**Delirium Superimposed on Dementia Original Questionnaire**

1. Do you think it is possible to differentiate delirium from dementia?
	* + Yes, always
		+ In some circumstances
		+ No
		+ Other
2. Do you think it is possible to differentiate delirium from BPSD (Behavioural and Psychological Symptoms of dementia)?
	* + Yes
		+ In some circumstances
		+ No
3. In what stages of dementia, it is more challenging to distinguish delirium from dementia?
	* + Mild dementia
		+ Moderate dementia
		+ Severe dementia
		+ All stages of dementia
4. In which type of dementia the diagnosis of DSD is more challenging?
	* + Alzheimer dementia
		+ Vascular dementia
		+ Lewy Body dementia
		+ Parkinson dementia
5. How do you assess for the presence of DSD in clinical practice?
	* + DSM­5 criteria
		+ ICD­10 criteria
		+ CAM
		+ CAM­ICU
		+ ICDSC
		+ DRS­R­98
		+ Other
6. How do you assess for the presence of DSD in research studies?
	* + DSM­5 criteria
		+ ICD­10 criteria
		+ CAM
		+ CAM­ICU
		+ ICDSC
		+ DRS­R­98
		+ EEG
		+ Neuroimaging
		+ Other
7. What neurocognitive or motor features are more useful to diagnose DSD?
	* + Attention deficits
		+ Visual perception deficits
		+ Disorganized thinking
		+ Memory deficits
		+ Arousability
		+ Fluctuation in cognitive status
		+ All
		+ None
		+ Other
8. What "attention" subtype you believe should be tested in dementia patients for the diagnosis of DSD?
	* + Sustained attention
		+ Selective attention
		+ Working memory
		+ Divided attention
		+ Attention switching
9. What test do you use to test attention in patients with DSD in clinical practice?
	* + Months of the year backwards
		+ Months of the year forward
		+ Days of the week backwards
		+ Days of the week forward
		+ Counting 20 to 1
		+ Series of letters (e.g. SAVEAHAART)
		+ Digit span forward
		+ Digit span backwards
		+ Other
10. What test do you use to test attention in patients with dementia in research studies?
	* + Months of the year backwards
		+ Months of the year forward
		+ Days of the week backwards
		+ Days of the week forward
		+ Counting 20 to 1
		+ Series of letters (e.g. SAVEAHAART)
		+ Digit span forward
		+ Digit span backwards
		+ Other
11. How do you define the pre­delirium cognitive status in clinical practice?
* IQCODE
* Clinical Dementia Rating Scale (CDR)
* AD8
* Instruments for Comprehensive Evaluation of the Elderly (ICE­E)
* Previous medical records
* History from family/significant others
* None
* Other
1. How do you define the pre­delirium cognitive status in research studies?
	* + IQCODE
		+ Clinical Dementia Rating Scale (CDR) AD8
		+ Previous medical records
		+ None
		+ History from family/significant others
		+ Instruments for Comprehensive Evaluation of the Elderly (ICE­E)
		+ Other
2. How do you stage the severity of dementia in clinical practice?
	* + Mini Mental State Examination (MMSE)
		+ Clinical Dementia Rating Scale (CDR)
		+ Bedford Alzheimer Nursing Severity Scale (BANS­S)
		+ Dementia severity rating scale (DSRS)
		+ None
		+ Other
3. How do you stage the severity of dementia in research studies?
	* + Mini Mental State Examination (MMSE)
		+ Clinical Dementia Rating Scale (CDR)
		+ Bedford Alzheimer Nursing Severity Scale (BANS­S)
		+ Dementia severity rating scale (DSRS)
		+ None
		+ Other
4. Do you believe motor fluctuations might be important for the diagnosis of DSD?
	* + Yes
		+ No
5. Do you a specific test to monitor motor fluctuation in patients with DSD in clinical practice?
* Trunk control test
* Tinetti Scale
* Hierarchical assessment of Balance and Mobility
* RASS
* m­RASS
* Actigraphy
* None
* Other
1. Do you a specific test to monitor motor fluctuation in patients with DSD in research studies?
* Trunk control test
* Tinetti scale
* Hierarchical Assessment of Balance and Mobility
* m­RASS
* Actigraphy
* None
* Other
1. How do you measure level of alertness in DSD in clinical practice?
	* + Observational scale of level of alertness (OSLA)
		+ RASS
		+ m­RASS
		+ Glasgow Coma Scale
		+ None
2. How do you measure level of alertness in DSD in research studies?
	* + Observational scale of level of alertness (OSLA)
		+ RASS
		+ None
		+ Glasgow Coma Scale
		+ m­RASS
3. What is your job?
	* + Doctor
		+ Staff nurse
		+ Scientist
4. Are you a member of the EDA or ADS or AIP?
	* + EDA
		+ ADS
		+ AIP
		+ Australian Delirium Society
		+ No
		+ Other
5. In which setting do you work?
	* + Geriatrics
		+ Internal medicine ­ acute medicine
		+ Internal medicine specialties (cardiology, respiratory, gastroenterology) Neurology
		+ ICU­ adults
		+ Liaison psychiatry
		+ Emergency medicine
		+ Nursing home­community care home
		+ Old age psychiatry
		+ Palliative care
		+ Other
6. Where is your practice setting?
	* + General hospital affiliated to university
		+ University hospital
		+ General practice/community
		+ Non­academic, outpatient
		+ Non­academic, hospital
		+ Other
7. How would you rate your knowledge of delirium on a scale from 0 (none) to 10 (excellent)?

0-----1-----2-----3-----4-----5-----6-----7-----8-----9-----10

1. How would you rate your ability to detect DSD on a scale from 0 (none) to 10 (excellent)?

0-----1-----2-----3-----4-----5-----6-----7-----8-----9-----10