

Predicates used for each experiment and their subject bias score in that experiment (=the percentage of subject reference out of all responses with either subject or object reference).

Predicate type	Korean predicate in Experiment 1a	English translation from the NAVER dictionary	English predicate in Experiment 1b	English predicate in Experiment 2
Non-SC type	사과하다 (sakwahata) – AP [†] – 91.7%	apologize to	apologize to – AP – 96.7%	apologize to
	접근하다 (cepkunhata) – AP – 62.1%	approach to	approach – AP – 70.0%	approach
	간청하다 (kanchenghata) – AP – 75.0%	plead	beg – AP – 87.5%	--
	애원하다 (aywenhata) – AP – 51.5%	beg	beg – AP – 89.7%	beg
	전화하다 (cenhwahata) – AP – 82.9%	telephone	call – AP – 93.3%	--
	부르다 (pwuluta) – AP – 71.0%	call	call – AP – 93.5%	call
	사기치다 (sakichita) – AP – 94.1%	swindle	cheat – AP – 75.9%	cheat
	자백하다 (capaykhata) – AP – 70.0%	confess to	confess to – AP – 89.3%	confess to
	거역하다 (keyekhata) – AP – 36.7%	disobey	disobey – AP – 96.9%	--
	방해하다 (panghayhata) – AP/SE – 85.7%	interfere	distract – AP/SE – 97.0%	distract
	이기다 (ikita) – AP – 72.2%	win	do better than – AP – 95.8%	--
	아부하다 (apwuhata) – AP – 21.9%	flatter	flatter – AP/SE – 58.1%	--
	굴욕주다 (kwulyokcwuta) – AP/SE – 84.8%	humiliate	humiliate – AP/SE – 65.5%	--
	상처주다 (sangchecwuta) – AP/SE – 94.3%	hurt	hurt – AP/SE – 86.2%	hurt
	훼방놓다 (hweypangohta) – AP – 62.5%	interrupt	interrupt – AP – 56.0%	--
	초대하다 (chotayhata) – AP – 81.0%	invite	invite – AP – 65.2%	invite
	거짓말하다 (kecismalhata) – AP – 96.8%	lie to	lie to – AP – 97.0%	lie to
	지다 (cita) – AP – 68.8	lose to	lose to – AP – 61.8%	lose to
	협박하다 (hyeppakhata) – AP – 37.1%	threaten	threaten – AP/SE – 40.0%	threaten
	위협하다 (wihyephata) – AP/SE – 70.6%	intimidate	threaten – AP/SE – 62.1%	--

SC type	신경질나게하다 (sinkyengcilnakeyhata) – AP/SE – 100%	aggravate	aggravate – AP/SE – 90.6%	--
	즐겁게하다 (culkepkeyhata) – SE – 63.3%	amuse	amuse – SE – 69.6%	amuse
	분노하게하다 (pwunnohakeyhata) – AP/SE – 100%	infuriate	anger – AP/SE – 81.8%	anger
	짜증나게하다 (ccacungnakeyhata) – AP/SE – 96.7%	annoy	annoy – AP/SE – 84.4%	annoy
	지루하게하다 (cilwuhakeyhata) – AP/SE – 100%	bore	bore – SE – 88.5%	bore
	실망하게하다 (silmanghakeyhata) – SE – 100%	disappoint	disappoint – SE – 80.0%	disappoint
	낙담하게하다 (naktamhakeyhata) – SE – 96.7%	discourage	discourage – AP/SE – 40.7%	--
	당황하게하다 (tanghwanghakeyhata) – AP/SE – 100%	bewilder	embarrass – AP/SE – 72.7%	--
	곤란하게하다 (konlanhakeyhata) – AP/SE – 93.3%	trouble	embarrass – AP/SE – 80.6%	embarrass
	매혹시키다 (mayhoksikhita)* – AP/SE – 100%	fascinate	enchant – SE – 87.5%	enchant
	무섭게하다 (mwusepkeyhata) – AP/SE – 70.6%	scare	frighten – AP/SE – 90.3%	frighten
	화나게하다 (hwanakeyhata) – AP/SE – 97.1%	anger	make angry – AP/SE – 87.1%	--
	불안하게하다 (pwulanhakeyhata) – SE – 100%	disturb	make uneasy – SE – 83.3%	--
	불쾌하게하다 (pwulkhwayhakeyhata) – AP/SE – 90.9%	offend	offend – AP/SE – 93.5%	offend
	기쁘게하다 (kippukeyhata) – SE – 90.3%	please	please – SE – 90.3%	please
	기분나쁘게하다 (kipwunnappukeyhata) – AP/SE – 96.9%	irritate	put in a bad mood – AP/SE – 100%	--
	겁먹게하다 (kepmekkeyhata) – AP/SE – 82.4%	frighten	scare – AP/SE – 71.4%	scare
	놀라게하다 (nollakeyhata) – AP/SE – 93.3%	surprise	surprise – AP/SE – 80.0%	surprise
근심하게하다 (kunsimhakeyhata) – SE – 95.2%	concern	worry – SE – 87.9%	--	
걱정하게하다 (kekcenghakeyhata) – SE – 96.4%	worry	worry – SE – 97.0%	--	
Object-biased predicate	고발하다 (kopalhata) – 17.1%	sue	accuse – 44.4%	sue
	부끄러워하다 (pwukkulewehata) – 5.9%	be ashamed of	be ashamed of – 3.0%	--
	무서워하다 (mwusewehata) – 9.7%	fear	be scared of – 10.7%	--
	의심하다 (uysimhata) – 9.4%	doubt	be suspicious of – 10.7%	--
	수상히여기다 (swusanghiyekita) – 12.9%	suspect	be suspicious of – 13.3%	--
	믿다 (mitta) – 4.3%	believe in	believe – 3.7%	--

알보다 (yathpota) – 14.3%	look down on	belittle – 80.0%	--
불평하다 (pwulphyenghata) – 11.8%	grumble	complain – 60.0%	--
비난하다 (pinanhata) – 12.5%	criticize	criticize – 14.3%	criticize
싫어하다 (silhehata) – 5.9%	dislike	dislike – 3.3%	--
탈락시키다 (thallaksikhita) – 10.7%	disqualify	eliminate – 7.7%	--
시기하다 (sikhata) – 14.8%	be jealous of	envy – 0%	--
질투하다 (ciltwhuhata) – 3.4%	envy	envy – 10.7%	--
부러워하다 (pwulewehata) – 5.0%	envy	envy – 3.6%	envy
두려워하다 (twulyewehata) – 20.6%	fear	fear – 6.3%	--
해고하다 (haykohata) – 0%	fire	fire – 6.3%	fire
증오하다 (cungohata) – 11.1%	detest	hate – 12.9%	--
혐오하다 (hyemohata) – 5.6%	loathe	hate – 19.4%	hate
도와주다 (towacwuta) – 16.1%	assist	help – 45.5%	--
때리다 (ttaylita) – 8.3%	beat	hit – 28.6%	hit
죽이다 (cwukita) – 44.1%	kill	kill – 53.3%	--
경멸하다 (kyengmyelhata) – 0%	despise	look down on – 6.9%	--
불신하다 (pwulsinhata) – 0%	distrust	mistrust – 10.0%	--
과대평가하다 (kwatayphyengkahata) – 9.7%	overestimate	overestimate – 33.3%	--
가여워하다 (kayewehata) – 15.6%	pity	pity – 12.5%	--
벌주다 (pelcwuta) – 0%	punish	punish – 0%	punish
교체하다 (kyocheyhata) – 14.3%	substitute	replace – 6.1%	replace
책망하다 (chaykmanghata) – 8.8%	condemn	reproach – 35.5%	--
존경하다 (conkyenghata) – 3.2%	respect	respect – 10.3%	--
비웃다 (piwusta) – 0%	laugh at	ridicule – 24.1%	ridicule
야단치다 (yatanchita) – 8.3%	scold	scold – 3.0%	scold
꾸중하다 (kkwucwunghata) – 2.8%	rebuke	scold – 6.1%	--
꾸짖다 (kkwucicta) – 3.1%	reproach	scold – 6.5%	--

말리다 (mallita) – 0%	prevent	stop – 13.8%	--
중단하다 (cwungtanhata) – 13.8%	stop	stop – 50.0%	stop
고소하다 (kosohata) – 5.7%	accuse	sue – 16.7%	--
신뢰하다 (sinloyhata) – 16.0%	trust	trust – 10.7%	trust
주의주다 (cwuuycwuta) – 0%	note	warn – 35.0%	--
경고하다 (kyengkohata) – 6.1%	warn	warn – 45.8%	--
걱정하다 (kekceghata) – 10.0%	worry about	worry about – 11.8%	--

Note 1. Distractor items used in Experiment 2 ($k = 12$): smile at, see, know, talk to, resemble, work with, listen to, watch, interview, study with, live next to, chat with

†AP = Agent-Patient verb; SE = Stimulus-Experiencer verb

* 매혹시키다 (mayhoksikhita) is the only SC item not including *-keyha*. It instead contains a lexical causative verb *-shiki* which means ‘to cause/force