.010</b>			<b>-0.02 (-0.03;0.00)</b>	<b>.010</b>		

Note. In the full model, only covariates that were significantly related to self- or parent-reported externalizing problems are reported. Significant associations are printed in bold.

\* Significance changed compared to the main analyses using the 20<sup>th</sup> percentile cut-off for low income. Direction of the association did not change.

<sup>1</sup> Square root transformation

**Supplementary Table S5** Outcome of mediation analyses testing indirect effects between low household income (20<sup>th</sup> percentile) and internalizing and externalizing problems

	Self-reported internalizing problems <sup>1</sup>	Parent-reported internalizing problems <sup>1</sup>	Self-reported externalizing problems <sup>1</sup>	Parent-reported externalizing problems <sup>1</sup>
Indirect effect through	B (95% CI)	B (95% CI)	B (95% CI)	B (95% CI)
Adolescent IQ score	NA	NA	NA	<b>-0.05 (-0.09, -0.02)</b>
Perceived social support	<b>-0.07 (-0.15, 0.00)</b>	<b>-0.04 (-0.08, 0.00)</b>	<b>-0.05 (-0.10, 0.00)</b>	<b>-0.03 (-0.08, 0.00)</b>
Adverse life events	<b>-0.10 (-0.17, -0.05)</b>	<b>-0.17 (-0.23, -0.10)</b>	<b>-0.09 (-0.14, -0.04)</b>	<b>-0.17 (-0.26, -0.09)</b>
Physical health condition	<b>-0.06 (-0.12, -0.02)</b>	<b>-0.14 (-0.24, -0.04)</b>	NA	NA
Maternal psychopathology	<b>-0.11 (-0.18, -0.05)</b>	<b>-0.23 (-0.36, -0.12)</b>	<b>-0.06 (-0.10, -0.02)</b>	<b>-0.18 (-0.28, -0.09)</b>
Paternal psychopathology	NA	<b>-0.11 (-0.19, -0.03)</b>	NA	NA
Mother-child interaction	-0.05 (-0.12, 0.01)	NA	-0.08 (-0.14, 0.02)	-0.07 (-0.17, 0.02)
Father-child interaction	<b>-0.07 (-0.15, 0.00)</b>	<b>-0.05 (-0.13, 0.00)</b>	<b>-0.09 (-0.18, 0.00)</b>	NA

*Note.* All mediation analyses were adjusted for adolescent sex and age. Significant outcomes are printed in bold.

NA = not applicable, mediation analysis was not performed as covariate was not significant in main analyses.

<sup>1</sup> Square root transformation