Do terrestrial protected areas conserve freshwater fish diversity? Results from the Western Ghats of India

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APPENDIX 1 Details of measurement of ecological variables in the three major land-use types (protected areas, rubber and mixed plantations, crop agriculture and rural/urban areas) of the study area.

Variable (unit; category)	Measurement/ delineation ¹	Protected areas	Rubber & mixed plantations	Crop agriculture, rural/urban areas
Elevation (m; lowlands, midlands, highlands)	GIS	Midlands-highlands, (90-1,700 m)	Midlands (50–200 m)	Lowlands-midlands (0-150 m)
Stream order (category)	GIS, toposheets	Small to moderate (1-4)	Small to moderate (3–5)	Moderate to large (3–7)
Slope (degrees)	GIS	Steep sloping, rocky hill faces	Gradual	Very low
Substrate (category)	Observation	Rocky in highlands, sandy/rocky in midlands	Muddy & sandy, occasionally rocky	Predominantly muddy & sandy, rarely rocky
Canopy cover (%)		High (50–90%)	Moderate (10–70%)	Low (0–10%)
Protection status (observation)	GIS	Wildlife Sanctuary or Reserve Forest	Unprotected private property	Unprotected revenue lands
Distance from dam reservoir (m)	GIS	Upstream in catchments above dam reservoirs ²	Surroundings & downstream of dam reservoir areas	Furthest from dam reservoir areas, but supplied by canals
Land cover type (observation)	GIS, toposheets	Evergreen to deciduous forest, Shola grasslands, teak plantations	Rubber, oil palm, fruit plantations, settlements	Plantation crops other than rubber, cereal & food crops, paddy, urban & rural areas

¹Geographical information software (GIS): Idrisi v. 15.0 (ClarkLabs, Clark University, Worcester, USA) and Google Earth (Google, USA); toposheets: Survey of India at 1:25,000 and 1:50,000, published in 1989–1990

²There are no dams on the Ithikkara and Vamanapuram rivers

APPENDIX 2 Datasheet used for interview surveys with local fishers.

Name		Age and sex				
Occupation		Date and time				
River		Village/Town/District				
How are you	dependent on the local water bodie	es?				
(directly/indir	cectly)					
Dependence of	of local people on fishing? Average	catch and income?				
What fishing	techniques are employed in the loc	al river?				
What are the	threats affecting local water source	s and fishes?				
			D (
ASSESSMEN	I OF IHREATS TO FRESHWATE	SK FISHES	Past			
a	Defense tation by agriculture and n	Instations				
	Human habitation (sottlements/industries/tours)					
	A sus subtance					
L	Aquaculture					
U	Earlier Indiagement of non-agricultural areas					
	Porest land (mention type of forest)					
	Protected area/Keserve Forest status					
	Revenue land					
	A minutural management					
C	Agricultural management					
	Mixed fruit plantations (banana araca coconut taniaca ata)					
	Oil palm plantations					
	Fucelyntus/teak plantations					
d	Resource extraction					
	Mining (sand/gravel/boulder/other)					
	Direct abstraction of water					
	Dams and hydroelectric power projects					
	Industrial offtake					
	Fisheries (artisanal-subsistence/industrial)					
	Harvesting for medicine/materials					
	Exploitation for aquarium trade					
	Destructive fishing methods (dyna	miting, poisoning, etc.)				
e	Human disturbance					
	Settlements, tourism					
	Water transportation					
	Pilgrimage					
	Pollution (industrial/domestic/agricultural/sewage)					
f	Fish communities and populations	6				
	Species diversity					
	Population abundance/demographics					
	Sizes caught					
g	Invasive alien species					
h	Natural disasters (floods/cyclones/	drought)				
i	Climate change					

Present Future