## Supplementary Materials

### Search Strings:

Below we present the final two search strings used to generate the data for the study. The narrow search (NS) focuses on migrants as the excluded group, whereas the extensive search (ES) employs a broader definition of the excluded group, consequently incorporating a wider range of search terms.

**The Narrow Search:**

TITLE-ABS-KEY ( ( ( ( housing ) W/30 ( policy OR practice ) ) AND ( local OR municipal OR urban OR rural OR governmental ) AND ( immigrant\* OR refugee\* OR migrant\* OR asylum OR newcomer OR "newly-arrived" ) AND ( exclu\* OR segregat\* OR gatekeep\* OR "gate-keep\*" OR discriminat\* OR inadequacy OR inequality ) ) AND NOT ( health OR architectur\* OR medicin\* OR education\* ) ) AND ( LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2023 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2022 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2021 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2020 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2019 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2018 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2017 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2016 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2015 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2014 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2013 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2012 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2011 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2010 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2009 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2008 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2007 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2006 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2005 ) ) AND ( LIMIT-TO ( LANGUAGE , "English" ) )

**The Extensive Search:**

TITLE-ABS-KEY ( ( ( ( housing ) W/30 ( policy OR practice ) ) AND ( local OR municipal OR urban OR rural OR governmental ) AND ( immigrant\* OR refugee\* OR migrant\* OR asylum OR ethnic\* OR newcomer OR "newly arrived" OR poverty OR poor OR homeless\* OR vulnerab\* OR "low income" OR precariat ) AND ( exclu\* OR segregat\* OR gatekeep\* OR "gate-keep\*" OR discriminat\* OR inadequacy OR inequality ) ) AND NOT ( health OR architectur\* OR medicin\* OR education\* ) ) AND ( LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2023 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2022 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2021 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2020 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2019 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2018 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2017 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2016 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2015 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2014 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2013 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2012 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2011 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2010 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2009 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2008 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2007 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2006 ) OR LIMIT-TO ( PUBYEAR , 2005 ) ) AND ( LIMIT-TO ( LANGUAGE , "English" ) )

[Table A1 about here]

[Table A2 about here]

[Figure A1 about here]

Table A1 Code scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Variable | Explanation | Data generation |
| **ID** | Refers to the ID of the study. | Automatically generated. |
| Title | Refers to the title of the study. | Automatically generated. |
| Author/authors | Refers to the name of the author/authors. | Automatically generated. |
| Publication year | Refers to the year of study. | Automatically generated. |
| Type of literature | Refers to the type of literature the study can be described as i.e. Scientific article, book, book chapter etc. | Manually generated. |
| Journal/publisher | Refers to the name of the publisher. | Automatically generated. |
| Search engine | Refers to the search engine the data was generated from. | Automatically generated. |
| Subject discipline (broad) | Refers to the broad subject discipline the study. For example: social science. | Automatically generated. |
| Subject discipline (narrow) | Refers to the narrow subject discipline the study. For example: political science. | Automatically generated. |
| Impact (Norwegian list) | Refers to the ranking of the study on the Norwegian list. | Automatically generated. |
| Citations | Refers to the number of citations of the study. | Automatically generated. |
| Abstract | Refers to the abstract or summary of the study. | Automatically generated. |
| Research question | Refers to the research question of the study. | Manually generated. |
| Empirical focus | Refers to the empirical focus of the study i.e. the geographical focus of the study. For example: Stockholm, Bergamo, Beijing. | Manually generated. |
| Data | Refers to the type of data used in the stud, i.e. qualitative, quantitative or mixed. | Manually generated. |
| Research methods | Refers to the research method used in the study, i.e. Interviews, surveys etc. | Manually generated. |
| Themes (detailed) | Refers to the broad themes found in the study. | Manually generated. |
| Themes (keywords) | Refers to the themes of the study described as keywords. | Manually generated. |
| Relevance of publication | Refers to if the coder deemed the study to be of specific relevance to our research question. | Manually generated. |
| Explanation of relevance | Refers to the explanation of why the coder deemed the study to be of specific relevance. | Manually generated. |
| Doubtful publication | Refers to if the coder deemed the study to be of no relevance to our research question. | Manually generated. |
| Explanation of doubt | Refers to the explanation of why the coder deemed the study to be of no relevance. | Manually generated. |
| Coder ID | Refers to who coded the publication. | Manually generated. |
| *Variables below only exists in the code scheme for “relevant publications”* | | |
| Late addition publication | Refers to if the study was added after the initial search in order to complement the search strings. This only includes publications that was deemed to be of specific relevance to the research question. | Manually generated. |
| Grouped theme (after first analysis) | Refers to the final theme generated after the initial analysis of “Themes (detailed). | Manually generated. |

Table A 2 Field of study in the analyzed publications

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Narrow search | | Extensive search | |
|  | Share of data | Mean citations | Share of data | Mean citations |
| Agricultural & Biological Sciences | 1.89 % (2) | 12.50 | 2.3% (12) | 19.16 |
| Arts & Humanities | 9.43 % (10) | 18.9 | 7.7% (39) | 14.97 |
| Business | 2.83 % (3) | 2.33 | 5.3% (27) | 16.70 |
| Computer Science | -% (0) | - | 0.2% (1) | 0.00 |
| Earth & Planetary Sciences | 1.89 % (2) | 41.5 | 3.7% (19) | 25.66 |
| Economics | 2.83 % (3) | 10.00 | 5.7% (29) | 16.66 |
| Energy | 0.94 % (1) | 3.00 | 2.5% (13) | 7.53 |
| Engineering | -% (0) | - | 1.7% (9) | 5.00 |
| Environmental Science | 33.01 % (35) | 38.06 | 23.2% (117) | 29.23 |
| Health Professions | -% (0) | - | 0.2% (1) | 17.00 |
| Medicine | -% (0) | - | 1.3% (7) | 14.28 |
| Multidisciplinary | 0.94 % (1) | 2.00 | 0.4% (2) | 1.00 |
| Psychology | 0.94 % (1) | 24 | 1.3% (7) | 9.50 |
| Social Sciences | 43.40 % (46) | 23.28 | 43.8% (221) | 18.18 |
| Urban Planning | -% (0) | - | 0.0% (0) | 0.00 |
| Urban Studies | 1.89 % (2) | 10.00 | 0.0% (0) | 0.00 |

Note: 17 observations are missing in the NS (n = 106), and 133 are missing in the ES (n = 504).

Figure A1 Presentation of search results

Extensive search

n = 637

Narrow search

n = 122

Publications scrutinized

further

n = 43

Publications excluded

n = 16

Publications added

n = 17

Analyses of extensive search

n = 637

Analyses of narrow search

n = 123