In vitro antimicrobial and antibiofilm activity of phage cocktail against *Mammaliicoccus sciuri*, a causative agent of bovine mastitis

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Antibiotic /mcg ADMS1 ADMS3 ADMS5 Amikacin (30) 13 mm **12 mm 16 mm** 21 mm Amoxiclav (30) **19 mm** 14 mm 22 mm 13 mm Ampicillin (10) 26 mm Amoxicillin 19 mm 22 mm 19 mm Azithromycin (15) 17 mm **16 mm** 17 mm **19 mm** Chloramphenicol **19 mm** 22 mm Cefotaxime **16 mm** 12 mm -Ciprofloxacin 24 mm 21 mm -Gentamicin **14 mm 14 mm** -Ofloxacin **19 mm 19 mm** -Tetracycline 14 mm 13 mm 15 mm **16 mm** 15 mm Vancomycin

 Table S 1: Antibiogram showing the antimicrobial susceptibility of three *M.sciuri* isolates,

 (CLSI, 2015) Red -resistant, Yellow- Intermediate, Green- susceptible

ISOLATES	φ-M.sciuri A	φ-M. sciuri D
ADMS1(Staphylococcus spp.)	+	+
ADMS3 (Staphylococcus spp.)	+	+
ADMS5 (Staphylococcus spp.)	+	+
ADMS15Staphylococcus spp.)	-	•
ADMS16(Staphylococcus spp.)	+	+
ADMS17(Staphylococcus spp.)	-	•
ADMS19(Staphylococcus spp.)	-	•
ADMS21(Staphylococcus spp.)	-	•
E. coli MTCC 1610	-	•
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	-	-
(clinical isolate)		
S. typhi MTCC 733	-	•
S. aureus MTCC 96	+	-

Table S 2: host range of *M.sciuri* phages , (+)sensitive for phage; (-)not sensitive for phage

Figure legends

Figure. 1 :PCR: A)16 S rRNA gene targeting products amplified by 27F/149R primers B) Amplification of *coa* gene of *Staphylococci* 1-positive control. S1-ADMS1, S3-ADMS3, S5-ADMS5 C) **Phylogenetic tree**, which depicts the diversity between the isolates.

Figure. S1: **Congo red assay,** The ADMS1, ADMS3 and ADMS5 isolates form black colonies on CRA, indicating biofilm formation

Figure. S2: Transmission electron micrograph of ϕ -*M. sciuri* A(A) and ϕ -*M. sciuri* D(B), (200nm)

Figure S3. Antibacterial activity of phages against coagulase-negative isolates. Clear zone of lysis was observed for ADMS3 and ADMS5 isolates when infected with *M. sciuri* phages on spot assay

Figure S4: Antibiofilm activity of phages. *M. sciuri* isolates were *allowed to form biofilm* and treated with ϕ -*M. sciuri* A, ϕ -*M. sciuri* D and PM for 24 h followed by crystal violet assay to quantify biofilm . Significance was determined compared to untreated control. (If a p-value is less than 0.05, it is flagged with one star (*). If a p-value is less than 0.01, it is flagged with 2 stars (**). If a p-value is less than 0.001, it is flagged with three stars (***))

Figure S5. In-vitro bacteriolytic activity of M. sciuri phages. M. sciuriADMS3 log-phase culture was infected with phages ϕ -M. sciuri A(grey), ϕ -M. sciuri D (orange), PM(yellow) at MOI of 10 and 100 respectively



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